Project Report Format

| Team Id | PNT2022TMID19454 | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name | Estimate crop yield using data analytics | | | |

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Project Report

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview:

Crop production in India is one of the most important sources of income and India is one of the top countries to produce crops. As per this project we will be analyzing some important visualization, creating a dashboard and by going through these we will get most of the insights of Crop production in India. Agricultural data is being produced constantly and enourmosly. As a result, agricultural data has come in the era of big data. Smart technologies contribute in data collection using electronic devices. In our project we are going to analyse and mine this agricultural data to get useful results using technologies like data analytics this result will be given to farmers for better crop yield in terms of efficiency and productivity.

1.2 Purpose:

The analysis of data related to agriculture helps in crop yield prediction, crop health monitoring and other such related activities. In literature, there exist several studies related to the use of data analytics in the agriculture domain. The present study gives insights on various data analytics methods applied to crop yield prediction. The work also signifies the important lacunae points' in the proposed area of research. Data analytics provides farmers granular data on rainfall patterns, water cycles, fertilizer requirements, and more. This enables them to make smart decisions, such as what crops to plant for better profitability and when to harvest. Today, there is a need to produce more food to feed the growing population while using less land for it. However, the government is confronted with challenges due to changing climate and environmental issues that have a direct impact on food production. To accomplish this food production target, policymakers and industry leaders are taking support from technological innovations such as Data analytics, Cloud Computing, etc. These technological advancements prove highly beneficial in improving operations and boosting productivity.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY:

2.1 Existing problem:

Agriculture is the backbone of India. It is the major support to the Indian economy. The money flow starts from the farmer's hand as that is where the essential food products make their entry. Almost 70% of the people live in rural basins with more than 50% of the whole Indian population taking agriculture as their main work. India is the second-largest producer of fruits and vegetables in the world. Still, the sector suffers from a number of issues including ignorance and non-recognition. Climate change, unpredictable monsoon, drought, floods, migration of farmers towards cities for better jobs are some of the major distress that agriculture industry goes through. Even the

most acknowledged platform like media fail to cover field agriculture and go after agriculture ministers in the country to cover the issues which lack the farmers part. As institutions failed to provide loans and farmer welfare schemes. Every time a crop is reaped from the land, the soil structure changes. It is hard to find the crop that would next suit the soil type. Some people in the agriculture industry maintain acres of land which makes it difficult to penetrate the potential problems in the other corner of their land piece.

2.2 References:

PAPER 1:

TITLE: Rice Crop Yield Prediction using Data Mining Techniques AUTHOR NAME: Dakshayini Patil, Dr. M.S.Shidhonkar

PUBLICATION YEAR: 2017

DESCRIPTION:

Data Analytics has emerged as a potential tool for the crop yield prediction, allowing the model to extract features and predict from the datasets. Meanwhile, smart farming technology enables the farmers to achieve maximum crop yield by extracting essential parameters of crop growth.

PAPER 2:

TITLE: A Survey on Crop Yield Prediction based on Agricultural Data AUTHOR NAME: Dhivya B H, Manjula R, Siva Bharathi S, Madhumathi R

PUBLICATION YEAR: 2017

DESCRIPTION:

The study focuses on the advantages of using data analytics in crop yield prediction. There have been a number of research studies undertaken that focus on the importance of data analytics as a supplementary tool in transforming large volumes of agricultural data into meaningful information.

PAPER 3:

TITLE: Prediction of crop yield using regression analysis AUTHOR NAME: V Sellamand, E Poovammal

PUBLICATION YEAR: 2016

DESCRIPTION:

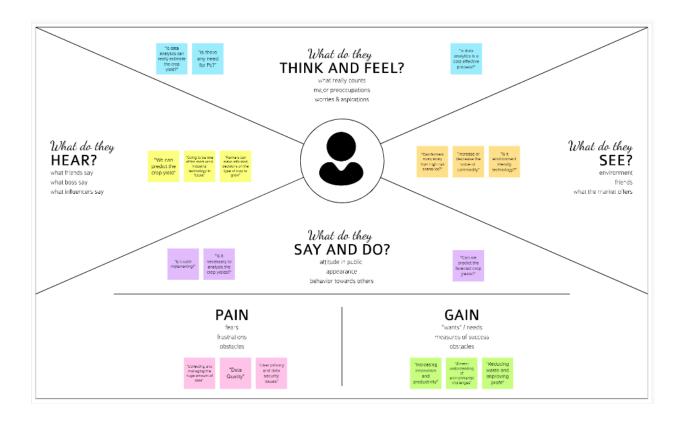
Many researchers have been contributed their previous knowledge towards data analytics in agriculture. There are many simulation model available for crop productivity predictions. As it depends on economical and environmental parameters so we can apply these existing models or methods to any other area.

2.3 Problem Statement Definition:

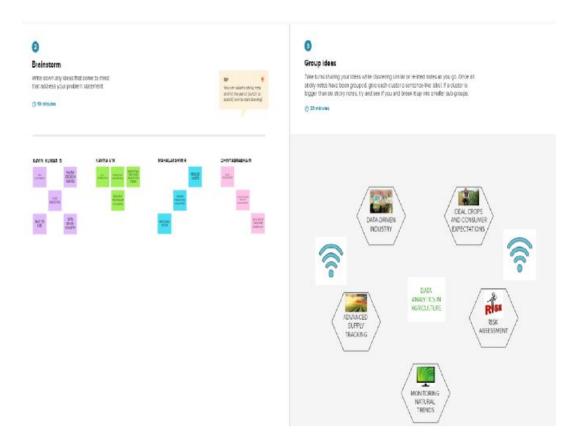
| Problem Statement (PS) | I am (Customer) | I'm trying to | But | Because | Which makes me feel |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| PS-1 | A farmer | Cultivate crops | It is a tedious process | Of rising food demand and climate change | Scared |
| PS-2 | A consumer | Purchase groceries | It is a baffling process | Of limited variety Of products and often expensive | Frustrated |

3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas

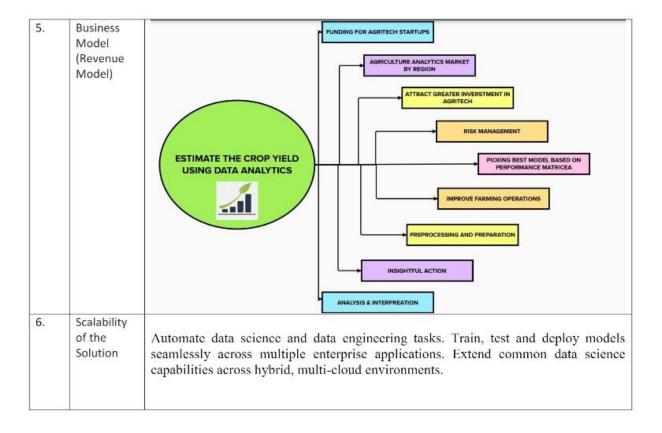


3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming

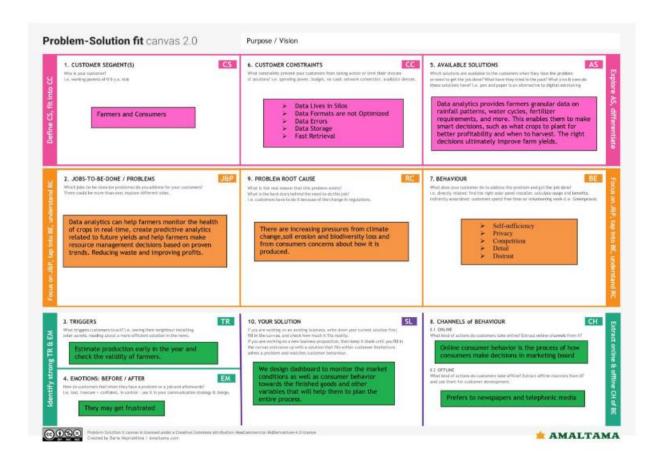


3.3 Proposed Solution

| S.No. | Parameter | Description |
|-------|---|---|
| 1. | Problem Statement (Problem to be solved) | Crop production in India is one of the most important sources of income and India is one of the top countries to produce crops. As per this project we will be analyzing some important visualization, creating a dashboard and by going through these we will get most of the insights of Crop production in India. |
| 2. | Idea / Solution description | One of the most important features of data analytics is data processing. Data processing involves raw data collection and organization to derive inferences. Farmers are now empowered with insights that can help them predict the market conditions, consumer behavior towards the finished goods, factors in inflation, and other variables that will help them plan the entire process. |
| 3. | Novelty / Uniqueness | For products or services, completeness can suggest vital attributes that help customers compare and choose. Accuracy of data represents real-world scenario and confirms with a verifiable source. With data analytics crop yield predictions can be done earlier even before sowing seeds which results in more productivity. |
| 4. | Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction | Meeting customer expectations on the quality of agricultural product, increasing the quality product instruments and reducing the complexity of the current. The quality debate concerns information on product characteristics, on farming methods, and on origin that a farmer wants to communicate and a consumer wants to know. |



3.4 Problem Solution fit



4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 Functional requirement

| FR No. | Functional Requirement (Epic) | Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task) |
|--------|-------------------------------|--|
| FR-1 | User Registration | Registration through Form |
| | | Registration through Gmail |
| | | Registration through LinkedIN |
| FR-2 | User Confirmation | Confirmation via Email |
| | | Confirmation via OTP |
| FR-3 | User Profile Update | Updating personal details |
| | | Updating educational details |
| FR-4 | User Login | Login with username and password |
| FR-5 | User Dashboard | Performing required operations |
| FR-6 | Project Upload | Uploading the project according to the problem |
| | | statement provided |

4.2 Non-Functional requirements

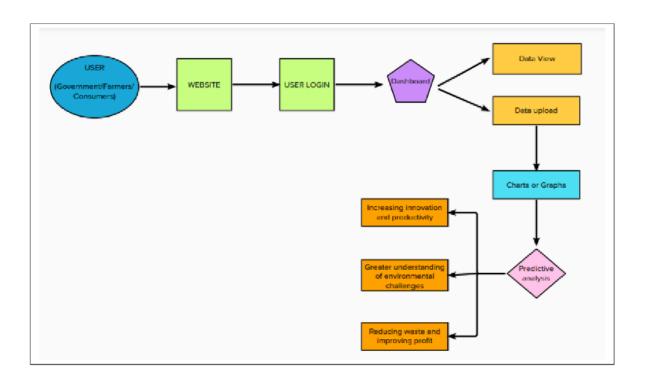
Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution. \\

| FR No. | Non-Functional Requirement | Description |
|--------|----------------------------|--|
| NFR-1 | Usability | Crop production in India is one of the most important sources of income and India is one of the top countries to produce crops. As per this project we will be analyzing some important visualization ,creating a dashboard and by going through these we will get most of the insights of crop production in India. |
| NFR-2 | Security | Data analytics has a positive and significant relationship with a firms ability to manage data security and a positive impact on service supply chain innovation capabilities and service supply chain performance. |
| NFR-3 | Reliability | Farmers are now empowered with insights that can help them predict the market conditions, consumer behaviour towards the finished goods, factors in inflation and other variables that helps them. |

| NFR-4 | Performance | Data analytics helps in executing the existing algorithms faster with large data sets. One of the most important features of data analytics is data processing. Data processing involves raw data collections and organization to derive inferences. |
|-------|--------------|--|
| NFR-5 | Availability | For products are services, completeness can suggest vital attributes that helps customer compare and choose. With data analytics crop yield predictions can be done earlier even before sowing seeds which results more productivity. |
| NFR-6 | Scalability | Automate data science and data engineering tasks. Train, test and deploy models seamlessly across multiple enterprise applications. Extend common data science capabilities across hybrid, multi-cloud environments. |

5. PROJECT DESIGN

5.1Data Flow Diagrams



5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture:



Table-1 : Components & Technologies:

| S.No | Component | Description | Technology |
|------|---------------------------------|--|---|
| 1. | User Interface | How user interacts with dashboard e.g. Filter, Graph, charts, predictive analysis etc. | IBM Cognos Analytics |
| 2. | Dashboard Logic-1 | Logic for a process in the dashboard | IBM Cognos Analytics |
| 3. | Dashboard Logic-2 | Logic for a process in the dashboard | IBM Cognos Analytics |
| 4. | Database | Data Type, Configurations etc. | IBM |
| 5. | Cloud Database | Database Service on Cloud | IBM DB2, IBM Cloudant etc. |
| 6. | File Storage | File storage requirements | IBM Block Storage or Other Storage Service or Local Filesystem |
| 7. | Data Analytics Model | Purpose of Data Analytics Model | Predictive Analysis Recognition Model, etc. |
| 8. | Infrastructure (Server / Cloud) | Application Deployment on Local System / Cloud Local Server Configuration: Cloud Server Configuration: | Local, Cloud Foundry, Kubernetes, etc. |

Table-2: Application Characteristics:

| S.No | Characteristics | Description | Technology |
|------|--------------------------|---|--|
| 1. | Open-Source Frameworks | List the open-source frameworks used | IBM Cognos Analytics |
| 2. | Security Implementations | Security in IBM Cognos Analytics is optional. | Authentication providers, Authorization, |
| | | Typically, anonymous users have limited read-only | Cognos namespace, IBM Cognos |
| | | access. | Application Firewall |
| 3. | Scalable Architecture | You can enable or disable services run by the | XML, SOAP, WSDL |
| | | dispatcher on individual servers to balance the | |
| | | load for a given computer by request type | |
| 4. | Availability | Web based data modelling, Interactive dashboards | XML, SOAP, WSDL |
| | | and enterprise reports, Data exploration and | |
| | | prediction | |

| S.No | Characteristics | Description | Technology |
|------|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| 5. | Performance | User population grow, processing requests tend to increase in number and complexity and network capacity and other aspects of infrastructure may be modified. These changes can affect IBM Cognos BI performance. | XML, SOAP, WSDL |

6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

| Sprint | Total Story Points | Duration | Sprint Start Date | Sprint End Date (Planned) | Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date) | Sprint Release Date (Actual) |
|--------------|--------------------------|----------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Sprint- 1 | 20 | 6 Days | 24 Oct 2022 | 29 Oct 2022 | 20 | 29 Oct 2022 |
| Sprint- 2 | 20 | 6 Days | 31 Oct 2022 | 05 Nov 2022 | 20 | 05 Nov 2022 |
| Sprint- 3 | 20 | 6 Days | 07 Nov 2022 | 12 Nov 2022 | 20 | 12 Nov 2022 |
| Sprint- 4 | 20 | 6 Days | 14 Nov 2022 | 19 Nov 2022 | 20 | 19 Nov 2022 |

6.2. Sprint Delivery Schedule

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

| Sprint | Functional Requirement (Epic) | User Story Number | User Story / Task | Story Points | Priority | Team Members |
|--------------|--|-------------------------|---|-----------------|----------|-------------------|
| Sprint- 1 | Registration | USN-1 | As a user, I can register for the application by entering my personal details and creating account using username and password. | 2 | High | Kaviya V N |
| Sprint- 1 | | USN-2 | As a user, After completed the registration I will receive the confirmation message through my registered email id. | 1 | High | Mahalakshmi R |
| Sprint- 2 | | USN-3 | As a user, I successfully installed the application which is provided. | 2 | Low | Kavin Kumar G |
| Sprint- 1 | Login | USN-4 | As a user, I can logged in my account using my username and password. | 5 | High | Dhivyabrabha M |
| Sprint- 1 | Dashboard | USN-5 | As a user, I can view and access the information in the dashboard. | 1 | Medium | kaviya V N |
| Sprint- 3 | Building of IBM Cognos analytics | USN-6 | Creation of Charts and Graphs | 8 | High | Kavin Kumar G |
| Sprint- 3 | Modelling of Assistant | USN-7 | Adding responses to | 2 | High | Kaviya V N |

| Sprint | Functional Requirement (Epic) | User Story Number | User Story / Task | Story Points | Priority | Team Members |
|--------------|--|-------------------------|---|-----------------|----------|-------------------|
| Sprint- 1 | | USN-8 | Account Creation/As a user, I can see a Dashboard which helps to create an account. As a user, I can see a dashboard which helps to solve the queries in crop production. | 1 | Medium | Mahalakshmi R |
| Sprint- 4 | | USN-9 | As a user, I can see a Dashboard which helps to access charts and graphs. | 2 | High | Dhivyabrabha M |
| Sprint- | | USN-10 | As a user, I can see a Charts and Graphs which helps to monitor and manage the trending activities in market. | 3 | Low | Kaviya V N |
| Sprint- 1 | Testing & Deployment Phase-I | USN-11 | Testing the Dashboard performance with the Administrator. | 8 | High | Kavin Kumar G |
| Sprint- 2 | | USN-12 | Integration of Flask webpage with the dashboard assistant to provide a framework, As a user, I can see a webpage to access the dashboard. | 2 | High | Mahalakshmi R |
| Sprint- 4 | Deployment Phase-II & Model Improvement | USN-13 | Deployment of IBM Cognos analytics based dashboard for crop yield production | 1 | Low | Kavin Kumar G |

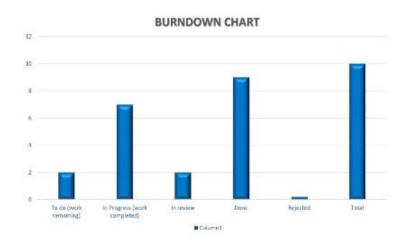
| Sprint | Functional Requirement (Epic) | User Story Number | User Story / Task | Story Points | Priority | Team Members |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------|----------|-------------------|
| | | | services/As a user, I can monitor and access the information in the dashboard. | | | |
| Sprint- 1 | | USN-14 | Improving the model efficiency whenever needed/As a user, I can see new updated dashboard in Future days. | 2 | Moderate | Dhivyabrabha M |
| Sprint- 2 | Verification | USN-15 | Administrator can completely verify the submitted application. | 5 | High | Kavin Kumar G |
| Sprint- 3 | Approval | USN-16 | After completion, new updated dashboard is provided to the customers. | 2 | High | Kaviya V N |

Velocity:

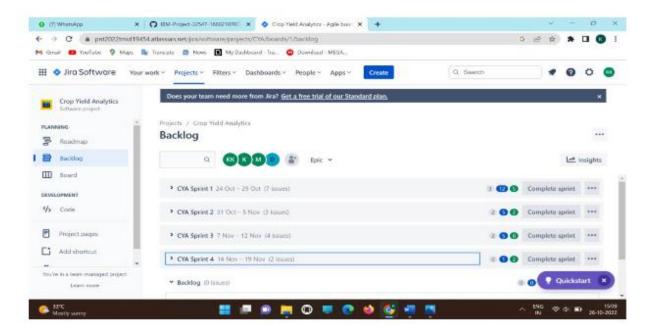
The team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

$$AV = \frac{sprint\ duration}{velocity} = 20/6 = 3.34$$

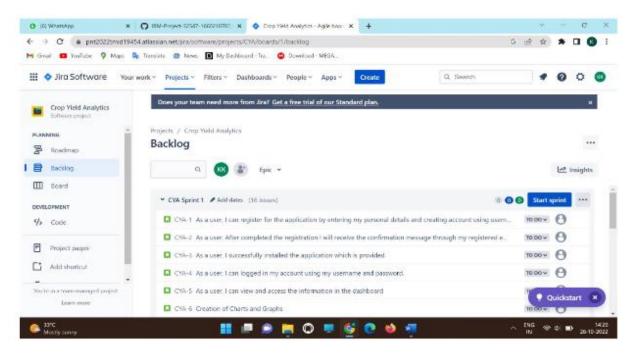
Burndown Chart:

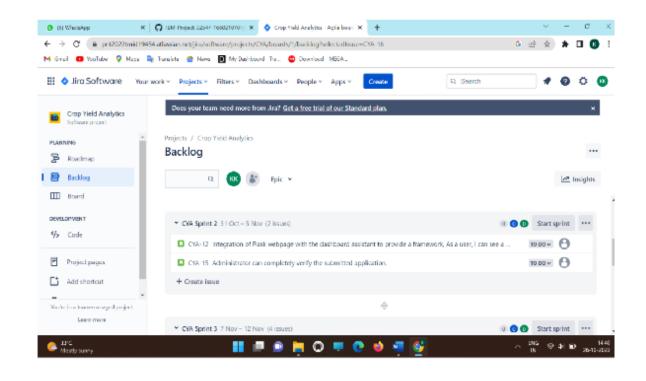


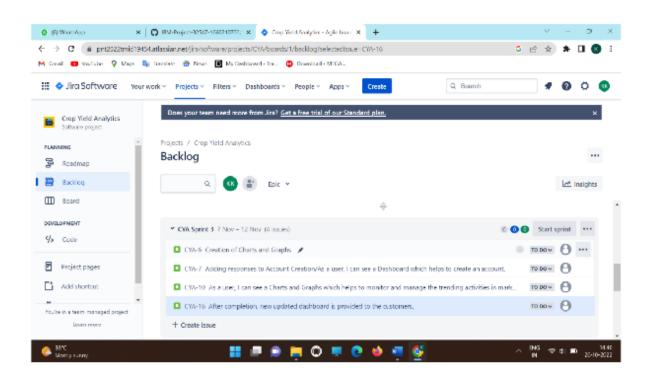
6.3 Reports from JIRA

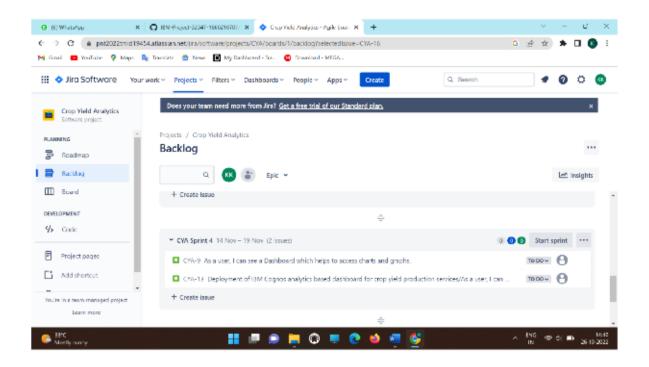


2. Showing the respective User Stories in their respective Sprints.

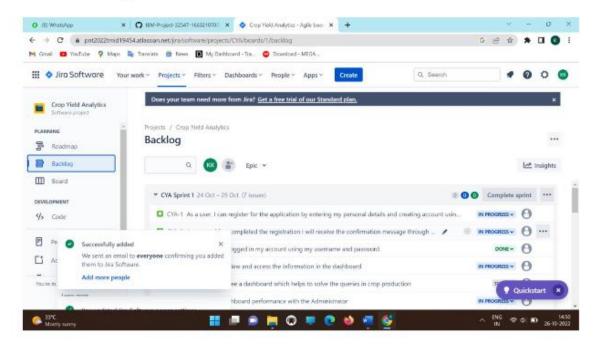




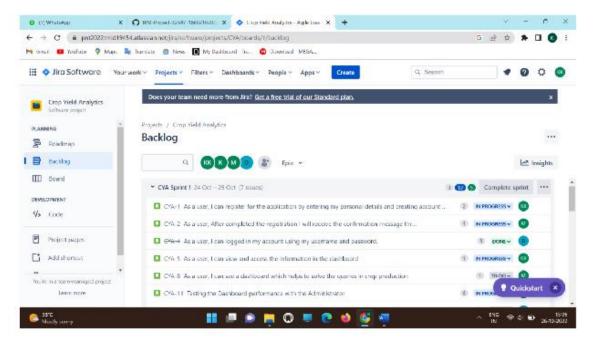




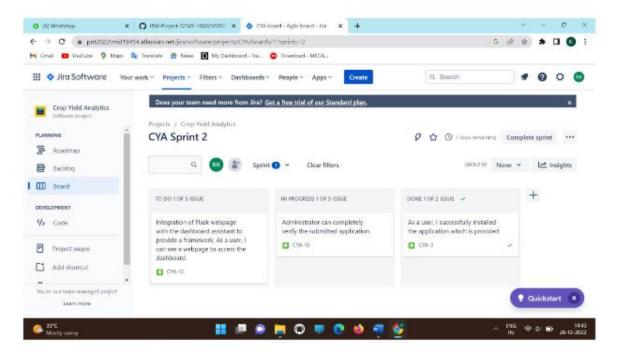
3. Inviting team members in Jira Platform.



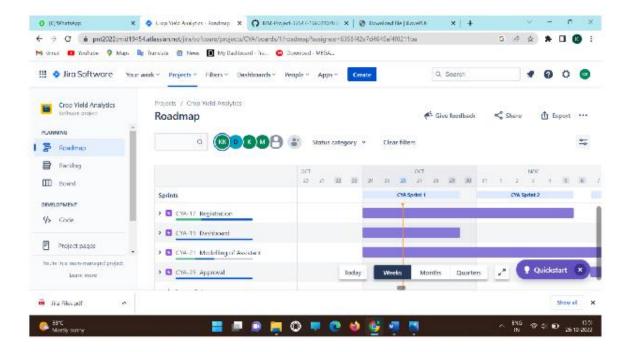
4. Allocating the story points and assigning tasks to team members .



5. Image showing the working progress of the Sprint.

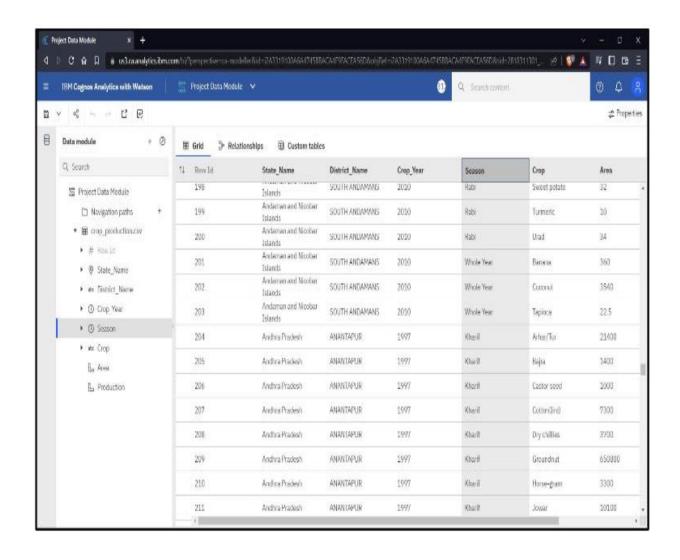


6. Imaging showing the Roadmap of the Sprints.

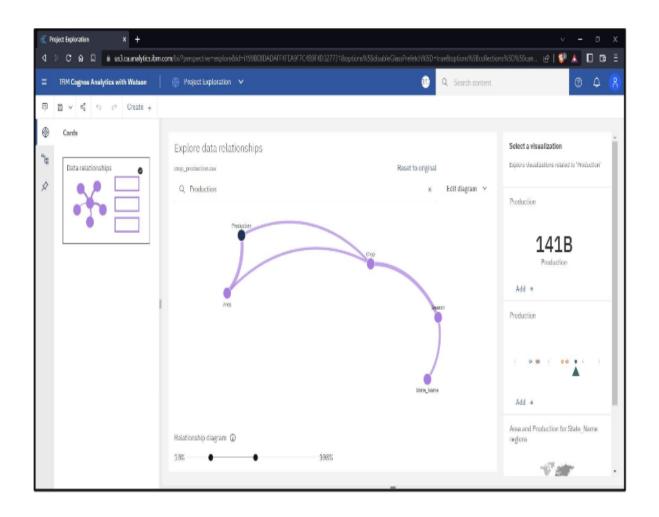


7. DATA MODULE CREATION & EXPLORATION (Explain the features added in the project along with visualization)

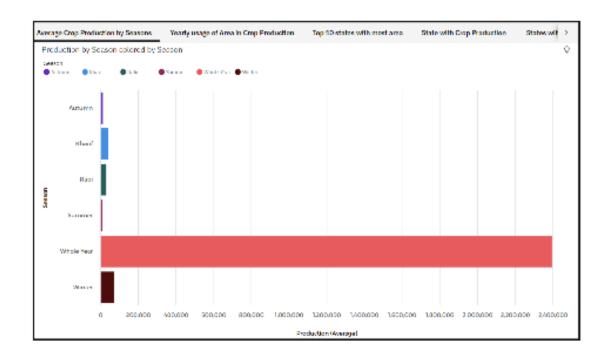
7.1 Data Modulation

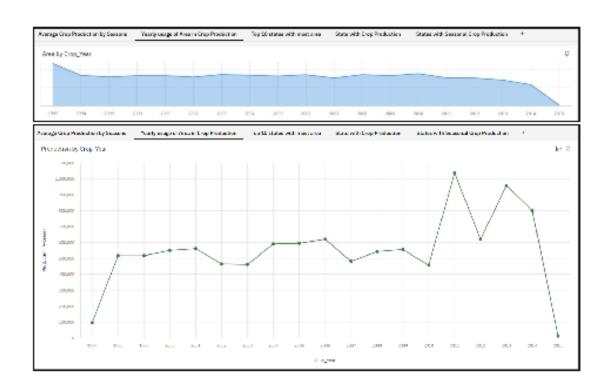


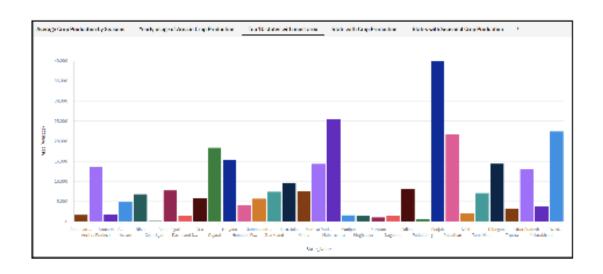
7.2 Data exploration

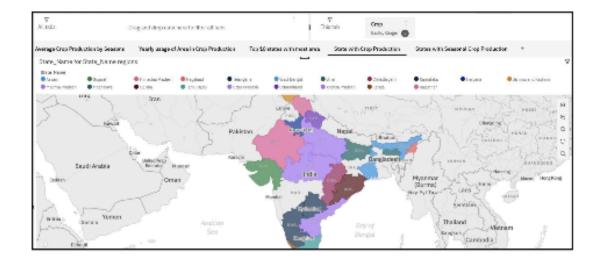


8. DATA VISUALIZATION CHARTS CREATION

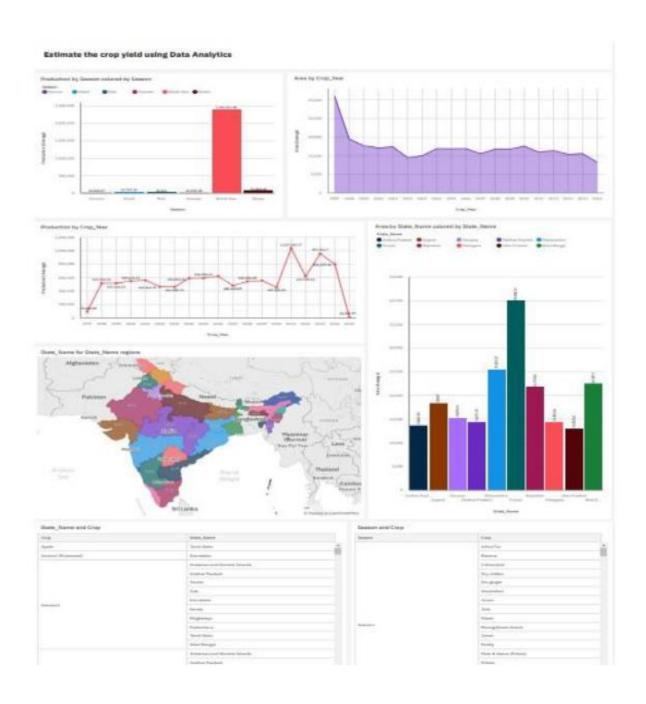








8.1 Final Dashboard (Result)



9. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

Advantages

Farmers can easily understand the crop yield production

The dataset of the crop yield is manipulated and analyzed easily even the dataset is have more

data.

By using Data Analytics, Farmers can predict their crop production using forecast method

It helps in agriculture technology to manage the crop yield production.

Disadvantages

Crop yields production may be miscalculated

Improper fields in the data leads to wrong analysis

10. CONCLUSION:

Our project Estimation of Crop yield using Data Analytics deals with the identifying the how the crop yield production done by a farmer in state wise production. The main purpose of this project is to create a dashboard which helps the farmer to easily analyze the different crops produced in different states

in the country.

11. FUTURE SCOPE:

The Dashboard contains the actual value of crop production in the country. In future we can predict the crop yield production for need five years using the actual values with user interface dashboard

that helps in betterment of the farmers.

12. APPENDIX:

Dataset link: click here

Dashboard link: click here