# FINAL DELIVERABLES

Team ID	PNT2022TMID47521
Project Name	Project – IOT based smart crop protection system for agriculture
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### **ABSTRACT:**

Food is the most important requirement for living beings. The main products of our food come directly or indirectly from agriculture. Now a days security of especially at high frequencies, and the gradual loss of sensitivity to higher agricultural field is very important. Crop damage by birds is a severe problem in most of the areas all over India. Field surveys showed that on an average 36% of the crop were damaged by wild birds. The incident of damage was very high in crop fields adjacent to forest areas, this resulted into direct conflict between people and birds. In everyday life farmers facing different kind of problems in agriculture. In olden days different kind of animals enter into crop they are damaging the fields. For reducing those kinds of problem they are used different kind of technique. Now a day birds are major problem in agriculture. Birds are falling on crop and eating it. In this research paper we are solving some problems. Every animal or group of animal is having a specific range of hearing frequencies. There irritating frequency is estimated by a specific logic. In day life birds creating irritating sounds in agriculture and out sides' fields also. At early morning and evening time birds falling on the crops and eating rice seeds, rabi crops, cons and wheat....etc. so we can create irritating sounds for birds, and then they can flay outside of the field. By using this research idea we can able to reduce mostly affected problem in agriculture.

#### **INTRODUCTION:**

This will be an integrative approach in the field of IIOT designed for perceptive Agriculture which are proceeding the arrangements in course of open source and on low powers devices. This project work is to yield monitoring arrangement for farm safety against animal attacks and climate change conditions. Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT) advances is frequently used in smart farming to emphasize the standard of agriculture. This project work contains various sorts of sensors, controllers in addition to positioner on behalf of WSN and ARM Cortex-A board which consumes 700mA or 3W power is the main temperament of the classification. Different sensors like DHT 11 Humidity & Temperature Sensor, PIR Sensor, LDR sensor, HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Sensor and cameras are interfaced with the board. IOT devices stay adept of in case evidence around farming grounds. As soon as the passive infrared sensors (PIR) go High on detecting the motion within a range of 10 meters, the camera will be turned ON which first captures an image and then starts dealing out the image, which will be warehoused onboard as well as in IoT cloud, instantaneously a message will be generated automatically towards the recorded quantity using a SIM900A module to inform about the intrusion with the data of the temperature as well as humidity obtained by dht11 which is a temperature and humidity sensor. If found not to be human after processing the available information the system elevates a buzzer sound, to notify people about the intrusion. Data collected by the sensors will be given to ARM CortexA through the systems which can be wired or communicataion system. The facts in the porter is tested and harmonized with superlative values of data like value of temperature, humidity and soil moisture. If the difference occurred concerning predefined threshold rate formerly announcement sends to the mobile of the farmer or to the website. The result will be generated arranged the database of the farmer's mobile to take the necessary action. The Internet of Things (IOT) is an evolving paradigm that seeks to connect different smart physical components for multi-domain modernization. To automatically manage and track agricultural lands with minimal human intervention, numerous IOT-based frameworks have been introduced. This paper presents a rigorous discussion on the major components, new technologies, security issues, challenges and future trends involved in the agriculture domain. An in-depth report on recent advancements has been covered in this paper. The goal of this survey is to help potential researchers detect relevant IOT problems and, based on the application requirements, adopt suitable technologies. Furthermore, the significance of IOT and Data Analytics for smart agriculture has been highlighted.

#### LITERATURE SURVEY:

Between 1974 and 1991, the amount of damage caused by sparrows in Japan showed a sharp drop. Since the main crop eaten by sparrows is rice, this probably reflects the decline in the area of paddy fields over that period. Damage by other birds increased, however, especially by the brown-eared bulbul. On the whole, crop damage by birds in Japan is tending to increase.

What are the reasons for this? First of all, the number of birds is increasing. Many farmers are using combines to harvest rice and wheat. Quite a large number of grains reaped in this way are left behind in the field. This gives birds an abundant and high-quality food supply that contributes to the increase in numbers, and keeps it stable.

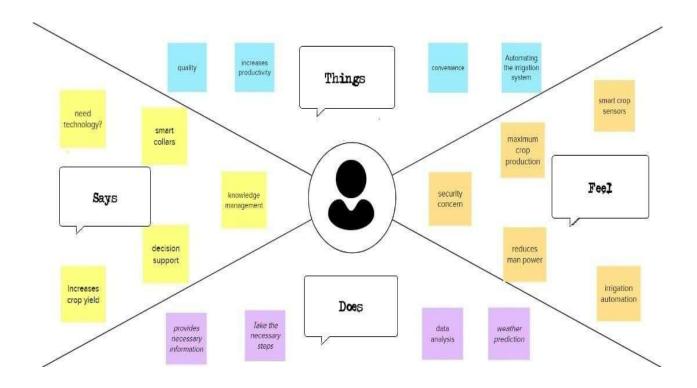
Furthermore, many farmers are beginning to plant rice by direct seeding rather than by transplanting. The sown seed is a food resource for ducks if the paddy fields are flooded and for sparrows and pigeons if the fields are drained.

In some cases, damage has occurred to new crops. One example is the brown-eared bulbul, which began to eat the leaves of various kinds of leaf vegetables. Bulbuls were formerly migratory birds, which overwintered in the southern part of Japan and bred in the mountainous and northern regions of Japan. In the 1970s, they became year-long residents and began to cause severe damage to winter cabbage and

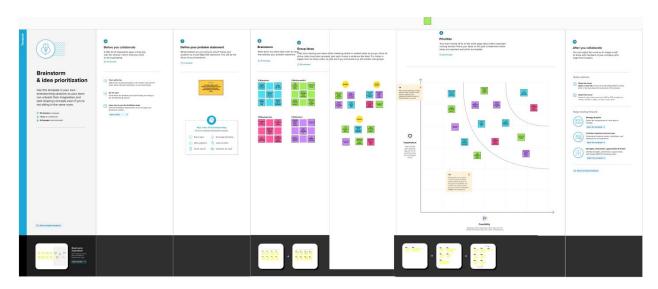
other leaf vegetables. In the case of Japanese pear, bird damage became much worse after the introduction of new varieties such as Kosui, which have higher sugar content than traditional varieties.

Sometimes a new pest bird species appears. An example is the Chinese bulbul (Pycnonotus saneness) which appeared in Okinawa for the first time in 1976 and began eating the leaves and fruit of vegetables.

#### **EMPATHY MAP CANVAS**



### **BRAIN STORMING:**



# **PROBLEM STATEMENT:**



miro

Problem Statement (PS)	I am (Customer)	I am trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	Farmer	To increase productivity	No clarity regarding it	Animals and birds destroy the crops	Worried
PS-2	Farmer	Monitoring the condition of crops	It has some major issues like understanding the technology and updated equipment	It Requires more knowledge regarding latest technology, skills to grasp easily and interest	Annoying and stress full

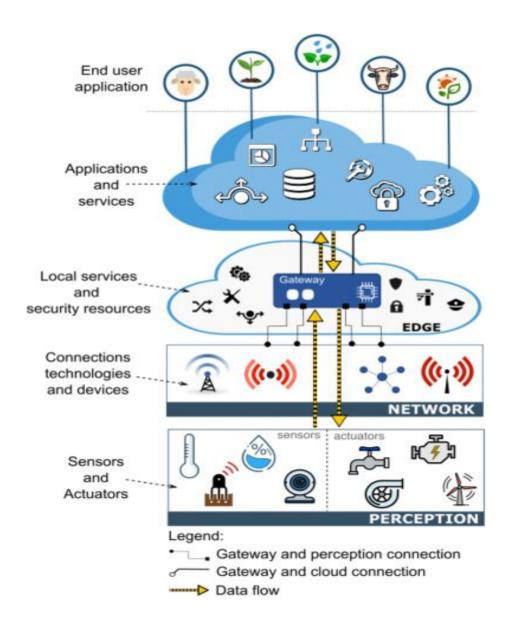
# PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT:

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) Who is your customer? eg. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids	CS	6. CUSTOMER LIMITATIONS EG. BUDGET, DEVICES What limits your customers to act when problem occurs? Spending power, budget, no cash in the pocket? Network connection? Available devices?	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS PLUSES & MINUSES Which solutions are available to the customer when he/she is facing the problem? What had he/she tried in the past? Pluses & minuses?	AS
There could be more than one, explore different sides. doe	PR v often s this olem ur?	9. PROBLEM ROOT / CAUSE  What is the root of every problem from the list? eg. People think that solar panels are bad investment right now, because they are too expensive (1.1), and possible charges to the law might influence the return of investment significantly and diminish the benefits (1.2).	7. BEHAVIOR + ITS INTENSITY  What does your customer do about / around / directly or indirectly related to the problem?  eg directly related the side fifteent 'green energy' colculators in search for the best deal (1.1), usually chooses for 100% green provider (1.2), indirectly related: volunteering work (Greenpeace etc)	
3. TRIGGERS TO ACT  What triggers customer to act? eg. seeing their neighbor installing solar panels (1.1), reading about innovative, more beautiful and efficient solution (1.2)  4. EMOTIONS BEFORE / AFTER  Which emotions do people feel before/after this problem is solved? Use it in your communication strategy, eg. frustration, blocking (can't afford it) > boost, feeling smart, be an example for others (made a smart purchase)		10. YOUR SOLUTION  If you are working on existing business - write down existing solution first, fill in the carrivas and check how much does it fit reality.  If you are working on a new business proposition then keep it blank until you fill in the carvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour.	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOR ONLINE Extract channels from Behavior block  OFFLINE Extract channels from Behavior block and use for customer development	СН

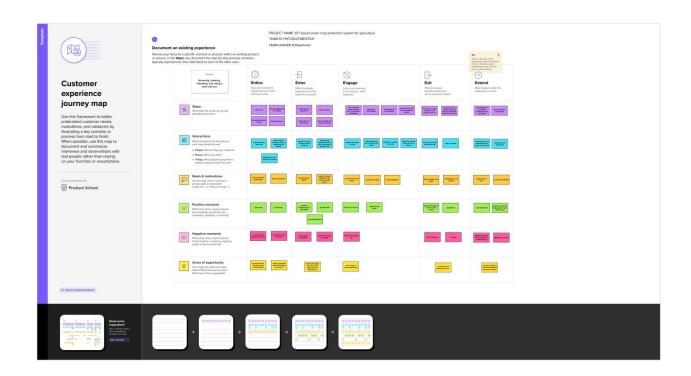
# **PROPOSED SOLUTION:**

S.N	Parameter	Description
0.		
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	Develop an efficient system & an application that can monitor and alert the users(farmers)
2.	Idea/Solution description	<ul> <li>This product helps the field in monitoring the animals other disturbance</li> <li>In several areas, the temperature sensors will be integrated to monitor the temperature &amp; humidity</li> <li>If in any area feel dry or wetless is detected by admins, will be notified along with the location in the web application</li> </ul>
3.	Novelty/Uniqueness	<ul> <li>Fastest alerts to the farmers</li> <li>The increasing demand for quality food</li> <li>User friendly</li> </ul>
4.	Social Impact/Customer Satisfaction	<ul> <li>Easy installation and provide efficient results</li> <li>Can work with irrespective of fear</li> </ul>
5.	Business Model(Revenue Model)	<ul> <li>As the product usage can be understood by everyone, it is easy for them to use it properly for their safest organization</li> <li>The product is advertised all over the platforms. Since it is economical, even helps small scale farming land from disasters.</li> </ul>
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Even when the interruption is more, the product sense the accurate location and alerts the farmers effectively

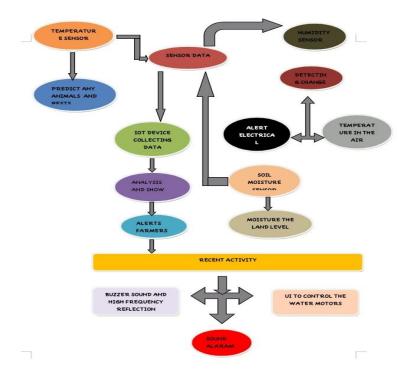
### **SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE:**



### **CUSTOMER JOURNEY:**



### **DATA FLOW DIAGRAM& USER STORIES:**



		User				
User Type	Functional requirement (Epic)	Story number	User Story/Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Custome r(Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	User can enter into the web application	I can access my account /dashboard	High	Sprint 1
		USN-2	User can register their credentials like email id and password	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint 1
	Login	USN-3	User can log into the application by entering email & password	I can login to my account	High	Sprint 1
	Dashboard	USN-4	User can view the temperature	I can view the data given by the device	High	Sprint 2
		USN-5	User can view the level of sensor monitoring value	I can view the data given by the device	High	Sprint 2
Custome r(Web user)	Usage	USN-1	User can view the web page and get the information	I can view the data given by the device	High	Sprint 3

Custome r	Working	USN-1	User act according to the alert given by the device	I can get the data work according to it	High	Sprint 3
		USN-2	User turns ON the water motors/Buzzer/Sound Alarm when occur the disturbance on field.	I can get the data work according to it		Sprint 4
Customer care Executiv e	Action	USN-1	User solve the problem when some faces any usage issues	I can solve the issues when some one fails to understandi ng the procedure	High	Sprint 4
Administ ration	Administrat ion	USN-1	User store every information	I can store the gained information	High	Sprint 4

# **SOLUTION REQUIREMENTS:**

# **Functional Requirements:**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Install the app.
		Signing up with Gmail or phone number
		Creating a profile.
		Understand the guidelines.
FR-2	User Confirmation	Email or phone number verification required via OTP.

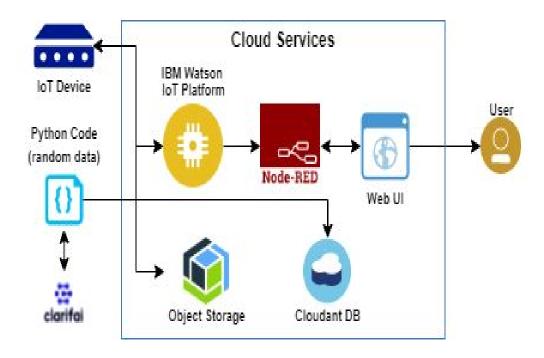
FR-3	Accessing datasets	Data's are obtained by cloudant DB.
FR-4	Interface sensor	Connect the sensor and the application When animals enter the field , the alarm is generated.
FR-5	Mobile application	It is used to control motors and field sprinklers.

# Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	This project's contributes the farm protection through the smart protection system.
NFR-2	Security	Data requires secure access to must register and communicate securely on devices and authorized users of the system who exchange information must be able to do.
NFR-3	Reliability	Farmers are able to safeguard their lands by help of this technology. They will also benefits from higher crop yields, which will improve our economic situation.
NFR-4	Performance	Must provide acceptable response times to users regardless of the volume of data that is stored and the analytics that occurs in background.  Bidirectional, near real-time communications must be supported. This requirement is related to the requirement to support industrial and device protocols at the edge.
NFR-5	Availability	We can defend the crops against wild animals by creating and implementing resilient hardware and software.
NFR-6	Scalability	System must handle expanding load and data retention needs that are based on the upscaling of the solution scope, such as extra manufacturing facilities and extra buildings.

## **TECHNOLOGY STACK:**



**Table-1: Components & Technologies:** 

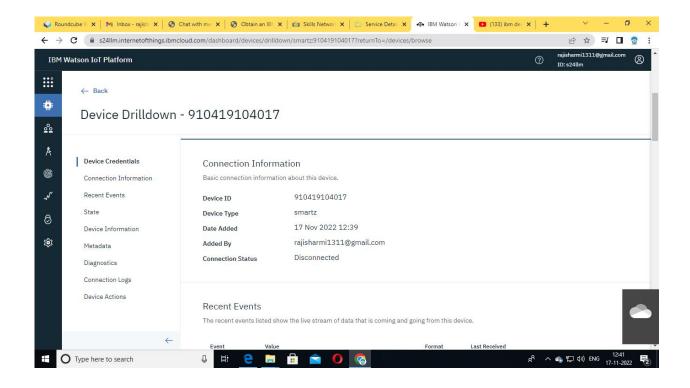
S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	How user interacts with	HTML, CSS, JavaScript /
		application e.g.	Angular Js / React Js
		Web UI, Mobile App, Chat	etc.
		bot etc.	
2.	Application Logic-1	Logic for a process in the	Python
		application	
3.	Application Logic-2	Logic for a process in the	IBM Watson/node red
		application	
4.	Application Logic-3	Logic for a process in the	IBM Watson/node red
		application	
5.	Database	Data Type, Configurations	My SQL, No SQL, etc.
		etc.	
6.	Cloud Database	Database Service on Cloud	IBM Cloudant.

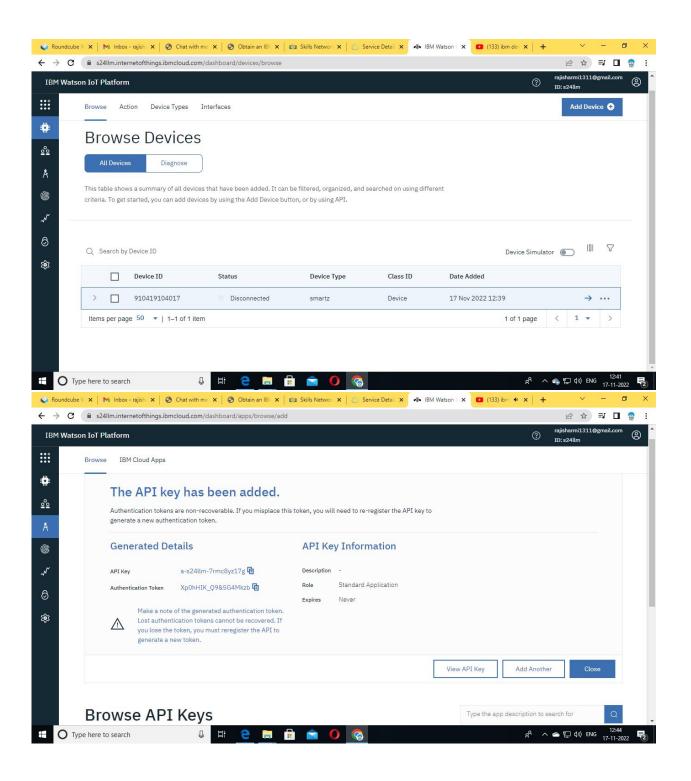
7.	Temperature sensor	Monitor the temperature	TMP36
8.	Humidity sensor	Monitor the humidity	DHT11
9.	Soil moisture sensor	Measure the amount of water in the soil	Soil moisture sensor
10.	Weather monitoring	Monitor the weather	Temperature sensor

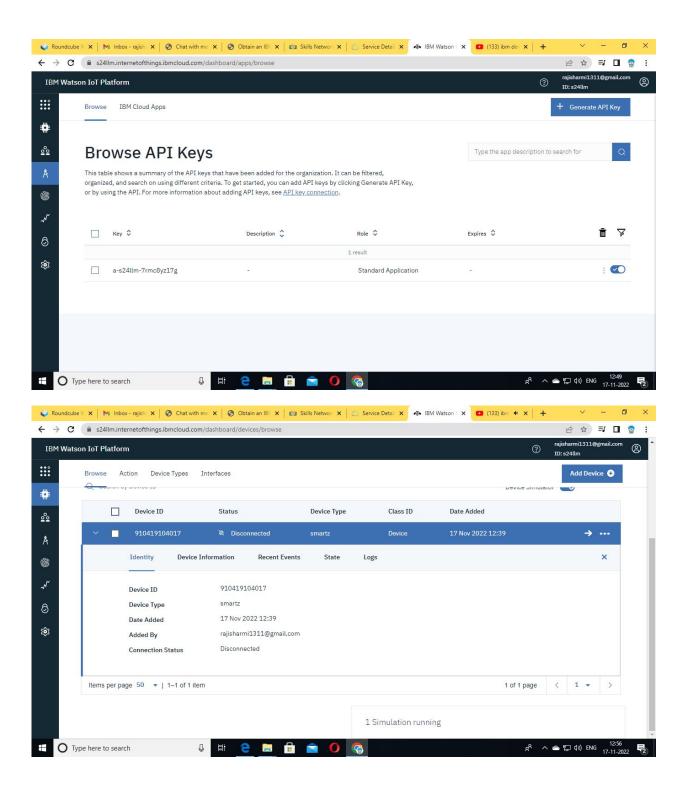
# **Table-2: Application Characteristics:**

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks	Clarifai, Node- red	Software
2.	Security Implementations	Sensitive and private data must be protected from their protection untill the decision- making and storage stages.	Encryption process
3.	Scalable Architecture	Scalability is a major concern for IOT platform it has been shown that different architectural choices of IOT platform affect system capability and that automatic real time decision making is feasible in an environment composed of dozens of thousand.	Software
4.	Availability	Automatic adjustment of farming equipment made possible by linking information like crops/weather and temperature, humidity etc.	Software
5.	Performance	The ideas of implementing integerated sensors with sensing soil and environmental or ambient parameters in framing will be more efficient for overall monitoring.	Software

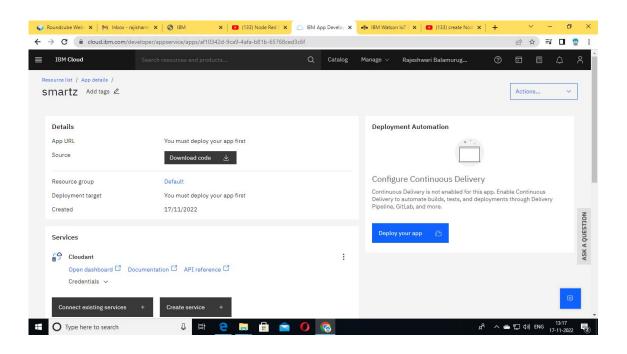
### **CREATE IBM WATSON IOT PLATFORM:**

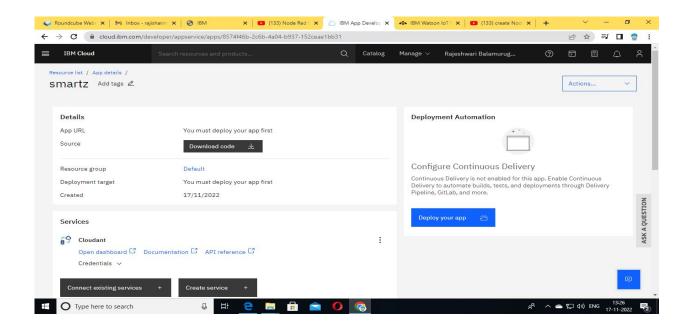


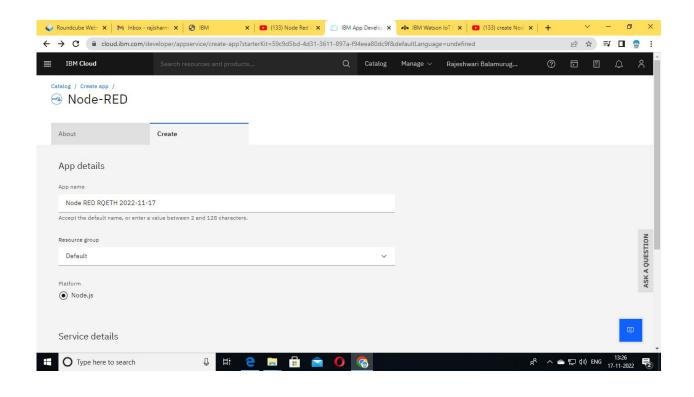


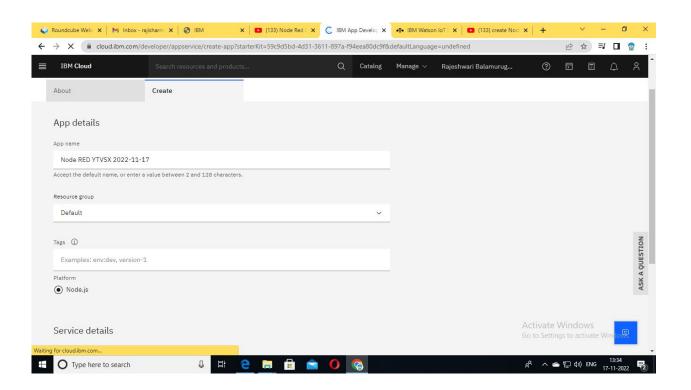


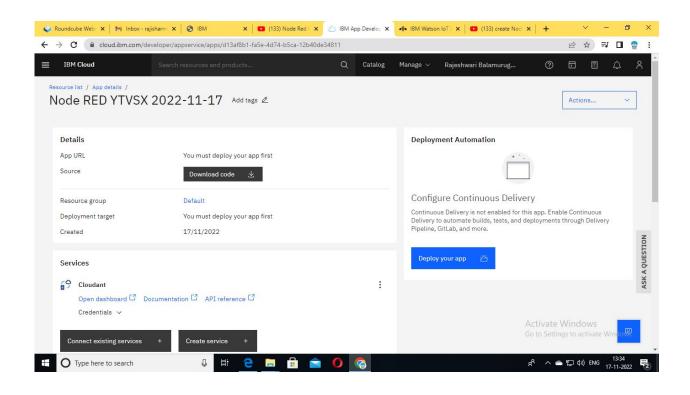
#### **CREATE NODE RED SERVICES:**

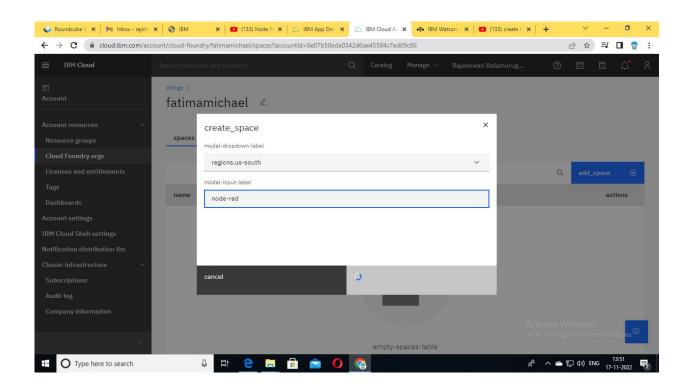


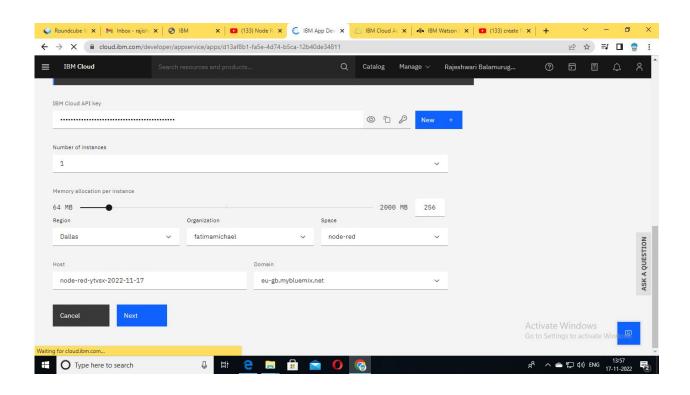


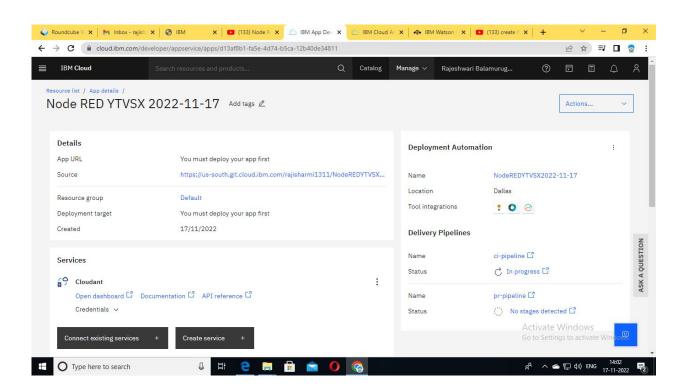


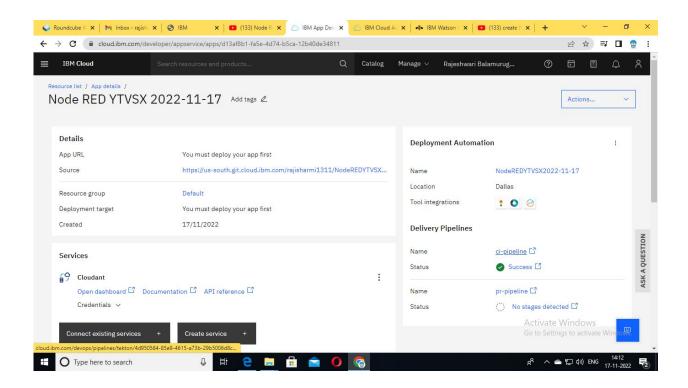




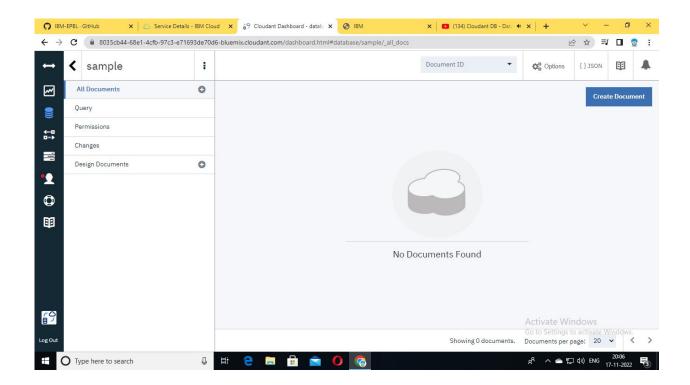


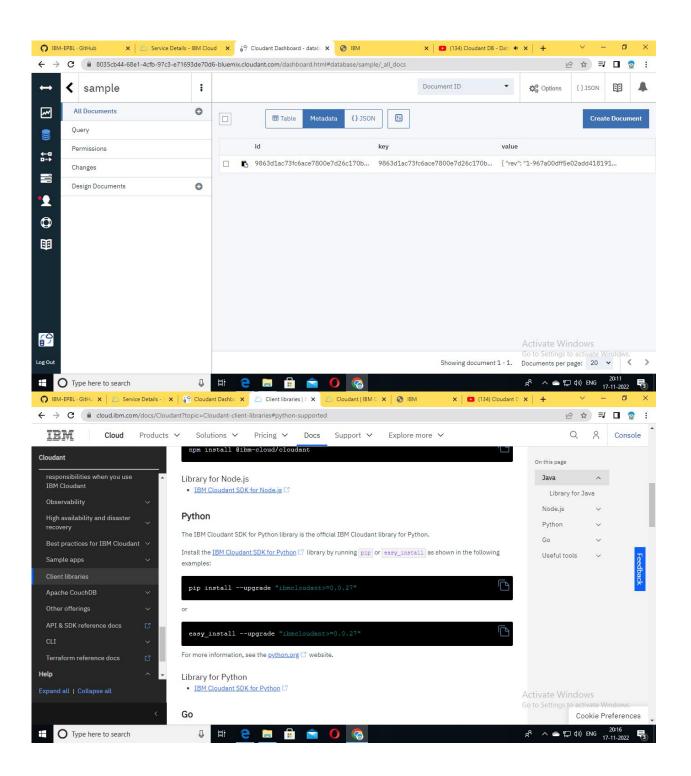


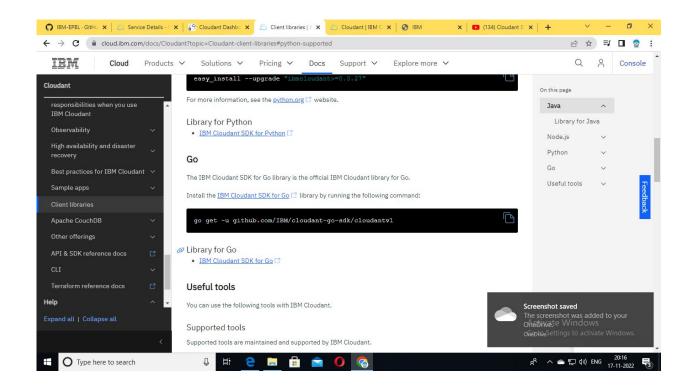




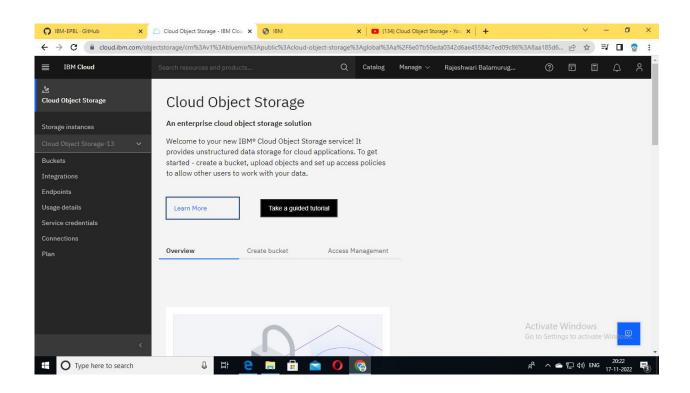
### **CREATE DATABASE IN CLOUDANT DB:**

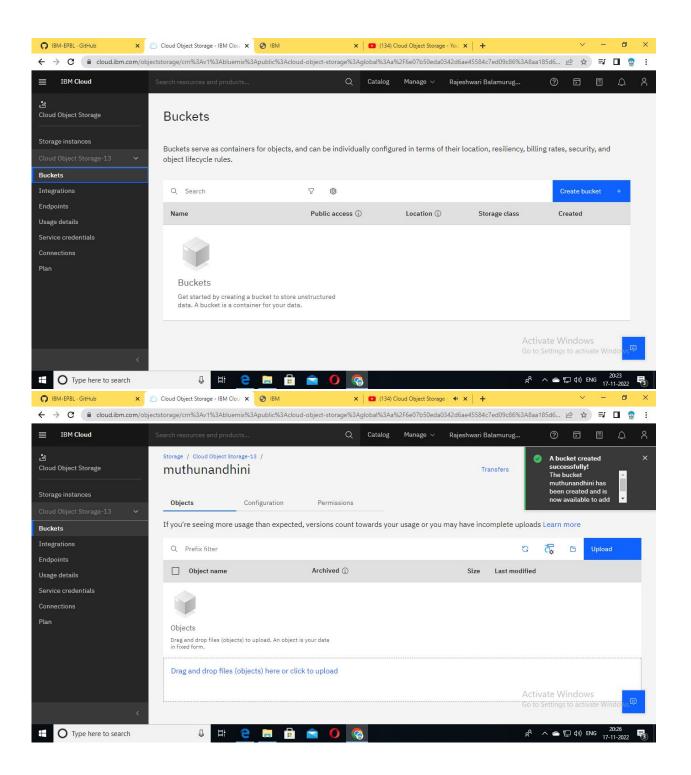


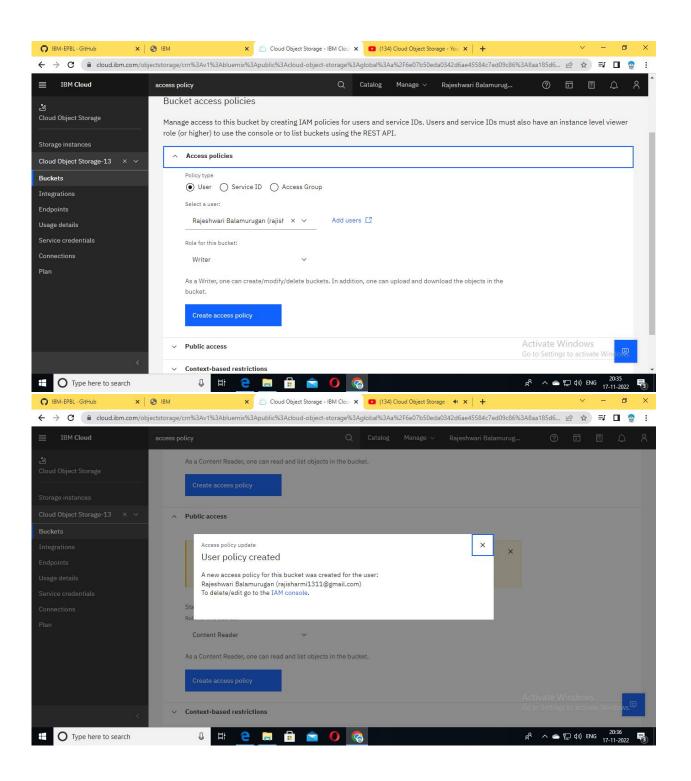


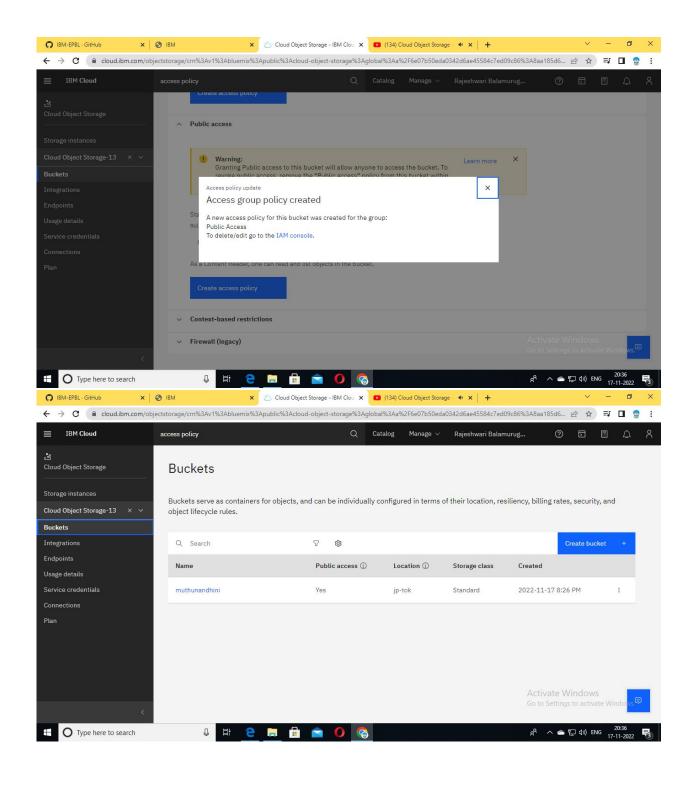


### **CREATE OBJECT STORAGE DEVICE:**

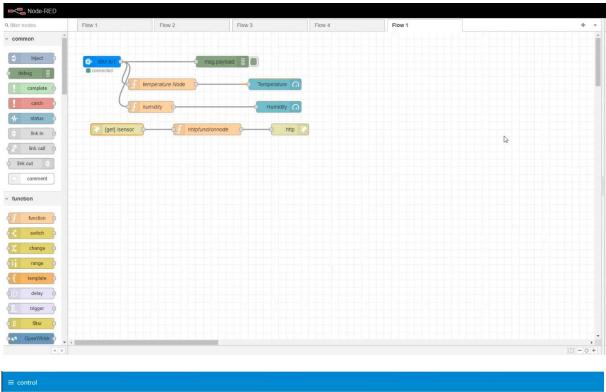








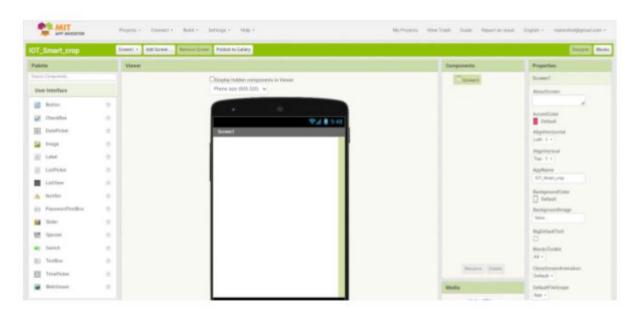
#### **DEVELOP A WEB APPLICATION USING NODE RED:**



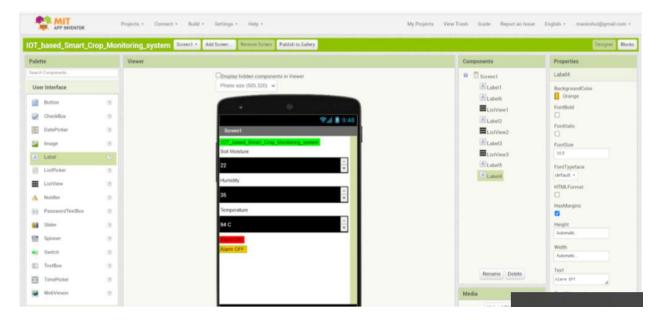


#### **DEVELOP MIT APP:**

Step 1: MIT app invertor to design the app



Step 2: customize the app interface to display the values



### **ADVANTAGES:**

- > Reduce human work
- > Less cost
- ➤ More efficient
- ➤ Smart work

### **APPLICATIONS:**

- > Fields
- ➤ Railway station
- > Road crossing
- ➤ Industrial areas
- ➤ Lift

### **CONCLUSION:**

The experimental results are obtained for particular animals like Dog, Cow and Cats. It was successfully tested. It is a new approach in social aspects for wild animal death avoidance and accidents prevention. Animal specific frequency spectrum signals are generated. The specific animals are alerted with these signals of danger and successfully ran away. System can be added on vehicles or trains instead of mounting poles on road side.