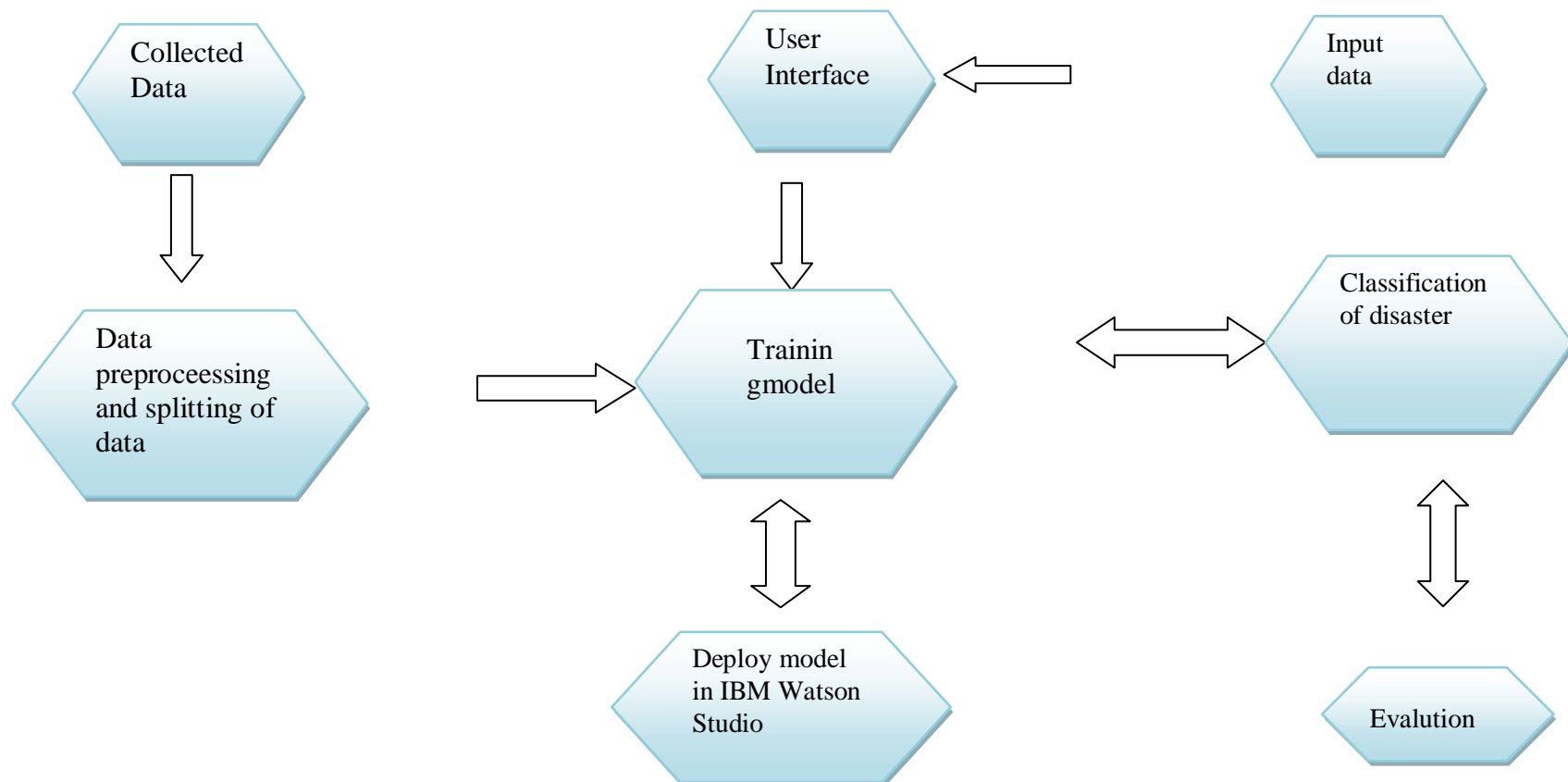


## Project Design Phase-II

### Technology Stack (Architecture & Stack)

<b>Date</b>	21st October 2022
<b>Team ID</b>	PNT2022TMID10007
<b>Project Name</b>	Natural Disasters Intensity Analysis And Classification Using Artificial Intelligence
<b>Marks</b>	4

### Technical Architecture:



**Table-1: Components & Technologies:**

S. No	Component	Description	Technology
1 .	User Interface	User interacts with application for the prediction of Any Natural disaster which will happen in future minutes.	HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Django, Python.
3 .	Disaster Prediction	This function is used to predict outcomes from the new trained data to perform new tasks and solvenew problems.	Decision trees, Regression, Neural networks.
4 .	Evaluation system	It monitors that how Algorithm performs on data as well as during training.	Chi-Square, Confusion Matrix, etc.
5 .	Input data	To interact with our model and give it problems to solve. Usually this takes the form of an API, a userinterface, or a command-line interface.	Application programming interface, etc.
6 .	Data collection unit	Data is only useful if it's accessible, so it needs tobe stored ideally in a consistent structure and conveniently in one place.	IBM Cloud, SQL Server.

**Table-2: Application Characteristics:**

S. No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks	An open source framework is a template for software development that is designed by a social network of software developers. These frameworks are free for public use and provide the foundation for building a software application.	Keras, Tensor flow.
2.	Authentication	This keeps our models secure and makes sure only those who have permission can use them.	Encryption and Decryption (OTP).
3.	Application interface	User uses mobile application and web application to interact with model	Web Development (HTML,CSS)
4.	Availability (both Online and Offline work)	Its include both online and offline work. As good internet connection is need for online work to explore the software perfectly. Offline work includes the saved data to explore for later time.	Caching, backend server.
5.	Regular Updates	The truly excellent software product needs a continuous process of improvements and updates. Maintain your server and make sure that your content is always up-to-date. Regularly update an app and enrich it with new features.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Waterfall Approach</li><li>• Incremental Approach</li><li>• Spiral Approach</li></ul>
6.	Personalization	Software has features like flexible fonts, backgrounds, settings, colour themes, etc. which make a software interface looks good and functional.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• CSS</li></ul>