1.Download the dataset

```
2.Import required library
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input,
Embedding
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras preprocessing import sequence
from keras.utils import to categorical
from keras.models import load model
3. Read Dataset and do preprocessing
df = pd.read csv('spam.csv',delimiter=',',encoding='latin-1')
df.head()
     v1
                                                         v2 Unnamed: 2
\
0
         Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
    ham
                                                                   NaN
1
    ham
                             Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
                                                                   NaN
        Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                                                   NaN
   spam
3
        U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
    ham
                                                                   NaN
4
    ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                                                                   NaN
  Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4
0
                    NaN
         NaN
1
         NaN
                    NaN
2
                    NaN
         NaN
3
         NaN
                    NaN
         NaN
                    NaN
df.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed:
4'],axis=1,inplace=True) #dropping unwanted columns
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5572 entries, 0 to 5571
Data columns (total 2 columns):
    Column Non-Null Count Dtype
#
```

```
0
                              object
     ν1
             5572 non-null
 1
     v2
             5572 non-null
                              object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 87.2+ KB
# Count of Spam and Ham values
df.groupby(['v1']).size()
ν1
ham
        4825
         747
spam
dtype: int64
# Label Encoding target column
X = df.v2
Y = df.v1
le = LabelEncoder()
Y = le.fit transform(Y)
Y = Y.reshape(-1,1)
# Test and train split
X train, X test, Y train, Y test = train test split(X,Y,test size=0.15)
# Tokenisation function
\max \text{ words} = 1000
\max len = 150
tok = Tokenizer(num words=max words)
tok.fit on texts(X train)
sequences = tok.texts to sequences(X train)
sequences matrix = sequence.pad sequences(sequences,maxlen=max len)
4.Create Model and 5. Add Layers (LSTM, Dense-(Hidden Layers), Output)
# Creating LSTM model
inputs = Input(name='InputLayer',shape=[max len])
layer = Embedding(max words,50,input length=max len)(inputs)
layer = LSTM(64)(layer)
layer = Dense(256, name='FullyConnectedLayer1')(layer)
layer = Activation('relu')(layer)
layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer)
layer = Dense(1,name='OutputLayer')(layer)
layer = Activation('sigmoid')(layer)
6.Compile the model
model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer)
model.summary()
model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy',optimizer=RMSprop(),metrics=[
'accuracy'])
Model: "model 2"
```

	Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
•	InputLayer (InputLayer)	[(None, 150)]	0
	<pre>embedding_2 (Embedding)</pre>	(None, 150, 50)	50000
	lstm_2 (LSTM)	(None, 64)	29440
	<pre>FullyConnectedLayer1 (Dense)</pre>	(None, 256)	16640
	<pre>activation_4 (Activation)</pre>	(None, 256)	0
	dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
	OutputLayer (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
	activation_5 (Activation)	(None, 1)	0

Total params: 96,337 Trainable params: 96,337 Non-trainable params: 0

7.Fit the Model

Epoch 1/10

30/30 [============] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.3374 -

accuracy: 0.8712

8. Save the Model

model.save("model_1")

WARNING:absl:Function `_wrapped_model` contains input name(s) InputLayer with unsupported characters which will be renamed to inputlayer in the SavedModel.

WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as

lstm_cell_1_layer_call_fn,

lstm_cell_1_layer_call_and_return_conditional_losses while saving
(showing 2 of 2). These functions will not be directly callable after
loading.

9.Test the model

```
test_sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
test sequences matrix =
sequence.pad sequences(test sequences, maxlen=max len)
accuracy = model.evaluate(test sequences matrix,Y test)
print('Accuracy: {:0.3f}'.format(accuracy[1]))
accuracy: 0.9856
Accuracy: 0.986
y_pred = model.predict(test_sequences_matrix)
print(y pred[25:40].round(3))
27/27 [========= ] - 1s 20ms/step
[[0.
[0.
 [0.
     ]
 [0.
 [0.
 [0.002]
 [0.
 [0.024]
 [0.
 [0.
 [0.
 [0.
      1
 [0.
      ]
 [0.
 [0.
      11
print(Y test[25:40])
[0]]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
 [0]
```