# Fertilizers Recommendation System for Disease Prediction

### PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

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In partial fulfilment for the award of the degree Of

# BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING in COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



R.M.D ENGINEERING COLLEGE,

KAVARAIPETTAI, TIRUVALLUR.

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### 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1. Project Overview

In this project, two datasets name fruit dataset and vegetable dataset are collected. The collected datasets are trained and tested with deep learning neural network named Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN). First, the fruit dataset is trained and then tested with CNN. It has 6 classes and all the classes are trained and tested. Second, the vegetable dataset is trained and tested. The software used for training and testing of datasets is Python. All the Python codes are first written in Jupyter notebook supplied along with Anaconda Python and then the codes are tested in IBM cloud. Finally, a web-based framework is designed with help Flask a Python library. There are 2 html files are created in templates folder along with their associated files in static folder. The Python program 'app.py' used to interface with these two webpages is written in Spyder-Anaconda python and tested.

### 1.2. Purpose

This project is used to test the fruits and vegetables samples and identify the different diseases. Also, this project recommends fertilizers for predicted diseases.

### 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

### 2.1. Existing problem

Indumathi proposed a method for leaf disease detection and suggest fertilizers to cure leaf diseases. But the method involves less number of train and test sets which results in poor accuracy. Pandi selvi proposed a simple prediction method for soil-based fertilizer recommendation system for predicted crop diseases. This method gives less accuracy and prediction. Shiva reddy proposed an IoT based system for leaf disease detection and fertilizer recommendation which is based on Machine Learning techniques yields less 80 percentage accuracies.

### 2.2. References

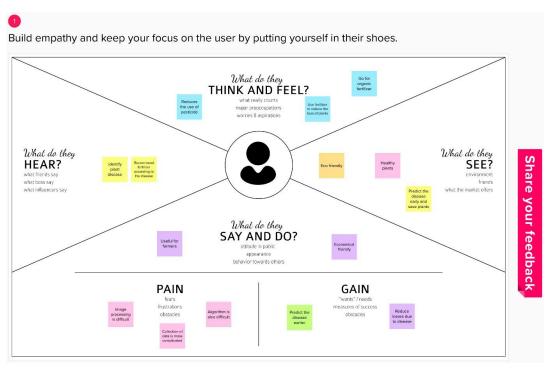
- Leaf Disease Detection and Fertilizer Suggestion
- Plant Disease Detection and Classification using CNN Model with Optimized Activation Function
- Crop leaf disease detection using machine learning algorithm

### 2.3. Problem Statement Definition

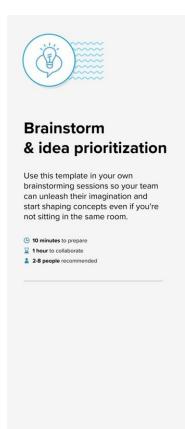
Problem Statement (PS)	I am (Customer)	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	Farmers	Cultivate healthy crops	It is not possible	It is affected by disease and insufficient fertilizer	Frustrated and Economically weak
PS-2	Local people	Buy healthy and organic vegetables at low cost	The price of food products are high and the quality is low	Crops are affected by disease	Frustrated

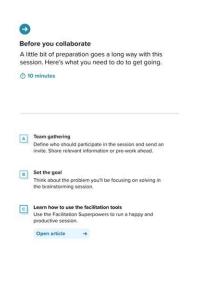
### 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

# 3.1. Empathy Map Canvas

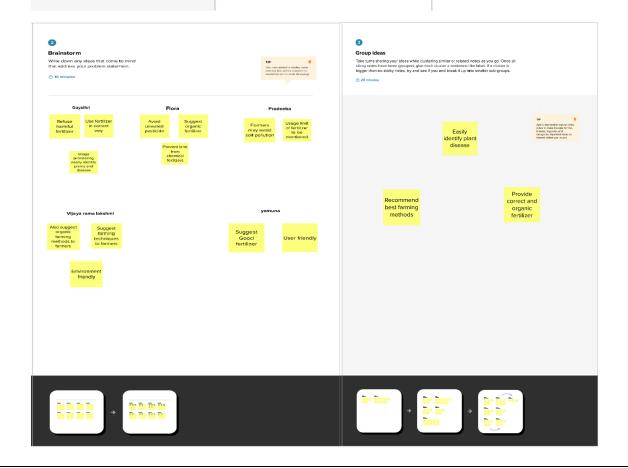


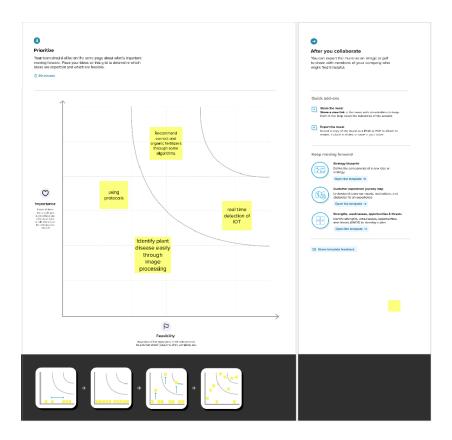
### 3.2. Ideation & Brainstorming







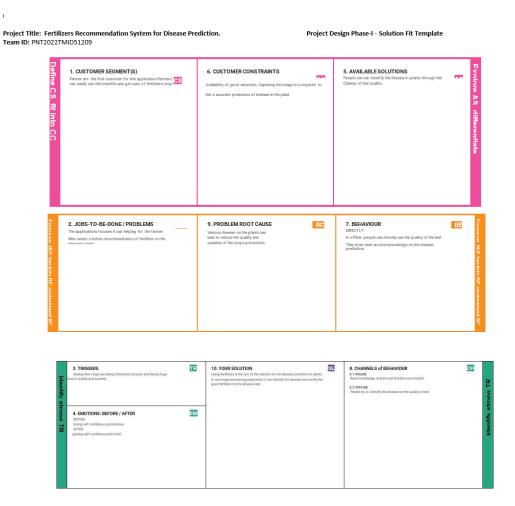




### 3.3. Proposed Solution

In this project work, a deep learning based neural network is used to train the collected datasets and test the same. The deep learning based neural network is CNN which gives more than 90% classification accuracies. By increasing the more number of dense layers and by modifying hyperparameters such as number of epochs, batch size, the accuracy rate can be increased to 95% to 98%.

### 3.4. Problem Solution Fit



### 4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

# 4.1. Functional requirement

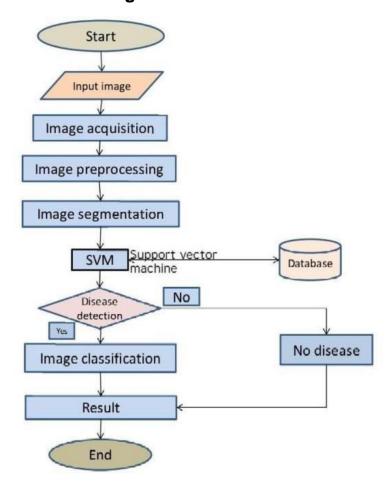
FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through Gmail Registration through LinkedIN
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	Capturing image	Capture the image of the leaf and check the parameter of the captured image.
FR-4	Image processing	Upload the image for the prediction of the disease in the leaf.
Fr-5	Leaf identification	Identify the leaf and predict the disease in leaf.
Fr-6	Image description	Suggesting the best fertilizer for the disease.

# 4.2. Non -Functional Requirements

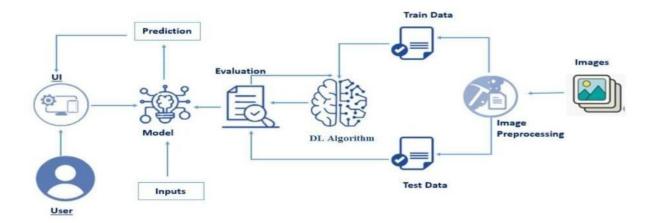
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Datasets of all the leaf is used to detecting the disease that present in the leaf.
NFR-2	Security	The information belongs to the user and leaf are secured highly.
NFR-3	Reliability	The leaf quality is important for the predicting the disease in leaf.
NFR-4	Performance	The performance is based on the quality of the leaf used for disease prediction
NFR-5	Availability	It is available for all user to predict the disease in the plant.
NFR-6	Scalability	Increasing the prediction of the disease in the leaf.

# 5. Project Design

## 5.1. Data Flow Diagrams



## 5.2. Solution & Technical Architecture



### 5.3. User Stories

Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task
Data collection	USN-1	Collect and create the data set related to the objective
Image processing	USN-2	Process the images
Model Building for fruit disease prediction	USN-3	Import libraries
Model Building for fruit disease prediction	USN-4	Initializing the model
Model Building for fruit disease prediction	USN-5	Adding layers
Model Building for fruit disease prediction	USN-6	Train and save the model for fruits
Model Building for vegetable disease prediction	USN-7	Train and save the model for vegetable
Test both model	USN-8	Testing the built model
Application building	USN-9	Build python code
Application building	USN-10	Build HTML code
Application building	USN-11	Run the code

Train the model on IBM	USN-12	Register cloud account
Train the model on IBM	USN-13	Train the model on IBM

# 6. Project Planning & Scheduling6.1. Sprint Planning & Estimation

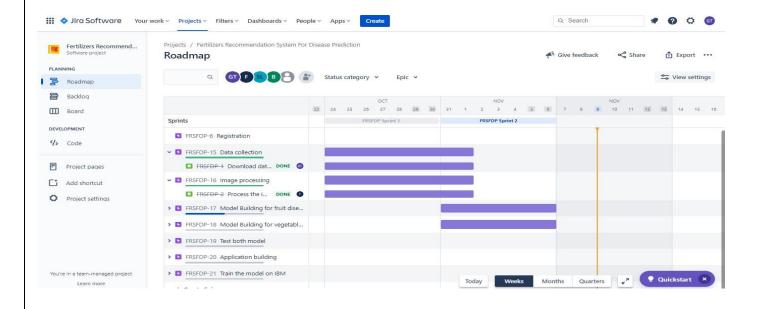
Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Point s	Priority	Team Members
Sprint- 1	Data collection	USN-1	Collect and create the data set related to the objective	10	High	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 1	Image processing	USN-2	Process the images	10	High	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 2	Model Building for fruit disease predicti on	USN-3	Import libraries	2	Low	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 2	Model Building for fruit disease predicti on	USN-4	Initializing the model	2	Low	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 2	Model Building for fruit disease predicti on	USN-5	Adding layers	2	Low	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 2	Model Building for fruit disease predicti on	USN-6	Train and save the model for fruits	7	High	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 2	Model Building for vegetab le disease predicti on	USN-7	Train and save the model for vegetable	7	High	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C

Sprint- 3	Test both model	USN-8	Testing the built model	5	Medium	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 4	Application building	USN-9	Build python code	5	Medium	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 4	Application building	USN-10	Build HTML code	5	Medium	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 4	Application building	USN-11	Run the code	10	High	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 3	Train the model on IBM	USN-12	Register cloud account	5	Medium	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C
Sprint- 3	Train the model on IBM	USN-13	Train the model on IBM	10	High	RISHIKA.R RAJALA TEJASWI RESHMA.P POONKUZHALI.M.C

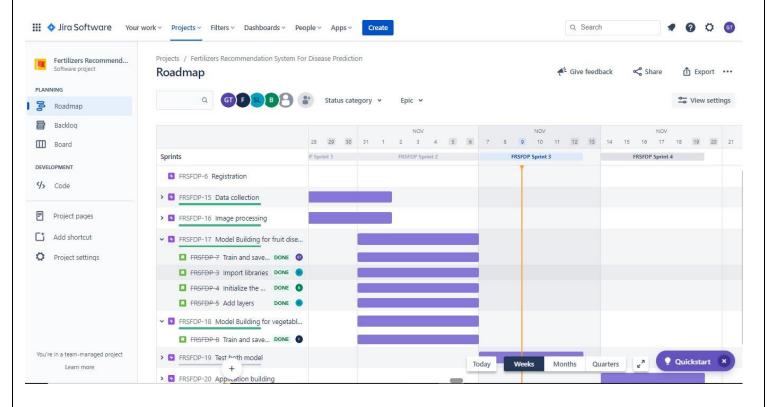
# 6.2. Sprint Delivery Schedule

Sprint	Total Story Point s	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint- 1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint- 2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 Nov 2022
Sprint- 3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
Sprint- 4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	19 ov 2022

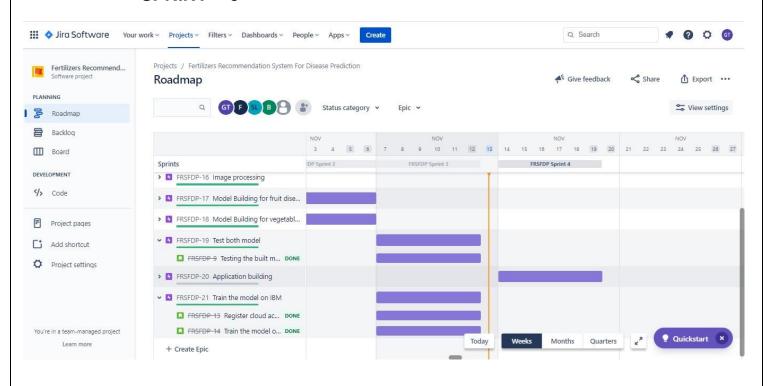
# 6.3. Reports From JIRASPRINT – 1



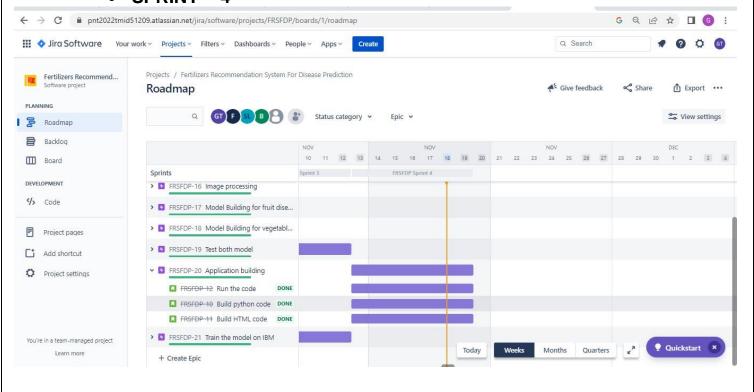
### • SPRINT - 2



### • SPRINT - 3



### • SPRINT - 4



### 7. Coding & Solutioning

### 7.1. Feature 1 (HTML Code)

Index page: <!DOCTYPE html> <html lang="en"> <head> <meta charset="UTF-8"> <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge"> <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0"> <title>home page</title> <style> body{ margin: 0; padding: 0; .container{ padding: 30px 70px 30px 70px; left: 20px; right:20px; background-color:rgb(163, 192, 120); font-size: 20pt; font-family: 'Times New Roman'; } .card{ font: optional; display: flex; #h1{ font-size: 50pt; .menu{ background-color:black; #abc{ color: white; </style> </head> <body><div class="menu"> 

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sp;       
     id="abc"> plant Disease Prediction         
         
        
                 
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ands:gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;gadn&;g
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sp;                
nbsp;               
anbsp;                
sp;    <a href="firstpage.html"id="abc"> home</a>
                   
     <div class="container" >
          <h1 id="h1"><center><b> Detect if your plant is infected!! </b></center></h1>
          <div class="card" >
           Agriculture is one of the major sectors works wide. Over the years it has developed and the use of new
technologies and equipment replaced almost all the traditional methods of farming. The plant diseases effect the
production. Identification of diseases and taking necessary precautions is all done through naked eye, which requires labour
and laboratries. This application helps farmers in detecting the diseases by observing the spots on the leaves, which inturn
saves effort and labor costs.
          <img src="img.jpg" height="300" width="300">
     </div>
     </div>
     </div>
</body>
</html>
Prediction page:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
     <meta charset="UTF-8">
     <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     <title>predict</title>
</head>
<style>
     .container{
         display: flex;
         padding: 60px 70px 60px 70px;
    }
     .card{
         padding: 70px 80px 70px 80px;
    }
         padding: 10px 10px 10px 10px;
         background-color: black;
         color: white:
         font-size: 15pt;
</style>
<body>
```

<div class="menu">

Plant disease Prediction</div>

```
<div class="container">
    <img src="img1.jpg">
    <div class="card">
    <form>
      <label><select name="Fruit" id="plant">
        <option value="fruit" id="fruit">Fruit</option>
        <option value="vagitable" id="vig">vegitable
        </select>
      <input id="default-btn" type="file" name=""
<img src="" id="output">
      <button id="button" onclick ="display()">Predict!</button><br><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
         Feature 2 (Python code)
   7.2.
import os
from flask import Flask, redirect, render_template, request
from PIL import Image
import torchvision.transforms.functional as TF
import CNN
import numpy as np
import torch
import pandas as pd
import torch.nn as nn
disease_info = pd.read_csv('disease_info.csv', encoding='cp1252')
supplement info = pd.read csv('supplement info.csv',encoding='cp1252')
model = CNN.CNN(39)
model = nn.DataParallel(model)
model.load_state_dict(torch.load(r"../Model/model.pth", map_location=torch.device("cpu")))
model.eval()
def prediction(image_path):
  image = Image.open(image_path)
  image = image.resize((224, 224))
  input data = TF.to tensor(image)
  input_data = input_data.view((-1, 3, 224, 224))
  output = model(input_data)
  output = output.detach().numpy()
  index = np.argmax(output)
```

```
return index
app = Flask(_name_)
@app.route('/')
def home page():
  return render_template('home.html')
@app.route('/index')
def ai engine page():
  return render template('index.html')
@app.route('/mobile-device')
def mobile device detected page():
  return render template('mobile-device.html')
@app.route('/submit', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def submit():
  if request.method == 'POST':
     image = request.files['image']
     filename = image.filename
     file_path = os.path.join('static/uploads', filename)
     image.save(file_path)
     print(file path)
     pred = prediction(file path)
     title = disease_info['disease_name'][pred]
     description =disease_info['description'][pred]
     prevent = disease info['Possible Steps'][pred]
     image url = disease info['image url'][pred]
     supplement name = supplement info['supplement name'][pred]
     supplement_image_url = supplement_info['supplement image'][pred]
     supplement_buy_link = supplement_info['buy link'][pred]
     return render_template('submit.html', title = title, desc = description, prevent = prevent,
                   image url = image url , pred = pred ,sname = supplement name , simage =
supplement_image_url , buy_link = supplement_buy_link)
@app.route('/market', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def market():
  return render template('market.html', supplement image = list(supplement info['supplement image']),
                 supplement name = list(supplement info['supplement name']), disease =
list(disease_info['disease_name']), buy = list(supplement_info['buy link']))
if name_ == '_main_':
  app.run(debug=True)
```

## 8. Testing

### 8.1. Test Cases

				Date	36-Non-33								
i					PNI2022TMI051204								
				Project Name	Project - Fertilizen Recommendation System for Disease Prediction								
				Maximur Marks	4.made								
Test case ID	Feature Type	Component	Test Scesario	Pro-Requisite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Paradit	Stock	CAUCOUGA.	TC for Automation(I)(N)	80510	Executed By
HorsePage_TC_COS	Rusctional .	Harae Page	Verify user is able to one the home gage or not.		<ol> <li>Inter UR: and click go</li> <li>we'lly whether the user is able to see the horse page.</li> </ol>	finter i/fit and disk go	Doer able to one the boare page	Working as: expected	Pacc	NI	N	-	Balaji M
Horse Page_TC_CCC	ш	Horse Page	Verify the Life elements in Home Page		L. Bater UH: and olick go 2. Welfig the LH elements in Home Page.	Enter 196. and disk go	Application should show below U I elements: Home Table Presist Tab	Working as expected	рак	NI	N	-	Prodeep's'
0000000000	Rectional	Nwictpage	Verify-way is able to redirect to predict page or not.		1. Betw. UPL and dick go. 3. Click on Avedat Suttan 3. Settly whether the user to redirect to predict page or not.	Click the predict batton is home page	How should conignte to Predict gage	Working as expected	ракк	NI	N	-	Mohammed Farack C
****************	ш	Predict page	Velfythe Lif elements in Fredict Page		Inter IVs. and click go     Neithy the Life elements in Predict Ruge.	Click the predict button and redirect to predict page	Application should show below U1 elements Chapdisen List, Uplicad file Button, Predict listion.	Working as expected	paux	NI	N	,	Stree Nam 1), Frackey V
**********	Functional	Predict page	Verify user is able to oriest the dropdown solve or sot.		1. Inner LPC and click go 3. click on Verdict factor  Libridiy whether the user to redirect to predict page or not.  Libridiy user is after to orient the desplacent value or not.	Fruit or Vegetable	Application should show user to choose first or vegetable option in dropdown list.	Working as expected	paux	20	N	-	Since Roan LI, Infoliamental Famoli C
0000000000	Runctional	Predict page	'Medify user is able to upload the image or not.		In lines (Mr. and chick go.  3. Chick on Predict between the resilient to predict page or out.  Alterity whether the user to resilient to predict page or out.  4. Simily successful to specify the dispulses value or run.  Namely user victable to specify the values or run.	Images to be Uplicaded	Application should show the uploaded image.	Working as expected	pass	NI	N	,	Sirve Barn II, Balaji M
<del>ooloogaa</del> caa	Auctional	Predict page	Velfy wheter the image is predicted sorrectly or est		Liferon Life, and cloting to Action to Medical Leature Action for Medical Leature Actions of Medical Leature Actions of Medical to Leature to Recognitive Codes or Leature Actions of Medical Leature Codes of the Action Codes Codes or Leature Actions of Medical Leature Codes of Leature Actions of Medical Leature Codes of Leature Action Codes of Leature Codes of Leature Codes of Leature Action Codes of Leature Cod	Click the Predict Butters	Application shows the predicted analysis	Working as expected	parox	rail	N	-	Sawe Rose II

# 8.2. User Acceptance Testing

### Defect Analysis

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	0	0	1	0	1
Duplicate	1	3	2	2	8
External	2	3	0	0	5
Fixed	4	4	4	4	16
Not Reproduced	0	0	0	1	1
Skipped	0	0	0	0	0
Won't Fix	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	7	10	7	7	31

# • Test Case Analysis

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Print Engine	1	0	0	1
Client Application	1	0	0	1

### 9. Results

### 9.1. Performance Metrics

## **Model Summary**

Total params: 5,084,552

Trainable params: 5,084,552

Non-trainable params: 0

```
In [41]: model.summary()
         Model: "sequential_2"
          Layer (type)
                                      Output Shape
                                                                 Param #
          conv2d 5 (Conv2D)
                                      (None, 126, 126, 32)
                                                                 896
          max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling (None, 63, 63, 32)
          flatten 2 (Flatten)
                                      (None, 127008)
                                       (None, 40)
                                                                 5080360
          dense 6 (Dense)
          dense_7 (Dense)
                                       (None, 70)
                                                                 2870
          dense_8 (Dense)
                                      (None, 6)
         Total params: 5,084,552
         Trainable params: 5,084,552
         Non-trainable params: 0
```

### **Accuracy**

Training Accuracy – 96.55

Validation Accuracy – 97.45

```
model.fit_generator(x_train, steps_per_epoch=len(x_train), validation_data=x_test, validation_steps=len(x_test), epochs=10)
C:\Users\Sree Ram\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_13228\1582812018.py:1: UserWarning: `Model.fit_generator` is deprecated and will
be removed in a future version. Please use `Model.fit`, which supports generators
 model.fit\_generator(x\_train,steps\_per\_epoch=len(x\_train),validation\_data=x\_test,validation\_steps=len(x\_test),epochs=10)
Epoch 1/10
Epoch 2/10
225/225 [=
             ========== ] - 88s 393ms/step - loss: 0.2825 - accuracy: 0.9042 - val loss: 0.3015 - val accuracy:
0.9075
Epoch 3/10
225/225 [============] - 85s 375ms/step - loss: 0.2032 - accuracy: 0.9303 - val_loss: 0.2203 - val_accuracy:
0.9288
Epoch 4/10
225/225 [=
            =============== ] - 84s 372ms/step - loss: 0.1719 - accuracy: 0.9389 - val loss: 0.1330 - val accuracy:
0.9632
Epoch 6/10
Epoch 7/10
225/225 [=
              ========] - 87s 388ms/step - loss: 0.1235 - accuracy: 0.9591 - val loss: 0.1638 - val accuracy:
Epoch 8/10
          225/225 [=:
0.9561
Epoch 9/10
             0.9531
Epoch 10/10
```

### 10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

### List of advantages

- The proposed model here produces very high accuracy of classification.
- Very large datasets can also be trained and tested.

• Images of very high can be resized within the proposed itself.

### List of disadvantages

- For training and testing, the proposed model requires very high computational time.
- The neural network architecture used in this project work has high complexity.

### 11. CONCLUSION

The model proposed here involves image classification of fruit datasets and vegetable datasets. The following points are observed during model testing and training:

- The accuracy of classification increased by increasing the number of epochs.
- For different batch sizes, different classification accuracies are obtained.
- The accuracies are increased by increasing more convolution layers.
- The accuracy of classification also increased by varying dense layers.
- Different accuracies are obtained by varying the size of kernel used in the convolution layer output.
- Accuracies are different while varying the size of the train and test datasets.

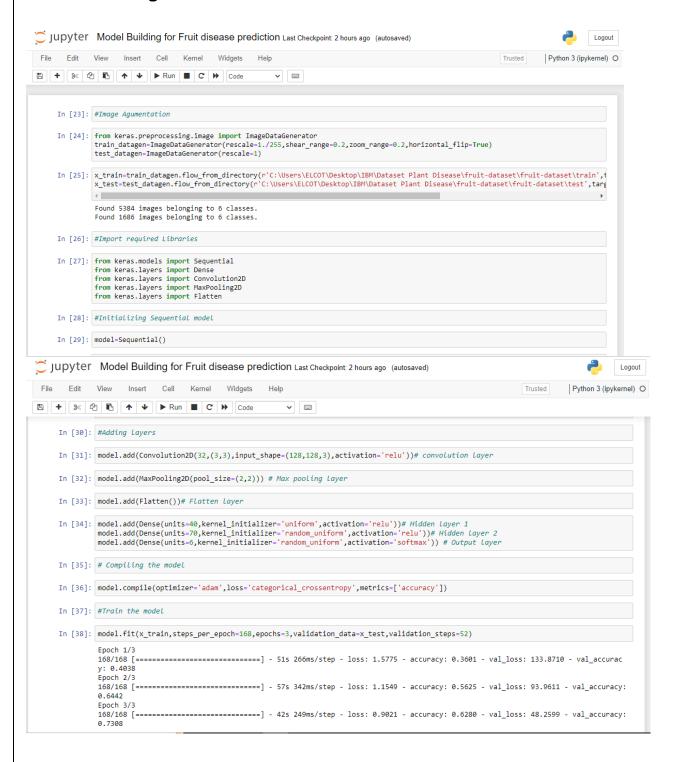
### 12. FUTURE SCOPE

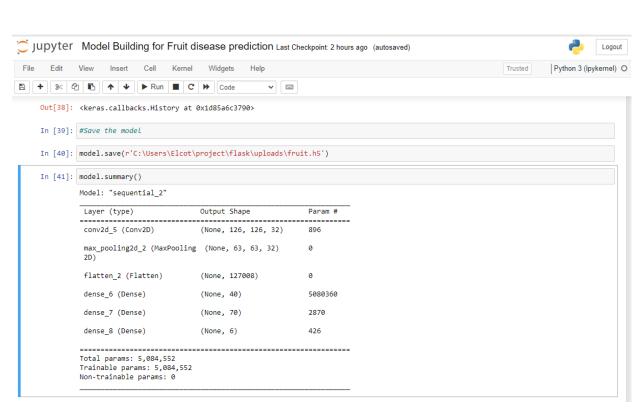
The proposed model in this project work can be extended to image recognition. The entire model can be converted to application software using python to exe software. The real time image classification, image recognition and video processing are possible with help OpenCV python library. This project work can be extended for security applications such as figure print recognition, iris recognition and face recognition.

### 13. Appendix

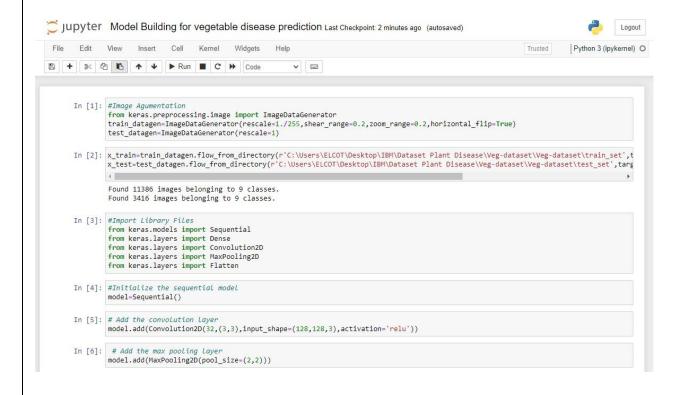
### 13.1. Source Code

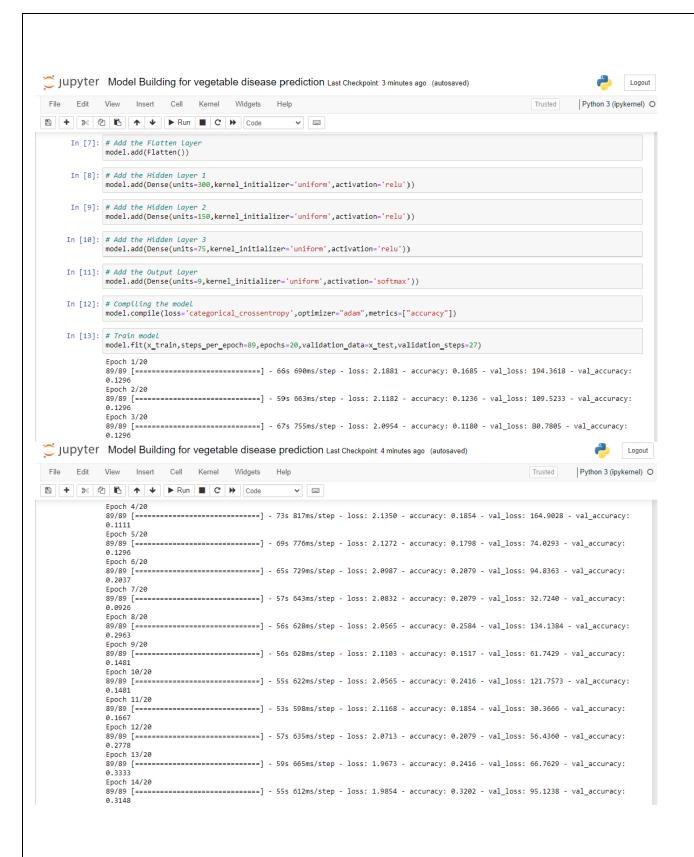
### **Model Building For Fruit Disease Prediction**

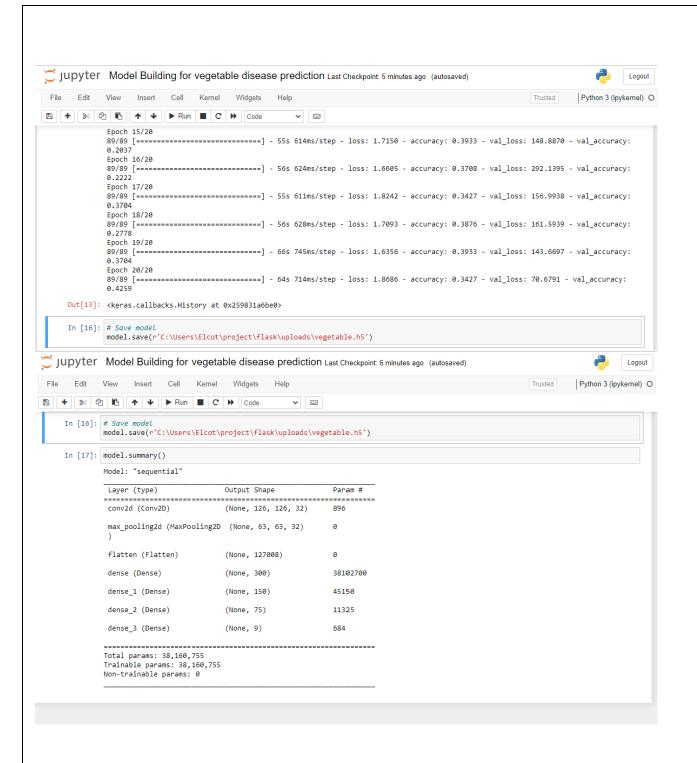




### Model Building for Vegetable disease Prediction

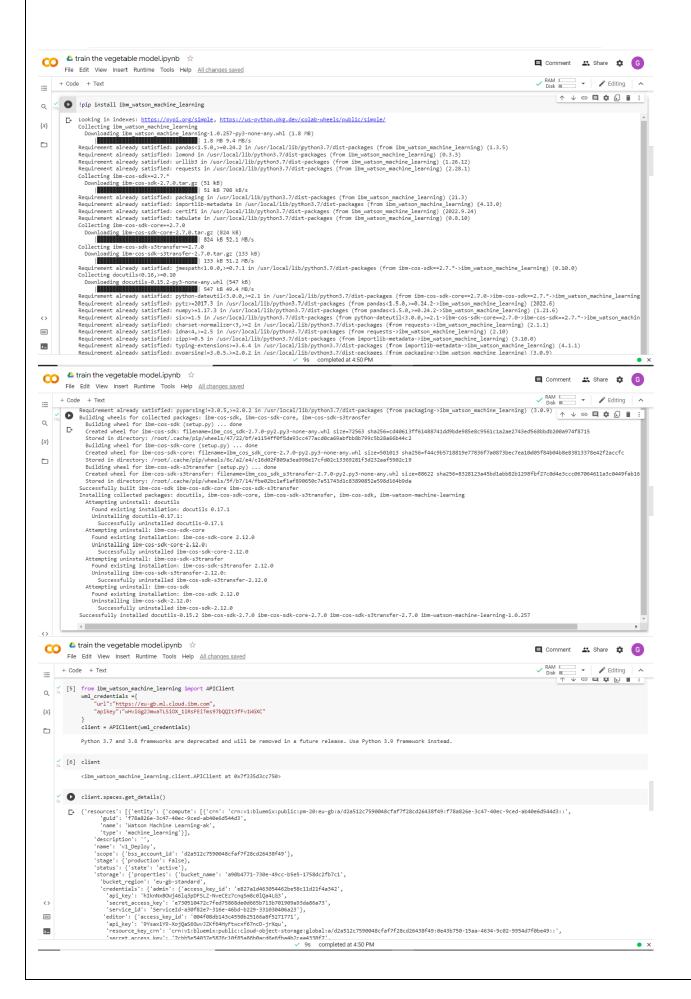


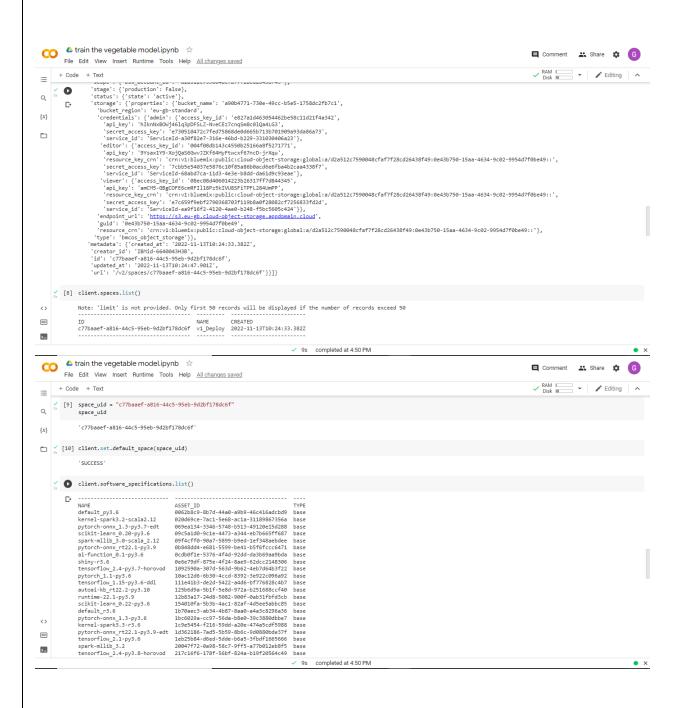


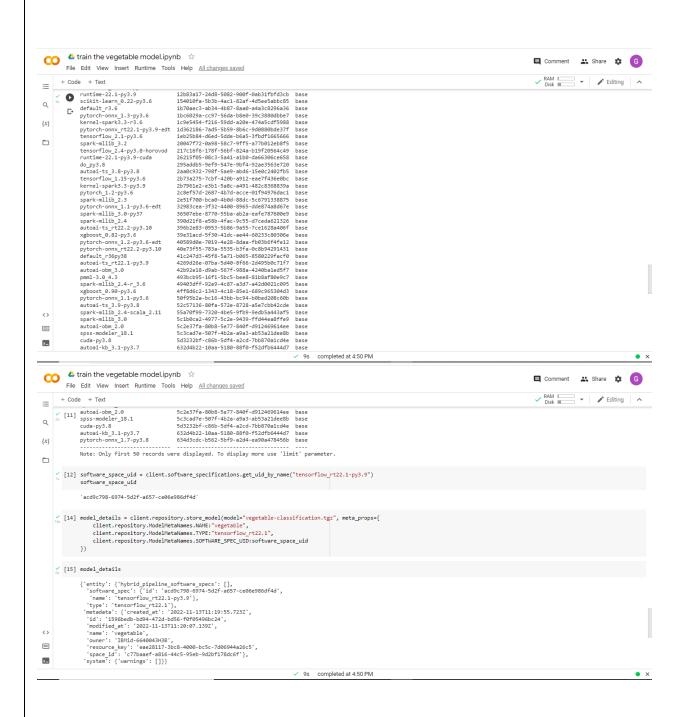


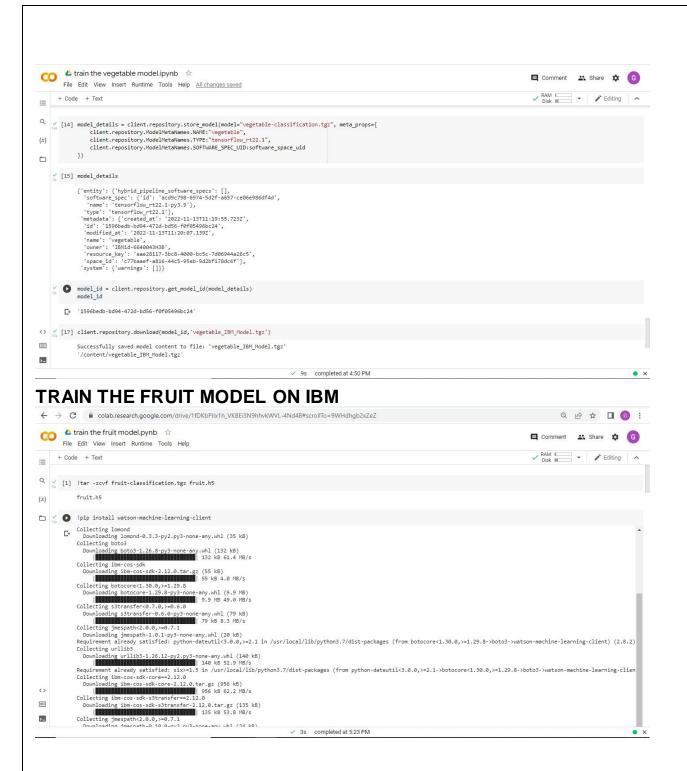
### Train the Vegetable model on IBM

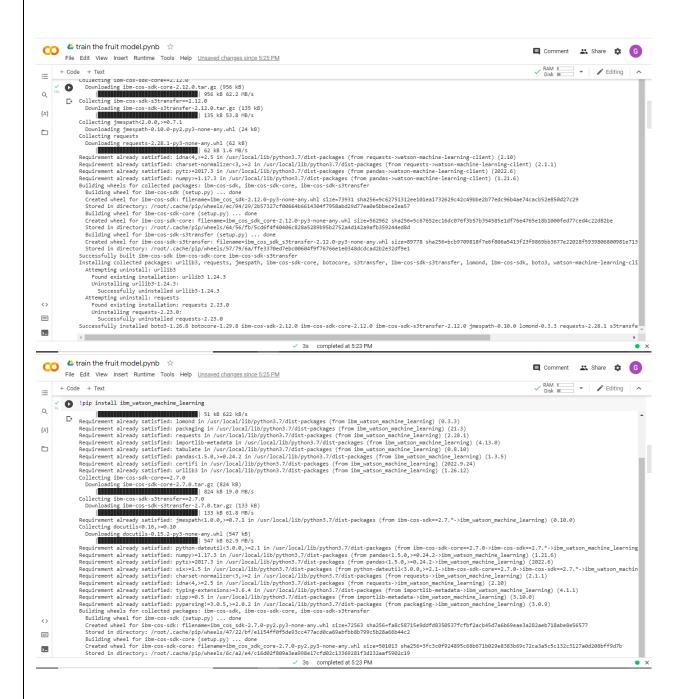


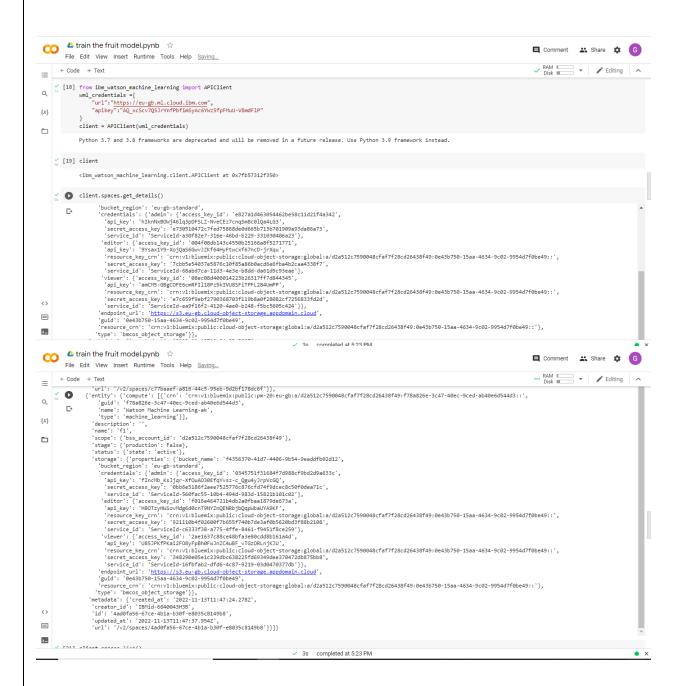


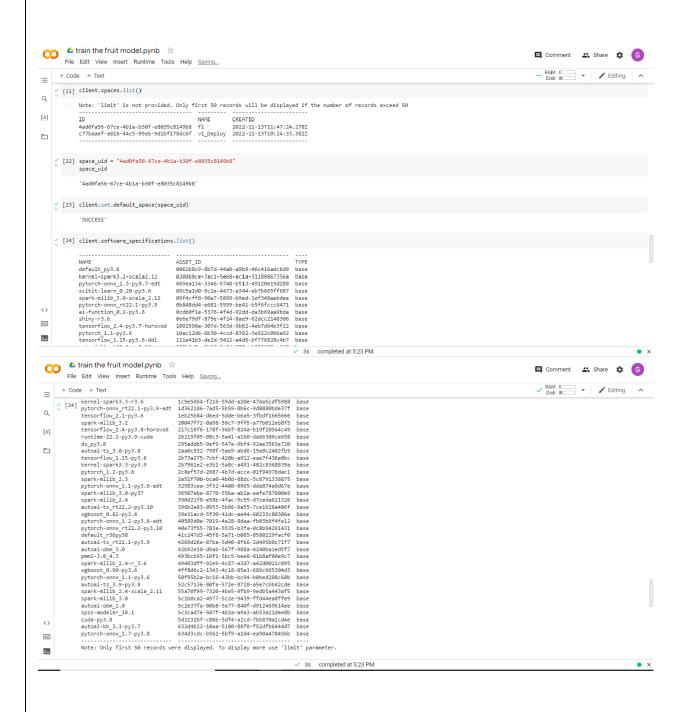


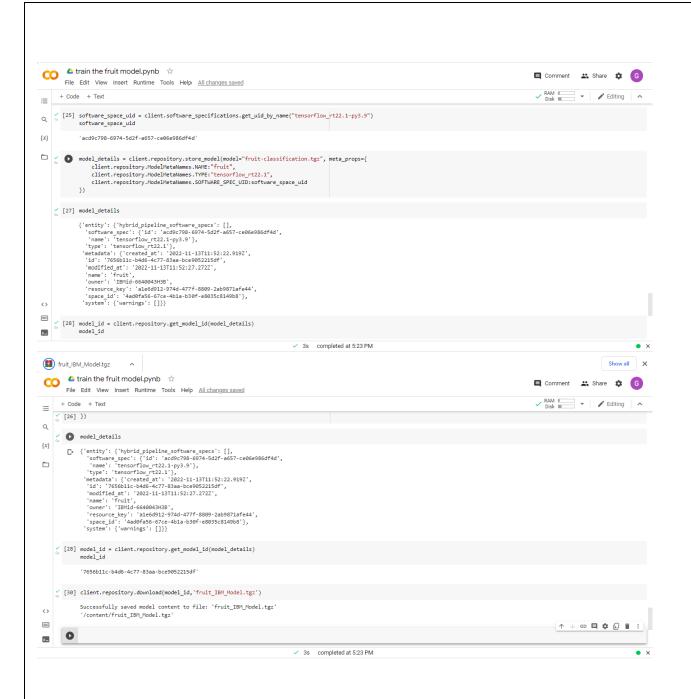






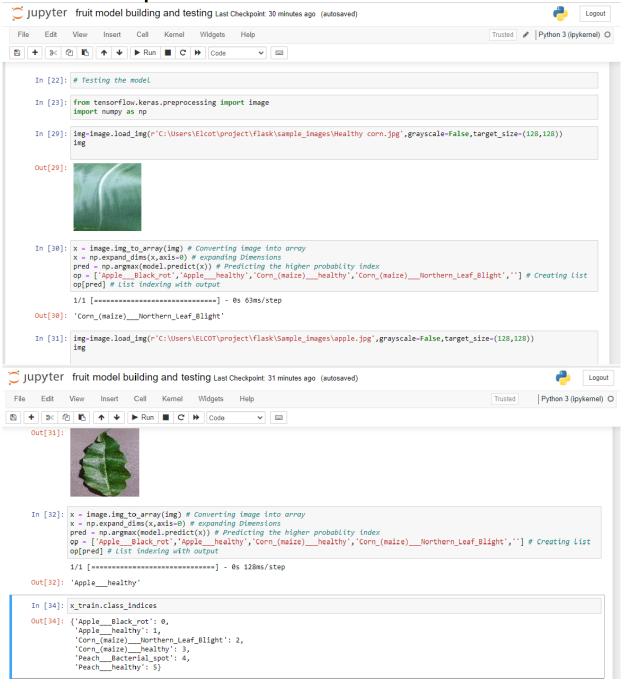




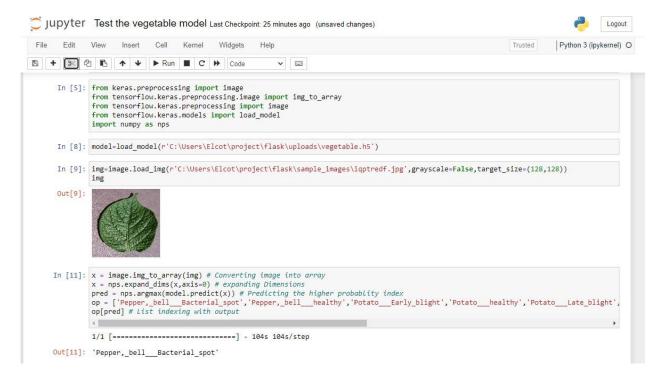


### Test both the models

### Test the Fruit disease prediction model



### Test the Vegetable disease prediction model



### 13.2. GitHub & Project Demo Link

#### GitHub Link

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-30021-1660138394

#### **Demo Video Link**

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1PouAjsgQyVhmNAVkH0wIT31I0pBxFwjI/view?usp=share\_link

