

Smart Farmer-IOT Enabled Smart Farming Application

5,Building Project

5.1 Connecting IoT Simulator to IBM Watson IoT Platform

Open link provided in above section 4.3

Give the credentials of your device in IBM Watson IoT Platform

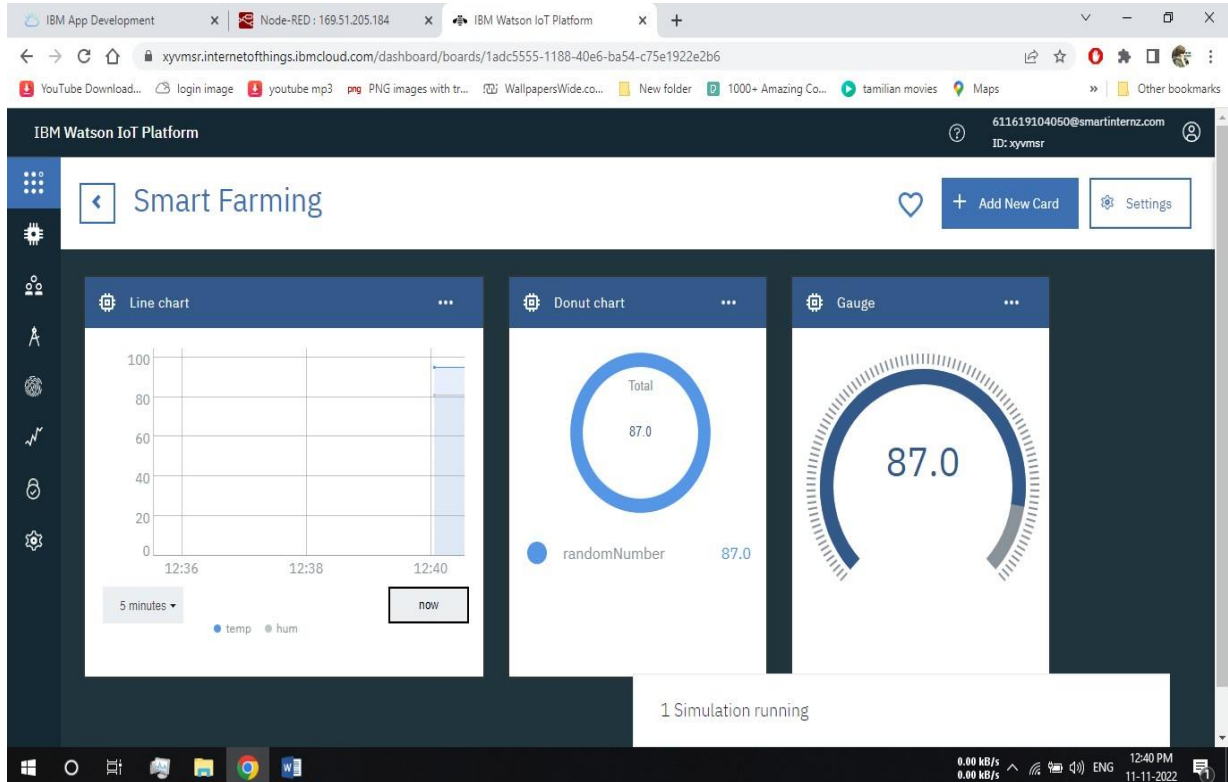
Click on connect

My credentials given to simulator are:

api: **a-xyvmsr-dqrgveab0i**

Device type: **abcd**

Token: **a-xyvmsr-dqrgveab0i**



You can see the received data in graphs by creating cards in Boards tab

➤ You will receive the simulator data in cloud

- You can see the received data in Recent Events under your device
- Data received in this format(json)

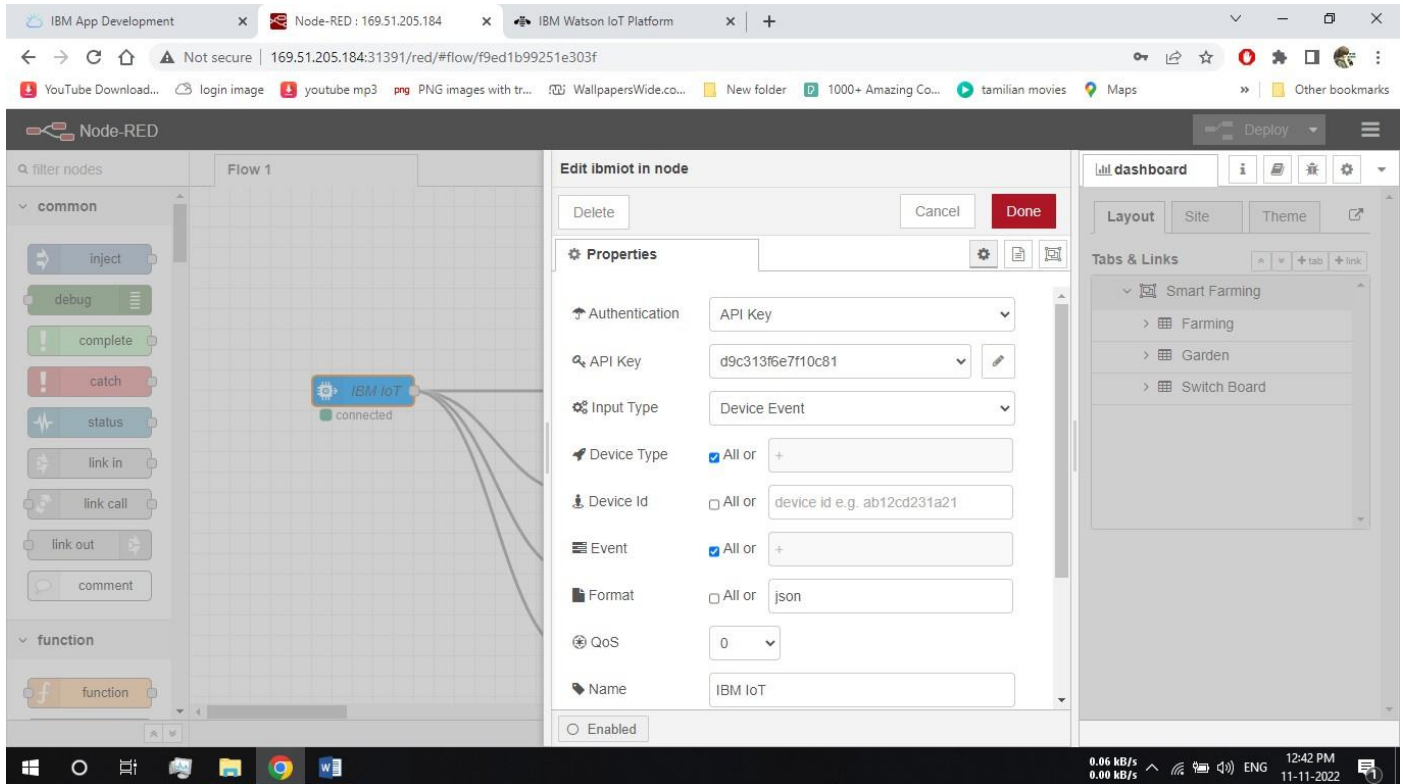
```
{  
  "d": {  
    ▪ "name": "abcd",  
    ▪ "temperature": 17,  
    ▪ "humidity": 76,  
    ▪ "Moisture ": 25  
  }  
}
```

The screenshot displays the IBM Watson IoT Platform interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for 'Browse', 'Action', 'Device Types', and 'Interfaces'. The main content area shows a table of devices with columns for Device ID, Status, Device Type, Class ID, and Date Added. The selected device (ID 1234) is shown in a detailed view with tabs for 'Identity', 'Device Information', 'Recent Events', 'State', and 'Logs'. The 'Recent Events' tab is active, displaying a table of events with columns for Event, Value, Format, and Last Received. The events are listed as 'eventflow' with various JSON payloads. A simulation status indicator at the bottom right shows '1 Simulation running'.

Event	Value	Format	Last Received
eventflow	{"randomNumber":11,"temp":102,"hum":93}	json	a few seconds ago
eventflow	{"randomNumber":56,"temp":98,"hum":83}	json	a few seconds ago
eventflow	{"randomNumber":27,"temp":101,"hum":80}	json	a few seconds ago
eventflow	{"randomNumber":16,"temp":91,"hum":99}	json	a few seconds ago
eventflow	{"randomNumber":51,"temp":98,"hum":75}	json	a few seconds ago

5.2 Configuration of Node-Red to collect IBM cloud data

The node IBM IoT App In is added to Node-Red workflow. Then the appropriate device credentials obtained earlier are entered into the node to connect and fetch device telemetry to Node-Red.



Once it is connected Node-Red receives data from the device

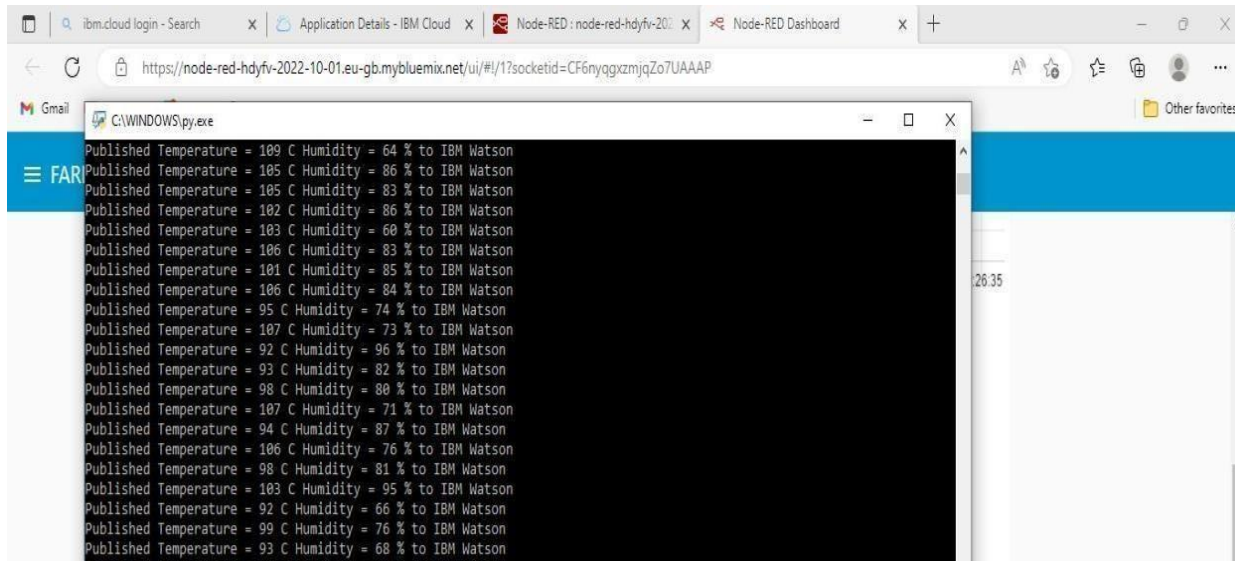
Display the data using debug node for verification

Connect function node and write the Java script code to get each reading separately.

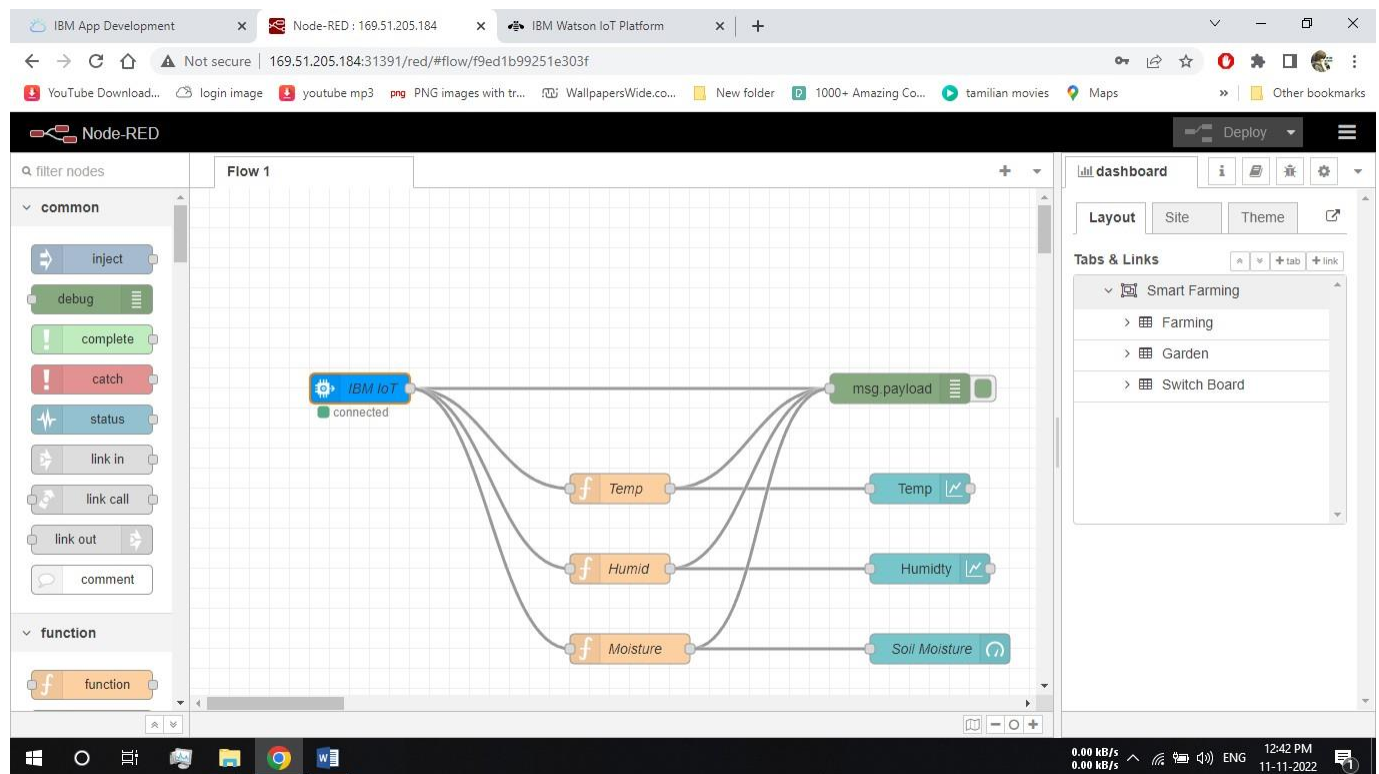
The Java script code for the function node is:

```
msg.payload=msg.payload.d.temperature return msg;
```

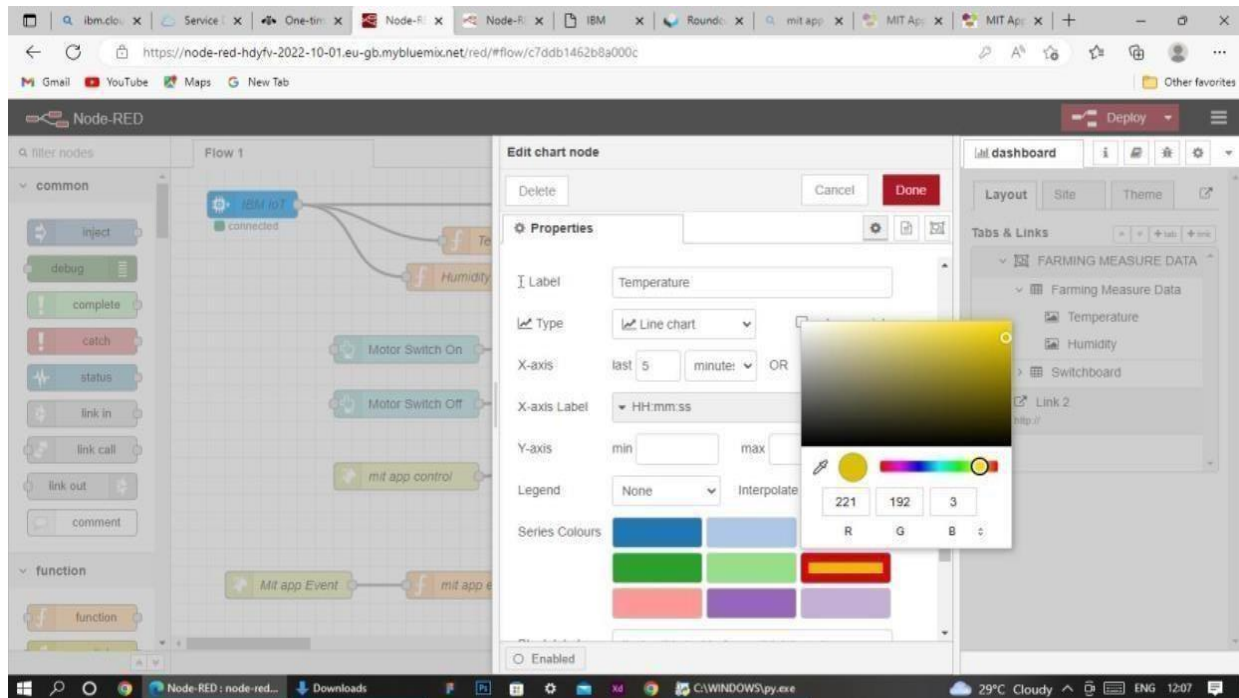
Finally connect Gauge nodes from dashboard to see the data in UI



Data received from the cloud in Node-Red console



Nodes connected in following manner to get each reading separately



This is the Java script code I written for the function node to get Temperature separately.

5.3 Configuration of Node-Red to collect data from OpenWeather

The Node-Red also receive data from the OpenWeather API by HTTP GET request. An inject trigger is added to perform HTTP request for every certain interval. HTTP request node is configured with URL we saved before in section 4.4 The data we receive from OpenWeather after request is in below JSON

```
format:{ "coord":{"lon":79.85,"lat":14.13},"weather":[{"id":803,"main":"Clouds",
"description":"brokenclouds","icon":"04n"}],"base":"stations","main":{"temp":307
59,"feels_like":305.5,"temp_min":307.59,"temp_max":307.59,"pressure":1002,"h
umidity":35,"sea_level":1002,"grnd_level":1000},"wind":{"speed":6.23,"deg":170
}
,"clouds":{"all":68},"dt":1589991979,"sys":{"country":"IN","sunrise":158993355
3,
```

```
"sunset":1589979720},"timezone":19800,"id":1270791,"name":"Gūdūr","cod":200}
```

In order to parse the JSON string we use Java script functions and get each parameters

```
var temperature = msg.payload.main.temp;  
temperature = temperature-273.15;          return  
{payload : temperature.toFixed(2)};
```

In the above Java script code we take temperature parameter into a new variable and convert it from kelvin to Celsius

Then we add Gauge and text nodes to represent data visually in UI

