Build Python Code (Part 2)

Here the route for prediction is given and necessary steps are performed in order to get the predicted output.

```python
    if(y_pred == 0) :
        return render_template("0.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    elif(y_pred == 1) :
        return render_template("1.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    elif(y_pred == 2) :
        return render_template("2.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    elif(y_pred == 3) :
        return render_template("3.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    elif(y_pred == 4) :
        return render_template("4.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    elif(y_pred == 5) :
        return render_template("5.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    elif(y_pred == 6) :
        return render_template("6.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    elif(y_pred == 7) :
        return render_template("7.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    elif(y_pred == 8) :
        return render_template("8.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
    else :
        return render_template("9.html",showcase = str(y_pred))
 else:
        return None
```

Necessary conditions are given according to the input classes and the app will be returning the templates according to that.

Main Function:
This function runs your app in a web browser
Lastly, we run our app on the localhost. Here we are running it on localhost:8000

```python
    else:
        return None
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=8000,debug=True)
    #app.run(debug = True) #running our flask app
```