

Define CS, fit into CC	1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS CC What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices.	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS AS Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking	Explore AS, differentiate
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manufacturers Distributors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workforce Capacity Storage Space Inventory Investment Manual documentation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add images Optimized spaces 	
Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC	2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS J&P Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides.	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE RC What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.	7. BEHAVIOUR BE What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done? i.e. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)	Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inaccurate Data Problem Stock Increasing Competition Expanding Product Portfolios 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quick real time update Hight cost of storage 	<div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Process will be on time Secured data </div>	
Identify strong TR & EM	3. TRIGGERS TR What triggers customer to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news.	10. YOUR SOLUTION SL If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality. If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour.	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR CH 8.1 ONLINE What kind of actions do customer take online? Extract online channels from #7	Identify strong TR & EM
	4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER EMAS How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design.		8.2 OFFLINE What kind of actions do customer take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development.	
	<div> BEFORE & AFTER <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Less accuracy Hight productivity </div>		<div> Online: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internet web site Updating of flowing </div> <div> Offline: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manual checking </div>	