1.Download the dataset

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,confusion_matrix,classification_report
```

▼ 2. Load the Dataset

```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

```
Choose Files abalone.csv
```

• **abalone.csv**(text/csv) - 191962 bytes, last modified: 10/6/2022 - 100% done Saving abalone.csv to abalone.csv

```
data= pd.read_csv("/content/abalone.csv",encoding='latin1',low_memory=False)
```

data.head()

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	Rings
0	М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150	15
1	М	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.070	7
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.210	9
3	М	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.155	10
4	I	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	7

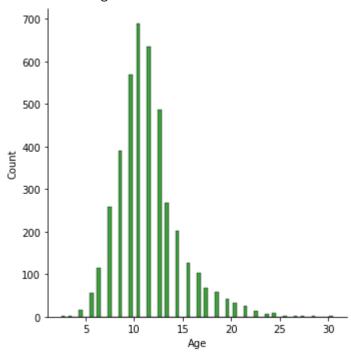
	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_w
0	М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	
1	М	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	
3	М	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	
4	1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	
4								•

→ 3.Performing Analysis

1. Univariate Analysis

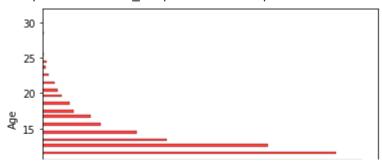
```
#Histogram
sns.displot(data["Age"], color='Green')
```

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7f7fd68e1950>



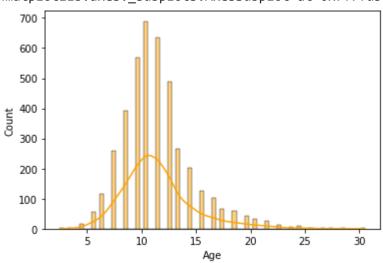
sns.histplot(y=data.Age,color='red')

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fd39e5a10>



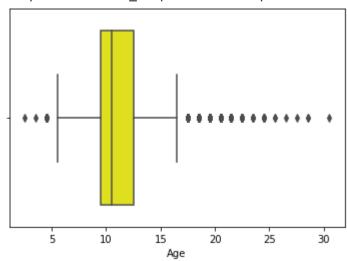
sns.histplot(x=data.Age,kde=True,color='orange')

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fd3e9cd90>



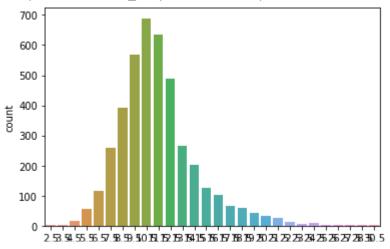
sns.boxplot(x=data.Age,color='yellow')

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fd386bb10>



Count-plot
sns.countplot(x=data.Age)

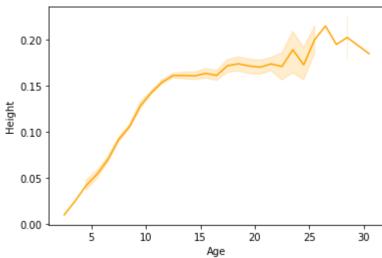
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fd38a4090>



2. Bi - variate Analysis

#Linearplot
sns.lineplot(x=data.Age,y=data.Height, color='orange')





#Bar-plot
sns.barplot(x=data.Height,y=data.Age)

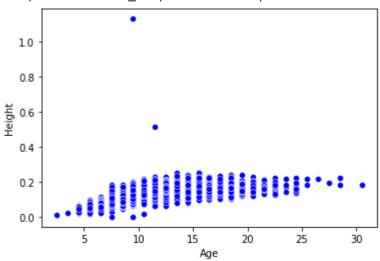
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fd37846d0>



#Scatterplot

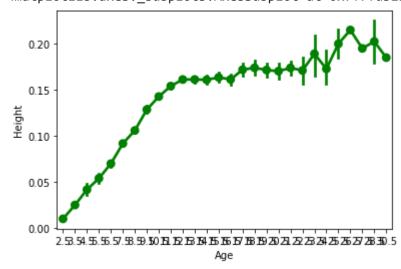
sns.scatterplot(x=data.Age,y=data.Height,color='blue')

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fd3784510>



#point-plot
sns.pointplot(x=data.Age, y=data.Height, color="green")

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fd32b2890>



sns.regplot(x=data.Age,y=data.Height,color='purple')

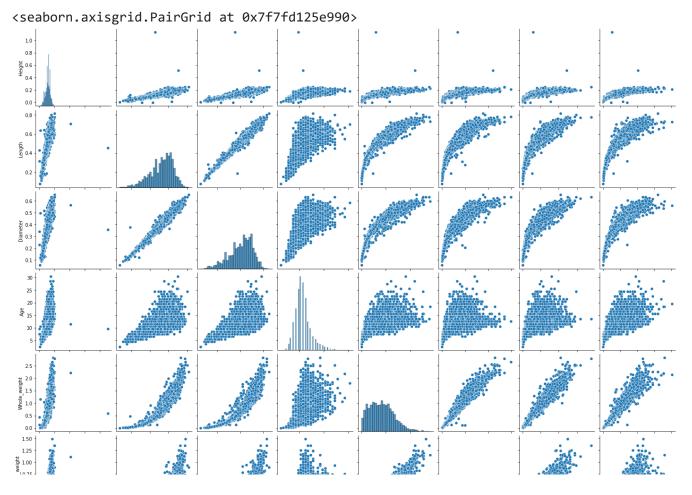
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fd31caa90>



3. Multi-Variate Analysis



#pair-plot
sns.pairplot(data=data[["Height","Length","Diameter","Age","Whole_weight","Shucked_weight","\



4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset

ig 0.4	
#mode	
data[['Length','Diame	eter','Whole_weight','Shucked_weight','Viscera_weight','Shell_weight']].n
Length	0.523992
Diameter	0.407881
Whole_weight	0.828742
Shucked_weight	0.359367
Viscera_weight	0.180594
Shell_weight	0.238831
dtype: float64	
31	
#median	
data[['Length','Diame	eter','Whole_weight','Shucked_weight','Viscera_weight','Shell_weight']].n
Length	0.5450
Diameter	0.4250
Whole_weight	0.7995
Shucked_weight	0.3360
Viscera_weight	0.1710
Shell_weight	0.2340
dtvpe: float64	

data[['Length','Diameter','Whole_weight','Shucked_weight','Viscera_weight','Shell_weight']].n

	Length	Diameter	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_weight	10+
0	0.550	0.45	0.2225	0.175	0.1715	0.275	
1	0.625	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

#qunatile

data[['Length','Diameter','Whole_weight','Shucked_weight','Viscera_weight','Shell_weight']].c

Length 0.5450
Diameter 0.4250
Whole_weight 0.7995
Shucked_weight 0.3360
Viscera_weight 0.1710
Shell_weight 0.2340
Name: 0.5, dtype: float64

#Standard - deviatiion

data[['Length','Diameter','Whole_weight','Shucked_weight','Viscera_weight','Shell_weight']].s

Length 0.120093
Diameter 0.099240
Whole_weight 0.490389
Shucked_weight 0.221963
Viscera_weight 0.109614
Shell_weight 0.139203

dtype: float64

#min

data[['Length','Diameter','Whole_weight','Shucked_weight','Viscera_weight','Shell_weight']].n

Length 0.0750
Diameter 0.0550
Whole_weight 0.0020
Shucked_weight 0.0010
Viscera_weight 0.0005
Shell_weight 0.0015

dtype: float64

#max

data[['Length','Diameter','Whole_weight','Shucked_weight','Viscera_weight','Shell_weight']].n

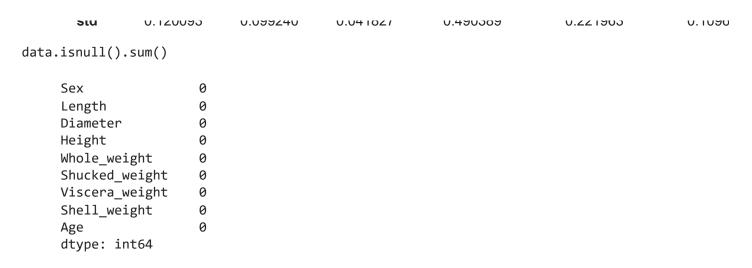
Length 0.8150
Diameter 0.6500
Whole_weight 2.8255
Shucked_weight 1.4880
Viscera_weight 0.7600
Shell_weight 1.0050

dtype: float64

```
#Skew
data[['Length','Diameter','Whole weight','Shucked weight','Viscera weight','Shell weight']].s
     Length
                      -0.639873
     Diameter
                      -0.609198
     Whole weight
                       0.530959
     Shucked weight
                       0.719098
     Viscera weight
                       0.591852
     Shell weight
                       0.620927
     dtype: float64
data.info()
     <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 4177 entries, 0 to 4176
     Data columns (total 9 columns):
          Column
                          Non-Null Count Dtype
     ---
         -----
                          -----
                                          ----
      0
          Sex
                          4177 non-null
                                          object
      1
         Length
                          4177 non-null
                                          float64
      2
         Diameter
                         4177 non-null
                                          float64
         Height
                          4177 non-null
                                          float64
         Whole_weight
                         4177 non-null
                                          float64
         Shucked weight 4177 non-null
                                          float64
         Viscera weight 4177 non-null
                                          float64
      7
          Shell_weight
                          4177 non-null
                                          float64
                          4177 non-null
                                          float64
     dtypes: float64(8), object(1)
     memory usage: 293.8+ KB
data.shape
     (4177, 9)
data.describe()
```

Length Diameter Height Whole_weight Shucked_weight Viscera_weig

▼ 5. Check for Missing values and deal with them.

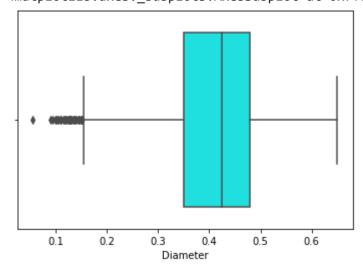


Hence, There is no missing values in the dataset

→ 6. Find the outliers and replace them outliers

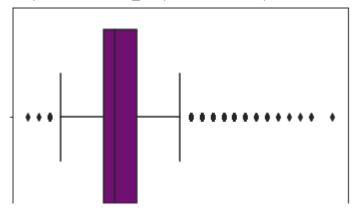
```
sns.boxplot(x=data["Diameter"],color="cyan")
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fcd94b990>



sns.boxplot(x=data["Age"],color="purple")

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fcd883390>



outliers=data.quantile(q=(0.25,0.75))
outliers

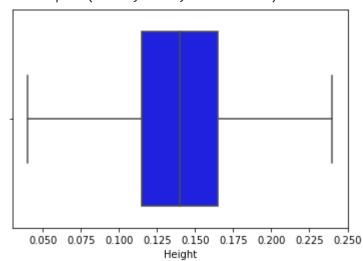
	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_wei
0.25	0.450	0.35	0.115	0.4415	0.186	0.0935	0.
0.75	0.615	0.48	0.165	1.1530	0.502	0.2530	0.
◀ 📗							>

```
for i in data:
```

```
if data[i].dtype=='int64' or data[i].dtypes=='float64':
    q1=data[i].quantile(0.25)
    q3=data[i].quantile(0.75)
    iqr=q3-q1
    upper=q3+1.5*iqr
    lower=q1-1.5*iqr
    data[i]=np.where(data[i] >upper, upper, data[i])
    data[i]=np.where(data[i] <lower, lower, data[i])</pre>
```

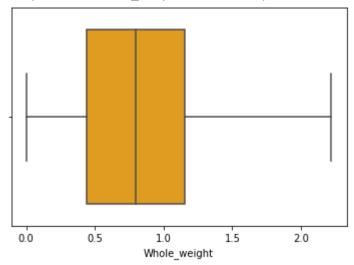
print(sns.boxplot(x=data["Height"],color="blue"))

AxesSubplot(0.125,0.125;0.775x0.755)



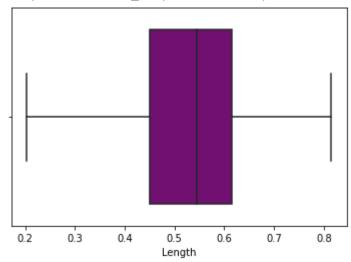
sns.boxplot(x=data["Whole_weight"],color="orange")

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fcd67dd90>



sns.boxplot(x=data["Length"],color="purple")

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7fcd6838d0>



7. Checking for Categorical columns and performing encoding

```
label = LabelEncoder()
data.Length = label.fit_transform(data.Length)
data.head()
```

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_w
0	2	51	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	
1	2	30	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	
2	Λ	66	N 42N	በ 135	N 677N	n 2565	N 1415	

8. Splitting the data into dependent and independent variables

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_weight
0	51	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150
1	30	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.070
2	66	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.210
3	48	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.155
4	26	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.055
4							•

→ 9. Scale the independent variables

```
X_Scaled = pd.DataFrame(scale(x), columns=x.columns)
X_Scaled.head()
```

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_w
0	-0.582509	-0.440884	-1.158093	-0.644740	-0.614985	-0.730304	-0.6
1	-1.464659	-1.459762	-1.288751	-1.238208	-1.191637	-1.213890	-1.2
2	0.047599	0.119499	-0.112828	-0.309436	-0.467362	-0.357253	-0.2

▼ 10. Splitting the data into training and testing

X_Train.head()

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shel
3141	-2.724873	-2.580528	-1.550067	-1.634195	-1.583761	-1.596153	
3521	-2.598852	-2.580528	-2.203358	-1.617739	-1.581454	-1.577730	
883	1.139785	1.240265	0.801778	1.158289	1.073452	0.292134	
3627	1.601863	1.189321	1.585727	2.185800	2.731903	2.355432	
2106	0.593692	0.476107	0.409804	0.439340	0.268446	0.278317	
4							•

X_Test.head()

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shel
668	0.215627	0.170443	0.409804	0.185291	-0.370485	0.577680	
1580	-0.204444	-0.084276	-0.504803	-0.434918	-0.446603	-0.343436	
3784	0.803727	0.730826	0.409804	0.880584	0.780513	1.784341	
463	-2.556844	-2.478640	-2.203358	-1.589968	-1.551468	-1.550097	
2615	1.013763	0.934602	0.932437	1.405139	1.456349	1.798157	
4							•

```
Y Train.head()
     3141
     3521
             1
             2
     883
             2
     3627
     2106
             2
     Name: Sex, dtype: int64
Y_Test.head()
     668
             2
             1
     1580
     3784
             2
             1
     463
     2615
             2
     Name: Sex, dtype: int64
```

→ 11. Building the Model

```
model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=10,criterion='entropy')
model.fit(X_Train,Y_Train)
    RandomForestClassifier(criterion='entropy', n_estimators=10)

y_predict = model.predict(X_Test)

y_predict_train = model.predict(X_Train)
```

→ 12. Train the Model

```
print('Training accuracy: ',accuracy_score(Y_Train,y_predict_train))
    Training accuracy: 0.98263992816522
```

→ 13.Test the Model

```
print('Testing accuracy: ',accuracy_score(Y_Test,y_predict))
    Testing accuracy: 0.5466507177033493
```

→ 14. Measuring the performance using Metrics

pd.crosstab(Y_Test,y_predict)

col_0	0	1	2
Sex			
0	118	38	93
1	39	216	36
2	125	48	123

print(classification_report(Y_Test,y_predict))

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
249	0.44	0.47	0.42	0
291	0.73	0.74	0.72	1
296	0.45	0.42	0.49	2
836	0.55			accuracy
836	0.54	0.54	0.54	macro avg
836	0.54	0.55	0.55	weighted avg