

# Smart Farmer-IOT Enabled Smart Farming Application

## Project Development Phase

### Sprint Delivery -1

<b>Date</b>	15 November 2022
<b>Team ID</b>	PNT2022TMID33194
<b>Project Name</b>	Smart Farmer-IOT Enabled Smart Farming Application
<b>Leader Name</b>	Geetha mai A G
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## **1. Introduction:**

The main aim of this project is to help farmers automate their farms by providing them with a Web App through which they can monitor the parameters of the field like Temperature, soil moisture, humidity etc and control the equipment like water motor and other devices remotely via the internet without their actual presence in the field.

## **2. Problem Statement:**

Farmers need to deal with many problems like coping with climate change, soil erosion and Biodiversity loss. Farmers are to be present at farm for its maintenance irrespective of the weather conditions. They have to ensure that the crops are well watered and the farm status is monitored by them physically. Farmers have to stay most of the time in field in order to get a good yield. In difficult times like in the presence of pandemic also they have to work hard in their fields risking their lives to provide food for the country.

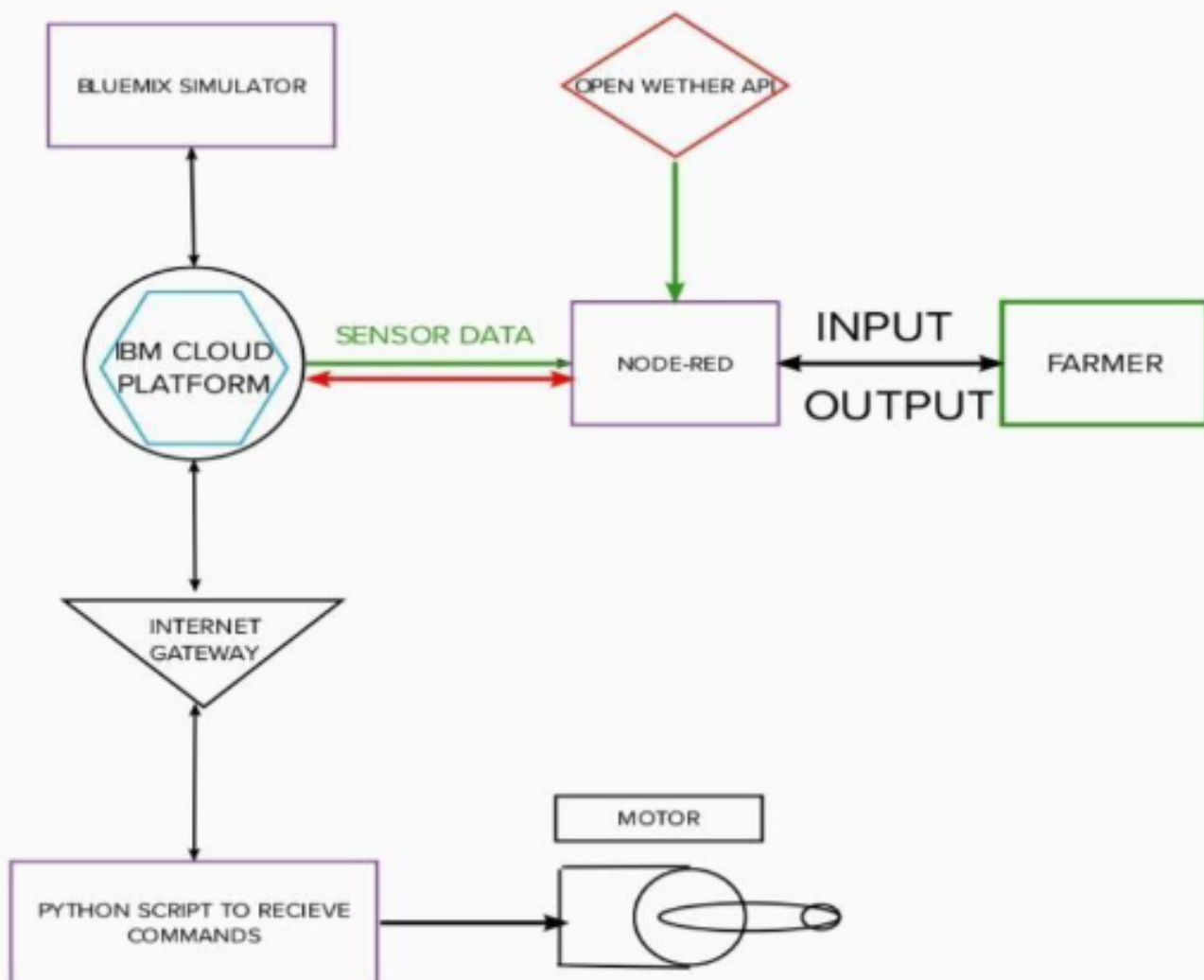
### **3. Proposed Solution:**

To provide an efficient decision support system using wireless sensor networks which handle different activities of the farm and give useful information related to soil moisture, Temperature and Humidity content. Due to the weather condition, water level increases, Farmers get a lot of distractions which is not good for Agriculture.

### **4. Theoretical Analysis:**

#### **4.1 Block Diagram:**

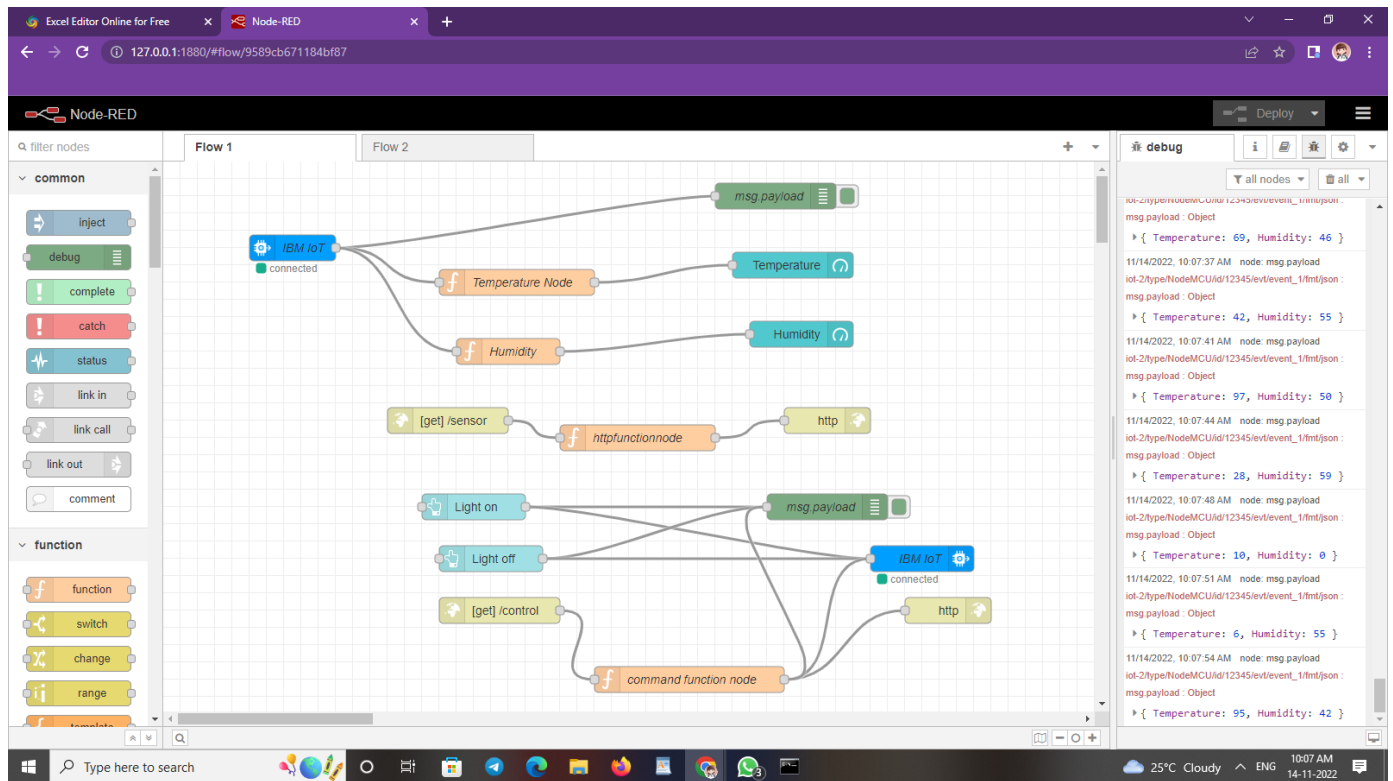
In order to implement the solution , the following approach as shown in the block diagram,is used



## **4.2 Required Software Installation:**

### **4.2.A Node-Red:**

Node-RED is a flow-based development tool for visual programming developed originally by IBM for wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services as part of the Internet of Things. Node-RED provides a web browser-based flow editor, which can be used to create JavaScript functions.



## Installation :

- First install npm/node.js.
- Open cmd prompt.
- Type => npm install node-red.

## **To run the application :**

- Open cmd prompt.
- Type=>Node-RED.
- Then open <http://127.0.0.1:1880/> on your browser.

## **Installation of IBM IoT and Dashboard nodes for Node RED:**

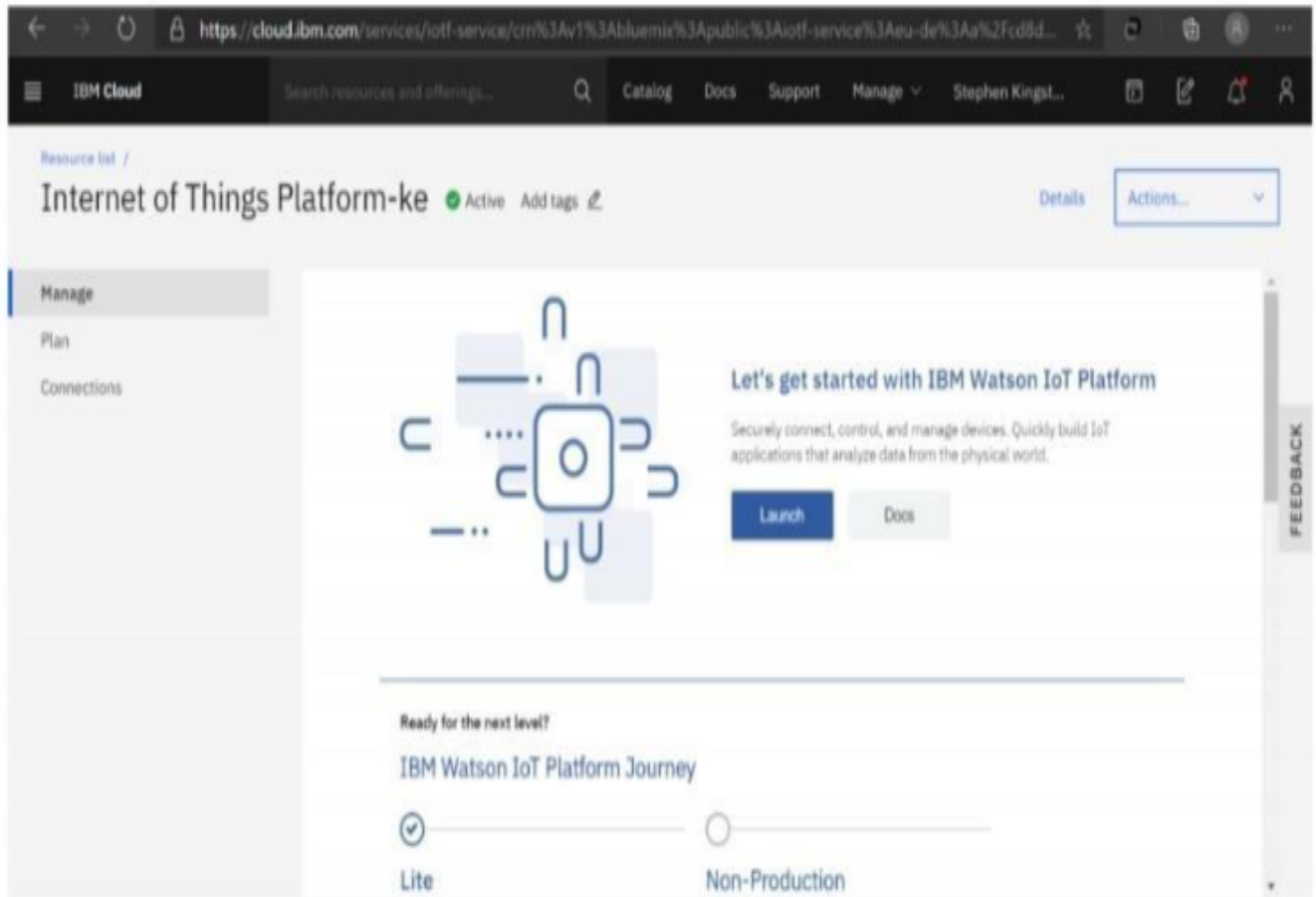
In order to connect to IBM Watson IoT platform and create the WEB UI these nodes are required.

1. IBM IoT node.
2. Dashboard node.

## **4.2.B IBM Watson IoT Platform:**

A fully managed, cloud-hosted service with capabilities for device registration, connectivity, control, rapid visualization and data storage. IBM Watson IoT Platform is a managed, cloud-hosted service designed to make it simple to derive value from your IoT devices.





## **Steps to configure:**

- Create an account in IBM cloud using your email ID
- Create IBM Watson Platform in services in your IBM cloud Account.
- Launch the IBM Watson IoT Platform.
- Create a new device

- Give credentials like device type, device ID, Auth. Token
- Create API key and store API key and token elsewhere.

The screenshot displays the IBM Watson IoT Platform dashboard. The top navigation bar includes 'Browse', 'Action', 'Device Types', and 'Interfaces'. A search bar is present with the text 'Search by Device ID'. The main content area shows a table of devices. The first device listed is '12345', which is 'Disconnected' and of type 'NodeMCU'. Below the table, a detailed view for this device is shown, including its identity, device information, recent events, state, and logs. The connection status is 'Disconnected', with the last connection on Nov 8, 2022, at 6:59 PM. The client address is 216.246.119.62, and the data transferred is 15.1 KB. The bottom status bar indicates '1 Simulation running'.

Device ID	Status	Device Type	Class ID	Date Added	Descriptive Location	Added By
12345	Disconnected	NodeMCU	Device	Oct 31, 2022 3:32 PM		922119106034@smartinternz.com

**Device Details:**

- Device ID:** 12345
- Device Type:** NodeMCU
- Date Added:** Oct 31, 2022 3:32 PM
- Added By:** 922119106034@smartinternz.com
- Connection Status:** Disconnected
  - Last Connected: Nov 8, 2022 6:59 PM
  - Client Address: 216.246.119.62 Insecure
  - Duration: 4 minutes
  - Data Transferred: 15.1 KB

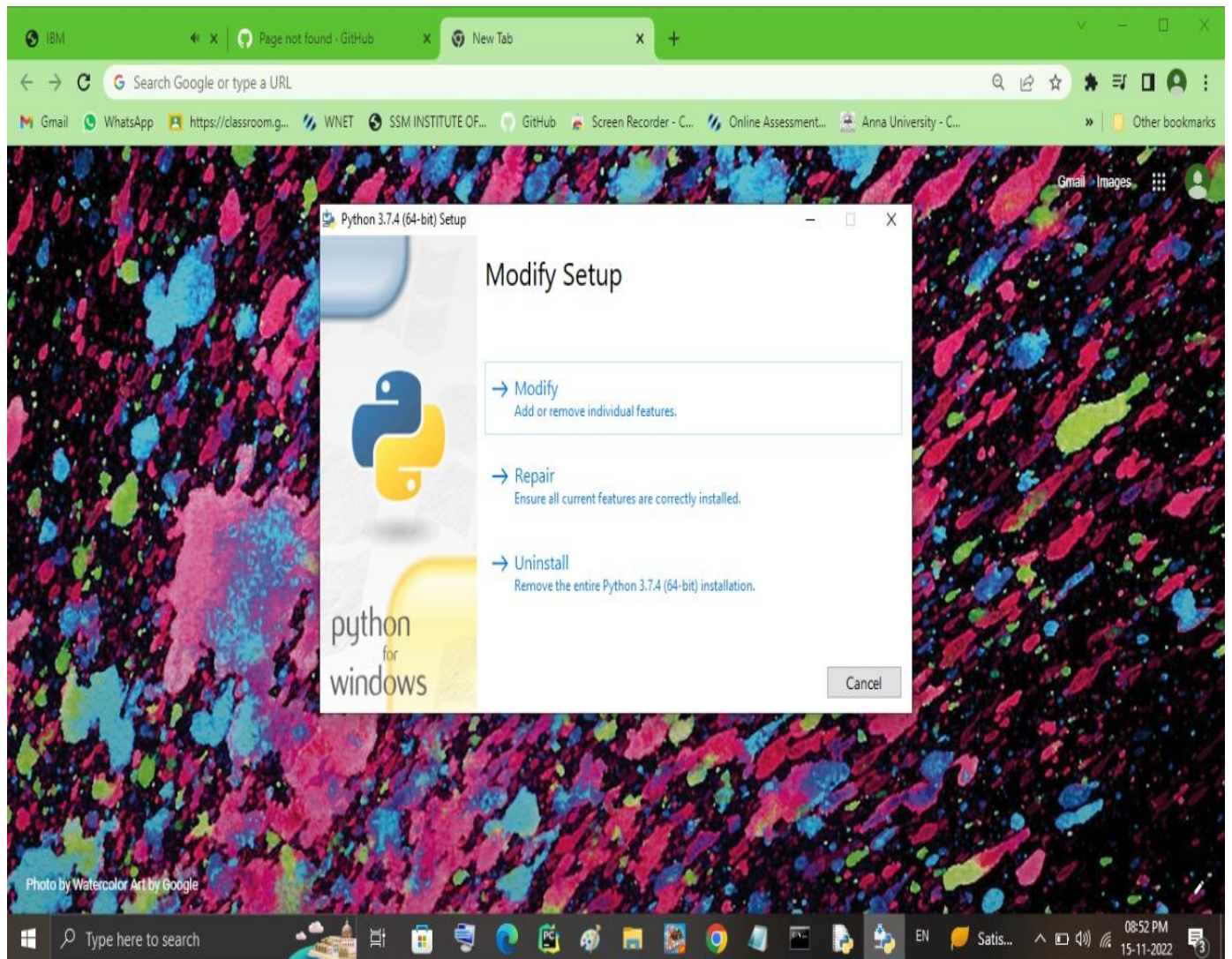
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1 Simulation running

## **4.2.C Python IDE:**

Install Python3 compiler

Install any python IDE to execute python scripts, in my case I used Command Prompt to execute.



## **Code:**

```
import wiotp.sdk.device
import time
import os
import datetime
import random
myConfig = {
    "identity": {
        "orgId": "u9qhfi",
        "typeId": "Devicetype1",
        "deviceId": "DeviceID1"
    },
    "auth": {
        "token": ")hSb7_ZD+evl2fRhXi"
    }
}
client=wiotp.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myConfig,logHandlers=
None)
client.connect ()
def myCommandCallback (cmd) :
```

```
print ("Message received from IBM IoT Platform:
%s"%  cmd.data['command'])
    m=cmd.data['command']
    if (m=="motoron"):
        print ("Motor is switched on")
        elif (m=="motoroff"):
            print ("Motor is switched OFF")
        print (" ")
while True:
    soil=random.randint (0,100)
    temp=random.randint (-20, 125)
    hum=random.randint (0, 100)
    myData={'soil moisture': soil, 'temperature':temp, 'humidity':hum}
    client.publishEvent (eventId="status",msgFormat=
    "json",  data=myData, qos=0 ,onPublish=None)
    print ("Published data Successfully: %s", myData)
    time.sleep (2)
client.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
client.disconnect ()
```

## **Arduino code for C :**

```
#include <WiFi.h> //library for wifi
#include <PubSubClient.h> //library for MQTT
#include "DHT.h" // Library for dht11
#define DHTPIN 15    // what pin we're connected to
#define DHTTYPE DHT22 // define type of sensor DHT 11
#define LED 2
DHT dht (DHTPIN, DHTTYPE); // creating the instance by passing
and type of dht connected

void callback(char* subscribetopic, byte* payload, unsigned
int payloadLength);

//-----credentials of IBM Accounts-----

#define ORG "u9qhfi" //IBM ORGANIZATION ID
#define DEVICE_TYPE "Devicetype1" //Device type mentioned in
ibm watson IOT Platform
#define DEVICE_ID "DeviceID1" //Device ID mentioned in ibm
```

watson IOT Platform

```
#define TOKEN ")hSb7_ZD+ev12fRhXi" //Token
```

```
String data3;
```

```
float h, t;
```

```
//----- Customise the above values -----
```

```
char server[] = ORG ".messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com";
```

```
// Server Name
```

```
char publishTopic[] = "iot-2/evt/Data/fmt/json";// topic name and type  
of event perform and format in which data to be send
```

```
char subscribetopic[] = "iot-2/cmd/command/fmt/String";//
```

```
cmd REPRESENT command type AND COMMAND IS TEST  
OF FORMAT STRING
```

```
char authMethod[] = "use-token-auth";// authentication method
```

```
char token[] = TOKEN;
```

```
char clientId[] = "d:" ORG ":" DEVICE_TYPE ":" DEVICE_ID;//client id
```

```
//-----
```

```
WiFiClient wifiClient; // creating the instance for wificlient
```

```
PubSubClient client(server, 1883, callback ,wifiClient);
```

```
//calling the predefined client id by passing parameter like
```



```
server id,portand wificredential
void setup()// configureing the ESP32
{
  Serial.begin(115200);
  dht.begin();
  pinMode(LED,OUTPUT);
  delay(10);
  Serial.println();
  wificonnect();
  mqttconnect();
}
```

```
void loop()// Recursive Function
{
```

```
  h = dht.readHumidity();
  t = dht.readTemperature();
  Serial.print("temperature:");
  Serial.println(t);
  Serial.print("Humidity:");
```

```
Serial.println(h);
```

```
PublishData(t, h);
```

```
delay(1000);
```

```
if (!client.loop()) {
```

```
    mqttconnect();
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
/* .....retrieving to Cloud..... */
```

```
void PublishData(float temp, float humid) {
```

```
    mqttconnect();//function call for connecting to ibm
```

```
/*
```

```
    creating the String in in form JSon to update the data to ibm cloud
```

```
*/
```

```
String payload = "{\"Temperature\":";
```

```
payload += temp;
```

```
payload += "," "\"Humidity\":";
```

```
payload += humid;
```

```
payload += "}";
```

```
Serial.print("Sending payload: ");
Serial.println(payload);
if (client.publish(publishTopic, (char*) payload.c_str())) {
    Serial.println("Publish ok");// if it sucessfully upload data on the
    cloud then it will print publish ok in Serial monitor or else it will print
    publish failed
} else {
    Serial.println("Publish failed");
}

}

void mqttconnect() {
    if (!client.connected()) {
        Serial.print("Reconnecting client to ");
        Serial.println(server);
        while (!client.connect(clientId, authMethod, token)) {
            Serial.print(".");
            delay(500);
        }
    }
}
```

```
    initManagedDevice();
    Serial.println();
}
}

void wificonnect() //function defination for wificonnect
{

    Serial.println();
    Serial.print("Connecting to ");

    WiFi.begin("Wokwi-GUEST", "", 6);//passing the wifi credentials to
    establish the connection
    while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
        delay(500);
        Serial.print(".");
    }
    Serial.println("");
    Serial.println("WiFi connected");
    Serial.println("IP address: ");
    Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
}
```

```
void initManagedDevice() {  
    if (client.subscribe(subscribetopic)) {  
        Serial.println((subscribetopic));  
        Serial.println("subscribe to cmd OK");  
    } else {  
        Serial.println("subscribe to cmd FAILED");  
    }  
}
```

```
void callback(char* subscribetopic, byte* payload, unsigned int  
    payloadLength)  
{  
  
    Serial.print("callback invoked for topic: ");  
    Serial.println(subscribetopic);  
    for (int i = 0; i < payloadLength; i++) {  
        //Serial.print((char)payload[i]);  
        data3 += (char)payload[i];  
    }  
}
```

```
Serial.println("data: "+ data3);  
if(data3=="lighton")  
{  
Serial.println(data3);  
digitalWrite(LED,HIGH);  
  
}  
  
else  
{  
Serial.println(data3);  
digitalWrite(LED,LOW);  
  
}  
data3="";  
  
}
```

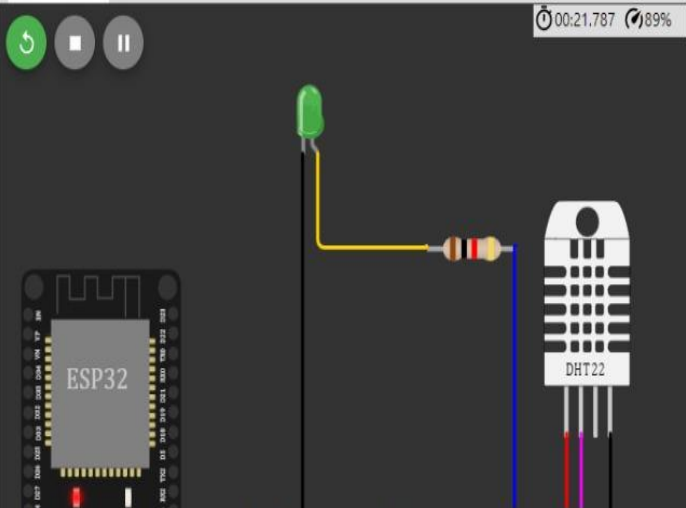
WOKWI

sketch.ino diagram.json libraries.txt Library Manager

```
1 #include <WiFi.h> //library for wifi
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4 #define DHTPIN 15 // what pin we're connected to
5 #define DHTTYPE DHT22 // define type of sensor DHT 11
6 #define LED 2
7 DHT dht (DHTPIN, DHTTYPE); // creating the instance by passing pin and type of
8
9 void callback(char* subscribetopic, byte* payload, unsigned int payloadLength)
10
11 //-----credentials of IBM Accounts-----
12
13 #define ORG "u9qhf1" //IBM ORGANIZATION ID
14 #define DEVICE_TYPE "Devicetype1" //Device type mentioned in ibm watson IOT Platform
15 #define DEVICE_ID "DeviceID1" //Device ID mentioned in ibm watson IOT Platform
16 #define TOKEN "h5b7_ZD+ev12fRhX1" //Token
17 String data3;
18 float h, t;
19
20
21 //----- Customise the above values -----
22 char server[] = ORG ".messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com"; // Server Name
23 char publishTopic[] = "iot-2/evt/Data/fmt/json"; // topic name and type of event
24 char subscribetopic[] = "iot-2/cmd/command/fmt/String"; // cmd REPRESENT command
25 char authMethod[] = "use-token-auth"; // authentication method
26 char token[] = TOKEN;
27 char clientId[] = "d:" ORG ":" DEVICE_TYPE ":" DEVICE_ID; //client id
28
29
```

Simulation

00:21.787 89%



Sending payload: { "Temperature":24.00,"Humidity":40.00}

Publish ok

temperature:24.00

Humidity:40.00

Sending payload: {"Temperature":24.00,"Humidity":40.00}

Publish ok

01:54 AM 13-11-2022

### **4.3 IoT Simulator:**

In our project in the place of sensors we are going to use IoT sensor simulator which give random readings to the connected Cloud.

#### **The link to simulator:**

<https://41azth.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com/dashboard/devices/browse>

We need to give the credentials of the created device in IBM Watson IoT Platform to connect cloud to simulator.