## **Problem Statement**

Agriculture is the backbone of Indian Economy. In India, majority of the farmers are not getting the expected crop yield due to several reasons. The agricultural yield is primarily depends on weather conditions. Rainfall conditions also influences the rice cultivation. In this context, the farmers necessarily requires a timely advice to predict the future crop productivity and an analysis is to be made in order to help the farmers to maximize the crop production in their crops. People of India are practicing Agriculture for years but the results are never satisfying due to various factors that affect the crop yield. To fulfill the needs of around 1.2 billion people, it is very important to have a good yield of crops. Due to factors like soil type, precipitation, seed quality, lack of technical facilities etc the crop yield is directly influenced. Hence, new technologies are necessary for satisfying the growing need and farmers must work smartly by opting new technologies rather than going for trivial methods. Data Analytics is the process of extract helpful and significant information from huge sets of data. Data Analytics in agriculture field is a comparatively novel research field. Yield prediction is a very important agricultural problem. Any farmer is interested in knowing how much yield he is concerning to be expecting. In the earlier period, yield prediction was performing by considering farmer's experience on particular field and crop. In any of Data Analytics actions the training data is to be collected from past data and the gathered data is used in terms of training which has to be exploited to study how to categorize future yield predictions