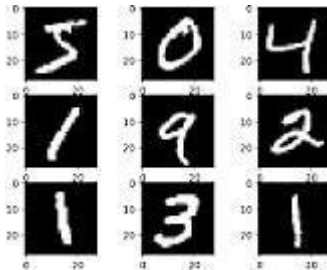


Project Design Phase-II Functional Requirements

Date	14 OCT 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID54113
Project Name	A Novel Method for Handwritten Digit Recognition System
Maximum marks	4 Marks

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

IR No:	Functional Requirement and description:
FR-1	<p>Image Data: Handwritten digit recognition is the ability of a computer to recognize the human handwritten digits from different sources like images, papers, touch screens, etc., and classify them into 10 predefined classes (0-9). this has been a topic of boundless-research in the field of deep learning.</p>
FR-2	<p>Website: Web hosting makes the files that comprise a website (code, images, etc.) available for viewing online. Every website you've ever visited is hosted on a server. The amount of space allocated on a server to a website depends on the type of hosting. the main types of hosting are shared, dedicated, VPS..</p>
FR-3	<p>Digit_Classifier_Model: Use the MNIST database of handwritten digits to train a convolutional network to predict the digit given an image. First obtain the training and validation data.</p>
FR-4	<p>MNIST dataset: the MNIST dataset is an acronym that stands for the Modified National Institute of Standards and Technology dataset. It is a dataset of 60,000 small square 28×28 pixel grayscale images of handwritten single digits between 0 and 9.</p> 
FR-5	<p>Cloud: The cloud provides a number of IT services such as servers,</p>

	databases, software, virtual storage, and networking, among others. In layman's terms, Cloud Computing is defined as a virtual platform that allows you to store and access your data over the internet without any limitations.
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Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

NFR No.	Non-Functional Requirement
NFR-1	Usability: Handwritten character recognition is one of the practically important issues in pattern recognition applications. the applications of digit recognition include in postal mail sorting, bank check processing, form data entry , etc.
NFR-2	Reliability: 1) the system not only produces a classification of the digit but also a rich description of the instantiation parameters which can yield information such as the writing style. 2) the generative models can perform recognition driven segmentation. 3) the method involves a relatively.
NFR-3	Performance: the neural network uses the examples to automatically infer rules for recognizing handwritten digits . Furthermore, by increasing the number of training examples, the network can learn more about handwriting, and so improve its accuracy. there are a number of ways and algorithms to recognize handwritten digits, including Deep Learning/CNN, SVM, Gaussian Naive Bayes, KNN, Decision Trees, Random Forests , etc.
NFR-4	Accuracy: Optical Character Recognition (OCR) technology provides higher than 99% accuracy with typed characters in high- quality images. However, the diversity in human writing types, spacing differences, and inequalities of handwriting causes less accurate character recognition.