Project Title: Smart Farming-IOT Enabled smart farming application

Team ID: PNT2022TIMD16877

Project Design Phase-I - Solution Fit Template

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1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

Farmers can be sub-segmented under three categories.

- ☐ Micro, small, or marginal
 ☐ Emerging and large
 ☐ Commercial Farmer
- Based on farm:
- □ Surplus
- Gross revenue
- Land under cultivation

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

The country's sustainable agricultural development has many obstacles. These includes

- ☐ Agricultural water-use shortage
- Cultivated land loss
- Inappropriate usage of fertilizers and pesticides
- Environmental degradation

J&P

1. Monitoring of climate conditions

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE /

2. Greenhouse automation

PROBLEMS

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

RC

- 1. Connectivity in rural areas
- 2. Cope with climate change, soil erosion and biodiversity

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

IoT in agriculture uses robots,

drones, remote sensors, and computer

imaging combined with continuously progressing machine learning and analytical tools for monitoring crops, surveying, and mapping the fields, and providing data to farmers for rational farm management plans to save both time and money

7. BEHAVIOUR

Online: farmers can monitor all the sensor parameters by using web or mobile is not near his field application even if the farmer

- 3. Crop management
- 4. Cattle monitoring and management
- 5. Precision farming
- 6. Agricultural drones
- 7. Predictive analytics for smart farming
- 8. End-to-end farm management systems

loss

- 3. Satisfy customer's changing tastes and expectations
- 4. Meet rising demand for more food of higher quality
- 5. High adaptive cost
- 6. Lack of information

3. TRIGGERS

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Optical information, virtual fence

technologies allow cattle herd management based remote-sensing signals and sensors or actuators attached to the livestock

4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER



Increased production: the optimization of all

the processes related to agriculture and livestockrearing increases production rates.

Water saving: weather forecasts and sensors that measure soil moisture and for the right length of time.

BEFORE: Farmers are feeling helpless, frustrated in order to be always present to manage end to end farming

AFTER: Farmers will feel much relaxed as well a encouraged ,if production output increases

10. YOUR SOLUTION

Sensor: Visual sensor and biosensors

constitute a significant part of the solution to automate the monitoring process of farm animals. Sensors and biosensors in this context refer to devices that ensure data about a specific physical, chemical.

The global positioning system(GPS): is satellite based standard sensing technology used for tracking farm animal's location.

we use iot enabled products to provide knowledge as well as guidelines, help ,amount of usage of modern tools ,sensors to detect problems ,iot devices provides reminder incase of emergencies , better product network with iot connection .

ST 8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR



8.1 ONLINE

Digitalization innovation as a means to increase agricultural sustainability

8.2 OFFLINE

Well-informed, technology-interested young crop farmers in Germany rate SFT

environmental performance with caution.

AKIS stakeholders agree that most barriers to adoption are linked to technologies' and

infrastructures' deficits

Innovation targeted communication between farmers and technology developers

or providers is not well developed.

Multi-actor approaches can be substantial

to link various stakeholders although no

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	direct impact may be observed.	