

**PERSONAL ASSISTANCE FOR SENIORS WHO ARE
SELF-RELIANT**

TEAM MEMBERS:

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1.Introduction

1.1 Project overview:

Sometimes elderly people forget to take their medicine at the correct time. They also forget which medicine He / She should take at that particular time. And it is difficult for doctors/caretakers to monitor the patients around the clock. To avoid this problem, this medicine reminder system is developed. An app is built for the user (caretaker) which enables him to set the desired time and medicine. These details will be stored in the IBM Cloudant Data Base. If the medicine time arrives the web application will send the medicine name to the Internet of Things Device through the IBM Internet of Things platform. The device will receive the medicine name and notify the user with voice commands.

1.2 Purpose:

This is an Android-based application in which an automatic voice command system is implemented. Patients need not remember their medicine dosage timings as they can set an alarm on their dosage timings. The alarm can be set for multiple medicines and timings including date, time and medicine description. A notification will be sent to them through message inside the system preferably chosen by the patients.

- Easy-to-use and time-saving. ...
- Extra safety measure around children and pets. ...
- Reminds the patient to take the right dose, of the right medication, at the right time. ...
- Independence

2. LITERATURE SURVEY:

2.1 EXISTING SYSTEM

1 . Arsénio Reis published on “International Conference on Universal Access in Human-Computer Interaction ”. One of the key contributors to a person’s life quality degrading as their ageing process progresses is social isolation and loneliness. These factors, which are brought on by the person’s decreased social engagement with their friends, family, and former coworkers groups, can have a significant impact on their general health. On the other hand, software and hardware technologies have advanced to the point where electronic assistant scan now both speak with users using natural voice language and gather information from them via camera photos. In this regard, a paradigm for the elderly’s acceptance of electronic intelligent assistants has been put forth in prior research. In the current study, it is evaluated whether employing.

2. Manuel Bolaños published on “ Universidad de Granada, E.T.S. of Computer and Telecommunication Engineering, Granada, Spain”. Because of the trend toward higher population growth worldwide, some authors agree that older people experience social and technological isolation, if not outright exclusion, as a result of their ageing condition. Therefore, studies are required to identify the expectations of this population in terms of the usage and adoption of technology. As a result, new technological developments implement specific requirements that aid older people in adjusting to their use. This essay discusses a study conducted to assess how well-liked smart virtual assistants are among the elderly. Considering

certain experiences in the development and implementation of technology for this kind of study, the design and execution of a recreational strategy to remember taking drugs.

3. Katherine O'Brien MD published on “<https://doi.org/10.1111/jgs.16217> on 2019”. The desire of many older persons to age in place may be supported with voice-controlled intelligent personal assistants (VIPAs; examples include AmazonEcho and Google Home). The use of VIPAs by older persons in the actual world hasn't been studied before. We wanted to find out how elderly people and their caretakers use VIPAs. Retrospective analysis of all Amazon Echo reviews with confirmed purchases that were published on the website between January 2015 and January 2018, with the health-related older adult key terms filtered out. To find pertinent themes, open-ended reviews were qualitatively examined.

2.2 REFERENCES:

<https://developer.amazon.com/public/solutions/alexa/alexa- c>

<https://developer.microsoft.com/en-us/cortana>

<https://assistant.google.com>

<http://www.apple.com/ios/siri/>

2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION:

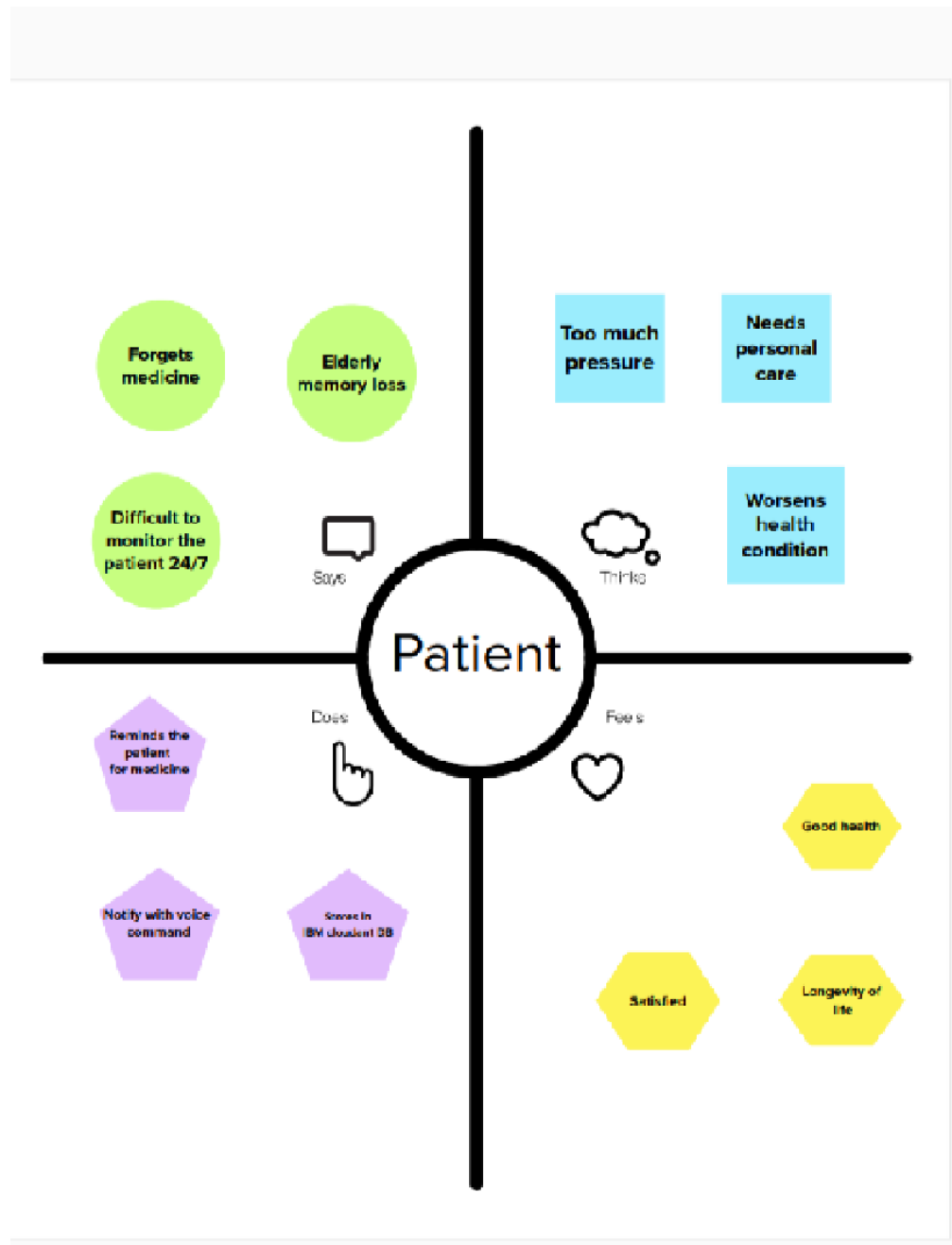
Good health has been a major concern since the inception of mankind whilst for some people attaining good health requires taking prescribed medicines or pills routinely. However, many patients find it very difficult to keep track of taking their medication in the right time and proportion. This happens especially if it involves taking pills or medication on daily basis due to several reasons such as heavy work load, forgetfulness, old age and alterations in day-to-day behavior can have a significant result on whether patients recall to take their prescribed medications which can be termed as medicine adherence, which is a serious problem because it may affect the total well-being of the patient ,medical cost of the patient and can be a matter of

life and death .The medicine reminder application could impact positively on the life of the patient as it will help the patient by remembering the intake of these prescribed medications could be a matter of life and death.

PROBLEM STATEMENT	I AM (Customer)	I AM TRYING TO	BUT	BECAUSE	WHICH MAKES ME FEEL
Problem for the user	Senior citizen who are self reliant	Eat medicines at correct time.	Fails to eat	There is no one to remind about medicine.	Anxious and feeling of being alone.

3. IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION:

3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS:



3.2 IDEATION AND BRAINSTORMING:

Step-1: Team Gathering, Collaboration and Select the Problem Statement:

Template




Brainstorm and Idea Presentation

Personal Assistance for Seniors Who Are Self-Reliant

🕒 30-60 minutes to collaborate

👥 3-8 people recommended

Co-developed in partnership with 

[Share template feedback](#)

→

Before you collaborate

A little bit of preparation goes a long way with this session. [Here's](#) what you need to do to get going.

🕒 15 minutes

A Choose your best "How Might We" Questions
Create 5 HMW statements before the activity to propose them to the team.

B Set the stage for creativity and inclusivity
Go over the brainstorming rules and keep them in front of your team while brainstorming to encourage collaboration, optimism, and creativity.

1. Encourage wild ideas (If none of the ideas sound a bit ridiculous, then you are filtering yourself too much.)
1. Defer judgement (This can be as direct as harsh words or as subtle as a condescending tone or talking over one another.)
1. Build on the ideas of others ("I want to build on that idea" or the use of "yes, and...")
4. Stay focused on the topic at hand
1. Have one conversation at a time
6. Be visual (Draw and/or upload to show ideas, whenever possible.)
7. Go for quantity

C Interested in learning more?
Check out the Meta Think Kit website for additional tools and resources to help your team collaborate, [innovate](#) and move ideas forward with confidence.

[Open the website](#) →

1

Define your problem statement

What problem are you trying to solve? Frame your problem as a How Might We statement. This will be the focus of your brainstorm.

🕒 10 minutes

QUESTION
How might we help the user with personal assistance

QUESTION
How might we keep track of all the medication needs of the user

QUESTION
How can we alert the user, when it is time to take up the medication

QUESTION
How can we get the user input manually

Step-2: Brainstorm, Idea Listing and Grouping

2

Brainstorm solo

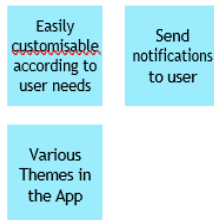
Have each participant begin in the "solo brainstorm space" by silently brainstorming ideas and placing them into the template. This "silent-storming" avoids group-think and creates an inclusive environment for introverts and extroverts alike. Set a time limit. Encourage people to go for quantity.

10 minutes

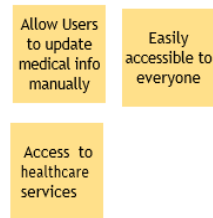
DIVYA



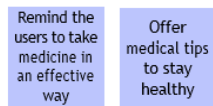
GUNA



KANNAPPAN



BANU MITHRA



3

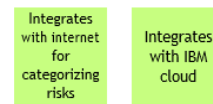
Brainstorm as a group

Have everyone move their ideas into the "group sharing space" within the template and have the team silently read through them. As a team, sort and group them by thematic topics or similarities. Discuss and answer any questions that arise. Encourage "Yes, and..." and build on the ideas of other people along the way.

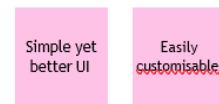
15 minutes

TIP
You can use the Voting session tool above to focus on the strongest ideas.

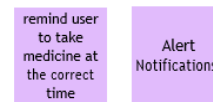
Integration:



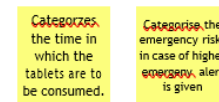
Experience:



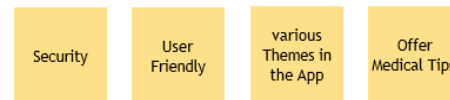
Alert:



Categorization:



Other:



Step-3: Idea Prioritization:

4

Prioritise

Your team should all be on the same page about what's important moving forward. Place your ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important.

🕒 5 Minutes

Priorities:

remind user
to take
medicine at
the correct
time

Integrates
with IBM
cloud

Security

Categorizes
the time in
which the
tablets are to
be consumed.

Integrates
with internet
for
categorizing
risks

3.3 Proposed solution:

Proposed Solution Template:

Project team shall fill the following information in proposed solution template.

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	In the modern era people may difficult to spend time with the older people in their house and also they don't find the time to take care and monitor the elderly people in the house. the aged people are mostly suffer from memory impairment issue, they are forget to remember to take their medicine. to overcome this problem and came up with a solution of developing the web applications for automated medicine remainder which assists the elderly people by remaining them to take their medicine at right time.
2.	Idea / Solution description	To avoid this problem, the medicine remainder system is developed the app build for the user which enables to set desire time and medicine and also the how much amount of medicine they should taken in that time. if the medicine arrives the web application it will send the medicine name and amount of the medicine to the IOT through IBM IOT platform.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Our proposed system we will provide voice remainder to remain the patient to take the medicine and amount of the medicine at right time.

4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	With the help if IOT based voice Assistance Suppose one patient is suffered from any of the disease or they met an accident they can't able to remain to take their medicine in correct time. with the help of this web application they can easily remember their daily routine with just a simple device.it has the capacity to store data's in the memory .it also affordable and can be used for a long term by making their life easily without depending other they can lead a independent life.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	With improvement in technology, there have been attempts to utilize the new technology in various areas to improve the quality of human life. In the fast-changing environment and of its increasing need for healthcare and assistance, ubiquitous usage of Internet of Things(IOT) based smart applications can mitigate the consequential social burden.so this is a much needed device that can be helpful to the People whose memory fades in their old age..
6.	Salability of the Solution	It's a simple device and compactable. It reduces the complexity and it can also be self-repaired. It provides voice remainder, data privacy and security. And the one important thing is no one user can be handle this. Further updates can be done very easily in our project.

3.4 problem solution fit:

Define CS, fit into CC	1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) The customer is old man or women or patient so they are suffering from health issues they don't have the personal care taker to give prescribed medicine on time.	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS The patient is not aware of the medicine because they don't have the knowledge about reading .they forgot to take their medicine on correct time what is the medicine to take how much the amount of medicine to take before food or after food they have lot of problem on that because they don't have the care taker to remain that.	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS The medicine time arrives through web application will send the medicine name and amount of the medicine to the IOT device that device will receive that and notify to the user with message alerts suppose the message alerts are not working they will notify through message or emergency calls.	Explore AS, different Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC
	2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS Elderly people are forgetful to take their medicine in the correct time so we proposed the solution for this problem. The person will notify to take their medicine in the right time using message alerts.	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE Most of the old age people they have multiple medicine to overcome some of the illness . due to take wrong medicine on wrong timing or they don't take medicine at all they can lead to death occur.	7. BEHAVIOUR They patient would help from the help option in the web application they can use that if they can face any problem on that.	

3. TRIGGERS Friends and family who wish to took after those medically disabled will be encouraged to try this model and to promote this app through advertisement seniors with learning disabilities are may also trigger to use this app.	10. YOUR SOLUTION An web application is build for the user which enables him/her to set the desire time and medicine name to the IOT device. the device will receive the medicine name and notify the user with voice commands.	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR 8.1 ONLINE Upload detils about medicine and get alert message on correct time. 8.2 OFFLINE Patient can directly send a feedback mail or message to the receiver.
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4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER They can feel they can take their medicine in correct time and to fell confidentiality and secured.so they, can feel much better than using this app.		
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4.Requirement Analysis:

4.1 Functional Requirements:

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration has been done through the form in our Application
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation has been done within our Application.
FR-3	Data management	All the data's are stored in the cloud and retrived when it is needed.
FR-4	Internet Connectivity	Users should have a stable internet connection to access the Application.
FR-5	User Input management	All the user's data are gotten with the help of a text field in the dashboard in the app.
FR-6	Acknowledgement	All the data are stored in the cloud via the app and acknowledgment will be given to the user.

Non-Functional Requirements:

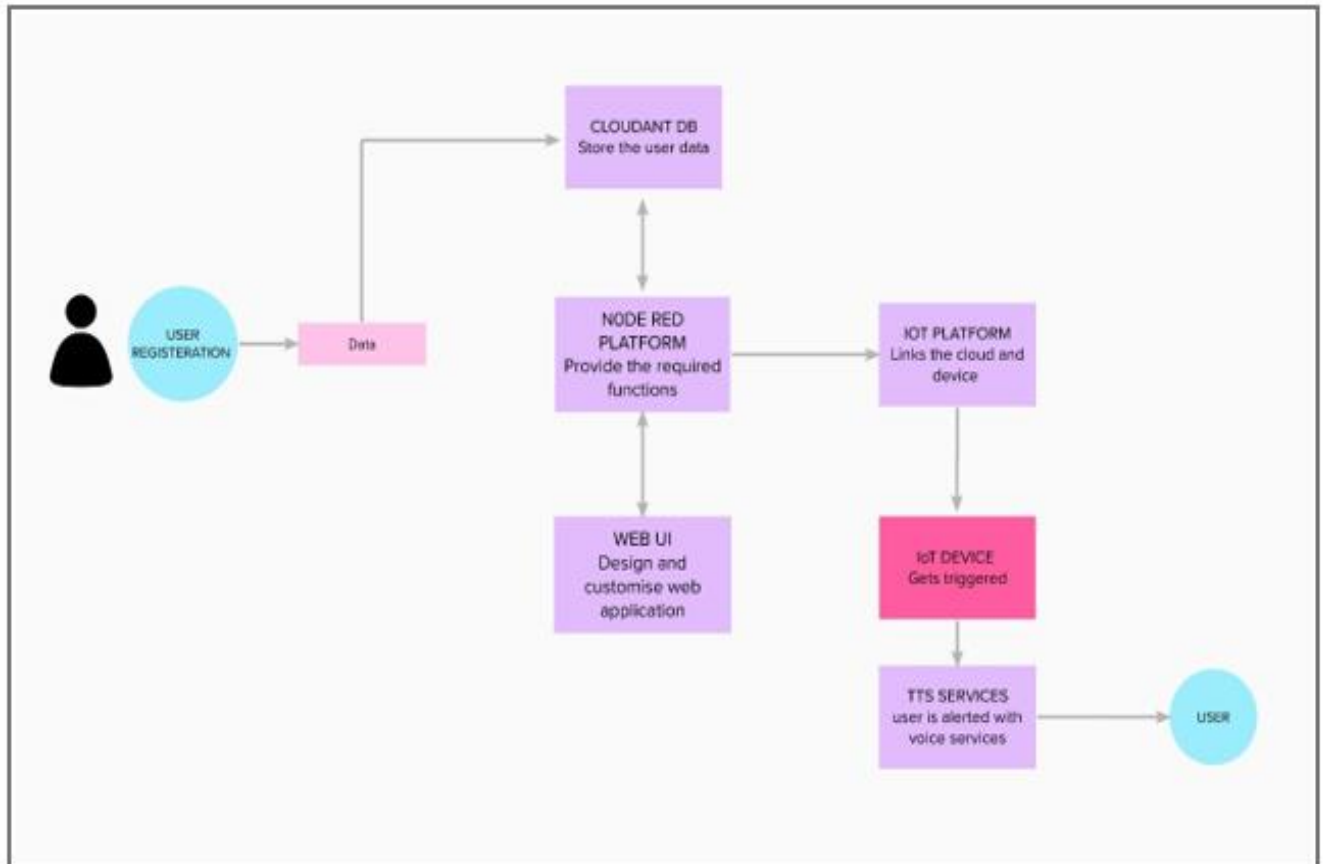
Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Smart medicine box usability is the characteristics of the user that facilitate .Use, to make it easier for the user to perceive the information presented by the user interface, to understand and decide based on that information.
NFR-2	Security	Smart medicine box, like other computer systems, can be vulnerable to security breaches, potentially, impacting the safety and effectiveness of the device.
NFR-3	Reliability	The probability of medicine box will perform a required function without failure under stated conditions for a specific period.
NFR-4	Performance	Medical device testing is the process of demonstrating that the device will reliably and safely perform in use.
NFR-5	Availability	Medicine box is availability over all the conditions of weather and atmosphere pressure and be carried out with us.

NFR-6	Scalability	In feature we can upgrade the smart medicine box to the health care assistant to monitor our health care and book appointments to doctor.
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5. Project Design:

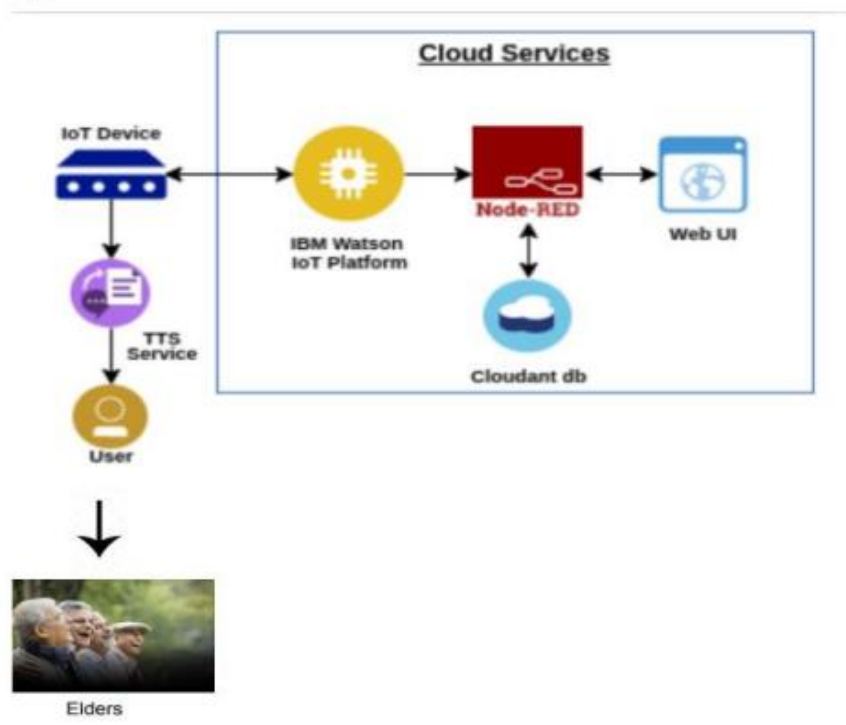
5.1 Data Flow Diagram:



5.2 Solution and Technical Architecture:



Medicine / Supplements



5.3 User Stories:

Use the below template to list all the user stories for the product.

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Senior user)	caretaker	USN-1	As a user, I want to take Medicines on time and monitor my health	I want to take medicines on time	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Diabetes Patient)	Smart medicine box	USN-2	As a user, I want to take my tablets on time by voice command	I want to take my tablets on time by voice command	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Thyroid Patient)	Smart medicine box	USN-3	As a user, my patient needs to take medicines on time and monitoring the activity	My patient needs to take medicines on time	Medium	Sprint-2
Customer (Coma Patient)	Caretaker	USN-4	As a user, my patient needs medication time and prescription should load in database for upcoming week	My patient medication time and prescription should be in database list	low	Sprint-4
Customer (Disabled People's)	Smart medicinebox	USN-5	As a user ,i need to take my medicine in nearby places with light notification	I need to take my medicine in nearby places with light notification	Medium	Sprint-3

6. Project Planning & Scheduling:

6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation:

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration. Creation of IBM services like NodeRED, Cloudant DB, TTS Service and design of IoT system	USN-1	As a user, I must be able to login to the IBM platform	2	High	Kannappan Banumithra Guna Divya
Sprint-2	Web UI. Creation of Web UI using NodeRED service	USN-2	As a user, I must be able to update the medicine details in the web UI	2	High	Kannappan Banumithra Guna Divya
Sprint-3	Software implementation. Developing Python code to retrieve data from cloudant db to send that data to IoT device	USN-3	As a user, I must be push the details to the IoT device	2	High	Kannappan Banumithra Guna Divya
Sprint-4	Final demonstration and user testing. Generating voice commands using IBM Text to Speech service	USN-4	As a user, I must be able hear the medicine name which is to be taken at the appropriate time and check its accuracy	2	High	Kannappan Banumithra Guna Divya

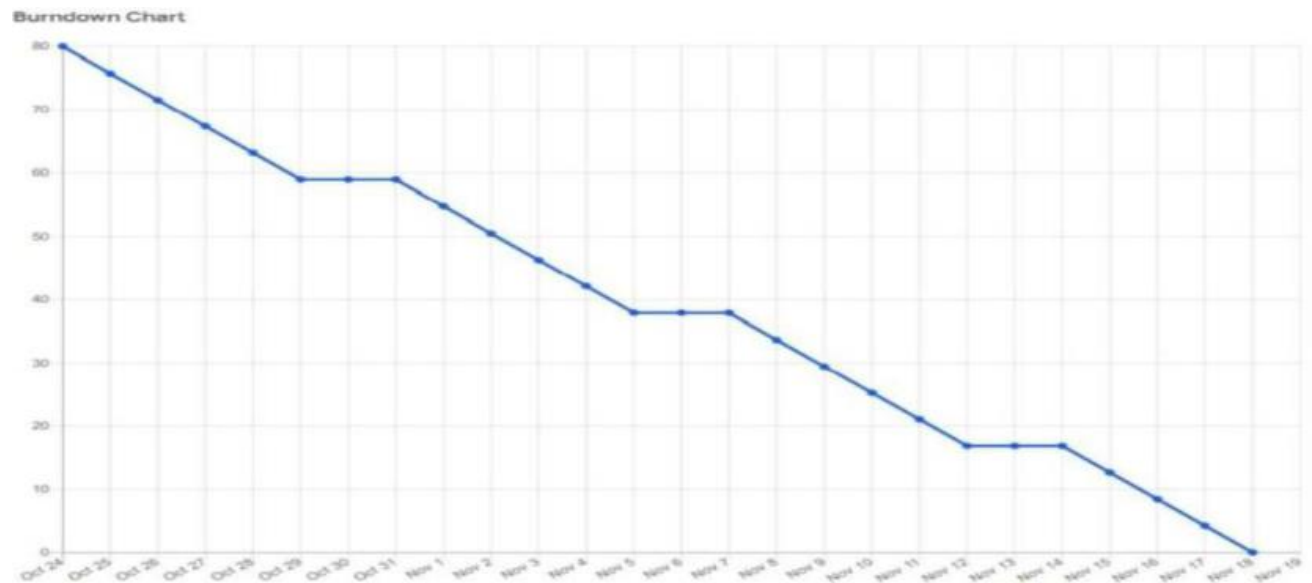
Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022		
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022		
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022		
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022		

6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule:

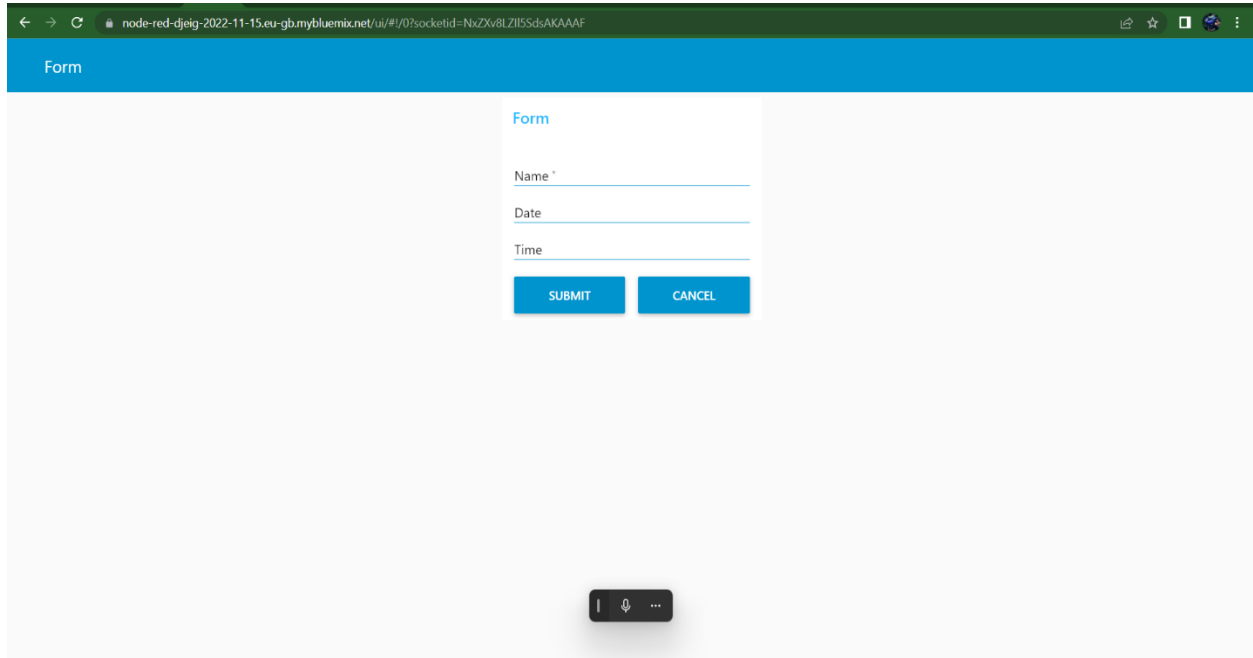
Sprint	Sprint Topic	Start Date	Expected Delivery
Sprint 1	Set alarm	29-10-2022	5-11-2022
Sprint 2	Notification	7-11-2022	14-11-2022
Sprint 3	Medication details	16-11-2022	23-11-2022
Sprint 4	Over all coding	23-11-2022	30-11-2022

6.3 Reports from JIRA:

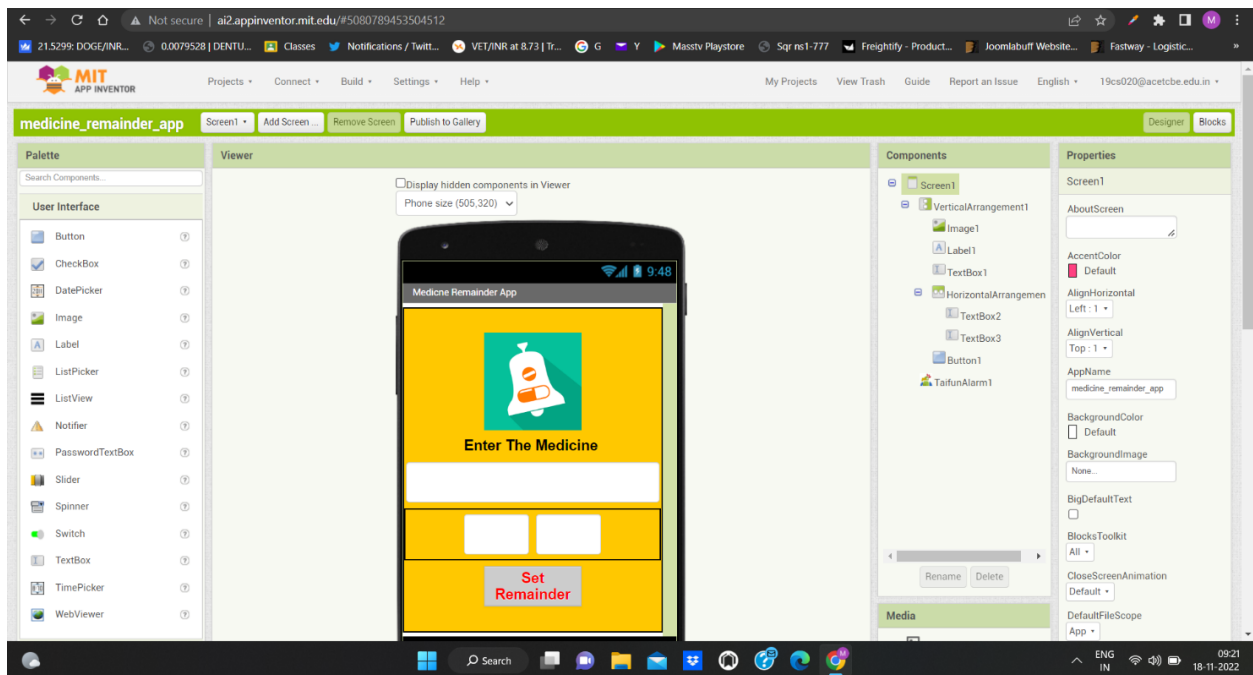


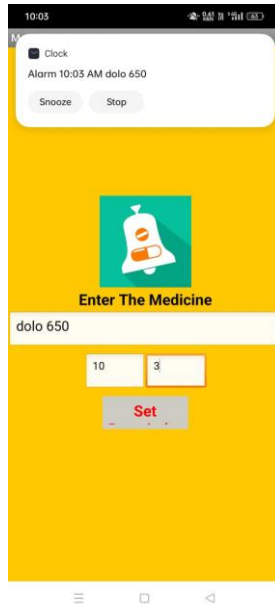
7. CODING & SOLUTIONS

7.1 Feature 1:



Feature 2:





CODE:

```
{  
  "_id": "2022-11-13 10:15",  
  "_rev": "1-09a338da0c9bfff41a1c92b85b25311",  
  "medicine": "acetaminophen"  
}
```


8.Testing

8.1 Test Cases:

			NFT - Risk Assessment							
3	S.No	Project Name	Scope/feature	Functional Changes	Hardware Changes	Software Changes	Impact of Downtime	Load/Volumem Changes	Risk Score	Justification
4	1	Personal Assistance for Seniors Who Are Self-Reliant	New	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Low	>10 to 30%	GREEN	As we had made this project in MERN stack With industry Mentor Approval
5										
6										
7										
			NFT - Detailed Test Plan							
9			S.No	Project Overview		NFT Test approach	Assumptions/Dependencies/Risks		Approvals/SignOff	
10			1	Medicine Reminder Web -UI		Stress	App Crash/ Developer team/ Site Down		Approved	
11			2	Medicine Reminder Web -UI		Load	Server Crash/ Developer team/ Server Down		Approved	
12										
End Of Test Report										
14							Identified Defects (Detected/Closed/Open)			
15	S.No	Project Overview	NFT Test approach	NFR - Met	Test Outcome	GO/NO-GO decision		Recommendations	Approvals/SignOff	
16	1	Medicine Reminder Web -UI	Stress	Performance	CPU -01	GO		High Performance Netlify Cloud server	Closed	Approved
17	2	Medicine Reminder Web -UI	Load	Scalability	DB Storage - 01	NO-GO		One MongoDB Instance for free	Closed	Approved
18										

8.2 user Acceptance Testing:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1					Date	18-Nov-22		
2					Team ID	PNT2022TMID4332		
3					Project Name	Personal assistant for senior who		
4					Maximum Marks	4 marks		
5	Test case ID	Feature Type	Component	Test Scenario	Pre-Requsite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result
6	SplashScreen_TC_O01	Functional	Home Page	Verify the splash screen is working good		1.Enter URL and click go 2.The splash screen will open 3.click the image in splash screen	https://drive.google.com/file/d/13vcj8LGrt4-fgrGKDyysilMQbrMZfvS2/view?usp=share_link	Splash screen should display
7	HomePage_TC_OO2	UI	Home Page	Verify the UI elements in Home screen		1.Enter URL and click go 2.Enter the medicine details to store data: a.Enter the medicine name b.Enter the Date c.Enter the Time 3. click next button to move to the next page	https://drive.google.com/file/d/13vcj8LGrt4-fgrGKDyysilMQbrMZfvS2/view?usp=share_link	Application should show below elements: a.Name of Medicine text box b.Date text box c.Time text box d.Next button

Test case ID	Feature Type	Component	Test Scenario	Pre-Requisite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result
RemainderPage_TC_OO3	Functional	Home page	Verify user is able to get the remainder alarm with medicine name displayed		1.Enter URL and click go 2. automatically display the medicine data in the text box 3.The alarm should ring at the user entered time	It' Time to Take Medicine Glipizide	Get the remainder alarm
RemainderPage_TC_OO4	Functional	Login page	verify user is able get the alarm at the correct time		1.Enter URL and click go 2.Alarm remainder should display	It' Time to Take Medicine Glipizide	Application should Remaind time
DB_TC_OO4	Functional	Login page	verify the data is stored in cloudant DB		1.Enter URL and click go 2.go to cloudant DB 3.Verify the data	{ "id": 2022-11-18 21:23, "medicine":Glipizide}	The Medicine data should st the DB
Simulation_TC_OO5	Functional	Login page	Verify the simulation is Working Good		1.Enter URL and click go 2.Run the simulation 3.The LED should Blink 4.The Alarm should ring	Glipizide	The Alarm should come thro buzzer and the LED also Blink Medicine name should displ LED

9.Result:

The results of this personal assistance for senior who are self reliant showed that there was a significant reduction in the levels of medication remaining in the system. The system after going through the IOT using node-red efficient and organized system that helps track and manage data more effectively. This also allows for easier and faster integration of data into other systems, as well as easier management of devices and data. The system was able to successfully remain operational throughout the duration of the test. There were no issues with disconnection or data loss. From the Node-RED dashboard, you can see that the system has successfully received data from the sensor and has displayed it accordingly. The result of the self-remaining system through IOT using Node-RED for documentation is a detailed and organized guide on how to operate and maintain the system. It also provides information on the various benefits that the system provides and how it can be used to improve the efficiency of operations. First, the system needs to be connected to the internet after that, the following flows need to be created:

- 1) A flow that reads data from a sensor and sends it to the cloud
- 2) A flow that reads data from the cloud and displays it on a dashboard.
- 3) A flow that allows the user to control the system .
- 4) A flow that sends notifications to the user (SMS) if something goes wrong.

9.1 Performance Metrics

There are main performance metrics for the self-remaining system which are as follows:

- Overall system performance
- Individual component performance
- User satisfaction
- Maintenance and support costs
- Response time
- Throughput

- Resource utilization
- Reliability

10. Advantage:

It can help to improve patient compliance with taking their medication as prescribed. Second, it can help to reduce the risk of medication errors. It will provide the information about the medicine timing. The personal phone notifications and reminders are a strong supporting tool in improving medication adherence strategies.

1. Increased accuracy: One of the main advantages of medicine reminder system is the increased accuracy. This is due to the fact that the system can recognize the user's message and can therefore provide a more accurate reminder.

2. Increased convenience: Another advantage of medicine reminder system is the increased convenience. This is because the system can be used anywhere and at any time.

3. Reduced costs: A medicine reminder system can also help to reduce the costs associated with missed appointments and prescription refill requests. This is because the system can help to remind the user of their medicine schedule and can also provide information on where to get the medicine.

4. Increased efficiency: IoT systems can automate many tasks related to medicine management, such as ordering and reordering, which can save time and improve efficiency.

5. Improved patient safety: IoT systems can help to improve patient safety by providing real-time alerts if a patient misses a dose or if their medication is running low. The New England Healthcare Institute estimates that \$290 billion of healthcare expenditures could be avoided if medication adherence were improved. It supports an easy implementation as it is less expensive, reliable, scalable, accessible to anyone with smartphones, and do not require separate devices, packaging or extra hardware.

Disadvantage:

Need a reliable internet or telecommunication service provider to make the system operates optimally. Need additional skill to operate the monitoring and remaining the system. One-third of patients gave incorrect contact details when booking the appointment. A potential disadvantage of the system was that 2–3% of people failed to receive their text reminder as a result of incorrect data entry. It is possible that this value was higher but the recipients did not take any action. The system may be expensive to implement and maintain. Finally, the system may be vulnerable to hacking and other security threats and if the system is not properly maintained, it could become outdated or stop working properly.

11.Conclusion:

Self-reminding systems through IoT can be used to manage a variety of tasks and activities. these systems can detect when an activity needs to be completed and remind the user accordingly. This can be useful for remembering to take medication, complete chores, or perform other important tasks. Many Medication Reminder Systems have been developed on different platforms. Many of these systems require special hardware devices to remind the patients about the medicine in-take timings. Purchasing new hardware devices becomes costly and more time and money consuming. So in the given work an attempt has been made to implement a system which is economical, easily accessible and improves medication adherence. Medication non-adherence reduces the effectiveness of a treatment and imposes a financial burden on health care systems. The patients will get the schedule of medicine in-take time with medicine description, starting and ending date of medicine, notification through message or voice command, automatic voice commands system. The scheduled reminder will not suggest any kind of medicine which is not prescribed by the doctor that will assure the safety of the patient and also will avoid wrong dosages. The patients can also search doctors' disease wise (depending upon the specialization of the doctor), which provides easy searching facility to the users and saves the time.

12.Future scope:

We plan to focus on improving the overall performance of the system. Also, interaction between patients and doctors through video calling and secure prescription will be focused upon. Some more ways to achieve medication adherence will be focused. And, also a facility of reminding the doctor's next appointment in the system has been focused. The patients will get the contact details of doctors as per their availability. Also the users can see different articles related to medical fields and health care tips. The system focuses on easy navigation and good user interface. Many such Medical Reminder Systems have been developed where a new hardware is required but in our work, we have made an attempt to develop a system which is economical, time-saving and supports medication adherence.

1. Automating the collection and analysis of patient data: Medicine remainder systems can be used to automatically collect and analyze data from patients. This information can then be used to improve the quality of care and make better decisions about treatment options.

2. Enhancing patient safety: Medicine remainder systems can be used to enhance patient safety by providing alerts to providers when a patient is at risk for a medication error. This can help to prevent potential adverse events.

3. Reducing the cost of healthcare: Medicine remainder systems can be used to reduce the cost of healthcare by helping to improve the efficiency of care delivery. This can lead to savings for both patients and healthcare organizations.

13.Appendix:

```
#include <WiFi.h>//library for wifi #include
<PubSubClient.h>//library for MQTT#include
<LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
#include "DHT.h"// Library for dht11
#define DHTPIN 15          // what pin we're connected
to #define DHTTYPE DHT11    // define type of sensor
DHT 11#define LED 2
```

```

DHT dht (DHTPIN, DHTTYPE); // creating the instance by passing pin and typr of dht
connected

void callback(char* subscribetopic, byte* payload, unsigned int
payloadLength);

//-----credentials of IBM Accounts-----

#define ORG "64yf7x" //IBM ORGANITION ID
#define DEVICE_TYPE "b11m3edevicetype" //Device type mentioned in ibm watsonIOT
Platform
#define DEVICE_ID "b11m3edeviceid" //Device ID mentioned in ibm watson IOTPlatform
#define TOKEN "-&EMtr7l-v-Gz2G))e" //TokenString data3="";
int buzz= 13;

//----- Customise the above values -----

char server[] = ORG ".messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com"; // Server Namechar
publishTopic[] = "iot-2/evt/Data/fmt/json"; // topic name and type of event perform and
format in which data to be send
char subscribetopic[] = "iot-2/cmd/command/fmt/String"; // cmd REPRESENTcommand
type AND COMMAND IS TEST OF FORMAT STRING
char authMethod[] = "use-token-auth"; // authentication method
char token[] = TOKEN;
char clientId[] = "d:" ORG ":" DEVICE_TYPE ":" DEVICE_ID; //client id
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27,16,2);

//-----
WiFiClient wifiClient; // creating the instance for wificlient
PubSubClient client(server, 1883, callback ,wifiClient); //calling thepredefined

```

client id by passing parameter like server id,port and wificredential

```
void setup()// configuring the ESP32
```

```
{
```

```
    Serial.begin(115
```

```
    200);
```

```
    dht.begin();
```

```
    pinMode(buzz,
```

```
    OUTPUT);
```

```
    pinMode(LED,O
```

```
    UTPUT);delay(1
```

```
    0);
```

```
    Serial.println();
```

```
    wificonnect();
```

```
    mqttconnect();
```

```
}
```

```
void loop()// Recursive Function
```

```
{
```

```
    if
```

```
        (!client.loop(
```

```
        )) {
```

```
            mqttconnect
```

```
            ();
```

```
        }
```

```
}
```

```
/*.....retrieving to
```

```
Cloud. .... */
```

```
void PublishData(float temp, float humid) {  
    mqttconnect();//function call for connecting to ibm  
  
}  
void mqttconnect() {  
    if (!client.connected()) {  
        Serial.print("Reconnecting client to  
");Serial.println(server);  
        while (!client.connect(clientId, authMethod, token)) {  
            Serial.print  
            (".");  
            delay(500);  
        }  
  
        initManagedDevice();  
        Serial.println();  
    }  
}  
void wificonnect() //function defination for wificonnect  
{  
    Serial.println(); Serial.print("Connecting  
to");
```



```
WiFi.begin("Wokwi-GUEST", "", 6); //passing the wifi credentials to establish the connection
```

```
while (WiFi.status() !=  
    WL_CONNECTED) {delay(500);  
    Serial.print(".");  
}  
  
Serial.println("");  
Serial.println("WiFi connected");  
Serial.println("IP address: ");  
Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());  
}
```

```
void initManagedDevice() {  
    if (client.subscribe(subscribetopic)) {  
        Serial.println((subscribetopic));  
        Serial.println("subscribe to cmd OK");  
    } else {  
        Serial.println("subscribe to cmd FAILED");  
    }  
}
```

```
void callback(char* subscribetopic, byte* payload, unsigned int payloadLength)  
{  
  
    Serial.print("callback invoked for topic: ");  
    Serial.println(subscribetopic);  
    for (int i = 0; i < payloadLength; i++) {  
        //Serial.print((char)payload[i])  
    }  
}
```

```
);data3 += (char)payload[i];  
}
```

```
Serial.println("Medicine Name:  
"data3);  
if(data3 != "")  
{  
    lcd.init();  
  
    lcd.print(data3);  
    digitalWrite(LED,HIGH); tone(buzz,  
100, 1000);  
    delay(2000);  
    digitalWrite(LED,LOW);  
    noTone(buzz);  
    delay(1000);  
  
}  
else  
{  
    digitalWrite(LED, LOW);  
  
}  
data3="";  
}
```

DEMO LINK:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1VsT_kSPer-Logvoztc-fPjj0bKpJX5wx/view?usp=drivesdk

