Assignment Date	08 October 2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Exercises

Answer the questions or complete the tasks outlined in bold below, use the specific method described if applicable.

What is 7 to the power of 4?

```
7**4
```

Out[1]: 2401

Split this string:

```
s = "Hi there Sam!"
```

into a list.

```
s = 'Hi there Sam!'
```

```
s = s.split()print(s)
```

```
['Hi', 'there', 'Sam!']
```

Given the variables:

```
planet = "Earth"
diameter = 12742
```

Use .format() to print the following string:

```
The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.
```

```
planet = "Earth"diameter = 12742
```

```
print("Thediameter of{} is {} kilometers.".format(planet,diameter))
```

```
The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.
```

Given this nested list, use indexing to grab the word "hello"

```
lst = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]
```

```
lst[3][1][2][0]
```

Out[11]: 'hello'

Given this nest dictionary grab the word "hello". Be prepared, this will be annoying/tricky

```
d ={'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
```

Out[13]: 'hello'

What is the main difference between a tuple and a list?

```
# Tuple is immutable
```

Create a function that grabs the email website domain from a string in the form:

```
user@domain.com
```

So for example, passing "user@domain.com" would return: domain.com

```
defdomainGet(email):
    returnemail.split('@')[-1]
```

```
domainGet('user@domain.com')
```

`'domain.com'`

Create a basic function that returns True if the word 'dog' is contained in the input string. Don't worry about edge cases like a punctuation being attached to the word dog, but do account for capitalization.

```python
def findDog(st):
    return 'dog' in st.lower().split()
```

```python
findDog('Is there a dog here?')
```

Out[18]: `True`

Create a function that counts the number of times the word "dog" occurs in a string. Again ignore edge cases.

```python
def countDog(st):
    count = 0
    for word in st.lower().split():
        if word == 'dog':
            count += 1
    return count
```

```python
countDog('This dog runs faster than the other dog dude!')
```

Out[24]: `2`

Problem

You are driving a little too fast, and a police officer stops you. Write a function to return one of 3 possible results: "No ticket", "Small ticket", or "Big Ticket". If your speed is 60 or less, the result is "No Ticket". If speed is between 61 and 80 inclusive, the result is "Small Ticket". If speed is 81 or more, the result is "Big Ticket". Unless it is your birthday (encoded as a boolean value in the parameters of the function) -- on your birthday, your speed can be 5 higher in all cases.

```python
def caught_speeding(speed, is_birthday):

    if is_birthday:
        speeding = speed - 5
    else:
        speeding = speed

    if speeding > 80:
        return 'Big Ticket'
    elif speeding > 60:
        return 'Small Ticket'
    else:
        return 'No Ticket'
```

```python
caught_speeding(81, False)
```

Out[29]: `'Big Ticket'`

```python
caught_speeding(81, True)
```

Out[30]: `'Small Ticket'`

Create an employee list with basic salary values(at least 5 values for 5 employees) and using a for loop retreive each employee salary and calculate total salary expenditure.

```python
def weeklyPaid(hours_worked, wage):
    if hours_worked > 40:
        return 40 * wage + (hours_worked - 40) * wage * 1.5
    else:
        return hours_worked * wage


hours_worked = 50
wage = 100
pay = weeklyPaid(hours_worked, wage)
print(f"Total gross pay: Rs.{pay:.2f} ")
```

`Total gross pay: Rs.5500.00`

Create two dictionaries in Python:

First one to contain fields as Empid, Empname, Basicpay

Second dictionary to contain fields as DeptName, DeptId.

Combine both dictionaries.

```python
dict1 = {'Empid':'123','Empname':'sam','Basicpay':'20,000'}dict2 = {'Deptname':'cs','Deptid':'456'}
```

```python
dict1.update(dict2)print(dict1)
```

```
{'Empid': '123', 'Empname': 'sam', 'Basicpay': '20,000', 'Deptname': 'cs', 'Deptid': '456'}
```