ASSIGNMENT 3

Assignment Date	30 September 2022
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Exercises

Answer the questions or complete the tasks outlined in bold below, use the specific methoddescribed if applicable.

```
** What is 7 to the power of 4?**
7**4
     2401
pow(7,4)
     2401
** Split this string:**
s = "Hi there Sam!"
*into a list. *
s="Hi there Sam!"
l=s.split()
print(1)
     ['Hi', 'there', 'Sam!']
** Given the variables:**
```

```
planet = "Earth" diameter = 12742
```

** Use .format() to print the following string: **

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

```
planet="Earth"
diameter=12742
```

```
print("The diameter of %s is %d kilometers."%(planet,diameter))
```

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

** Given this nested list, use indexing to grab the word "hello" **

```
lst=[1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]
```

```
lst[3][1][2][0]
```

'hello'

** Given this nest dictionary grab the word "hello". Be prepared, this will be annoying/tricky **

```
d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
```

```
d['k1'][3]['tricky'][3]['target'][3]
```

'hello'

** What is the main difference between a tuple and a list? **

Tuples are enclosed in paranthesis whereas Lists are enclosed in square brackets. Tuples are immutable whereas Lists are mutable.

** Create a function that grabs the email website domain from a string in the form: **

So for example, passing "user@domain.com" would return: domain.com

```
def domain(website):
  ind=website.index("@")
  return website[ind+1:]
```

```
res=domain("user@domain.com")
print(res)
```

domain.com

** Create a basic function that returns True if the word 'dog' is contained in the input string. Don'tworry about edge cases like a punctuation being attached to the word dog, but do account for capitalization. **

```
def dog(s):
  if "dog" in s.lower():
    return True
  else:
    return False
print(dog("Doggy"))
print(dog("bigdog"))
print(dog("Dodge"))
     True
     True
     False
** Create a function that counts the number of times the word "dog" occurs in a string. Againignore edge
cases. **
def countdog(s):
  return s.lower().count("dog")
print(countdog("dogdogdog"))
print(countdog("DoggyDoggoo"))
print(countdog("dodgeball"))
     3
```

▼ Problem

2

*You are driving a little too fast, and a police oficer stops you. Write a function to return one of 3possible results: "No ticket", "Small ticket", or "Big Ticket". If your speed is 60 or less, the result is "No Ticket". If speed is between 61 and 80 inclusive, the result is "Small Ticket". If speed is 81 or more, the result is "Big Ticket". Unless it is your birthday (encoded as a boolean value in the

parameters of the function) -- on your birthday, your speed can be 5 higher in all cases. *

```
def caught_speeding(speed, is_birthday):
    if is_birthday:
        speeding = speed - 5
    else:
        speeding = speed

if speeding > 80:
        return 'Big Ticket'
elif speeding > 60:
        return 'Small Ticket'
```

```
else:
return 'No Ticket'
```

```
caught_speeding(89,False)

'Big Ticket'

caught_speeding(85,True)

'Small Ticket'
```

Create an employee list with basic salary values(at least 5 values for 5 employees) and using afor loop retreive each employee salary and calculate total salary expenditure.

```
l=[12000,15000,20000,18000,23000]
s=0
print("Salaries:")
for i in 1:
    print(i)
    s+=i
print("Total Salary Expenditure:",s)
```

Salaries: 12000 15000 20000 18000 23000 Total Salary Expenditure: 88000

Create two dictionaries in Python:

First one to contain fields as Empid, Empname, BasicpaySecond dictionary to contain fields as DeptName, DeptId.Combine both dictionaries.

```
dict1={"Empid":2002,"Empname":"Shivam","Basicpay":52000}
dict2={"DeptName":"IT","DeptId":201}
dict1.update(dict2)
print(dict1)

{'Empid': 2002, 'Empname': 'Shivam', 'Basicpay': 52000, 'DeptName': 'IT', 'DeptId':201}
```