PERSONAL ASSISTANCE FOR SENIORS WHO ARE SELF-RELIANT

FINAL REPORT

PROJECT TEAM ID : PNT2022TMID15069

TEAM MEMBERS : SHAIK KAMILOON (TEAM LEADER)

SUBHASHRI K S

SOFIA B

VARSHINIE SAGARIKAA M S

CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

The Project concentrates on creating a medicine reminder application. MedicineReminder Project is a native android application meant to aid forgetful and busy senior citizens by reminding them to take their daily medications. It is designed for users who need a little help keeping track of their medication schedule and who are dedicated to keeping the schedule but forget things easily. The application allows the user to store pill objects and multiple alarms for those pills at the correct times.

1.2 PURPOSE

The objectives of this project are to develop a prototype of a smart medicine reminder for elderly people that helps them consume the medicines right on time.

In recent times, the rate of consumption of medicines has highly increased due to the wide spreading of different diseases and illnesses across the globe. While some diseases are temporary, many diseases have a toll on human health for a lifetime. In the pursuit of maintaining a healthy lifestyle, we often find ourselves to be sick. This could be threatening if not properly treated.

A visit to the doctor and consumption of the medical prescription becomes a necessity. Nevertheless failing to consume the medicine regularly could cause a lot of problems. Keeping in mind this problem, the idea of creating a smart device that alerts the patient to take medicines right on time, so that they would recover soon and stay healthy without any issues in the body.

CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM

The existing methodologies that provide solutions for the specified problem include various gadgets available to assist patients in taking their medication either by simplifying administration or by assisting them in remembering to do so. Pill reminder charts, drug diaries, calendar clocks, telephone prompting services, multi-compartment compliance aids (MCAs), talking labels, voice reminders, watch reminders, daily pill boxes, and automated pill dispensers are just a few examples.

2.2. REFERENCES

- 1.A. Sawand, S. Djahel, Z. Zhang, and F. Na. Multidisciplinary Approaches to Achieving Efficient and Trustworthy e HealthMonitoring Systems. Commun.China (ICCC), 2014 IEEE/CIC Int.Conf., pp. 187–192, 2014.
- 2. D. a. Clifton, D. Wong, L. Clifton, S. Wilson, R. Way, R. Pullinger, and L. Tarassenko. A large-scale clinical validation of an integrated monitoring system in the Emergency Department. IEEE J. Biomed. Heal. Informatics vol. 17, no. 4, pp. 835–842,2013.
- 3. M. Parida, H.-C.Yang, S.-W.Jheng, and C.-J. Kuo.Application of RFID Technology for In-House Drug Management System.15thInt. Conf.Network-Based Inf. Syst., pp. 577–581, 2012.
- 4. L. Ilkko and J. Karppinen. UbiPILL A Medicine DoseController of Ubiquitous Home Environment. 2009 Third Int. Conf. Mob. Ubiquitous Comput. Syst. Serv. Technol., pp. 329–333, 2009.
- 5. A. Kliem, M. Hovestadt, and O. Kao. Security and Communication Architecture for Networked Medical Devices in mobility-Aware e-Health Environments," 2012 IEEE First Int. Conf.Mob. Serv., pp. 112–114, 2012.
- 6. S. T.-B. Hamida, E. Ben Hamida, B. Ahmed, and A. AbuDayya. Towards efficient and secure in-home wearable insomnia monitoring and diagnosis system. 13th IEEE Int. Conf. Bioinforma. Bioeng., pp. 1–6, 2013.

2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

Tracking the health of a person and proper medication improves their lifetime. Studies suggest that most of the deaths of senior citizens occur during the night when the person is asleep. Sometimes elderly people forget to take their medicine at the correct time. They also forget which medicine they should take at that time. And it is difficult for doctors/caretakers to monitor the patients around the clock. This work proposes a personal assistant for the elderly or a patient. Personal assistants can provide in-home respite care, allowing family members or caretakers to take a temporary break.

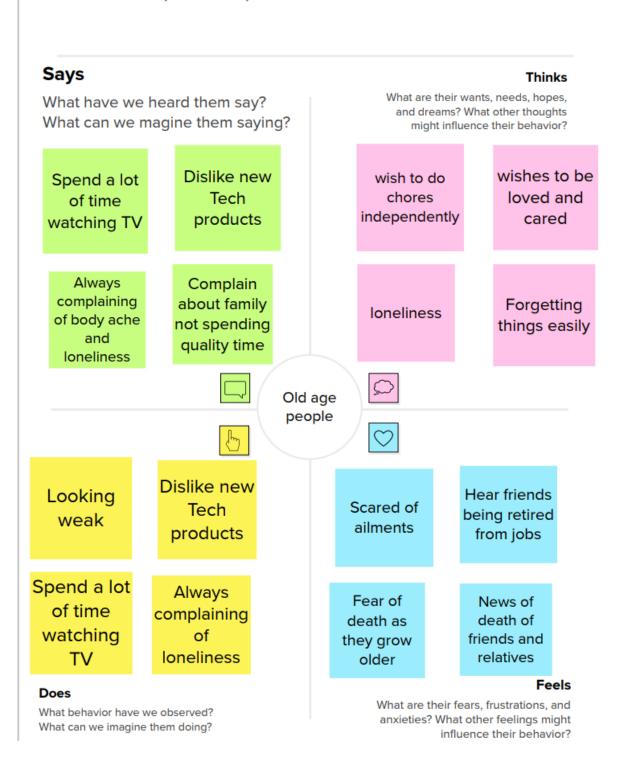
CHAPTER 3 IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS



Build empathy

The information you add here should be representative of the observations and research you've done about your users.



3.2 PROPOSED SOLUTION

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	The major issue is that elders couldn't remember their medicine consumption due to memory loss and their busy schedules.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Device is made to set reminders for medicine consumption and help people worry less about it.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Unique feature is that it has a voicing system that will act like a mentor for reminding us.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	Customers will be satisfied with this device which will behave like a friend for helping us to do things at the correct time.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Revenue for this product will be achieved up to our expectations as customer satisfaction suggests, it is been modeled to show up the revenue for the outcome.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	This product can be scaled up to the level of customer satisfaction.

3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION FIT

Project Title: Personal Assistance for Seniors Who Are Self-Reliant		Project Design Phase-I - Solution Fit Template	Team ID: PNT2022TMID15069		
Define CS, fit into CC	CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) The primary customers are senior citizens b it can be used by anyone.		5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS HABITAT: An IoT solution for Independent Elderly The Smart Home Personal Assistance Device for Independent Senior Citizens		
Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC	2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS Create timely reminders for taking medicines Providing necessary information about the medicines used by the user	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE Increasing amount of nuclear families in the society leaving the senior people with nobody to take care of them everyday. As age increases, people lose their ability to remember things which makes them forget their daily medicine intake.	7. BEHAVIOUR The customer has to add the precise data about the medicines he has to take in various situations the medicines he has to take in various situations BE, understand RC		
Identify strong TR & EM	TRIGGERS Service offered by the assistant as a reminde their medicine intake Ease of usage offered EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER Before: Difficulty in remembering to take their medicine on time After: Able to take their dosages properly	system can provide in-home respite care, allowing family members or caretakers to take a temporary break. An application is built for the user that enables him to set the desired time and medicine. These details will be stored in the IBM Cloudant DB. When the medicine time arrives, the application will send the medicine name to the IoT device through the IBM IOT platform. The device will receive the medicine	8.2 OFFLINE The IoT device has to be properly maintained		

3.4 IDEATION AND BRAINSTORMING



Brainstorm

Write down any ideas that come to mind that address your problem statement.

10 minutes

Shaik Kamiloon

Adding multiple features like stress level monitoring, heart rate and temperature

Enabling voice assistant based services

Subhashri K S

Camera associated with the device to read and take inputs of the names of the complex medicine names

Adding music options to make people feel relaxed at times

Sofia B

Specifications of the medicine taken before and after food has to be clearly mentioned

An improvement ratio after taking the medicines will be observed

Varshinie Sagarikaa MS

Adding a Translator as everyone is not very comfortable with English for voice commands

Providing the importance of the specific drug mentioned

Group ideas

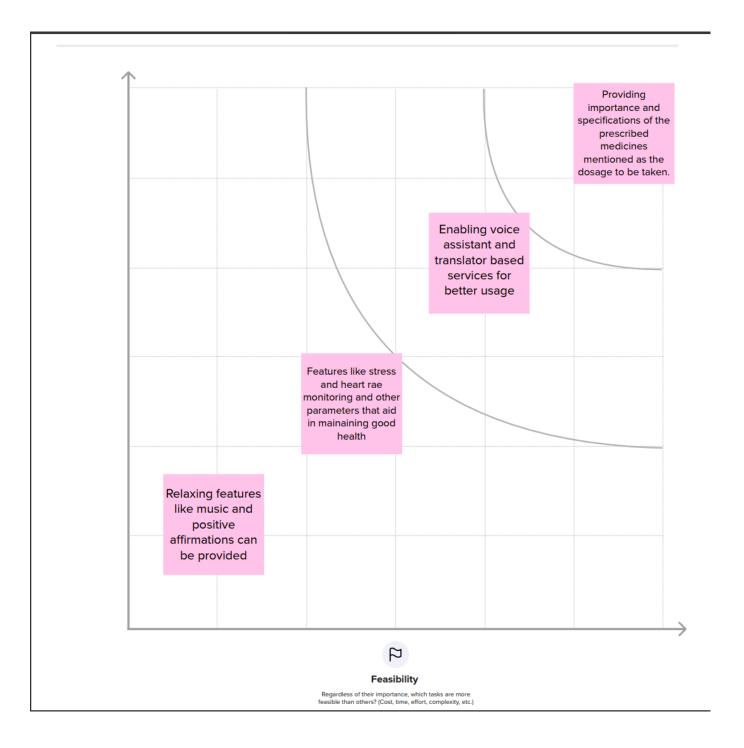
Take turns sharing your ideas while clustering similar or related notes as you go. Once all sticky notes have been grouped, give each cluster a sentence-like label. If a cluster is bigger than six sticky notes, try and see if you and break it up into smaller sub-groups.

0 20 minutes

Providing importance and specifications of the prescribed medicines mentioned as the dosage to be taken

Enabling voice assistant and translator based services for better usage

Relaxing features like music and positive affirmations can be provided Features like stress and heart rate monitoring and other parameters that aid in maintaining good health



REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form
		Registration through Gmail
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email
		Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	Access Cloud services	Access the cloud service with correct credentials and
		store the details in the database. Recover the required
		information whenever necessary.
FR-4	IOT configuration	Calibration of the IOT device based on preference and
		Access the Cloud DB via device. Manage the request
		and response effectively.

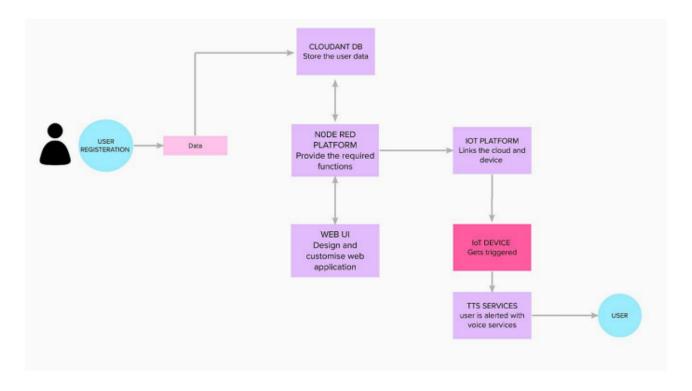
Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

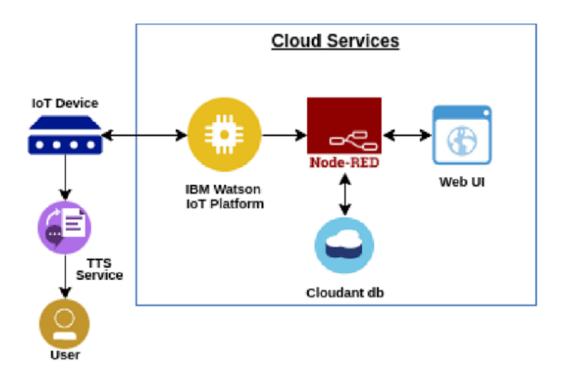
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description		
NFR-1	Usability	App can be used by anyone who has workable		
		knowledge about internet and computer		
NFR-2	Security	For security, TFA (Two Factor Authentication) is		
		enabled along with biometrics for user safety		
NFR-3	Reliability	Highly reliable since it uses authentic cloud services		
		like IBM		
NFR-4	Performance	Performance is superior compared to other market		
		products.		
NFR-5	Availability	Available on mobile app. Web version is on the		
		development phase		
NFR-6	Scalability	Using Cloud service, makes the scalability higher		
		using traditional database.		

PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAM



5.2 SOLUTION AND TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE



5.3 USER STORIES

User Type	Functional Reqiener nt(Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Senior citizen)	Caretaker	USN-1	As a user, I want to take Medicines on time and monitor my health	I want to Take Medicines On time	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Alzheime r patient)	Smart medicine box	USN-2	As a user, I want to take my tablets on time by voice command			Sprint-1
Custome r (Mentally idled patient)	Caretaker	USN-3	As a user, my patient needs to take medicines on time and monitoring the activity			Sprint-2
Custome r (Coma patient)	Caretaker	USN-4	As a user, my patient medication time and prescription should loadin database for upcoming week	My patient medication time and prescription should be in database list	Low	Sprint-4
Custome r (Disable d people's)	Smart medicine box			light	Medium	Sprint-3

PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING

6.1 SPRINT PLANNING AND ESTIMATION

Sprint	Functional Requiremen t (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Mem
Sprint-1	Hardware or Simulation Software	USN-1	Using Wokwi, Connect ESP-32 with UltraSonic Sensor with Python script	2	High	Shaik Kamiloon, Subhashri K S , Varshini Sagarikaa M S, Sofia B
Sprint-2	Cloud Software	USN-2	Create Device in the IBM Watson IOT Platform and link it to Wokwi	2	High	Shaik Kamiloon, Subhashri K S , Varshini Sagarikaa, M S, Sofia B
Sprint-3	Website	USN-3	Create a web application	2	High	Shaik Kamiloon, Subhashri K S , Varshini Sagarikaa M S, Sofia B
Sprint-4	linking	USN-4	Link Device, IBM cloud and the developed appllication	2	High	Shaik Kamiloon, Subhashri K S, Varshini Sagarikaa,M S, Sofia B

CODING AND SOLUTIONING

7.1. FEATURE 1

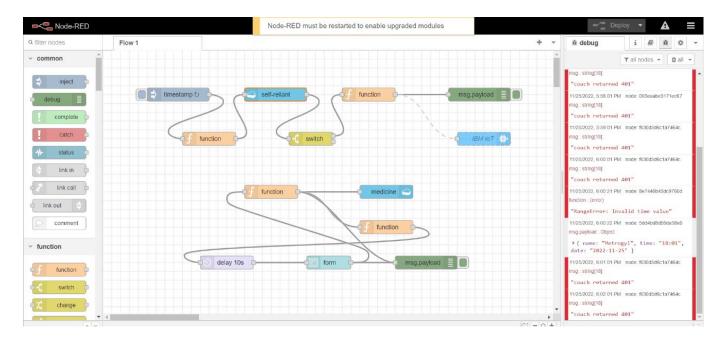
- IoT Device
- IBM Watson platform
- Node Red
- Cloudant DB
- Web UI
- Python Code
- Wokwi

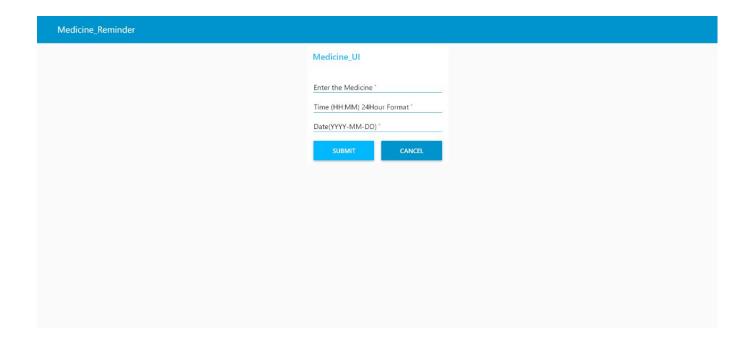
7.2. FEATURE 2

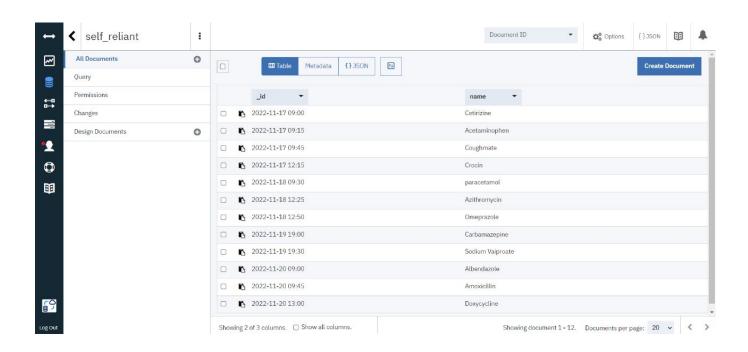
- Login
- MIT Application

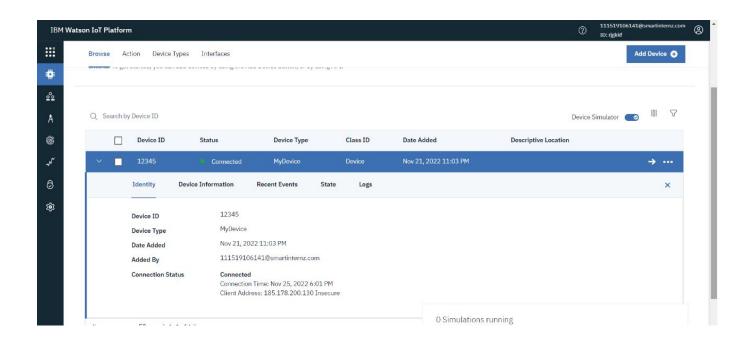
TESTING

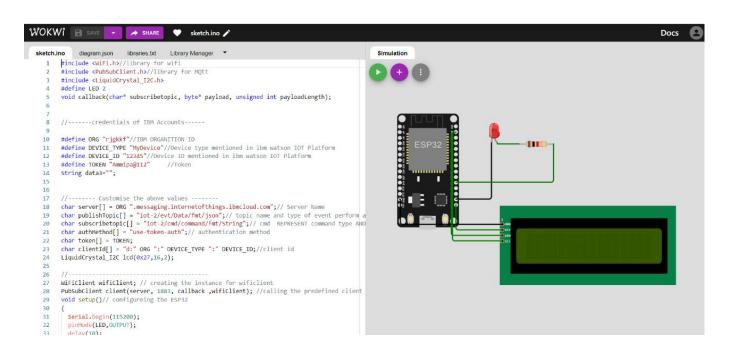
After testing the developed code and extensions, the step-by-step observations are listed below.



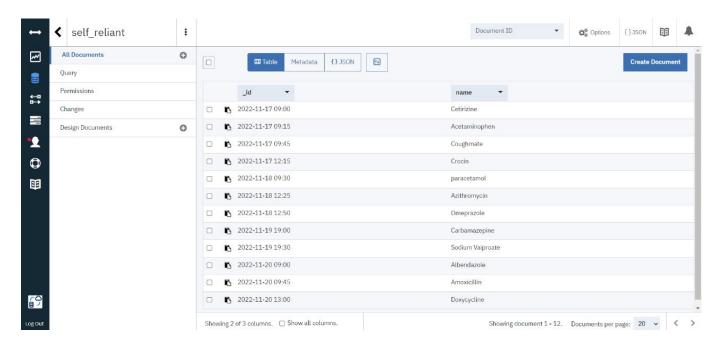








RESULTS



ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

10.1 ADVANTAGES

• Availability:

One of the primary preferences of possessing a PDA is the capacity to stay in contact with individuals through email, text informing, and telephone. Since PDAs are so convenient and their network so broad, clients can take them anyplace.

• Association:

Another advantage of possessing a PDA is expanded association. Scheduleandrundown applications make it simple to monitor arrangements, make notes in a hurry, and document past discussions or other information.

O Status:

For some PDA clients, the gadget has the additional advantage of meaning a specific status. The organization gave PDAs might be held for more significant level representatives and can come to connote a place of power or significance. For individual clients, having the most recent PDA might be an indication of riches or innovative information.

• Broad Internet Connectivity:

For occupied people, the primary preferred position of getting a PDA is being able to remain associated through email, calls, text informing, and different courier applications. These are worked with a broad organization network so clients can get to the Internet anyplace they are.

10.2 DISADVANTAGES

O Cost:

One of the greatest hindrances of a PDA is the expense. Other than paying for the gadget itself, most PDAs require the purchaser to buy into a utilization contract. This includes a month-to-month bill and the chance of overage charges if the client outperforms his designated free telephone minutes or information limits.

• Interruption:

PDAs may likewise turn into an interruption when they're not satisfying an authentic need. The capacity to be constantly associated can prompt sitting around riding the Web, settling on telephone decisions, or messing around. Some business clients whine about

being "available to come into work" when their colleagues and bosses can reach them whenever.

• Time constraint:

PDAs are not generally the best response to business arrangements. Paper-based coordinators are a more reasonable choice since PDAs are hard to utilize, information passage is abnormal, they are moderate and beginner clients discover them superfluously unpredictable.

• Restricted in Scope:

PDAs are restricted in degree. They are neither PC substitutions nor would they be able to be successfully used to supplant mobile phones. PDAs are not furnished to manage miniature preparing capacities.

CONCLUSION

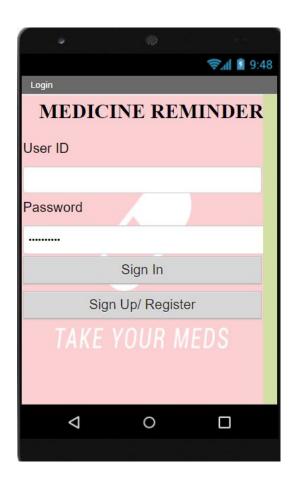
With the progress of science and technology in modern society, the problem of human health care has gradually become an important part of a family. Due to the limitations of the elderly population (such as immobility, memory loss, etc.), there are many problems with medication. Therefore, medication for the elderly needs more attention from society. Drug use accounts for a large proportion of the elderly population, and many products are designed for the elderly. However, many products do not fully conform to the usage habits of the elderly. In today's society, more than 40 percent of the elderly feel lonely. The data show that the happiness of the elderly is largely due to the support and encouragement from their families. The relationship between the elderly and their adult children has also become an important social issue. Many times not taking the medicines on time leads to death or severe issues. So to avoid such situations this application will be very helpful.

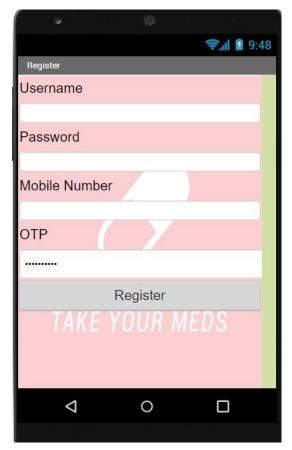
FUTURE SCOPE

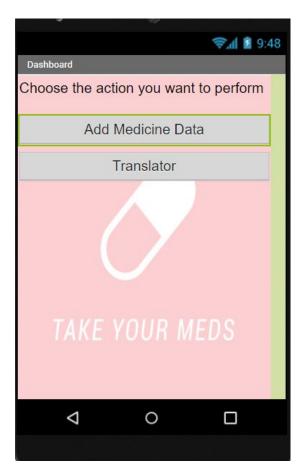
I believe that in the future, we will have many reasons to care about and for the elderly community because this is not only a moral thing but also a prerequisite for the continuation of the development of the world. We need to pay enough attention to this group, and I believe that the medicine reminder application will be of great use to elderly people as they can be independent and live happily and healthily.

An application can also be developed so that it can be interfaced with the IoT device such as a smartwatch, which can further assist in solving the purpose.

A sample application developed using the MIT App Inventor is mentioned.









APPENDIX

13.1 SOURCE CODE

WOKWI SIMULATED CODE

```
#include <WiFi.h>//library for wifi
#include <PubSubClient.h>//library for MQtt
#include <LiquidCrystal I2C.h>
#define LED 2
void callback(char* subscribetopic, byte* payload, unsigned int payloadLength);
//----credentials of IBM Accounts-----
#define ORG "rjgkkf"//IBM ORGANITION ID
#define DEVICE TYPE "MyDevice"//Device type mentioned in ibm watson IOT Platform
#define DEVICE ID "12345"//Device ID mentioned in ibm watson IOT Platform
#define TOKEN "Ammipa@112" //Token
String data3="";
//---- Customise the above values -----
char server[] = ORG ".messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com";// Server Name
char publishTopic[] = "iot-2/evt/Data/fmt/json";// topic name and type of event
perform and format in which data to be send
char subscribetopic[] = "iot-2/cmd/command/fmt/String";// cmd REPRESENT command
type AND COMMAND IS TEST OF FORMAT STRING
char authMethod[] = "use-token-auth";// authentication method
char token[] = TOKEN;
char clientId[] = "d:" ORG ":" DEVICE TYPE ":" DEVICE ID;//client id
LiquidCrystal I2C lcd(0x27,16,2);
```

```
WiFiClient wifiClient; // creating the instance for wificlient
PubSubClient client(server, 1883, callback, wifiClient); //calling the
predefined client id by passing parameter like server id, portand wificredential
void setup()// configureing the ESP32
{
 Serial.begin (115200);
 pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
 delay(10);
 Serial.println();
 wificonnect();
 mqttconnect();
}
void loop()// Recursive Function
{
 if (!client.loop()) {
   mqttconnect();
 }
}
/*....retrieving to
Cloud.....*/
void mqttconnect() {
 if (!client.connected()) {
   Serial.print("Reconnecting client to ");
   Serial.println(server);
   while (!!!client.connect(clientId, authMethod, token)) {
     Serial.print(".");
```

```
delay(500);
    }
     initManagedDevice();
     Serial.println();
  }
}
void wificonnect() //function defination for wificonnect
{
 Serial.println();
 Serial.print("Connecting to ");
 WiFi.begin("Wokwi-GUEST", "", 6);//passing the wifi credentials to establish
the connection
 while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
   delay(500);
   Serial.print(".");
  }
 Serial.println("");
 Serial.println("WiFi connected");
 Serial.println("IP address: ");
 Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
}
void initManagedDevice() {
 if (client.subscribe(subscribetopic)) {
   Serial.println((subscribetopic));
   Serial.println("subscribe to cmd OK");
  } else {
    Serial.println("subscribe to cmd FAILED");
  }
```

```
}
void callback(char* subscribetopic, byte* payload, unsigned int payloadLength)
{
  Serial.print("callback invoked for topic: ");
  Serial.println(subscribetopic);
  for (int i = 0; i < payloadLength; i++) {</pre>
   //Serial.print((char)payload[i]);
   data3 += (char)payload[i];
  }
  Serial.println("Please take "+ data3);
  if (data3 != "")
    lcd.init();
    lcd.print("Take"+ data3);
digitalWrite(LED, HIGH);
delay(20000);
digitalWrite(LED, LOW);
  }
  else
  {
digitalWrite(LED, LOW);
  }
data3="";
}
```

DEMO LINK

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1G7cZNXPOmNUXSJKU-9T-4Dtrr9sXMaOc

GITHUB LINK

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-33972-1660230075