ASSIGNMENT – 2 Python Programming

Assignment Date	24-09-2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Mark

Question-1:

1. Importing Required Package

Solution:

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

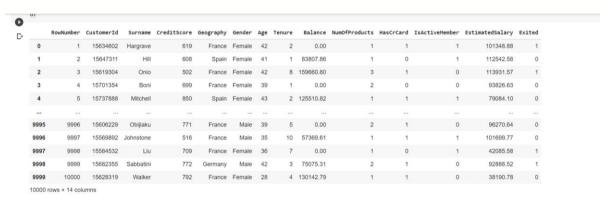
Question-2:

2. Loading the Dataset

Solution:

```
df = pd.read_csv("/content/Churn_Modelling.csv")
df
```

Output:



3. Visualizations

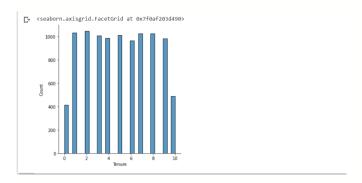
Question-3:

3.1 Univariate Analysis

Solution:

sns.displot(df.Tenure)

Output:

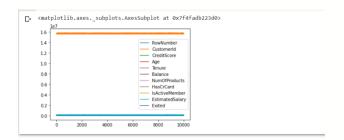


3.2 Bi-Variate Analysis

Solution:

df.plot.line()

Output:

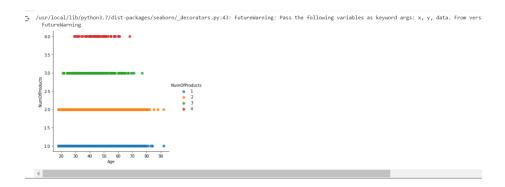


3.3 Multi - Variate Analysis

Solution:

```
sns.lmplot("Age", "NumOfProducts", df, hue="NumOfProducts", fit_reg=False);
```

Output:



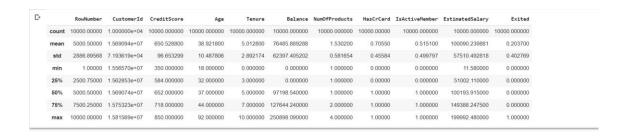
4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Question-4:

Solution:

df.describe()

Output:



5. Handle the Missing values.

Question-5:

Solution:

```
data = pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv")
pd.isnull(data["Gender"])
```

Output:

Question-6:

6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers.

Solution:

```
df["Tenure"] = np.where(df["Tenure"] >10, np.median,df["Tenure"])
df["Tenure"]
```

Output:

```
      C.
      0
      2

      1
      1
      1

      2
      8
      3
      1

      4
      2
      -

      9995
      5
      5

      9996
      10
      9997
      7

      9998
      3
      9999
      4

      Name: Tenure, Length: 10000, dtype: object
```

Question-7:

7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

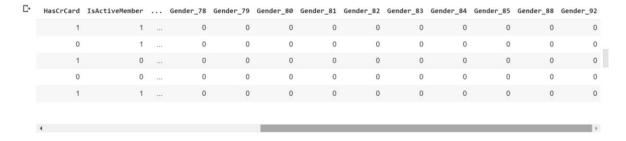
Solution:

```
pd.get_dummies(df, columns=["Gender", "Age"], prefix=["Age", "Gender"]
).head()
```

Output:

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	 Gender_78
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	2	0.00	1	1	1	 0
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	1	83807.86	1	0	1	 0
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	8	159660.80	3	1	0	 0
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	1	0.00	2	0	0	 0
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	2	125510.82	1	1	1	 0

Output:



Question-8:

- 8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables
- 8.1 Split the data into Independent variables.

Solution:

```
X = df.iloc[:, :-2].values
print(X)
```

Output:

```
[] [[1 15634602 'Hargrave' ... 1 1 1]
        [2 15647311 'Hill' ... 1 0 1]
        [3 15619304 'Onio' ... 3 1 0]
        ...
        [9998 15584532 'Liu' ... 1 0 1]
        [9999 15682355 'Sabbatini' ... 2 1 0]
        [10000 15628319 'Walker' ... 1 1 0]]
```

8.2 Split the data into Dependent variables.

Solution:

```
Y = df.iloc[:, -1].values print(Y)
```

Output:

```
[1 0 1 ... 1 1 0]
```

Question-9:

9. Scale the independent variables

Solution:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df[["RowNumber"]] = scaler.fit_transform(df[["RowNumber"]])
print(df)
```

Output:

Question-10:

10. Split the data into training and testing

Solution:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
train_size=0.8
X = df.drop(columns = ['Tenure']).copy()
y = df['Tenure']
X_train, X_rem, y_train, y_rem = train_test_split(X,y, train_size=0.8)
test_size = 0.5
X_valid, X_test, y_valid, y_test = train_test_split(X_rem,y_rem, test_size=0.5)
print(X_train.shape), print(y_train.shape)
print(X_valid.shape), print(y_valid.shape)
print(X_test.shape), print(y_test.shape)
```

Output:

```
C→ (8000, 13)

(8000,)

(1000, 13)

(1000,)

(1000,)

(1000,)

(None, None)
```