

PROJECT REPORT

Project Name: SMART FARMER- IOT ENABLED SMART FARMING APPLICATION.

Team ID: PNT2022TMID12850

Team:



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SMART FARMING

1.INTRODUCTION:

PROJECT OVERVIEW:

This is system that enables framers to monitor and their forms with a web based application build with Node-RED.

It uses the IBM IOT Watson cloud platform as its Backend.

PURPOSE:

Smart Farming reduce the ecological foodprint of farming. Minimized or site specific application of inputs, such as fertilizers and pesticides ,in precision agriculture systems will mitigate leaching problems as well as the emission of greenhouse gases.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY:

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM:

The biggest challenges faced by IoT in the agricultural sector are lack of information, high adoption costs , and security concerns , etc. Most of the farmers are not aware of the implementation of IoT in agriculture.

2.2 REFERENCES:

It is the application of modern ICT (Information and Communication Technologies) into agriculture. In IOT- based smart farming, a system is built for monitoring the crop field with the help of sensors (light, humidity, temperature, soil moisture, etc.). The farmers can monitor the field conditions from anywhere.

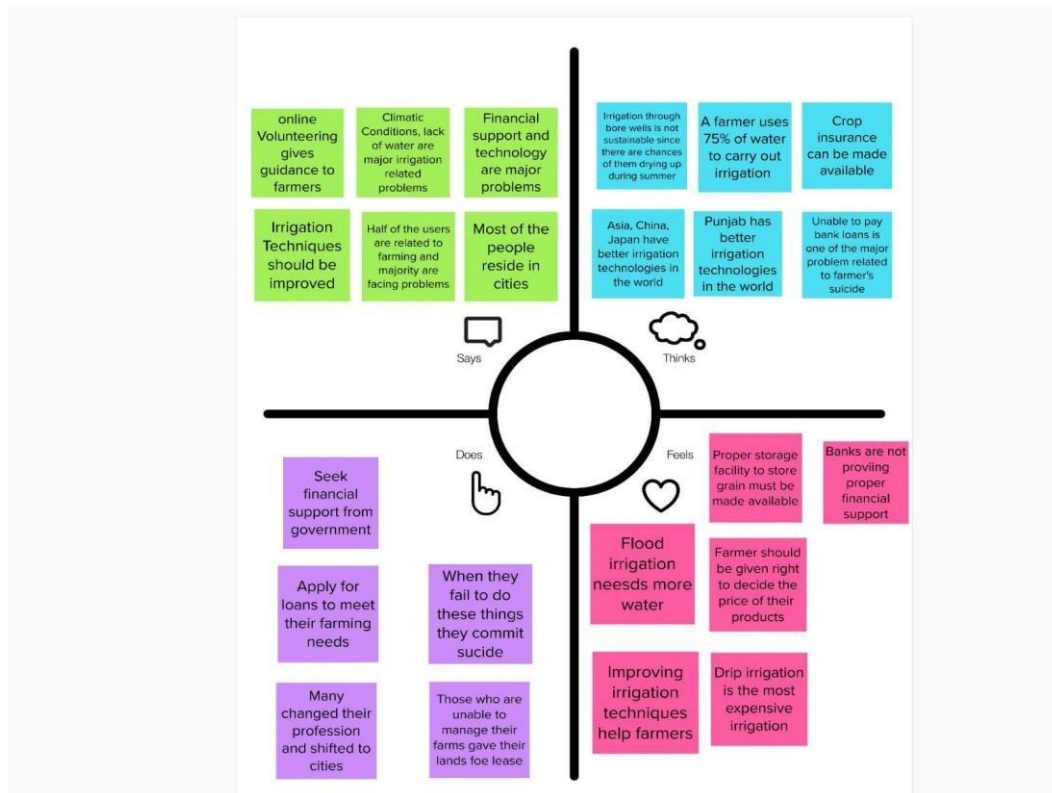
2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION:

Overuse of pesticides and fertilizer in agricultural fields leads to destruction of the crop as well as reduces the efficiency of the field increasing the soil

vulnerability toward pest. IoT applications may be used to update the farmer/ user about type & quantity of pesticide required by the crop.

3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION:

3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS:

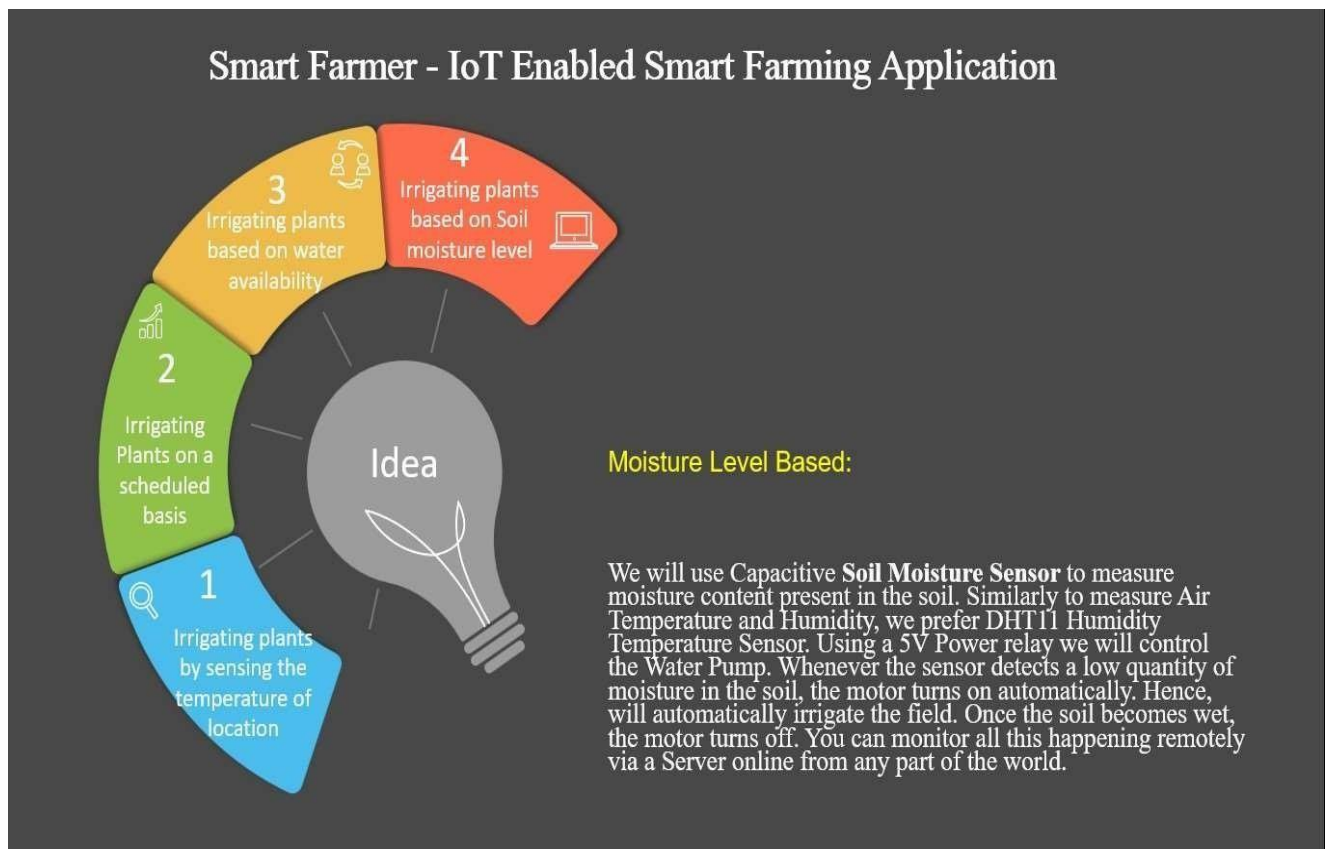


3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING:

Ideation is the create process of generating, developing, and communicating new ideas, where an idea understood as a basic element of thought that can be either visual, concrete, or abstract.

Brainstorming is a group creative technique by which efforts are made to find a conclusion for a specific problem by gathering a list of ideas spontaneously contributed by its members.

IDEATION PROCESS



3.3 Proposed Solution Template:

Project team shall fill the following information in proposed solution template.

Proposed Solution Template:

S.No	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	In agriculture, there are two major problems one is unpredictable climate change and another one is the yields of the crops that have been damaged by improper irrigation. Our project will give the solution to overcome these problems with help of IOT.
2.	Idea / Solution description	It collects the data from different types of sensors and it sends the value to the main server. It also collects the weather data from the weather API. The ultimate decision, whether to water the crop or not is taken by the farmer using mobile application.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	It depends on IOT thus eliminating the need of physical work of farmers and thus increasing the productivity in every possible manner. The weather data are taken from the reliable source.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	The informations collected are from reliable sources and hence the farmer could make more precise decision, thereby the productivity increases.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Smart farming is an advanced and innovative way to get maximum cultivation and minimize the human efforts.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Automatic farming equipment adjustment is made feasible by integrating information such as crops/weather and equipment to automatically alter temperature, humidity, and so on. With the use of sensors, it has enabled farmers to reduce waste and increase output.

3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTIONS FIT :

Problem-Solution fit canvas 2.0

Purpose / Vision

Define CS, fit into CC	1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS The customers of this product are the farmers who cultivate crops. Our aim is to assist, aid and help them to monitor the field parameters remotely and to keep track of the parameters. This product saves the agriculture from extinction.	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS CC Deployment of huge number of sensors is difficult. It requires an unlimited or continuous internet connection to be successful.	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS AS The irrigation process is automated using IoT. weather data and field parameters were obtained and processed to automate the process of irrigation. The drawbacks are high cost of installation, efficient only for short distance, difficulty in storing the data.	Explore AS, differentiate
	2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS J&P The objective of this product is to obtain the different field parameters using sensor and process it using a central processing system. Cloud is used to store and transmit the data by using IoT. Weather APIs are employed to assist the farmer in making decision. The farmer could take decision through a mobile application.	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE RC The frequent change or unpredictable weather and climate, made it difficult for the farmers to do agriculture. These factors play a major role in making decision whether to water the plant or not. The monitoring of the field is hard when the farmer is out of station, thus leading to crop damage.	7. BEHAVIOUR BE Using proper drain system to overcome the effects of excess water due to heavy rain. Using hybrid varieties of crop that are resistant to pests.	
Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC	3. TRIGGERS TR Farmers facing issues in providing proper irrigation. No proper supply of water leads to reduced production which affects the profit level of the farmer. Farmer's struggle to predict the weather.	10. YOUR SOLUTION SL Our product collects the data from different types of sensors and it sends the value to the main server. It also collects the weather data from the weather API. The ultimate decision, whether to water the crop or not is taken by the farmer using mobile application.	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR CH ONLINE: Providing online assistance to the farmer, in providing knowledge regarding the pH and moisture level of the soil. Online assistance to be provided to the user in using the product OFFLINE: Awareness camps to be organized to teach the importance and advantages of the automation and IoT in the development of agriculture.	Focus on BE, tap into RC, understand RC
	4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER EM BEFORE: Lack of knowledge in weather forecasting → Random decisions → low yield. AFTER: Data from reliable source → correct decision → high yield			
Identify strong TR & EM				Extract online & offline CH of BE

Problem-Solution fit canvas is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 license
Created by Daria Nepriakhina / Amaltama.com

4.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS:

4.1 FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	IoT devices	Sensors and Wifi module.
FR-2	Software	Web UI, Node-red, IBM Watson, MIT app

4.2 NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

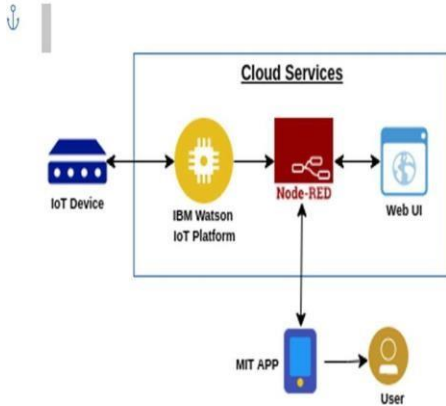
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Time consumability is less, Productivity is high.
NFR-2	Security	It has low level of security features due to integration of sensor data.
NFR-3	Reliability	Accuracy of data and hence it is Reliable.
NFR-4	Performance	Performance is high and highly productive.
NFR-5	Availability	With permitted network connectivity the application is accessible
NFR-6	Scalability	It is perfectly scalable many new constraints can be added

5. PROJECT DESIGN:

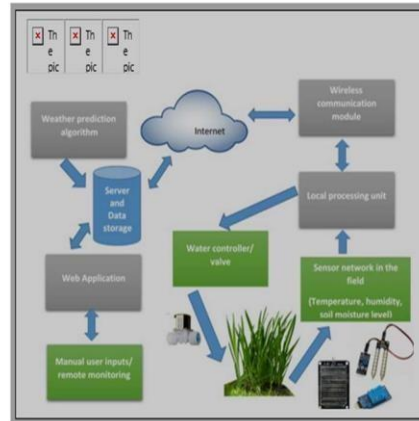
5.1 DATA FLOW DAIGRAMS AND USER STORIES:

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.

Example: (Simplified)



Example: DFD Level 0



5.2 SOLUTIONS AND TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURAL:

The Deliverable shall include the architectural diagram as below and the information as per the table1 & table 2

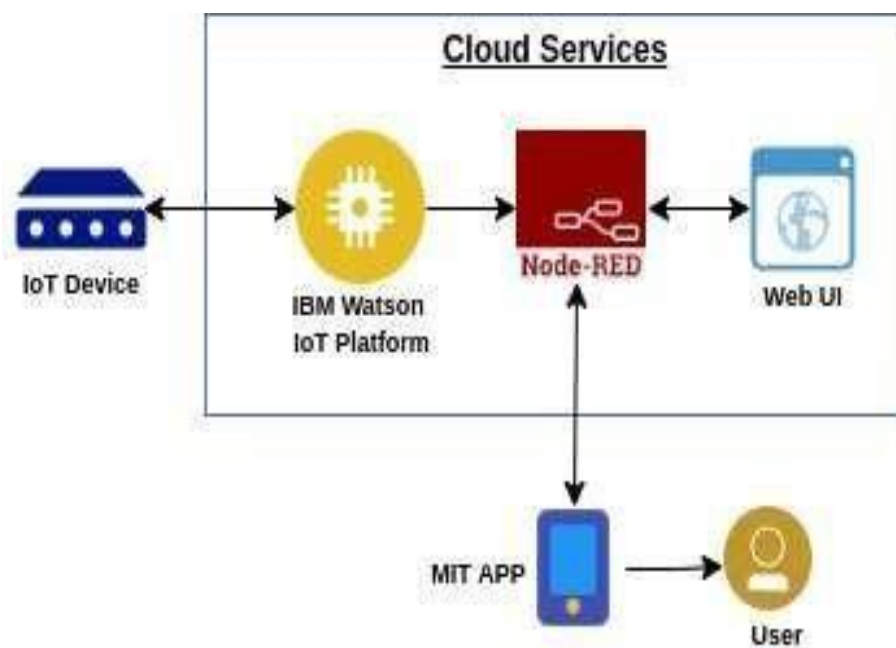


Table-1 : Components & Technologies:

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	How user interacts with application e.g. Web UI, Mobile App, Chatbot etc.	MIT app
2.	Application Logic-1	Logic for a process in the application	Node red/IBM Watson/MIT app
3.	Application Logic-2	Logic for a process in the application	Node red/IBM Watson/MIT app
4.	Application Logic-3	Logic for a process in the application	Node red/IBM Watson/MIT app
5.	Database	Data Type, Configurations etc.	MySQL, NoSQL, etc.
6.	Cloud Database	Database Service on Cloud	IBM cloud.
7.	Temperature sensor	Monitors the temperature of the crop	
8.	Humidity sensor	Monitors the humidity	
9.	Soil moisture sensor (Tensiometers)	Monitors the soil temperature	
10.	Weather sensor	Monitors the weather	.
11.	Solar panel		.
12.	RTC module	Date and time configuration	
13.	Relay	To get the soil moisture data	

Table-2: Application Characteristics:

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks	MIT app,Node-Red	Software
2.	Scalable Architecture	Drone technology, pesticide monitoring ,Mineral identification in soil	Hardware

6.PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING:

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story /Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Member
Sprint-1	Registration (Farmer Mobile User)	UNS-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	2	High	J Sajitha
Sprint-1	Login	UNS-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	1	High	J Sajitha

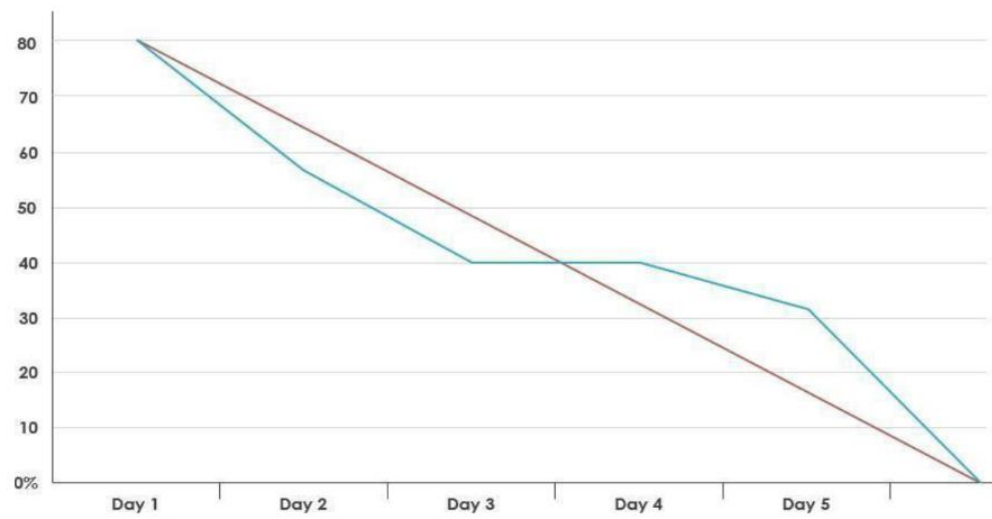


Sprint-2	User Interface	UNS-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Facebook	3	Low	Kalaimani M
Sprint-1	Data Visualization	UNS-4	As a user, I can register for the application through GMAIL	2	Medium	Priyadarshini S
Sprint-3	Registration (Farmer -Web User)	USN - 1	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email and password	3	High	Jegadeesh Kumar V
Sprint - 2	Login	USN - 2	As a registered user, I need to easily login log into my registered account via the web page in minimum time	3	High	J Sajitha
Sprint - 4	Web UI	USN - 3	As a user, I need to have a friendly user interface to easily view and access the resources	3	Medium	J Sajitha
Sprint - 1	Registration (Chemical Manufacturer - Web user)	USN - 1	As a new user, I want to first register using my organization email and create a password for the account.	2	High	Kalaimani M

Sprint - 4	Login	USN - 2	As a registered user, I need to easily log in using the registered account via the web page.	3	High	Priyadarshini S
Sprint - 3	Web UI	USN - 3	As a user, I need to have a user friendly interface to easily view and access the resources.	3	Medium	Jegadeesh Kumar V
Sprint - 1	Registration (Chemical Manufacturer - Mobile User)	USN - 1	As a user, I want to first register using my email and create a password for the account.	1	High	J Sajitha
Sprint - 1	Login	USN - 2	As a registered user, I need to easily log in to the application.	2	Low	J Sajitha Kalaimani M

Burndown Chart:

Burndown Chart:



7.CODING & SOLUTIONS:

FEATURE :

```
ibmiotpy - C:\Users\Priya\OneDrive\Desktop\users18\ibmiotpy (3.7.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random

#Provide your IBM Watson Device
organization = "ck2cf0"
deviceType = "NodeMCU"
deviceId = "12345"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "67654321"
# Initialize GPIO

def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Commandreceived: %s" % cmd.data["command"])
    status=cmd.data["command"]
    if status=="motoron":
        print("motor is on")
    elif status == "motoroff":
        print("motor is off")
    else :
        print ("please send proper command")

try:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
    deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
    #.....
except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" %str(e))
    sys.exit()

# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as aeventof type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data fromDHT11
    temp=random.randint(90,110)
    Humid=random.randint(60,100)
    Mois=random.randint(20,120)
    data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid, 'Mois': Mois}
    #print data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
        print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s %s" %Humid, "Moisture =%s deg C" % Mois, "to IBM Watson")
        success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data,qos=0,on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
    if not success:
        print("Not connected to IoTF")
    time.sleep(10)
    deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
#Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
```

85°F
Mostly sunny

ENG
IN

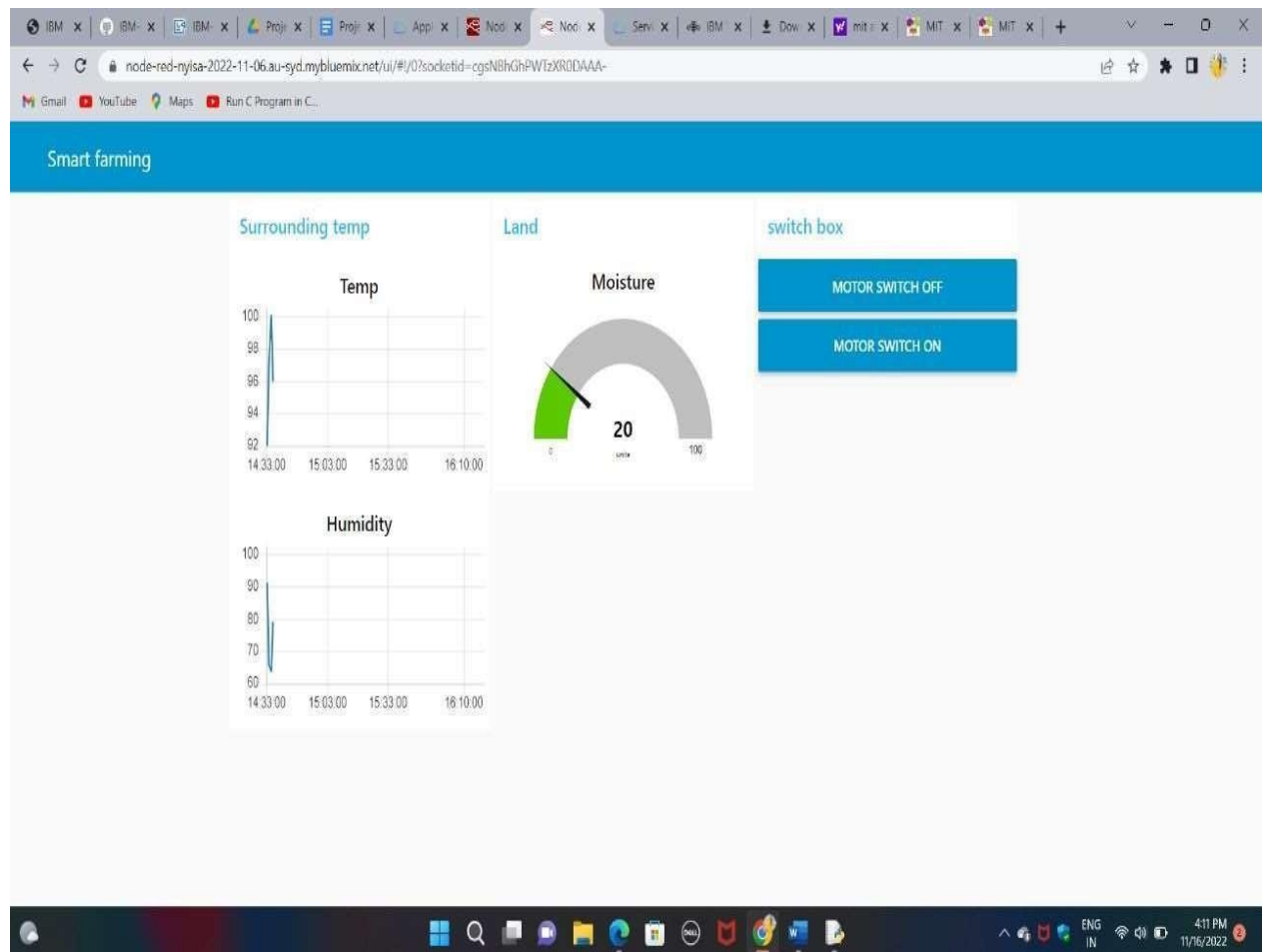
2:37 PM
11/17/2022

Ln: 49 Col: 22

8. TESTING:

8.1 TEST CASE:

Web application using Node-RED.



node-red-nyisa-2022-11-06.au-syd.mybluemix.net/red/#flow/b17b9f461c04cba4

Node-RED

Flow 1

Flow 2

msg.payload

temp

Humid

Moisture

motor on

motor off

msg.payload

debug

iot-2/type/NodeMCUID/12345/eventflow/htmljson

msg.payload : number

58

11/16/2022, 12:27:26 PM node: b652b65757a3458a

iot-2/type/NodeMCUID/12345/eventflow/htmljson

msg.payload : Object

{ (randomnumber: 97, temp: 92, humid: 77, moisture: 80) }

11/16/2022, 12:27:26 PM node: b652b65757a3458a

iot-2/type/NodeMCUID/12345/eventflow/htmljson

msg.payload : number

92

11/16/2022, 12:27:26 PM node: b652b65757a3458a

iot-2/type/NodeMCUID/12345/eventflow/htmljson

msg.payload : number

77

11/16/2022, 12:27:26 PM node: b652b65757a3458a

iot-2/type/NodeMCUID/12345/eventflow/htmljson

msg.payload : number

97

11/16/2022, 12:28:26 PM node: b652b65757a3458a

iot-2/type/NodeMCUID/12345/eventflow/htmljson

msg.payload : Object

84°F Haze

Sprint 3.pdf

Sprint 4 (5).pdf

Sprint 4 (4).pdf

Sprint 4 (3).pdf

Sprint 4 (2).pdf

Sprint 4 (1).pdf

Show all

12:55 PM 11/16/2022

ck2tf0.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com/dashboard/devices/browse

IBM Watson IoT Platform

510419104054@smartinternz.com ID: ck2tf0

Browse Action Device Types Interfaces

Add Device

Browse Devices

All Devices Diagnose

This table shows a summary of all devices that have been added. It can be filtered, organized, and searched on using different criteria. To get started, you can add devices by using the Add Device button, or by using API.

Search by Device ID

Device Simulator

	Device ID	Status	Device Type	Class ID	Date Added	Descriptive Location
>	123123	Disconnected	smartfarm	Device	16 Nov 2022 11:05	
>	12345	Connected	NodeMCU	Device	6 Nov 2022 16:26	

Items per page 50 | 1-2 of 2 items

1 Simulation running

Assignment 4 (1).pdf

Show all

86°F Mostly sunny

3:55 PM 11/17/2022


```
ibmiot.py - C:\Users\Priya\OneDrive\Desktop\users18\ibmiot.py (3.7.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random

#Provide your IBM Watson Device
organization = "ck2tf0"
deviceType = "NodeMCU"
deviceId = "12345"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "67654321"
# Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Commandreceived: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    status=cmd.data['command']
    if status=="motoron":
        print ("Motor is on")
    elif status == "motoroff":
        print("Motor is off")
    else :
        print ("please send proper command")

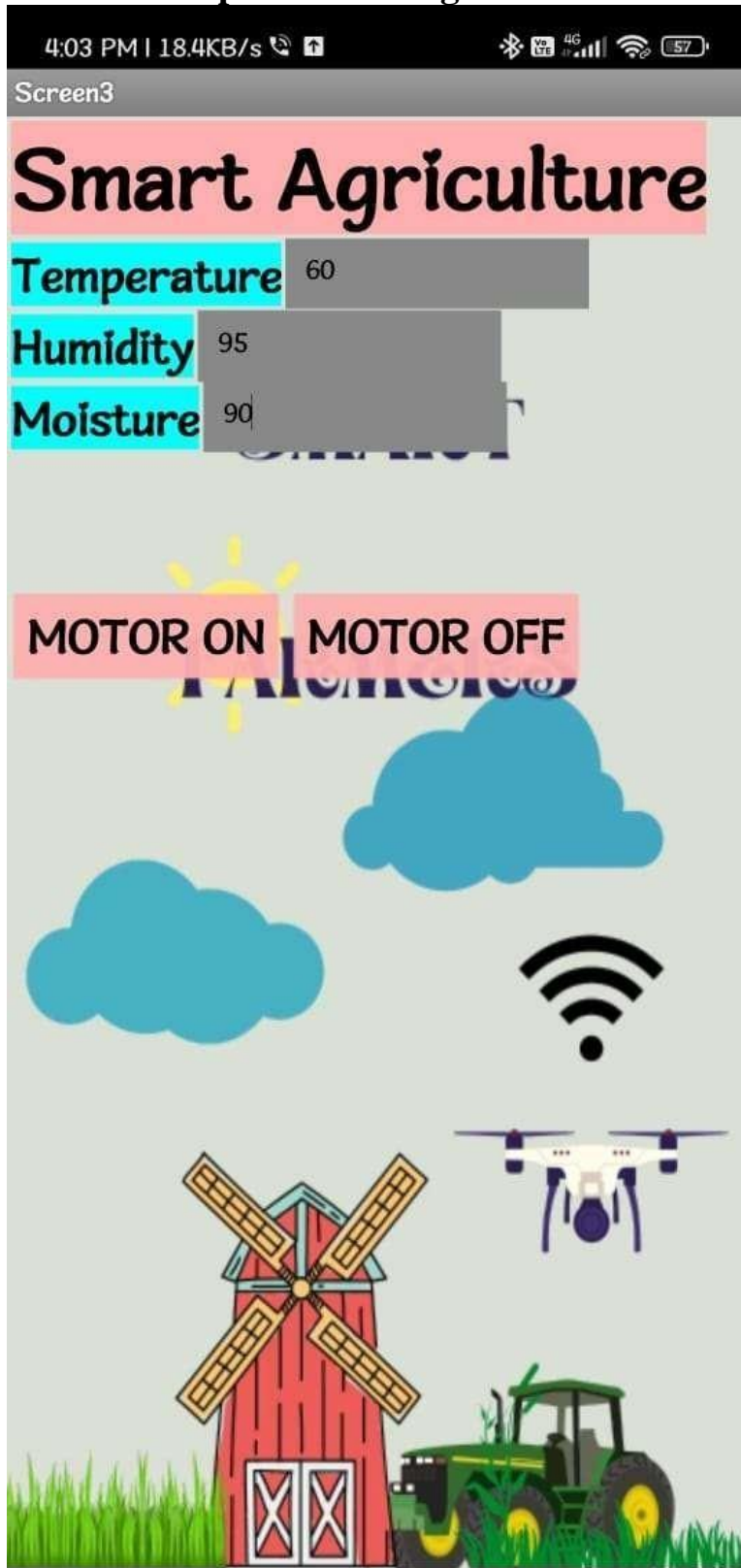
try:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
    deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
    #.....
except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" %str(e))
    sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as aneventof type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data fromDHT11
    temp=random.randint(90,110)
    Humid=random.randint(60,100)
    Mois=random.randint(20,120)
    data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid , 'Mois': Mois}
    #print data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
        print ("Published temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s %s" %Humid, "Moisture -%s deg c" % Mois, "to IBM Watson")
        success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data,qos=0,on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
    if not success:
        print("Not connected to IoT")
    time.sleep(10)
deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
#Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
```

Ln: 49 Col: 22

88°F Mostly sunny

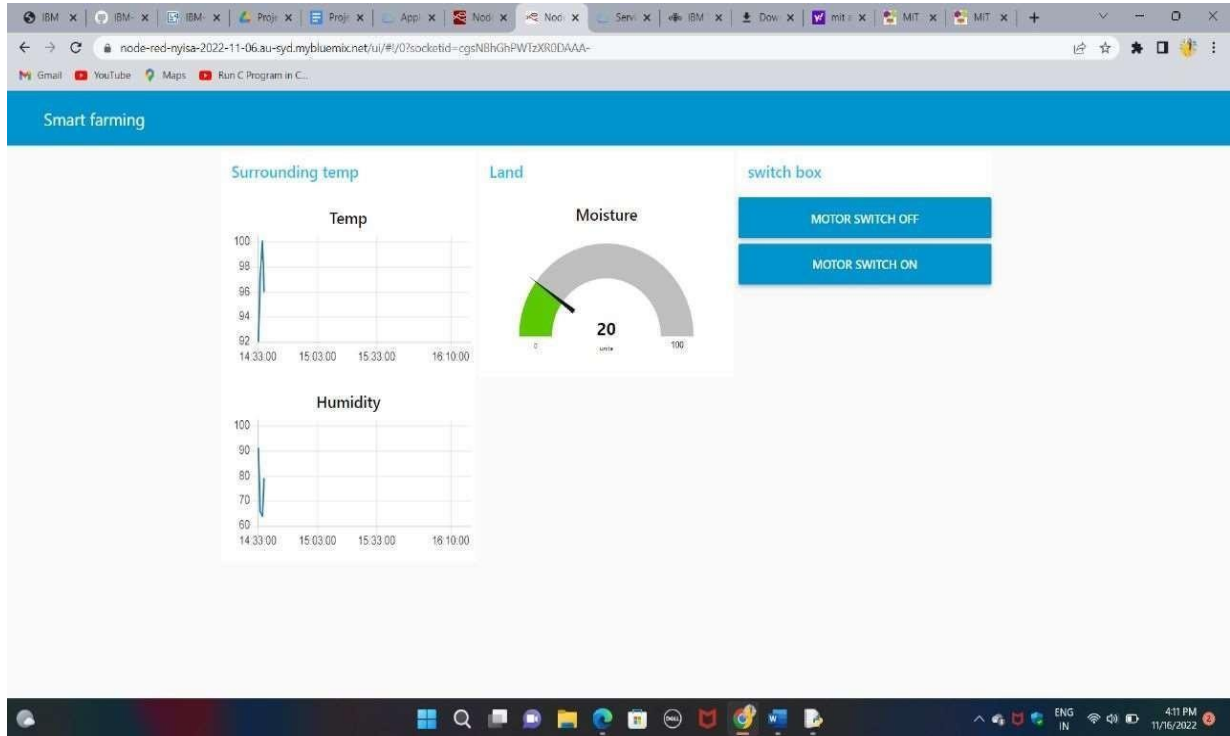
2:37 PM 11/17/2022

8.3 User Acceptance Testing



9. RESULT:

9.1 Performance Metrics



10. ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES:

10.1 ADVANTAGES:

- ❖ All the data like climatic conditions and changes in them, soil or crop conditions everything can be easily monitored.
- ❖ Risk of crop damage can be lowered to a greater extent.
- ❖ Many difficult challenges can be avoided making the process automated and the quality of crops can be maintained.
- ❖ The process included in farming can be controlled using the web applications from anywhere, anytime.

10.2 DISADVANTAGES:

- ❖ Smart Agriculture requires internet connectivity continuously, but rural parts cannot fulfil this requirement.
- ❖ Any faults in the sensors can cause great loss in the agriculture, due to wrong records and the actions of automated processes.
- ❖ IOT devices need much money to implement.

11. CONCLUSION:

An IOT based smart agriculture system using Watson IOT platform, Watson simulator, IBM cloud and Node-RED.

12. FUTURE SCOPE:

In future due to more demand of good and more farming in less time, for betterment of the crops and reducing the usage of extravagant resources like electricity and water IOT can be implemented in most of the places.

13. APPENDIX:

SOURCE CODE:

```
import wiotp.sdk.device
import time
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random

#Provide your IBM Watson Device
organization = "ck2tf0"
deviceType = "NodeMCU"
deviceId = "12345"
authMethod = "token"
authToken ="87654321"
# Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Commandreceived: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    status=cmd.data['command']
    if status=="motoron":
        print ("motor is on")
    elif status == "motoroff":
```

```

        print("motor is off")
    else :
        print ("please send proper command")

try:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id":
    deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
    deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
    #.....
except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" %str(e))
    sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud
as aneventof type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data fromDHT11
    temp=random.randint(90,110)
    Humid=random.randint(60,100)
    Mois=random. randint(20,120)
    data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid , 'Mois': Mois}
    #print data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
        print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s %"
        %Humid, "Moisture =%s deg c" % Mois, "to IBM Watson")

```

```
success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json",  
data,qos=0,on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
```

if not success:

```
    print("Not connected to IoT")
```

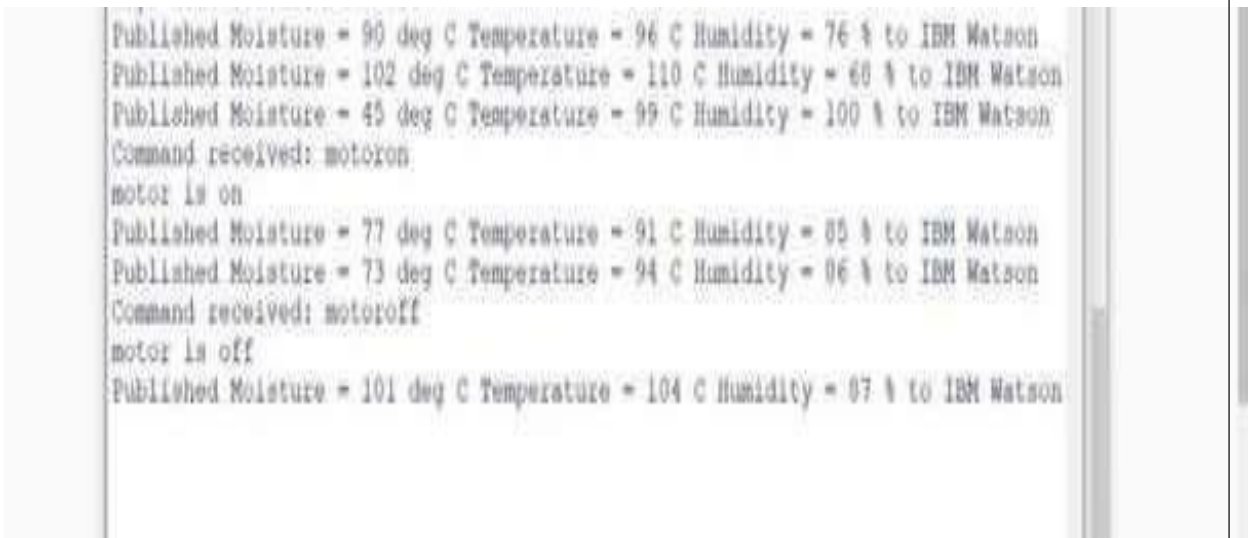
```
time.sleep(10)
```

```
deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
```

#Disconnect the device and application from the cloud

```
deviceCli.disconnect()
```

OUTPUT:



```
Published Moisture = 90 deg C Temperature = 96 C Humidity = 76 % to IBM Watson  
Published Moisture = 102 deg C Temperature = 110 C Humidity = 66 % to IBM Watson  
Published Moisture = 45 deg C Temperature = 99 C Humidity = 100 % to IBM Watson  
Command received: motoron  
motor is on  
Published Moisture = 77 deg C Temperature = 91 C Humidity = 85 % to IBM Watson  
Published Moisture = 73 deg C Temperature = 94 C Humidity = 86 % to IBM Watson  
Command received: motoroff  
motor is off  
Published Moisture = 101 deg C Temperature = 104 C Humidity = 87 % to IBM Watson
```

Github Link: <https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-37400-1660307245>

Demo Video Link: https://youtu.be/n_bvJL88Rmo

THANK YOU....