fit into

AS

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

Who is your customer?

Earmer are Our Customers

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

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What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available

The availabilty of device, proper Network facilities and budget are several constraints, Knowledge about the application.

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros &

or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital

Most commonly used irrigation type is Drip irrigation the most common disadvantage is when the water is not filtered properly there will be clogs and the tubes will get affected easily. In smart farming we can use solar empowered smart irrigation system to overcome this.

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides.

To make farming easier more quantitately.

1. Monitoring farms climatic conditions.

2. Automatic systems for irrigation and Fertilization. 3. Soil analysis.

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do

i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.

When there is no knowledge about the soil problem arises on what to be sowed, climatic conditions also play a major role. Knowledge on how to water the plants accordingly

7. BEHAVIOUR

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What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job

done?

Lie. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)

The customers will reach us when they dont haveidea on how to analyse the soil and to improve the current irrigation system

3. TRIGGERS

What triggers customers to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news.

To get correct accuracy on what to be done on the farm and to produce more crops and livestock quantitavely.

10. YOUR SOLUTION

If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality.

If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour.

8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR

8.1 ONLINE

What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7

8.2 OFFLINE

What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development.



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4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER

How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards?
i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design.

As when the productivity increases farmers will be satisfied. They will not worry about the loss. Irrigation will be more efficient than before.

There will be less weed growth,
Maximum use of water
efficiently, Control of soil erosion and
maximum crop yield.

we will reach the customer directly ask about their problems and provide effective solutions if their problems match our application and provide them knowledge about our application to make their farming even more easier.

In online mode will do digital marketing using advertisements.