#Import necessary Libraries import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt %matplotlib inline plt.style.use('dark background' ) import seaborn as sns from nltk import word tokenize

from sklearn.model selection import train test split from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder from sklearn.metrics import auc, roc auc score, roc curve, confusion matrix, classification\_r

from keras.models import Model, load model from keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input, Embedding from keras.optimizers import RMSprop from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences from keras.utils import to\_categorical, plot\_model from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ModelCheckpoint, TensorBoard nltk.download('stopwords') nltk.download('wordnet') nltk.download('punkt') nltk.download('omw-1.4')



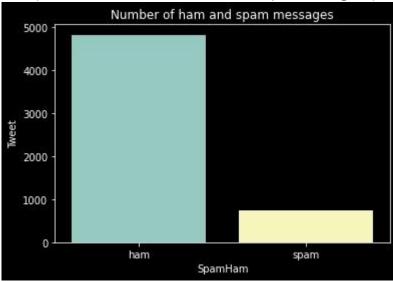
[nltk\_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk\_data... [nltk data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date! [nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data... [nltk data] Package wordnet is already up-to-date! [nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data... Package punkt is already up-to-date! [nltk data] [nltk data] Downloading package omw-1.4 to /root/nltk data... [nltk data] Package omw-1.4 is already up-to-date! True

df=pd.read csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM/Assignment - 4/spam.csv",encoding="latin-1"); df.head()

	1		Unnamed:	Unnamed:	Unnamed:
v1		v2	2	3	4
0	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	NaN	NaN	NaN
3 df.shape	ham e	U dun say so early hor U c already then say	NaN	NaN	NaN
(5572, 5)					

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
sns.countplot(df.v1, ax=ax)
ax.set_xlabel('SpamHam')
ax.set_ylabel('Tweet')
ax.set_title('Number of ham and spam messages')
```

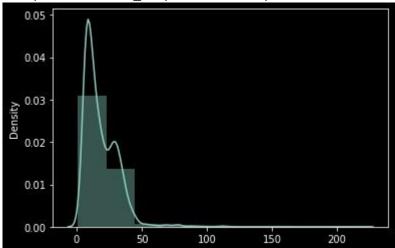
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Number of ham and spam messages')



```
X = df.loc[:, 'v2']
y = df.loc[:, 'v1']
Χ
     0
                                 Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
     1
                                 Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
     2
                                 Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                 U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
     3
                                 Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
     4
                         This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
     5567
     5568
                         Will I b going to esplanade fr home?
     5569
                         Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s...
     5570
                         The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd...
                         Rofl. Its true to its name Name: v2, Length: 5572, dtype: object
     5571
X train data, X test data, y train labels, y test labels = train test split(X, y, test size=0
print(X_train_data.shape) print(X_test_data.shape)
     (4457,)
     (1115,)
sent_lens = [] for sent
in X_train_data:
    sent lens.append(len(word tokenize(sent)))
print(max(sent lens))
```

sns.distplot(sent\_lens, bins=10, kde=True)

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f81b671abd0>



np.quantile(sent\_lens, 0.95)

39.0

```
max sequence length = 38
```

```
tok = Tokenizer()
tok.fit on texts(X train data.values)
```

vocab\_length = len(tok.word\_index) #len(tok.word\_counts) or len(tok.index\_word.keys()) will a
print('No. of unique tokens(vocab\_size): ', vocab\_length)

X\_train\_sequences = tok.texts\_to\_sequences(X\_train\_data.values) X\_test\_sequences =
tok.texts\_to\_sequences(X\_test\_data.values) print('No of sequences:', len(X\_train\_sequences))
#No of sequences will be same as the number print(X\_train\_sequences[:2])

#make all sequences of equal length

X\_train = pad\_sequences(X\_train\_sequences, maxlen=max\_sequence length)

0,

799,

X test = pad sequences(X test sequences, maxlen=max sequence length)

X\_train[:2]

No. of unique tokens(vocab\_size): 7954

No of sequences: 4457

0,

[[38, 30, 8, 5, 273, 1989, 81, 116, 26, 11, 1656, 322, 10, 53, 18, 299, 30, 349, 1990], array([[ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 38, 30, 8, 0. 0, 0, 11, 1656, 322, 273, 1989, 81, 116, 26, 10. 53, 299, 349, 1990], 18, 30, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,

15, 2555, 1442, 1127,

192, 2556,

```
171,
                     12,
                         98, 1991,
                                       44, 195, 1657, 2557, 1992, 2558,
                                                                           21,
           4, 203, 1025, 225]], dtype=int32)
y_train_labels.values array(['ham', 'spam', 'ham', ..., 'ham', 'ham',
     'ham'], dtype=object)
le = LabelEncoder() y_train =
le.fit_transform(y_train_labels) y_test =
le.fit_transform(y_test_labels)
print(y_train)
     [0 1 0 ... 0 0 0]
def create_model(vocab_len, max_seq_len):
    inputs = Input(name='inputs', shape=[max_seq_len])
                                                        #None, 150
                                                                        layer =
Embedding(vocab_length + 1, 50, input_length=max_seq_len)(inputs) #None, 150, 50
                                                                                      layer
= LSTM(64)(layer) #None, 64
                                layer = Dense(256,name='FC1')(layer) #None, 256
                                                                                      layer
= Activation('relu')(layer) #None, 256
                                           layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer) #None, 256
                                                                                       layer
= Dense(1,name='out layer')(layer) #None, 1
                                                layer = Activation('sigmoid')(layer) #None,
      model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer)
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer=RMSprop(), metrics=['acc'])
                                                                                    return
model
model = create_model(vocab_length, max_sequence_length)
model.summary()
```

Model: "model 1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<pre>inputs (InputLayer)</pre>	 [(None, 38)]	 0
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, 38, 50)	397750
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 64)	29440
FC1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	16640
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 256)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
out_layer (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
<pre>activation_3 (Activation)</pre>	(None, 1)	0

Total params: 444,087 Trainable params: 444,087 Non-trainable params: 0

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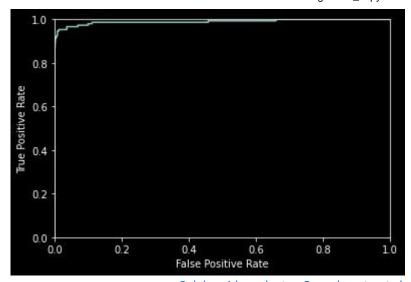
]

```
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, batch_size=128, epochs=20, validation_split=0.2, callba
   Epoch 1/20
   28/28 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.2985 - acc: 0.8853
   Epoch 1: val_loss improved from inf to 0.13599, saving model to model_with_best_weights
   Epoch 2/20
   28/28 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0737 - acc: 0.9832
   Epoch 2: val loss improved from 0.13599 to 0.05181, saving model to model with best weig
   Epoch 3/20
   28/28 [=============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0318 - acc: 0.9924
   Epoch 3: val loss did not improve from 0.05181
   Epoch 4/20
   Epoch 4: val loss improved from 0.05181 to 0.04797, saving model to model with best weig
   Epoch 5/20
   28/28 [============= ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0083 - acc: 0.9975
   Epoch 5: val loss did not improve from 0.04797
   28/28 [=============== ] - 2s 74ms/step - loss: 0.0083 - acc: 0.9975 - val
   Epoch 6/20
   28/28 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0039 - acc: 0.9986
   Epoch 6: val loss did not improve from 0.04797
   Epoch 7/20
   28/28 [=============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0014 - acc: 0.9997
   Epoch 7: val loss did not improve from 0.04797
   28/28 [=============== ] - 2s 74ms/step - loss: 0.0014 - acc: 0.9997 - val
   Epoch 8/20
   28/28 [=============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0012 - acc: 0.9997
   Epoch 8: val loss did not improve from 0.04797
   Epoch 9/20
   28/28 [============ ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 4.6690e-04 - acc: 0.9997
   Epoch 9: val loss did not improve from 0.04797
   Epoch 9: early stopping
history_dict = history.history
# list all data in history
print(history_dict.keys())
# summarize history for loss
plt.plot(history_dict['loss'])
plt.plot(history_dict['val_loss'])
```

plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')

```
plt.ylabel('loss') plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper
left') plt.show()
# summarize history for accuracy
plt.plot(history_dict['acc'])
plt.plot(history_dict['val_acc'])
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy') plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper
left') plt.show()
     dict_keys(['loss', 'acc', 'val_loss', 'val_acc'])
y_pred
                        Training and Validation Loss
        0.30
                  train
                  test
        0.25
        0.20
      S 0.15
        0.10
loade
test
                                                             t, y test)
        0.05
print
                                                             ormat(test_loss, test_acc))
        0.00
                                                             p - loss: 0.0634 - acc: 0.9839
              ò
                                  epoch
                      Training and Validation Accuracy
        1.00
                  test
        0.98
y_pre
# y_p
        0.96
                                                           an't use it on Model object. Can be use
print
        0.94
y_pre
        0.92
        0.90
        0.88
                         2
                                    4
                                  epoch
       [0.
      [0.001]
       [0.987]]
     array([[ True],
     [False],
             [True],
             [False],
             [False],
             [ True]])
```

```
# summarize the first few cases for i in range(5):
                                           print('%s => %d
(expected %d)' % (X_test[i].tolist(), y_pred[i], y_test[i]))
   [1, 188, 11, 6440, 2, 7, 1, 135, 2, 28, 12, 4, 290, 7931, 1, 104, 33, 3, 22, 647, 15, 28
   [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 64, 33, 3, 1528, 13, 263, 53, 79, 228, 79, 3, 31, 7, 838,
   print(confusion matrix(y test, y pred))
   [[964
          1]
    [ 17 133]]
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
              recall f1-score
   precision
                             support
                   0.98
                           1.00
                                   0.99
                                           965
        1
              0.99
                      0.89
                              0.94
                                       150
      accuracy
                                  0.98
                                          1115
                0.99
                        0.94
                                0.96
                                        1115 weighted
   macro avg
                   0.98
           0.98
                           0.98
                                   1115
   avg
auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba)
print('AUC: %.3f' % auc)
   AUC: 0.990
fpr_keras, tpr_keras, thresholds_keras = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
def plot roc curve(fpr,tpr):
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(fpr,tpr)
plt.axis([0,1,0,1])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.show()
  plot roc curve (fpr keras,
tpr keras)
```



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