

## Exercises

Answer the questions or complete the tasks outlined in bold below, use the specific method described if applicable.

**\*\* What is 7 to the power of 4? \*\***

```
In [1]: a=7  
b=4  
print(a**b)
```

2401

**\*\* Split this string: \*\***

```
s = "Hi there Sam!"
```

**into a list.**

```
In [2]: s="Hi there sam!"  
print(s.split())
```

['Hi', 'there', 'sam!']

**\*\* Given the variables: \*\***

```
planet = "Earth"  
diameter = 12742
```

**\*\* Use .format() to print the following string: \*\***

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

```
In [4]: planet="Earth"  
diameter=12742  
print("The diameter of Earth is {Earth} kilometers.".format(Earth=12742))
```

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english to tamil translation - Google x IBM-Project-32915-1660212961/ x +

github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-32915-1660212961/blob/main/MEENASRI%20DA\_Assignment\_3\_Python%20(1).ipynb

```
print("The diameter of Earth is {Earth} kilometers.".format(Earth=12742))
```

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

**\*\* Given this nested list, use indexing to grab the word "hello" \*\***

```
In [6]: lst = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]
print(lst[3][1][2][0])
```

hello

**\*\* Given this nest dictionary grab the word "hello". Be prepared, this will be annoying/tricky \*\***

```
In [7]: d = {'k1':[1,2,3',{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
print(d['k1'][3]['tricky'][3]['target'][3])
```

hello

**\*\* What is the main difference between a tuple and a list? \*\***

```
In [34]: print("The main difference between tuple and list are list is mutable where as tuple is immutable")
```

The main difference between tuple and list are list is mutable where as tuple is immutable

**\*\* Create a function that grabs the email website domain from a string in the form: \*\***

user@domain.com

**So for example, passing "user@domain.com" would return: domain.com**

```
In [8]: string = "user@domain.com"

def grabDomain(string):
    myString = ""
    found = False
    for i in string:
        if(found):
            myString = myString + i
```

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**\*\* Create a function that counts the number of times the word "dog" occurs in a string. Again ignore edge cases. \*\***

```
In [14]: def countFound(string , searchString):  
        count = 0  
  
        for i in range(len(string)):  
            if(string[i:len(searchString)] == searchString):  
                count = count + 1  
  
        return count  
  
print(countFound("cksdog nkjsbak dog" , "dog"))
```

2

## Problem

You are driving a little too fast, and a police officer stops you. Write a function to return one of 3 possible results: "No ticket", "Small ticket", or "Big Ticket". If your speed is 60 or less, the result is "No Ticket". If speed is between 61 and 80 inclusive, the result is "Small Ticket". If speed is 81 or more, the result is "Big Ticket". Unless it is your birthday (encoded as a boolean value in the parameters of the function) -- on your birthday, your speed can be 5 higher in all cases.

```
In [21]: def caught_speeding(speed, is_birthday):  
  
        if is_birthday:  
            speeding = speed - 5  
        else:  
            speeding = speed  
  
        if speeding > 80:  
            return 'Big Ticket'  
        elif speeding > 60:  
            return 'Small Ticket'  
        else:  
            return 'No Ticket'  
print(caught_speeding(60,True))  
print(caught_speeding(80,False))  
print(caught_speeding(50,True))
```

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```
        return 'Big Ticket'
    elif speeding > 60:
        return 'Small Ticket'
    else:
        return 'No Ticket'
print(caught_speeding(60,True))
print(caught_speeding(80,False))
print(caught_speeding(50,True))
```

No Ticket  
Small Ticket  
No Ticket

Create an employee list with basic salary values(at least 5 values for 5 employees) and using a for loop retrieve each employee salary and calculate total salary expenditure.

```
In [30]: e=[500,400,600,750,200]
sum=0
for i in range(len(e)):
    sum+=e[i]
    emp_id=0
    if(i==emp_id):
        print(e[i])
print(sum)
```

500  
2450

Create two dictionaries in Python:

First one to contain fields as Empid, Empname, Basicpay

Second dictionary to contain fields as DeptName, DeptId.

Combine both dictionaries.

```
In [33]: def merge(dict1,dict2):
result=dict1 | dict2
return result
dict1={"Empid":101,"Empname":"Alice","Basicpay":1250}
dict2={"DeptName":"CSE","DeptId":11}
print(merge(dict1,dict2))
```

```
{'Empid': 101, 'Empname': 'Alice', 'Basicpay': 1250, 'DeptName': 'CSE', 'DeptId': 11}
```

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