SENDGRID INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON

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Team ID	PNT2022TMID19702
Project Name	CUSTOMER CARE REGISTRY

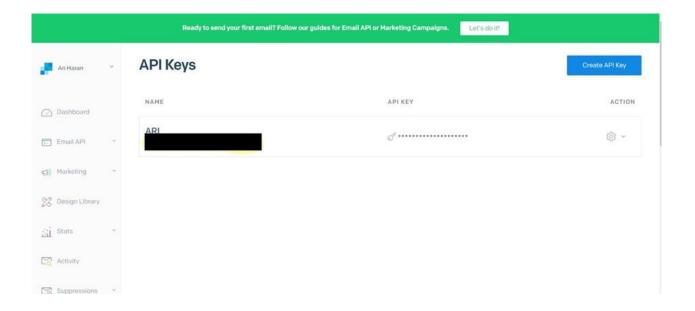
STEP 1:

REQUIREMENTS:

Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.4 or 3.5.

STEP 2:

Create an API key



STEP 3:

INSTALL PAKAGE:

GE: > pip install sendgrid

SETP 4:

SEND EMAIL

```
Go Users with Desktop SendGrid & demopy

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```

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
import os
1
2 from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
  from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
4
5
  message = Mail(
6
       from email='from email@example.com',
7
       to emails='to@example.com',
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
8
9
       html content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
       sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID_API_KEY'))
12
       response = sg.send(message)
13
      print(response.status_code)
14
      print(response.body)
15
      print(response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
17
      print(e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM:

```
1 """HTTP Client library""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
13
      import urllib2 as urllib
14
       from urllib2 import HTTPError
       from urllib import urlencode
15
16
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
18
19
21
22
23
      def init (self, response):
24
25
           :param response: The return value from a open call
26
                            on a urllib.build opener()
27
           :type response: urllib response object
28
29
           self. status code = response.getcode()
           self._body = response.read()
31
           self._headers = response.info()
32
33
34
      def status code(self):
36
           :return: integer, status code of API call
37
           return self. status code
39
40
41
      def body(self):
42
43
           :return: response from the API
44
45
           return self._body
46
47
```

```
48
       def headers(self):
49
           :return: dict of response headers
51
52
           return self._headers
53
54
55
56
57
           :return: dict of response from the API
58
59
           if self.body:
               return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
61
62
63
64
65 class Client (object):
66
67
68
      methods = {'delete', 'get', 'patch', 'post', 'put'}
69
70
71
72
                    host,
73
                    request_headers=None,
74
                    version=None,
75
                    url path=None,
76
                    append slash=False,
77
                    timeout=None):
79
           :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
  https://api.sendgrid.com)
           :type host: string
80
81
           :param request_headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
82
                                    applied on all calls
83
           :type request headers: dictionary
84
           :param version: The version number of the API.
                           Subclass build versioned url for custom
  behavior.
86
                           Or just pass the version as part of the URL
87
                            (e.g. client._("/v3"))
           :type version: integer
88
89
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
           :type url path: list of strings
           self.host = host
93
           self.request headers = request headers or {}
           self. version = version
94
95
           self. url path = url path or []
96
97
98
           self.append slash = append slash
99
           self.timeout = timeout
100
        def build versioned url(self, url):
101
102
103
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
104
               (e.g. client. ('/v3'))
105
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
106
            :type url: string
107
108
            return '{}/v{}{}'.format(self.host, str(self. version),
109
 url)
110
111
        def build url(self, query params):
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
115
           :type query_params: dictionary
116
117
           url = ''
118
           count = 0
119
120
           while count < len(self. url path):</pre>
121
                url += '/{}'.format(self. url path[count])
122
                count += 1
123
124
125
           if self.append slash:
                url += '/'
126
127
128
            if query params:
129
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
                url = '{}?{}'.format(url, url values)
131
132
           if self. version:
133
                url = self. build versioned url(url)
134
135
                url = '{}{}'.format(self.host, url)
136
            return url
137
        def update headers(self, request headers):
138
139
140
141
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
142
            :type request headers: dictionary
143
            :return: dictionary
144
145
            self.request headers.update(request headers)
146
147
        def _build_client(self, name=None):
```

```
148
149
150
            :param name: Name of the url segment
151
            :type name: string
152
153
154
            url path = self. url path + [name] if name else
  self. url path
155
            return Client (host=self.host,
156
                           version=self. version,
157
                           request headers=self.request headers,
158
                           url path=url path,
159
                           append slash=self.append slash,
160
                           timeout=self.timeout)
161
162
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
163
164
165
166
             :param opener:
167
             :type opener:
             :param request: url payload to request
168
             :type request: urllib.Request object
169
170
             :param timeout: timeout value or None
171
             :type timeout: float
172
             :return: urllib response
173
174
             timeout = timeout or self.timeout
175
176
                 return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
177
             except HTTPError as err:
178
                 exc = handle error(err)
179
                 exc.__cause___= None
180
                 logger.debug('{method} Response: {status}
```

```
{body}'.format(
181
                    method=request.get method(),
182
                    status=exc.status code,
183
                    body=exc.body))
184
                raise exc
185
186
       def (self, name):
187
188
               (e.g. /your/api/{variable value}/call)
189
               Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
  such as global,
190
               in your url, you must use this method.
191
192
            :param name: Name of the url segment
193
           :type name: string
194
195
196
            return self. build client(name)
197
198
       def __getattr__(self, name):
199
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
               You can also add a version number by using
201
   .version(<int>)
202
203
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
204
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
205
            :return: mixed
206
207
            if name == 'version':
208
                def get version(*args, **kwargs):
209
210
                     :param args: dict of settings
211
                     :param kwargs: unused
```

```
212
                     :return: string, version
213
214
                     self. version = args[0]
215
                     return self. build client()
216
                return get version
217
218
219
            if name in self.methods:
220
                method = name.upper()
221
222
                def http_request(
223
                         request body=None,
224
                         query params=None,
225
                         request headers=None,
226
                         timeout=None,
227
228
229
                     :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
  propagated to
230
                         urllib client
231
                     :type timeout: float
                     :param request headers: HTTP headers. Will be
232
  merged into
233
                         current client object state
234
                     :type request headers: dict
                     :param query params: HTTP query parameters
235
236
                     :type query params: dict
237
                     :param request body: HTTP request body
238
                     :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                     :param kwargs:
240
241
242
                     if request headers:
```

```
243
                         self. update headers(request headers)
244
245
                     if request body is None:
246
                         data = None
247
248
249
                         if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
250
251
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
253
                             data = request body.encode('utf-8')
254
255
                             self.request headers.setdefault(
256
257
                             data =
  json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
258
259
                     opener = urllib.build opener()
260
                     request = urllib.Request(
261
                         self. build url(query params),
262
                         headers=self.request headers,
                         data=data,
263
264
265
                     request.get method = lambda: method
266
267
                     logger.debug('{method} Request: {url}'.format(
268
                         method=method,
269
                         url=request.get full url()))
270
                    if request.data:
271
                         logger.debug('PAYLOAD: {data}'.format(
272
                             data=request.data))
273
                     logger.debug('HEADERS: {headers}'.format(
274
                         headers=request.headers))
275
```

```
276
                    response = Response(
277
                       self._make_request(opener, request,
 timeout=timeout)
278
279
280
                    logger.debug('{method} Response: {status}
  {body}'.format(
281
                       method=method,
282
                       status=response.status code,
283
                       body=response.body))
284
285
                  return response
286
287
               return http request
288
289
290
               return self. (name)
291
292
       def getstate (self):
293
294
295
```