Define CS S fit into

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

CS

Our customers are th common people, who will be benefited from the estimation of landslide intensity. They will take the necessary preautions measures

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

citizen faces.

Normal people of the country, cannot able to

access the real time Infrared Images. That Is

the main constrains that every common

CC

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

AS

Explore AS, differentiate

Landslides susceptibility is a time -invariant concept that defines the probability of landslidesoccurence in an area based on a set of controlling factor .Landslide Susceptibility Zonation has been carried out widely all over the world demarate landslide vulnerable areas using remote sensing and geographical information system.

J&P

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

Landslides estimation is a difficult tast that cannot be predicted easily. These landslides include modifying slope geometry, using chemical agents to reinforce slope material, installing structures such as piles, and retaining walls, grouting rock joints and fissures diverting debris pathways.Landslides combination between CNN model and an H-BEMD algorthim.

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

RC

The problem exists beacause of data and technology in the past. That in a recent year the Indian satellite done a great job in giving the data. We have data from the 1998 since now.Deep learning algorthims requirees huge amount of data.

7. BEHAVIOUR

important role in crisis management, disaster response, and evacuation planning. Unfortunately, collecting relevant data can be costly and finding meaningful information for analysis is challenging. A growing number of Location-based Social Network services provides time-stamped, geo-located

data that opens new opportunities and solutions to a wide range of challenges

Analysis of public behavior plays an

BE

tap into BE, understand

Identify strong TR& EM

3. TRIGGERS



Landslides brings heavy loss to life and economy.So ,its necessary to hve a system that helps us estimating the landslide and thereby we an take necessary precautions measures.

4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER



Before implementing this, we not aware of intensity of the landslide and the impact that is causes on the environment.We are not sure about the situation: Hence we have to be prepared for every circumstances.

After this, people and government can take necessary measures which makes them feel safe and secured.



Deep learning is an extension of ANN.Deep learning uses multilevel deep nerual networks to extract features from the rwa input progreesively. The scale and complexity of the networks is the major differene between deep learning and traditional ANN.

8.CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR



SL

8.1 ONLINE

A web application that can take the input of the landslide images and output the estimation of the intensity

Extract online & offline CH of

8.2 OFFLINE

Dissemination of information from nearby

Government agencies and NGO'S