

Assignment -1

Python Programming

Assignment Date	:	13 September 2022
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Student Roll Number	:	92172019104138
Maximum Marks	:	2 Marks

Basic Python

Question-1:

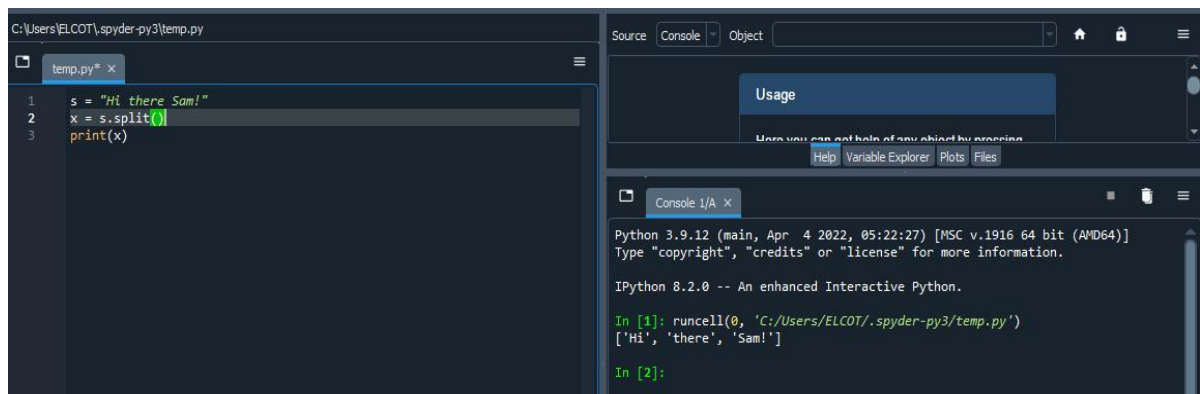
Split this string

```
s = "Hi there Sam!"  
x = s.split()  
print(x)
```

Solution:

```
['Hi', 'there', 'Sam!']
```

Output:



Question-2:

Use .format() to print the following string.

Output should be: The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

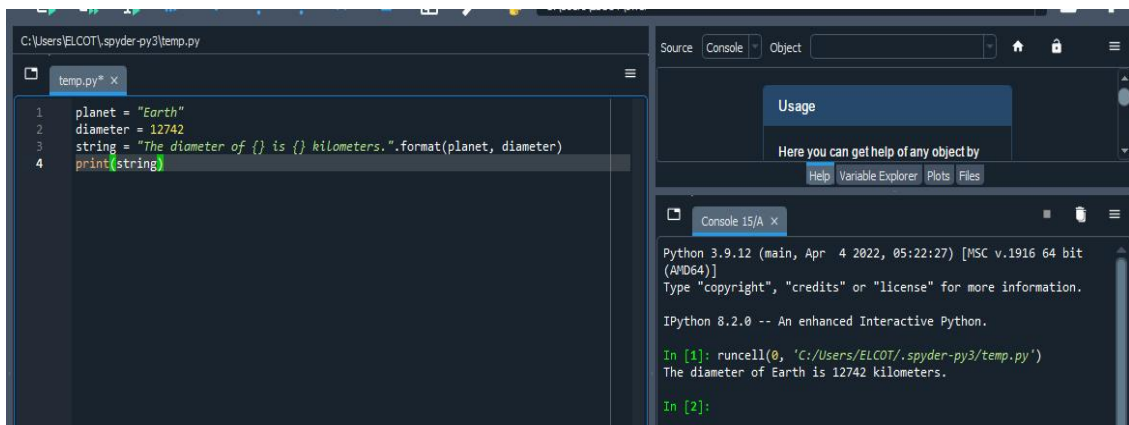
```
planet = "Earth"  
diameter = 12742
```

```
string = "The diameter of {} is {}  
kilometers.".format(planet, diameter)  
print(string)
```

Solution:

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

Output:



```
C:\Users\ELCOT\spyder-py3\temp.py  
temp.py* X  
1 planet = "Earth"  
2 diameter = 12742  
3 string = "The diameter of {} is {} kilometers.".format(planet, diameter)  
4 print(string)  
  
Source Console Object  
Usage  
Here you can get help of any object by  
Help Variable Explorer Plots Files  
Console 15/A X  
Python 3.9.12 (main, Apr 4 2022, 05:22:27) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]  
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.  
IPython 8.2.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.  
In [1]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/ELCOT/.spyder-py3/temp.py')  
The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.  
In [2]:
```

Question-3:

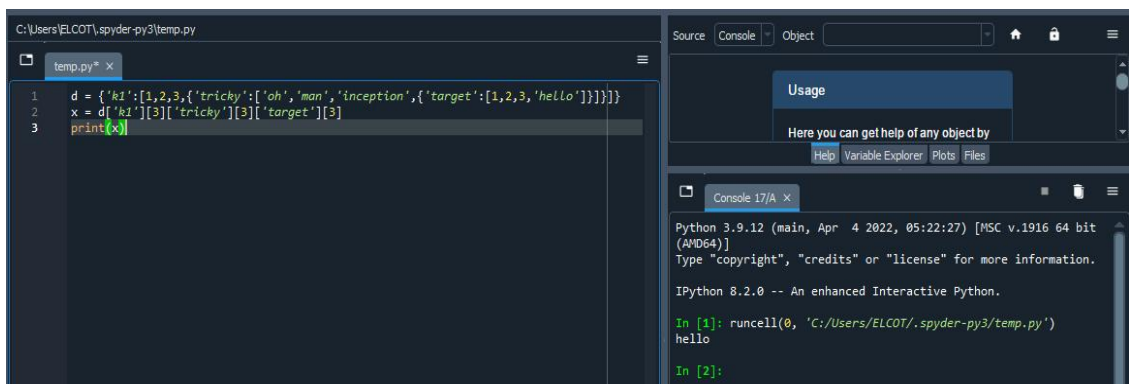
In this nest dictionary grab the word "hello"

```
d={'k1':[1,2,3,{ 'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,  
3'hello' ]}]}}]  
x = d['k1'][3]['tricky'][3]['target'][3]  
print(x)
```

Solution:

Hello

Output:



```
C:\Users\ELCOT\spyder-py3\temp.py  
temp.py* X  
1 d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{ 'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello' ]}]}}]  
2 x = d['k1'][3]['tricky'][3]['target'][3]  
3 print(x)  
  
Source Console Object  
Usage  
Here you can get help of any object by  
Help Variable Explorer Plots Files  
Console 17/A X  
Python 3.9.12 (main, Apr 4 2022, 05:22:27) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]  
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.  
IPython 8.2.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.  
In [1]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/ELCOT/.spyder-py3/temp.py')  
hello  
In [2]:
```

Numpy

Question-4:

```
import numpy as np
```

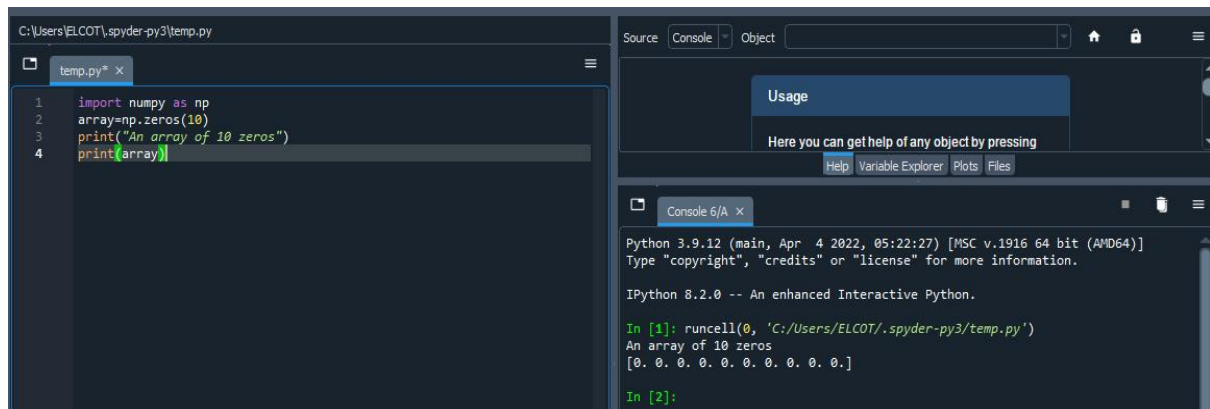
4.1 Create an array of 10 zeros?

```
import numpy as np
array=np.zeros(10)
print("An array of 10 zeros")
print(array)
```

Solution:

```
An array of 10 zeros
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
```

Output:



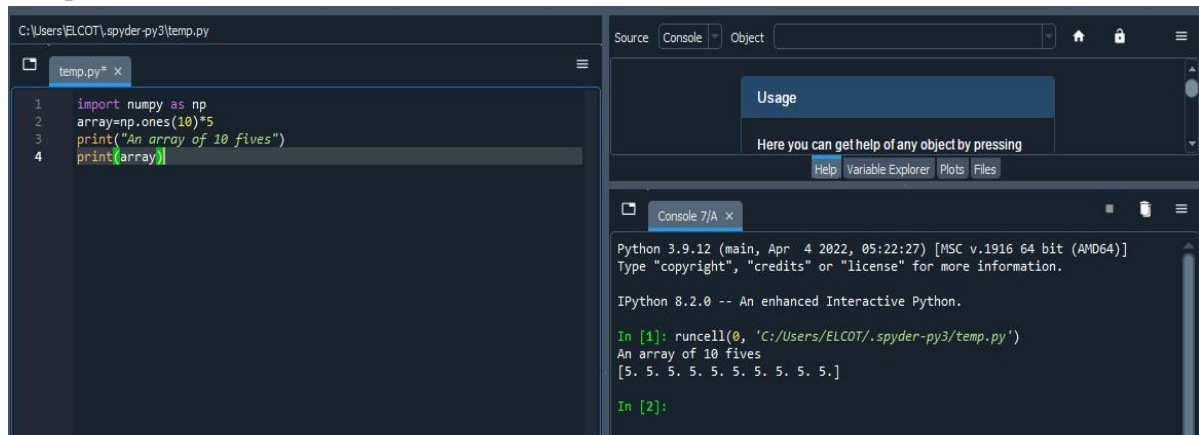
4.2 Create an array of 10 fives?

```
import numpy as np
Array=np.ones(10)*5
print("An array of 10 fives")
print(array)
```

Solution:

```
An array of 10 fives
[5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.]
```

Output:



The screenshot shows the Spyder IDE interface. The left pane displays a file named 'temp.py' with the following code:

```
1 import numpy as np
2 array=np.ones(10)*5
3 print("An array of 10 fives")
4 print(array)
```

The right pane shows the IPython console with the following output:

```
Python 3.9.12 (main, Apr 4 2022, 05:22:27) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

IPython 8.2.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.

In [1]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/ELCOT/.spyder-py3/temp.py')
An array of 10 fives
[5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.]

In [2]:
```

Question-5:

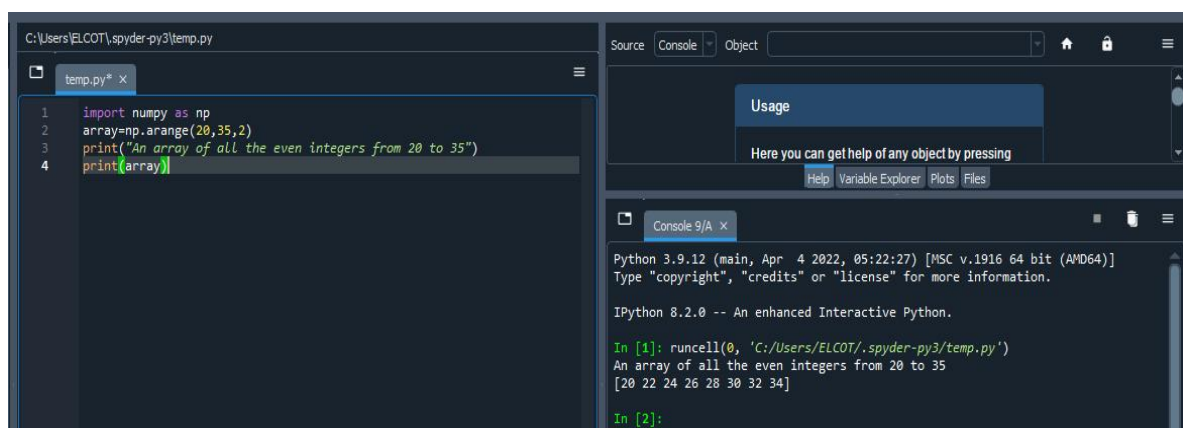
Create an array of all the even integers from 20 to 35

```
import numpy as np
array=np.arange(20,35,2)
print("An array of all the even integers from 20 to 35")
print(array)\
```

Solution:

An array of all the even integers from 20 to 35
[20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34]

Output:



The screenshot shows the Spyder IDE interface. The left pane displays a file named 'temp.py' with the following code:

```
1 import numpy as np
2 array=np.arange(20,35,2)
3 print("An array of all the even integers from 20 to 35")
4 print(array)
```

The right pane shows the IPython console with the following output:

```
Python 3.9.12 (main, Apr 4 2022, 05:22:27) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

IPython 8.2.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.

In [1]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/ELCOT/.spyder-py3/temp.py')
An array of all the even integers from 20 to 35
[20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34]

In [2]:
```

Question-6:

Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

```
import numpy as np
matrix = np.arange(0, 9).reshape(3,3)
print("A 3X3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8\n")
print(matrix)
```

Solution:

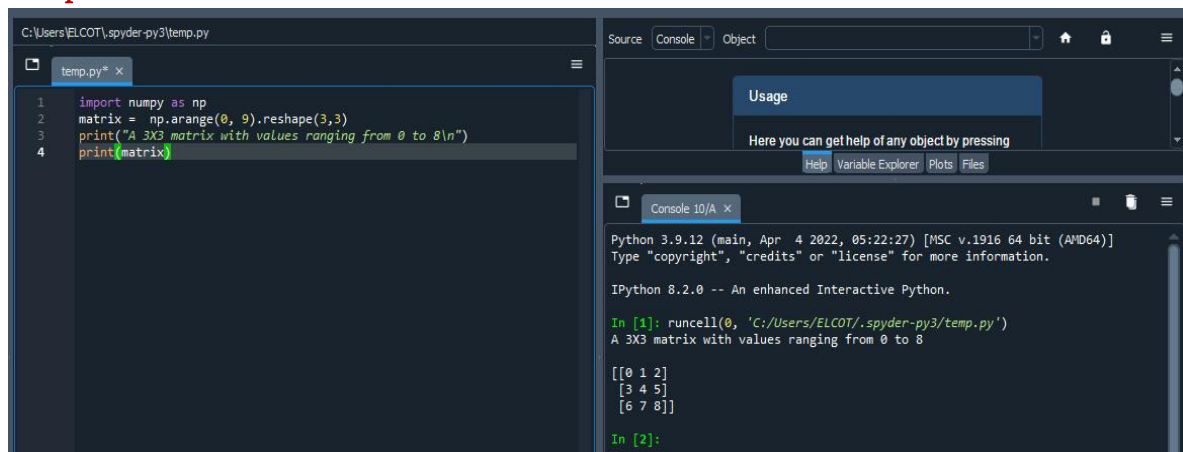
A 3X3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

[[0 1 2]

[3 4 5]

[6 7 8]]

Output:



```
C:\Users\ELCOT\spyder-py3\temp.py
temp.py* x
1 import numpy as np
2 matrix = np.arange(0, 9).reshape(3,3)
3 print("A 3X3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8\n")
4 print(matrix)

Source Console Object
Usage
Here you can get help of any object by pressing
Help Variable Explorer Plots Files

Console 10/A x
Python 3.9.12 (main, Apr 4 2022, 05:22:27) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

IPython 8.2.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.

In [1]: runcell(0, 'C:\Users\ELCOT\spyder-py3\temp.py')
A 3X3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

[[0 1 2]
 [3 4 5]
 [6 7 8]]

In [2]:
```

Question-7:

Concatenate a and b

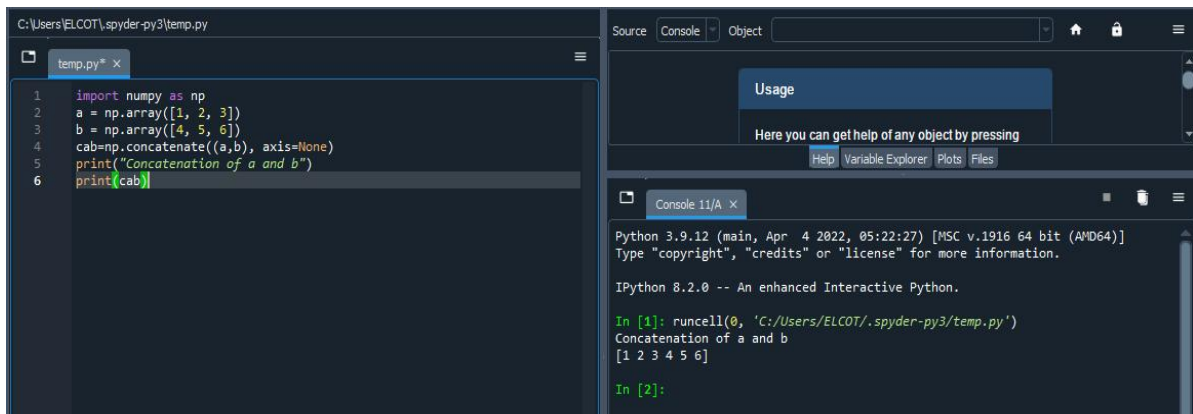
```
a = np.array([1, 2, 3]),
b = np.array([4, 5, 6])
```

```
import numpy as np
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
b = np.array([4, 5, 6])
cab=np.concatenate((a,b), axis=None)
print("Concatenation of a and b")
print(cab)
```

Solution:

Concatenation of a and b
[1 2 3 4 5 6]

Output:



Pandas

Question-8:

```
import pandas as pd
```

Create a dataframe with 3 rows and 2 columns

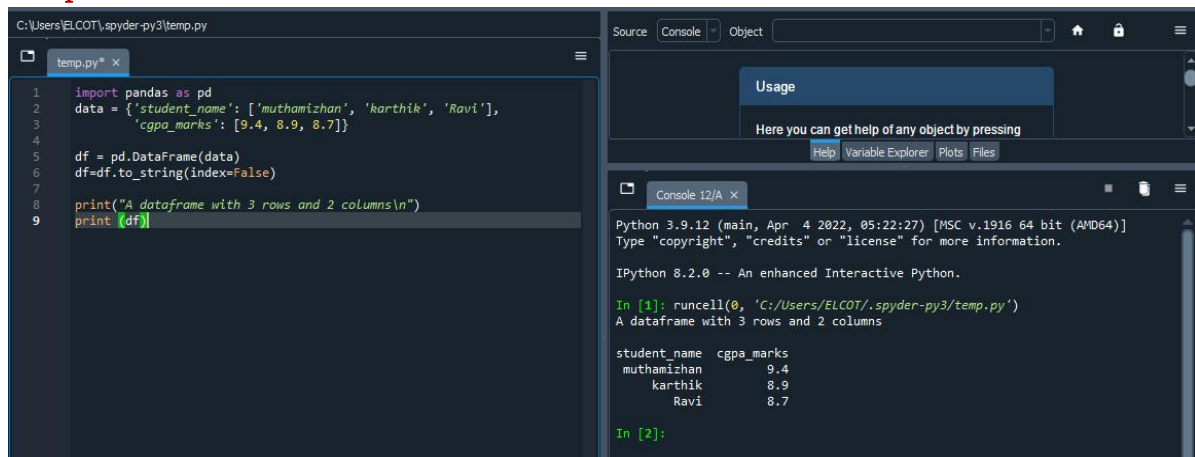
```
import pandas as pd
data = {'student_name': ['muthamizhan', 'karthik', 'Ravi'],
        'cgpa_marks': [9.4, 8.9, 8.7]}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df=df.to_string(index=False)
print("A dataframe with 3 rows and 2 columns\n")
print (df)
```

Solution:

A dataframe with 3 rows and 2 columns

student_name	cgpa_marks
muthamizhan	9.4
karthik	8.9
Ravi	8.7

Output:



The screenshot shows the Spyder IDE interface. On the left, a file named 'temp.py' is open, containing the following code:

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 data = {'student_name': ['muthamizhan', 'karthik', 'Ravi'],
3         'cgpa_marks': [9.4, 8.9, 8.7]}
4
5 df = pd.DataFrame(data)
6 df=df.to_string(index=False)
7
8 print("A dataframe with 3 rows and 2 columns\n")
9 print(df)
```

On the right, the 'Console' pane shows the output of the script:

```
Python 3.9.12 (main, Apr 4 2022, 05:22:27) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

IPython 8.2.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.

In [1]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/ELCOT/.spyder-py3/temp.py')
A dataframe with 3 rows and 2 columns

student_name cgpa_marks
muthamizhan    9.4
karthik        8.9
Ravi           8.7

In [2]:
```

Question-9

Generate the series of dates from 1st Jan, 2023 to 10th Feb, 2023

```
import pandas as pd
import datetime
start = datetime.datetime.strptime("01-01-2023", "%d-%m-%Y")
date_generated = pd.date_range(start, periods=41)
print(date_generated.strftime("%d-%m-%Y"))
```

Solution:

```
Index(['01-01-2023', '02-01-2023', '03-01-2023', '04-01-2023',
      '05-01-2023', '06-01-2023', '07-01-2023', '08-01-2023',
      '09-01-23', '10-01-2023', '11-01-2023', '12-01-2023',
      '13-01-2023', '14-01-2023', '15-01-2023', '16-01-2023',
```

```
'17-01-2023', '18-01-2023', '19-01-2023', '20-01-2023',
'21-01-2023', '22-01-2023', '23-01-2023', '24-01-2023',
'25-01-2023', '26-01-2023', '27-01-2023', '28-01-2023',
'29-01-2023', '30-01-2023', '31-01-2023', '01-02-2023',
'02-02-2023', '03-02-2023', '04-02-2023', '05-02-2023',
'06-02-2023', '07-02-2023', '08-02-2023', '09-02-2023',
'10-02-2023'],
dtype='object')
```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Spyder Python IDE interface. On the left, a file named 'temp.py' is open, containing the following code:

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import datetime
3 start = datetime.datetime.strptime("01-01-2023", "%d-%m-%Y")
4 date_generated = pd.date_range(start, periods=41)
5 print(date_generated.strftime("%d-%m-%Y"))
```

On the right, the IPython console shows the output of the script:

```
Python 3.9.12 (main, Apr 4 2022, 05:22:27) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

IPython 8.2.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.

In [1]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/ELCOT/.spyder-py3/temp.py')
Index(['01-01-2023', '02-01-2023', '03-01-2023', '04-01-2023', '05-01-2023',
'06-01-2023', '07-01-2023', '08-01-2023', '09-01-2023', '10-01-2023',
'11-01-2023', '12-01-2023', '13-01-2023', '14-01-2023', '15-01-2023',
'16-01-2023', '17-01-2023', '18-01-2023', '19-01-2023', '20-01-2023',
'21-01-2023', '22-01-2023', '23-01-2023', '24-01-2023', '25-01-2023',
'26-01-2023', '27-01-2023', '28-01-2023', '29-01-2023', '30-01-2023',
'31-01-2023', '01-02-2023', '02-02-2023', '03-02-2023', '04-02-2023',
'05-02-2023', '06-02-2023', '07-02-2023', '08-02-2023', '09-02-2023',
'10-02-2023'],
dtype='object')
```

Question-10:

Create 2D list to DataFrame

```
import pandas as pd
lists = [[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]
lists = [[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]
df = pd.DataFrame(lists, columns=['no', 'name', 'd_no'])
df=df.to_string(index=False)
print("Given 2D list")
print(lists)
print("\n2D list to dataframe")
print(df)
```


Solution:

Given 2D list

```
[[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]
```

2D list to dataframe

	no	name	d_no
--	----	------	------

1	aaa	22
---	-----	----

2	bbb	25
---	-----	----

3	ccc	24
---	-----	----

Output:

The screenshot displays the Spyder Python IDE interface. The left pane shows a file named 'temp.py' with the following code:

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 lists = [[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]
3 lists = [[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]
4 df = pd.DataFrame(lists, columns=['no', 'name', 'd_no'])
5 df=df.to_string(index=False)
6 print("Given 2D list")
7 print(lists)
8 print("\n2D List to dataframe")
9 print(df)
```

The right pane shows the IPython console output for the execution of the code:

```
Python 3.9.12 (main, Apr 4 2022, 05:22:27) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

IPython 8.2.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.

In [4]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/ELCOT/.spyder-py3/temp.py')
Given 2D list
[[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]

2D list to dataframe
no name d_no
1 aaa 22
2 bbb 25
3 ccc 24

In [2]:
```