# Assignment -4 SMS Spam Classification

Assignment Date	14 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID27947
Project Name	AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts
Student Name	UDHAYANITHI.R
Student Roll Number	3115191060103
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

## 1.Download the dataset

# 2.Import required library

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input, Embedding
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.preprocessing import sequence
from keras.utils import to_categorical
from keras.models import load_model
```

# 3. Read Dataset and do preprocessing

```
df = pd.read_csv('/content/spam (1).csv',delimiter=',',encoding='latin-1')
df.head()
```

	v1	v2	Unnamed: 2	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 4
0	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	ham	U dun say so early hor U c already then say	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	ham	Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro	NaN	NaN	NaN

```
df.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],axis=1,inplace=True) #dropping
unwanted columns
df.info()
   <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
   RangeIndex: 5572 entries, 0 to 5571
   Data columns (total 2 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
   --- ----- -------
    0 v1 5572 non-null object
    1 v2 5572 non-null object
   dtypes: object(2)
   memory usage: 87.2+ KB
# Count of Spam and Ham values
df.groupby(['v1']).size()
 [ ] v1
     ham
           4825
     spam
           747
     dtype: int64
# Test and train split
X train,X test,Y train,Y test = train test split(X,Y,test size=0.15)
# Label Encoding target column
X = df.v2
Y = df.v1
le = LabelEncoder()
Y = le.fit_transform(Y)
Y = Y.reshape(-1,1)
# Tokenisation function
max words = 1000
\max len = 150
tok = Tokenizer(num_words=max_words)
tok.fit_on_texts(X_train)
sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
sequences_matrix = sequence.pad_sequences(sequences,maxlen=max_len)
```

# 4. Create Model and 5. Add Layers (LSTM, Dense-(Hidden Layers), Output)

## # Creating LSTM model

inputs = Input(name='InputLayer', shape=[max\_len])

layer = Embedding(max words,50,input length=max len)(inputs)

layer = LSTM(64)(layer)

layer = Dense(256,name='FullyConnectedLayer1')(layer)

layer = Activation('relu')(layer)

layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer)

layer = Dense(1,name='OutputLayer')(layer)

layer = Activation('sigmoid')(layer)

## 6. Compile the model

model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer)

model.summary()

model.compile(loss='binary\_crossentropy',optimizer=RMSprop(),metrics=['accuracy'])

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
InputLayer (InputLayer)	[(None, 150)]	0
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 150, 50)	50000
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 64)	29440
FullyConnectedLayer1 (Dense )	(None, 256)	16640
activation (Activation)	(None, 256)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
OutputLayer (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 1)	0

-----

Total params: 96,337 Trainable params: 96,337 Non-trainable params: 0

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#### 7. Fit the Model

model.fit(sequences\_matrix,Y\_train,batch\_size=128,epochs=10,
validation split=0.2)

```
Epoch 1/10
30/30 [============] - 12s 288ms/step - loss: 0.3478 - accuracy: 0.8704 - val loss: 0.1900 - val accuracy: 0.9262
Epoch 2/10
Epoch 3/10
Epoch 4/10
Epoch 5/10
Epoch 6/10
Epoch 7/10
Epoch 9/10
Epoch 10/10
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f6077793ad0>
```

#### 8. Save the Model

model.save("model 1")

WARNING:absl:Function `\_wrapped\_model` contains input name(s) InputLayer with unsupported characters which will be renamed to inputlayer in the SavedModel.

WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as lstm\_cell\_layer\_call\_fn, lstm\_cell\_layer\_call\_and\_return\_conditional\_losses while saving (showing 2 of 2). These fur

#### 9. Test the model

```
test_sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
test_sequences_matrix = sequence.pad_sequences(test_sequences,maxlen=max_len)
accuracy = model.evaluate(test_sequences_matrix,Y_test)
print('Accuracy: {:0.3f}'.format(accuracy[1]))
```

```
y_pred = model.predict(test_sequences_matrix)
print(y_pred[25:40].round(3))
```

```
27/27 [=======] - 1s 21ms/step
[[0.
[1.
    ]
[1.
    ]
[0.
    ]
    ]
[1.
[0.
[0.
    ]
[0.
[0.
[1.
[0.002]
[0.
    ]
[1.
[0.
    ]
[0.
    ]]
```

# print(Y\_test[25:40])

[[0] [1] [0] [1] [0] [0] [0] [1] [0]

> [1] [0] [0]]