

# PROJECT REPORT

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| PROJECT NAME | GAS LEAKAGE MONITORING & ALERTING SYSTEM FOR INDUSTRIES     |
| TEAM ID      | PNT2022TMID12845  |
| TEAM MEMBERS | NITHISH T<br>INDU M<br>HARINI GAYATHRI S<br>SUSHEN SHARMA S |
| BRANCH       | ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING                   |

## 1.INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Project Overview:

The internet of Things is a developing topic of technical, social, and economic significance. The usage of the gas brings great problems in the domestic as well as working places. The inflammable gas, which is excessively used in the work places (Industries). The leakage of the gas causes destructible impact to the lives and as well as to the heritage of the people. Most of the societies have fire safety mechanism. But it can use after the fire exists. As a result, a system for detecting and monitoring gas leaks is required. Through a flame sensor, the system will sense fire and flame. The buzzer begins to ring when a fire is detected. Tests have shown that the system can keep track of the wastage of gas and leaks and notify the user. The performance that was produced showed that it was successful in reducing the amount of gas that was wasted.

### 1.2 Purpose:

The design of a sensor-based automatic gas leakage detector with an alert and control system has been proposed. This is an affordable, less power using, lightweight, portable, safe, user friendly, efficient, multi featured and simple system device for detecting gas. To monitor this gas leak, the system includes an MQ6 gas detector. This sensor detects the amount of leaking gas present in the surrounding atmosphere. In this way, the consequences of an explosion or gas leak can be avoided.

## **2.LITERATURE SURVEY :**

### **2.1 Existing Problem:**

Gas leakage is nothing but the leak of any gaseous molecule from a pipeline, or cylinder etc. in the industries. Gas Leakages in open or closed areas can prove to be dangerous. This can occur either purposefully or even unintendedly. As we are aware that these kinds of leaks are dangerous to our health, and when it becomes explosive it could cause great danger to the people, industry and the environment. Therefore, we have used IoT technology to make a Gas Leakage Detector for society which has Smart Alerting techniques involving sending a text message to the concerned authority and the ability to perform data analytics on sensor readings. Our main aim is to propose a gas leakage system for a society where each flat has gas leakage detector hardware. This will detect the harmful gases in the environment and alerting to society members through the alarm and sending notifications.

### **2.2 References:**

1. Shital Imade, Priyanka Rajmanes, Aishwarya Gavali , Prof. V. N. Nayakwadi "GAS LEAKAGE DETECTION AND SMART ALERTING SYSTEM USING IOT" <https://www.pramanaresearch.org/gallery/22.%20feb%20ijirs%20-%20d539.pdf>
2. Kumar Keshamoni and Sabbani Hemanth. "Smart Gas Level Monitoring, Booking & Gas Leakage Detector over IoT " International Advance Computing Conference IEEE, 2017.
3. Petros Spachos, Liang Song and Dimitrios Hatzinakos. "Gas Leak Detection and Localization System Through Wireless Sensor Networks" The 11th Annual IEEE Consumer Communications and Networking Conference - Demos. IEEE, 2014.
4. "Design and Implementation of an Economic Gas Leakage Detector" National Institute of Health (2004). What you need to know about natural gas detectors. Available:[http://www.nidcd.nih.gov/health/smelltaste/gas\\_dtctr.asp](http://www.nidcd.nih.gov/health/smelltaste/gas_dtctr.asp).
5. Prof.M.Amsaveni, A.Anurupa, R.S.Anu Preetha, C.Malarvizhi,M.Gunasekaran "Gsm based LPG leakage detection and controlling system" the International Journal of Engineering and Science (IJES) ISSN (e): 2319 – 1813 ISSN (p):2319 – 1805 Pages 112-116 March- 2015.
6. Srinivasan,Leela,Jeyabharathi,Kirthika,Rajasree"GAS LEAKAGE DETECTION AND

CONTROL” Scientific Journal of Impact Factor(SJIF): 3.134.

7. Pal-Stefan Murvaya, Ioan Sileaa “A survey on gas leak detection and localization techniques”.
8. Ch. Manohar Raju, N. Sushma Rani, “An android based automatic gas detection and indication robot. In International Journal of Computer Engineering and Applications. 2014;8(1).
9. Falohun A.S., Oke A.O., Abolaji B.M. “Dangerous Gas Detection using an Integrated Circuit and MQ-9” in International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 –8887) Volume 135 – No.7, February 2016.
10. Ashish Shrivastava, Ratnesh Prabhaker, Rajeev Kumar and Rahul Verma “GSM BASED GAS LEAKAGE DETECTION SYSTEM” in International Journal of Technical Research and Applications e-ISSN: 2320- 8163, www.ijtra.com Volume 1, Issue 2 (may-June 2013).
11. C.Selvapriya, S.Sathyaprabha, M.Abdulrahim,” LPG leakage monitoring and multilevel alerting system”, published in 2013.
12. Falohun A.S., Oke A.O., Abolaji B.M. “Dangerous gas detection using an integrated circuit and MQ-9. In International Journal of Computer Applications. 2016; 135(7).

## 2.3 Problem Statement Definition:

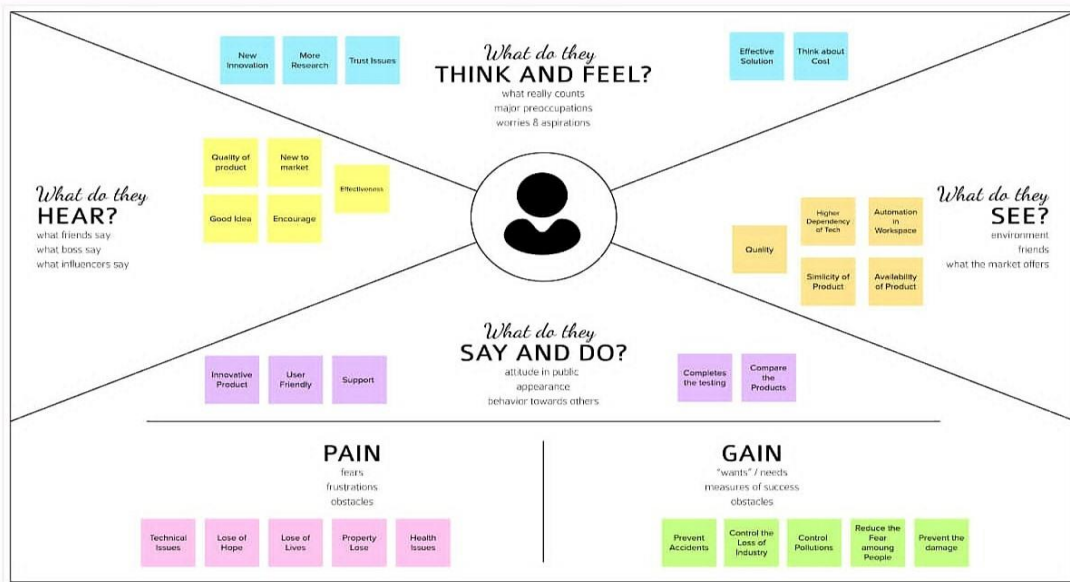
In most industries, one of the key parts of any safety plan for reducing risks to personnel and plant is the use of early-warning devices such as gas detectors. These can help to provide more time in which to take remedial or protective action. They can also be used as part of a total, integrated monitoring and safety system for an industrial plant. Rapid expansion of oil and gas industry leads to gas leakage incidents which are very serious and dangerous. Solutions need to be found out at least to minimize the effects of these incidents since gas leaks also produce a significant financial loss. The challenges are not only to design a prototype of the device that can only detect but also automatically respond to it whenever the leakage occurs.

## 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION:

### 3.1 Empathy Map Canvas:

1

Build empathy and keep your focus on the user by putting yourself in their shoes.



Share your feedback

## 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming:

### Brainstorm & idea prioritization

Use this template in your own brainstorming sessions so your team can unleash their imagination and start shaping concepts even if you're not sitting in the same room.

- 10 minutes to prepare
- 1 hour to collaborate
- 10 people recommended

[Show template feedback](#)

#### Before you collaborate

A little bit of preparation goes a long way with this session. Here's what you need to do to get going.

- 10 minutes

1. Team gathering: Gather who should participate in the session and send an invite. Share relevant information or go work ahead.
2. Set the goal: Think about the problem you're brainstorming on looking in the brainstorming session.
3. Select how to use the facilitation tools: Use the facilitation templates to set a healthy and productive session.

[Open canvas](#)

#### Define your problem statement

What problem are you trying to solve? Frame your problem as a How Might We statement. This will be the focus of your brainstorm.

- 5 minutes

**Remember**  
Please, right on about and control that temper and make it a healthy session. No one should be forced into being. Respect for each other's feelings.

**Key rules of brainstorming**  
Focus on quantity and production session

- Stay in topic
- Encourage wild ideas
- Order judgment
- Listen to others
- Go for volume
- If possible, be visual

**Facilitation tools**

- If any idea feels uncomfortable, discuss it and give feedback.
- It's not time to vote.
- Try to think of a way to make it work.
- It's about the idea, not the person.
- Before conceptualizing, think for individual members.

#### Brainstorm

Write down any ideas that come to mind that address your problem statement.

- 10 minutes

**Tip**  
You can use a sticky note to write down your ideas and then stick them on the canvas.

**Next steps**  
1. Prepare a canvas for your ideas.  
2. Use the canvas to write down your ideas.  
3. Use the canvas to write down your ideas.

#### Group ideas

Take time during your ideas while clustering similar or related notes as you go. In the last 10 minutes, give each cluster a sentence that about it. If a cluster is bigger than six sticky notes, try and see if you can break it up into smaller sub-groups.

- 10 minutes

**Tip**  
After brainstorming, it's time to group ideas. Group ideas into clusters that are related to each other. Use the canvas to write down your ideas and then stick them on the canvas.

#### Prioritize

Your team should all be on the same page about what's important moving forward. Place your ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

- 10 minutes

**Remember**  
A good idea is one that is both important and feasible. Use the canvas to write down your ideas and then stick them on the canvas.

#### After you collaborate

You can export the canvas as an image or pdf to share with members of your company who might find it helpful.

**Quick actions**

- 1. Share the canvas: Share a link to the canvas with collaborators to help them see the big picture of the session.
- 2. Export the canvas: Export the canvas as an image or pdf to share with members of your company who might find it helpful.

**Keep moving forward**

- 1. Strategy blueprint: Outline the components of a new idea or initiative.
- 2. Customer experience journey map: Understand customer needs, motivations, and what makes for an experience.
- 3. Strategic weaknesses, opportunities & threats: Identify strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT) to develop a plan.

[Show template feedback](#)

**Next steps**  
1. Prepare a canvas for your ideas.  
2. Use the canvas to write down your ideas.  
3. Use the canvas to write down your ideas.

### 3.3 Proposed Solution:

| S.No | Parameter                                | Description   |
|------|--|---|
| 1.   | Problem Statement (Problem to be solved) | Gas leakage leads to various accidents resulting in loss of human lives and industry properties. Sometimes, the gas leakage cannot be detected by human that has a low sense of smell. Thus, this system will help to detect the presence of gas leakage and alert the users.               |
| 2.   | Idea / Solution description              | It detects the gas leakage by using various sensors. If the gas leakage level is above the threshold level, it sends the alert message through SMS to the user by using GSM module and buzzer the alarm.  |
| 3.   | Novelty / Uniqueness                     | We use location tagging and alert service so that the admin and fire department team will be notified the exact location. The system provides constant monitoring and detection of gas leakage along with storage of data in database for predictions and analysis.                         |
| 4.   | Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction    | By implementing real-time gas leak detection, industries can monitor their environmental performance, ensure better occupational health. Also, early detection of gas leaks can trigger concerned engineers to curtail the spread and keep a safe environment for better health and safety. |

|    |                                |   |
|----|--------------------------------|---|
| 5. | Business Model (Revenue Model) | The product can be made compact, cost efficient and easily installable so that all the industries from small scale to large scale can able to buy the product .     |
| 6. | Scalability of the Solution    | The system is very simple and easy to maintain and cost efficient. It has the capability to works for a period of time without any damage in the system components. |

### 3.4 Problem Solution fit:

|                                       |  |   |   |                                       |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Define CS, fit into CC                | <b>1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)</b> <b>CS</b><br><p>The industrialists are the users or customers, who are engaged with the production of gases for their manufacturing. Here industrial worker is the user or customer, who are engaged with gas related production.</p>  | <b>6. CUSTOMER</b> <b>CC</b><br><p>High cost of installing the products make them to move far from recent technologies. It is difficult to know failures. Ability to detect the wide range of gases</p>   | <b>5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS</b> <b>AS</b><br><p>The monitoring and detecting the leakage of gas could be done by the manpower. Automatic cut off gas supply. In early days they used to identify the leakage of gas by sensing the smell of particular gas. Even though man power could reduce electricity cost and monitor properly, it may cause high risk for their life.</p>                                    | Explore AS, differentiate             |
|                                       |  |   |   |                                       |
| Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand | <b>2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS</b> <b>J&amp;P</b><br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gas leakage leads to many diseases and also increases the fatality rate.</li> <li>Heavy budget problems on buying and installing a gas detecting system</li> <li>Having no proper maintenance or monitoring the system</li> <li>Flammable gas leakage may lead to Secondary accident such as fire and explosion, while toxic gas.</li> </ul> | <b>9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE</b> <b>RC</b><br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improperly installed tube fittings /poor tubing selection.</li> <li>Improper use of gas furnace, stove, or appliance, including leaking due to gas lines being hooked up incorrectly.</li> <li>Use of defective equipment.</li> <li>Behind this gas leakage problem there could be many reasons like atomic reactions between molecules and material quality.</li> </ul> | <b>7. BEHAVIOUR</b> <b>BE</b><br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the gas leaked is heavily toxic, there is a chance of causing hereditary health hazards.</li> <li>Monitoring the system regularly.</li> <li>To determine the gas leakage area and alerts through by warning message or alerting sound.</li> <li>Using manpower as the source of monitoring the leakage causes high hazards.</li> </ul> | Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand |
|                                       |  |   |   |                                       |
| Identify strong TR & EM               | <b>3. TRIGGERS TO ACT</b> <b>TR</b><br><p>Identification of gas leakage will be done immediately and urges them to find out a solution as soon as possible. Health issues due to the toxic gases urges them to find out a solution</p>   | <b>10. YOUR SOLUTION</b> <b>SL</b><br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Develop a cost efficient IoT based gas leakage detecting system which can be easily accessed by the workers.</li> <li>If there is gas leak then it will alert the workers by sending SMS.</li> </ul>   | <b>8. CHANNELS OF BEHAVIOUR</b> <b>CH</b><br><b>ONLINE:</b><br><p>Promoting through social media, With the help of social media influencer. Users can also easy to monitor the live reports.</p> <b>OFFLINE:</b><br><p>Identifying the leakage area and take precautionary actions manually. It makes call to user. Frequently check the leakage of gas</p>   | Extract online & offline CH of BE     |
|                                       | <b>4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER</b> <b>EM</b><br><p><b>Before:</b> The leakage of gases causes heavy losses and made them feel depressed &amp; guilt and also lose the recognition of their products.<br/> <b>After:</b> Creating awareness and safety precautions to the workers to work without any fear.</p>   |   |   |                                       |

## 4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS:

### 4.1 Functional requirement:

| FR No. | Functional Requirement (Epic) | Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)   |
|--------|-------------------------------|--|
| FR-1   | User Registration             | Registration through FormRegistration<br>through Gmail<br>Registration through LinkedIN  |
| FR-2   | User Confirmation             | Confirmation via Email<br>Confirmation via OTP   |
| FR-3   | GPS Access                    | GPS access to know the location  |
| FR-4   | Business Requirements         | The device is intended for the use of industries or factories and also for cylinder storage areas. It detects the leakage of gas and sends the data over to a site and preventive measures can be taken to avoid the loss of properties. |
| FR-5   | User Requirements             | The Gas leakage detecting system with upgrading technologies which identifies the leakage of gas and also ensures the workers safety.  |

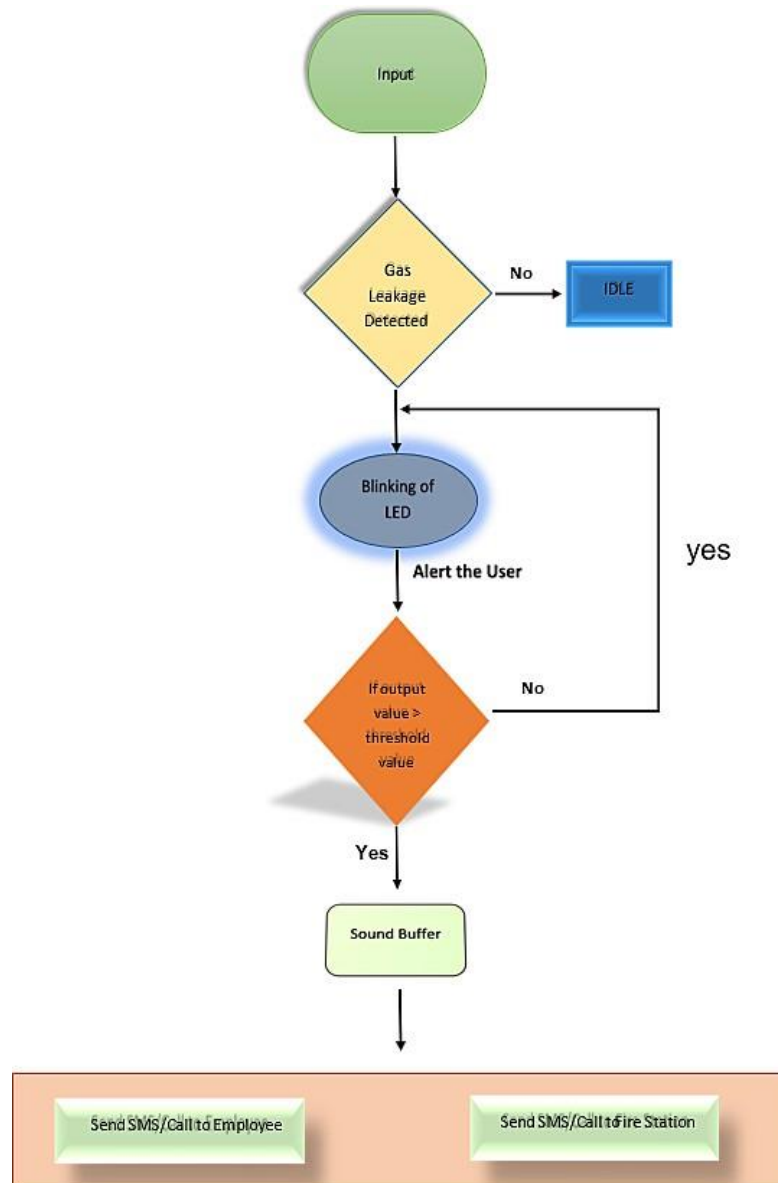


## 4.2 Non-Functional requirements:

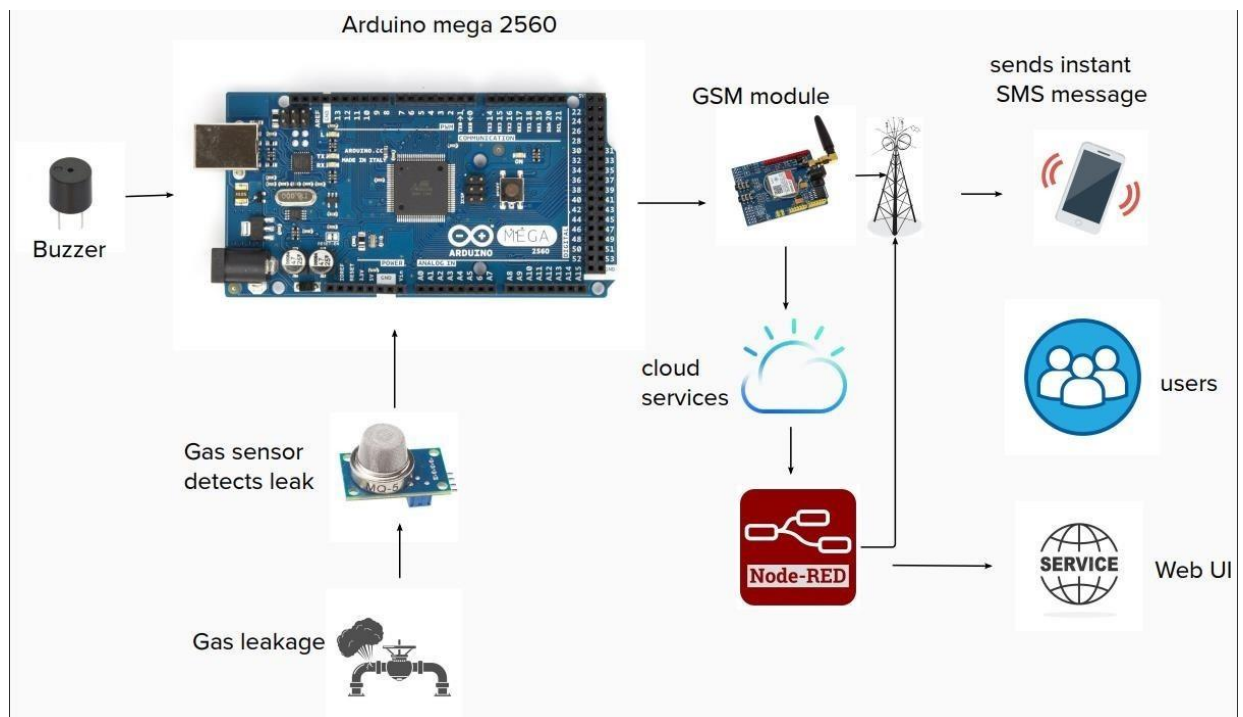
| FR No. | Non-Functional Requirement | Description   |
|--------|----------------------------|---|
| NFR-1  | Usability                  | The sensors used to detect the gas leakage which helps to prevent the high risk of gas explosion and also can prevent the casualties within and outside the covering area of the industries.  |
| NFR-2  | Security                   | The device is intended for the use of industries or factories, where there is a use of explosive gas is a source of risk. This device will help and secures from the causes.  |
| NFR-3  | Reliability                | Gas leakage detecting system detects the gas leakage at industries or factories which detects the small amount of gas leakage as soon and sends the alerting SMS to users.  |
| NFR-4  | Performance                | The Gas leakage detecting system is a device with an alarm setting. Whenever there is a gas leak ,which is greater than the threshold level, the in-build sensor detects and alerts the user within a minute much before it can cause any accidents.                    |
| NFR-5  | Availability               | The gas leakage detecting system is readily available in the market which is extremely expensive, but here we are providing a low-cost circuit for gas leakage detecting system and also it is user friendly  |
| NFR-6  | Scalability                | The system is very simple and easy to maintain with cost efficient. A backup power supply will be included in the design to prevent from the power failure conditions. It has the capability to works for a period of time without any damage in the system components. |

## 5. PROJECT DESIGN:

### 5.1 Data Flow Diagrams:



## 5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture:



### 5.3 User Stories:

| User Type              | Functional Requirement (Epic) | User Story Number | User Story / Task  | Acceptance criteria  | Priority | Release  |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|----------|----------|
| Customer (Mobile user) | Registration                  | USN-1             | As a user, I can create an account in the application provided.    | I can access my account/ dashboard                             | High     | Sprint-1 |
|                        |                               | USN-2             | As a user, I registered using my Gmail.                            | I can receive confirmation email.                              | High     | Sprint-1 |
|                        |                               | USN-3             | As a user, I can successfully install the app.                     | I can register and access the dashboard.                       | Low      | Sprint-2 |
|                        | Login                         | USN-4             | As a user, I can login using my Gmail and password easily.         | The login process was easy and simple to access the dashboard. | High     | Sprint-1 |
| Customer (Web user)    | Registration                  | WUSN-1            | As a web user I can login to web dashboard just like a website.    | I can register and access the dashboard.                       | High     | Sprint-2 |
|                        | Dashboard                     | WUSN-2            | As a user I can view the alert/warning SMS in the web application. | I can login to the website using my login credentials          | High     | Sprint-2 |

|                         |  |         |   |   |      |          |
|-------------------------|--|---------|---|---|------|----------|
| Customer Care Executive |  | CCE-1   | A customer care executive will always be available for the interaction with the customer to clarify the queries.                                | An executive will clarify the doubts and note down the complaints of the application if any.                              | High | Sprint-2 |
| Administrator           |  | ADMIN-1 | I as an Admin can access and view the data or information provided by the application & can also check, analyse the threshold value of the gas. | The details of the gas leakage level of the gas are provided to the users through SMS when an alerting sound is received. | High | Sprint-1 |

## 6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING:

### 6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation:

- SPRINT PLAN
- ANALYZE THE PROBLEM
- PREPARE an ABSTRACT, PROBLEM STATEMENT
- LIST A REQUIRED OBJECT NEEDED
- CREATE A PROGRAM CODE AND RUN IT
- MAKE A PROTOTYPE TO IMPLEMENT
- TEST WITH THE CREATED CODE AND CHECK THE DESIGNED PROTOTYPE

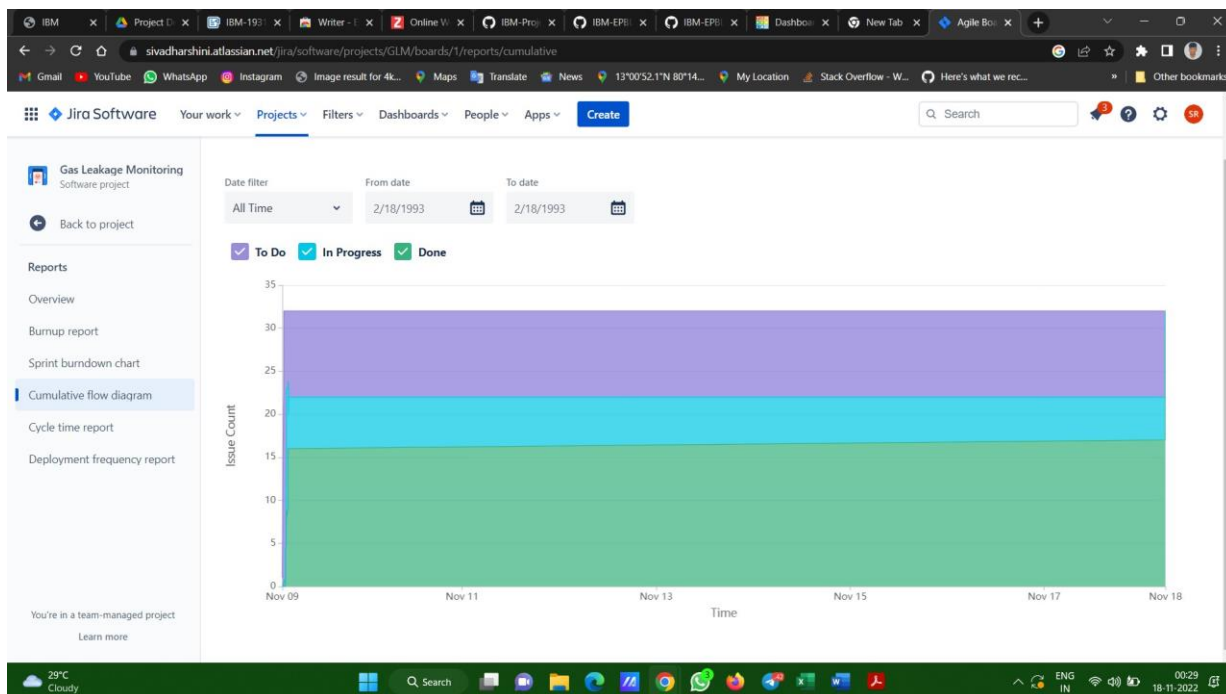
## 6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule:

| Sprint   | Functional Requirement (Epic) | User Story | User Story / Task   | Story Point | Priority |
|----------|-------------------------------|------------|---|-------------|----------|
| Sprint-1 | Create                        | US-1       | Create the IBM Cloud services which are being used in this project.   | 5           | High     |
| Sprint-1 | Configure                     | US-2       | Configure the IBM Cloud services which are being used in completing this project.   | 1           | Medium   |
| Sprint-1 | Create                        | US-3       | IBM Watson IoT platform acts as the mediator to connect the web application to IoT devices, so create the IBM Watson IoT platform.  | 1           | Medium   |
| Sprint-1 | Configure                     | US-4       | Configure the IBM Watson IoT which are being used to display the output.  | 13          | High     |
| Sprint-2 | Create                        | US-1       | In order to connect the IoT device to the IBM cloud, create a device in the IBM Watson IoT platform and get the device credentials. | 13          | High     |

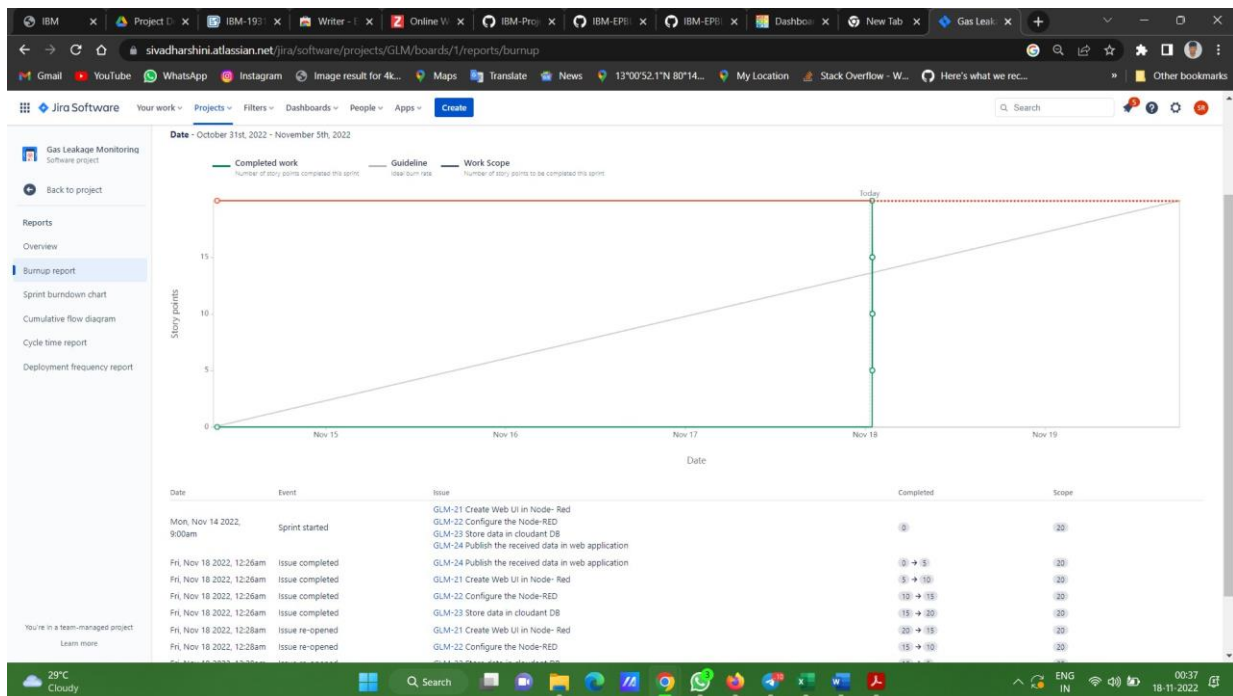
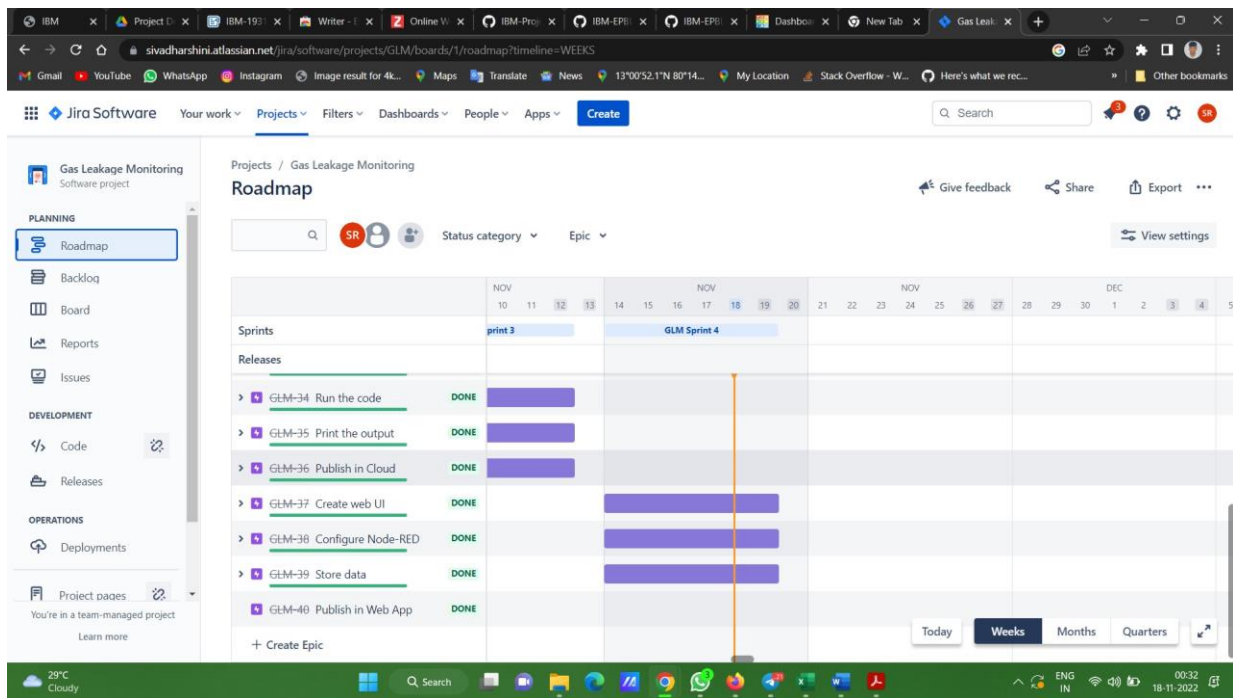
|          |           |      |  |        |        |
|----------|-----------|------|--|--------|--------|
| Sprint-2 | Configure | US-2 | Configure a device in the IBM Watson IoT platform and get the device credentials.  | 3      | Medium |
| Sprint-2 | Create    | US-3 | Create a Node-RED service.   | 3      | High   |
| Sprint-2 | Configure | US-4 | Configure the connection security and create API keys that are used in the Node- RED service for accessing the IBM IoT Platform. | 1      | Medium |
| Sprint-3 | Develop   | US-1 | Develop a python script to publish random sensor data such as temperature, Flame level and Gas level to the IBM IoTplatform      | 1<br>3 | High   |
| Sprint-3 | Configure | US-2 | After developing python code and commands just run the code  | 1      | Medium |
| Sprint-3 | Print     | US-3 | Print the statements which represent the control of the devices.   | 1      | Low    |
| Sprint-3 | Publish   | US-4 | Publish Data to The IBM Cloud  | 5      | High   |

|          |           |      |  |   |      |
|----------|-----------|------|--|---|------|
| Sprint-4 | Create    | US-1 | Create Web UI in Node- Red   | 5 | High |
| Sprint-4 | Configure | US-2 | Configure the Node-RED flow to receive data from the IBMIoT platform       | 5 | High |
| Sprint-4 | Configure | US-3 | Use cloudant DB nodes to store the received sensor data in the cloudant DB | 5 | High |
| Sprint-4 | Publish   | US-4 | Publish the received data in web-application                               | 5 | High |

### 6.3 Report from JIRA:







IBM Project D IBM-193 Writer - I Online V IBM-Pre IBM-EP IBM-EP Dashboard New Tab Agile Bo

shivadharshini.atlassian.net/jira/software/projects/GLM/boards/1/reports/burndown

Gas Leakage Monitoring Software project

Back to project

Reports

Overview

Burndown report

Sprint burndown chart

Velocity report

Cumulative flow diagram

Cycle time report

Deployment frequency report

You're in a team-managed project

Learn more

All issues in sprint have been completed

View in issue navigator

| Key    | Summary                                      | Issue type | Epic | Status | Assignee | Story points |
|--------|--|------------|------|--------|----------|--------------|
| GLM-21 | Create Web UI in Node- Red                   | Task       |      | DONE   | SR       | 3            |
| GLM-22 | Configure the Node-RED                       | Task       |      | DONE   | SR       | 5            |
| GLM-23 | Store data in cloudant DB                    | Task       |      | DONE   |          | 5            |
| GLM-24 | Publish the received data in web application | Task       |      | DONE   | SR       | 5            |

Issues completed outside of sprint

| Key | Summary | Issue type | Epic | Status | Assignee | Story points |
|-----|---------|------------|------|--------|----------|--------------|
|-----|---------|------------|------|--------|----------|--------------|

No issues have been completed outside of the sprint

29°C Cloudy

Search

ENG IN

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shivadharshini.atlassian.net/jira/software/projects/GLM/boards/1/reports/velocity

Gas Leakage Monitoring Software project

Back to project

Reports

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Burndown report

Sprint burndown chart

Velocity report

Cumulative flow diagram

Cycle time report

Deployment frequency report

You're in a team-managed project

Learn more

Projects / Gas Leakage Monitoring / Reports

How to read this report

Commitment  
The amount of work in the sprint when it begins

Completed  
The amount of work done during the sprint

| Sprint       | Commitment | Completed |
|--------------|------------|-----------|
| GLM Sprint 1 | 0          | 20        |
| GLM Sprint 2 | 0          | 20        |
| GLM Sprint 3 | 0          | 20        |
| GLM Sprint 4 | 20         | 20        |

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## 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING:

```
# Importing Required modules
import time
import sys
import wiotp.sdk.device # IBM IoT Watson Platform Module
import ibmiotf.device
import tkinter as tk # Python GUI Package
from tkinter import ttk # Python GUI
import time
from threading import Thread

organization = "0tus0f" # Organization ID
deviceType = "ESP32" # Device type
deviceId = "01" # Device ID
authMethod = "token" # Authentication Method
authToken = "Gowth@m@nk18" #Replace the authtoken

# Tkinter root window
root = tk.Tk()
root.geometry('350x300') # Set size of root window
root.resizable(False, False) # root window non-resizable
root.title('Gas Leakage Monitoring And Alerting System for Industries
(PNT2022TMID42277)')

# Layout Configurations
root.columnconfigure(0, weight=1)
root.columnconfigure(1, weight=3)

current_gas = tk.DoubleVar()

def get_current_gas(): # function returns current gas level value
    return '{: .2f}'.format(current_gas.get())

def slider_changed(event): # Event Handler for changes in sliders
    print('----- ')
    print('Gas Level: {: .2f}'.format(current_gas.get()))
    print('----- ')
    gas_label.configure(text=str(get_current_gas()) + " ppm") # Displays current gas level
as label content
```

```
# Tkinter Labels
```

```
# label for the gas level slider
```

```
slider_gas_label = ttk.Label(root,text='Set Gas Level:')
```

```
slider_gas_label.grid(column=0,row=0,sticky='w')
```

```
# Gas Level slider
```

```
slider_gas = ttk.Scale(root,from_=0,to=3000,orient='horizontal',
```

```
command=slider_changed,variable=current_gas) slider_gas.grid(column=1,row=0,sticky='we')
```

```
# current gas level label
```

```
current_gas_label = ttk.Label(root,text='Current Gas Level:')
```

```
current_gas_label.grid(row=1,columnspan=2,sticky='n',ipadx=10,ipady=10)
```

```
# Gas level label (value gets displayed here)
```

```
gas_label = ttk.Label(root,text=str(get_current_gas()) + " ppm")
```

```
gas_label.grid(row=2,columnspan=2,sticky='n')
```

```
def publisher_thread():
```

```
    thread = Thread(target=publish_data)
```

```
    thread.start()
```

```
def publish_data():
```

```
    # Exception Handling
```

```
    try:
```

```
        deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-  
method": authMethod,
```

```
                        "auth-token": authToken}
```

```
        deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
```

```
    except Exception as e:
```

```
        print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
```

```
        sys.exit()
```

```
deviceCli.connect() # Connect to IBM Watson IoT Platform
```

```
while True:
```

```
    gas_level = int(current_gas.get())
```

```

data = {'gas_level': gas_level}

def myOnPublishCallback():
    print("Published Gas Level = %s ppm" % gas_level, "to IBM Watson")

    success = deviceCli.publishEvent("event", "json", data, qos=0,
on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
    if not success:
        print("Not connected to IoT")
        time.sleep(1)

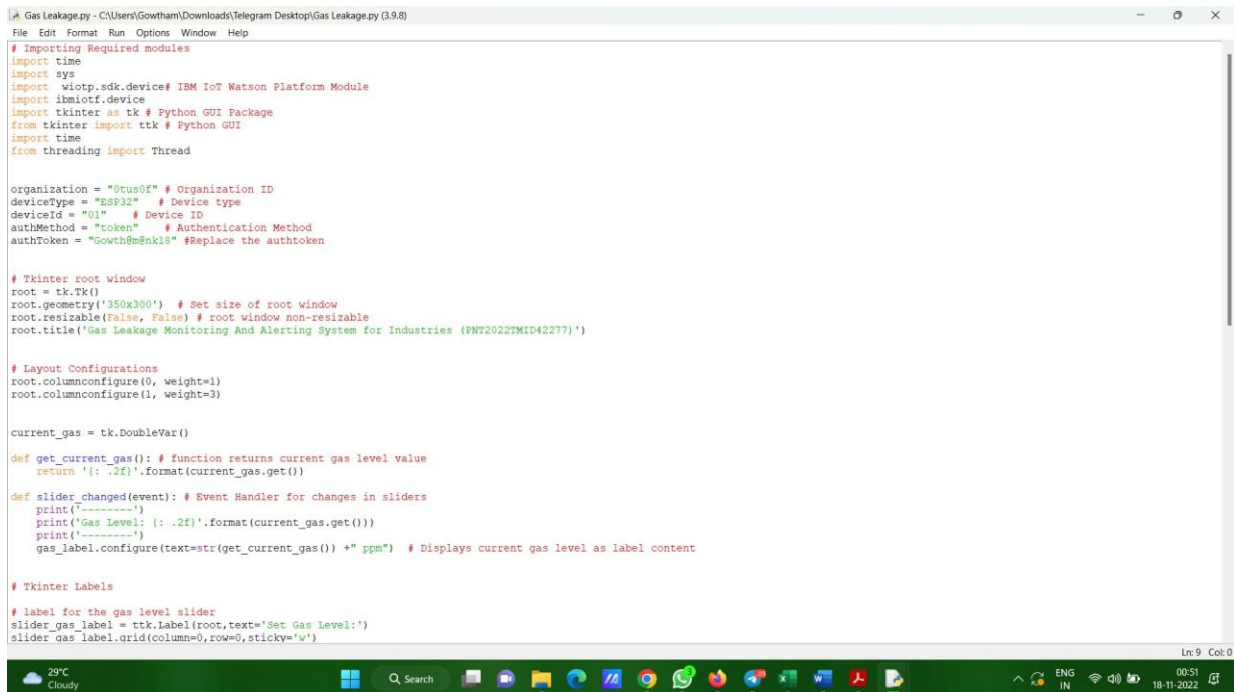
publisher_thread()

root.mainloop() # startup Tkinter GUI

# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()

```

## CODE:



```

Gas Leakage.py - C:\Users\Gowtham\Downloads\Telegram Desktop\Gas Leakage.py (3.9.8)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

# Importing Required modules
import time
import sys
import wiotp.sdk.device # IBM IoT Watson Platform Module
import ibmiotcf.device
import tkinter as tk # Python GUI Package
from tkinter import ttk # Python GUI
import time
from threading import Thread

organization = "0tus0f" # Organization ID
deviceType = "ESP32" # Device type
deviceId = "01" # Device ID
authMethod = "token" # Authentication Method
authToken = "Gowtham@nklis" # Replace the authToken

# Tkinter root window
root = tk.Tk()
root.geometry('350x300') # Set size of root window
root.resizable(False, False) # root window non-resizable
root.title('Gas Leakage Monitoring And Alerting System for Industries (PNT2022TMD42277)')

# Layout Configurations
root.columnconfigure(0, weight=1)
root.columnconfigure(1, weight=3)

current_gas = tk.DoubleVar()

def get_current_gas(): # function returns current gas level value
    return '{:.2f}'.format(current_gas.get())

def slider_changed(event): # Event Handler for changes in sliders
    print('-----')
    print('Gas Level: {:.2f}'.format(current_gas.get()))
    print('-----')
    gas_label.configure(text=str(get_current_gas()) + " ppm") # Displays current gas level as label content

# Tkinter Labels

# label for the gas level slider
slider_gas_label = ttk.Label(root, text='Set Gas Level:')
slider_gas_label.grid(column=0, row=0, sticky='w')

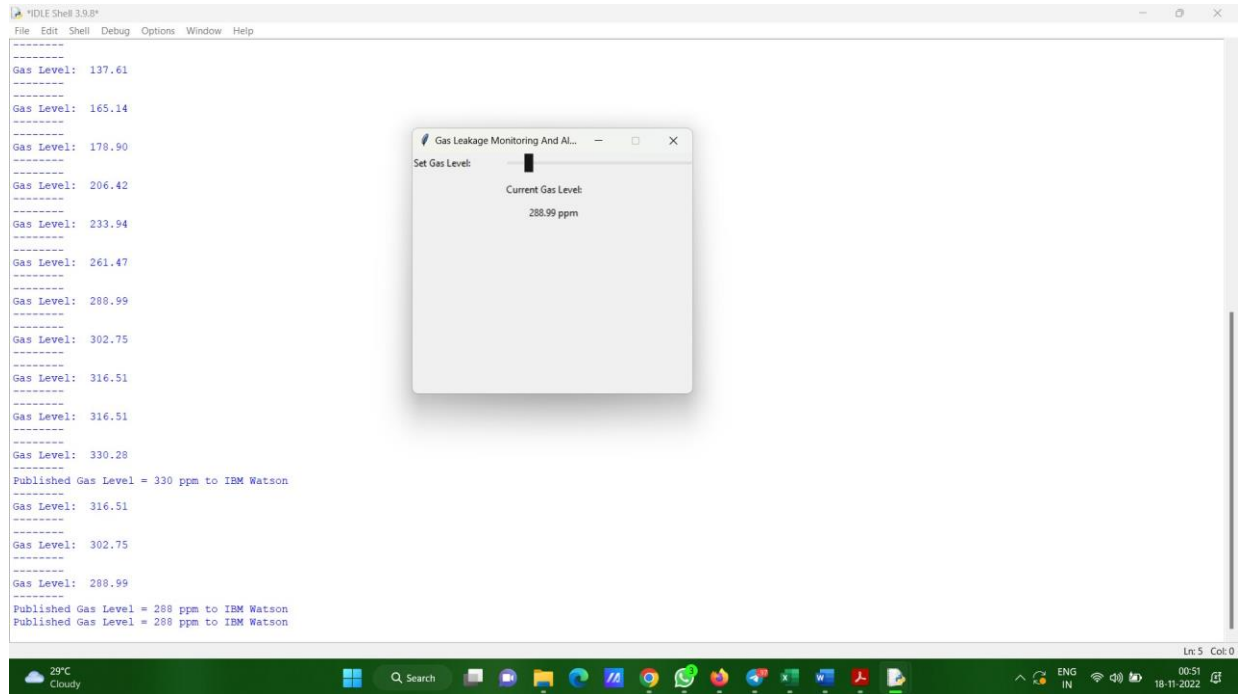
```

## OUTPUT:

```
*IDLE Shell 3.9.8*
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

-----
Gas Level: 137.61
-----
Gas Level: 165.14
-----
Gas Level: 170.90
-----
Gas Level: 206.42
-----
Gas Level: 233.94
-----
Gas Level: 261.47
-----
Gas Level: 288.99
-----
Gas Level: 302.75
-----
Gas Level: 316.51
-----
Gas Level: 316.51
-----
Gas Level: 330.28
-----
Published Gas Level = 330 ppm to IBM Watson
Gas Level: 316.51
-----
Gas Level: 302.75
-----
Gas Level: 288.99
-----
Published Gas Level = 288 ppm to IBM Watson
Published Gas Level = 288 ppm to IBM Watson

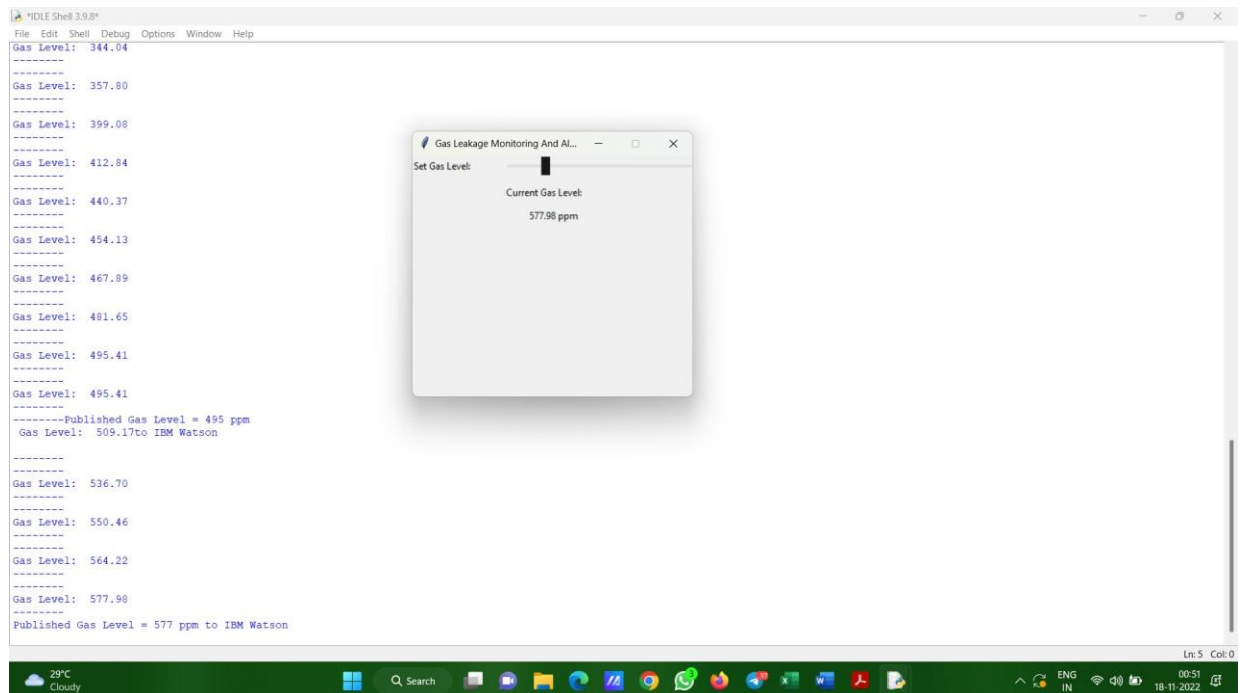
Ln: 5 Col: 0
```



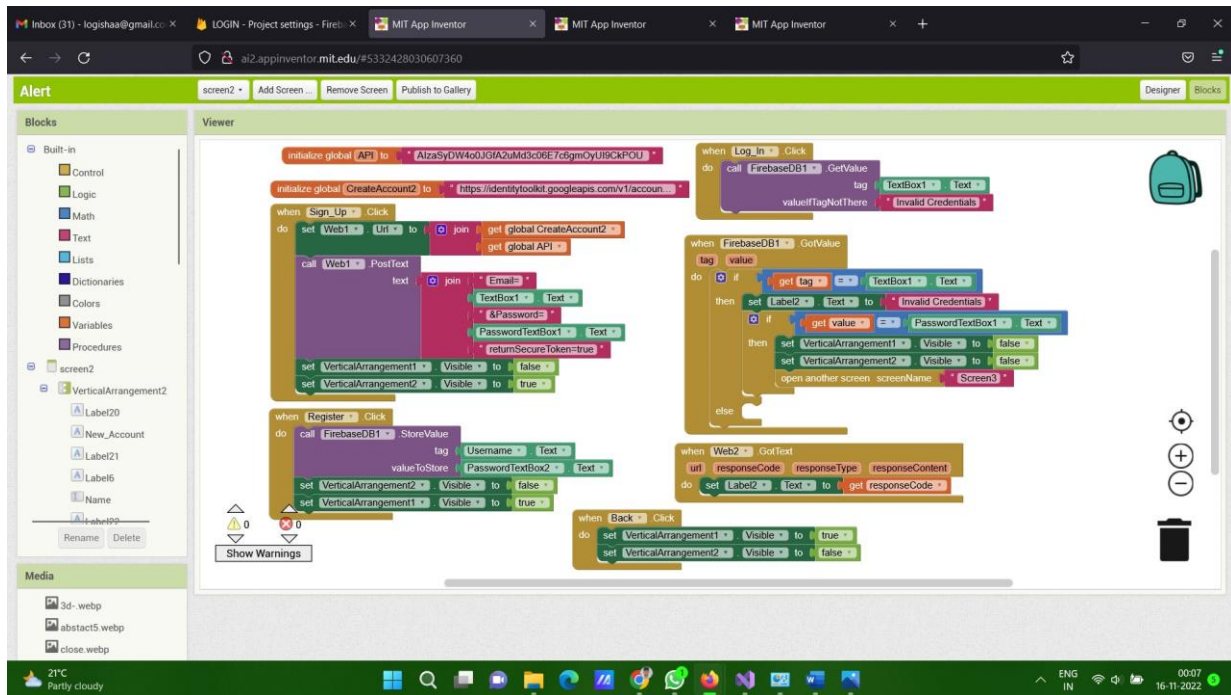
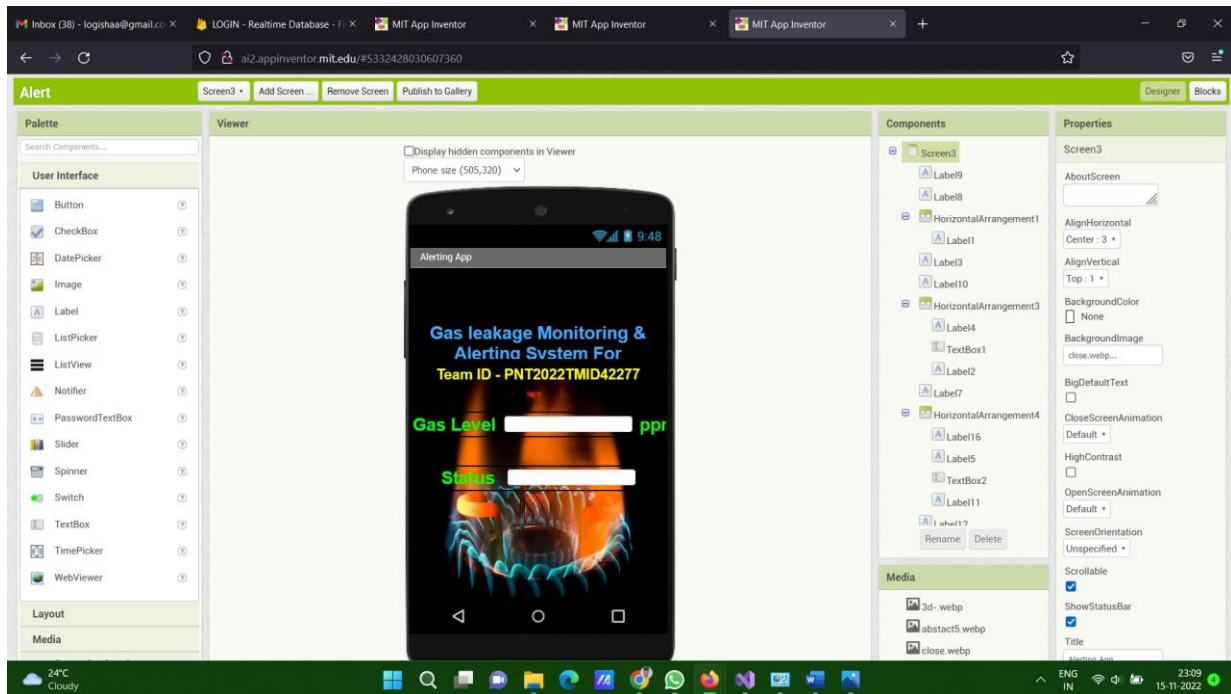
```
*IDLE Shell 3.9.8*
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

-----
Gas Level: 344.04
-----
Gas Level: 357.80
-----
Gas Level: 399.08
-----
Gas Level: 412.84
-----
Gas Level: 440.37
-----
Gas Level: 454.13
-----
Gas Level: 467.89
-----
Gas Level: 481.65
-----
Gas Level: 495.41
-----
Gas Level: 495.41
-----
-----Published Gas Level = 495 ppm
Gas Level: 509.17to IBM Watson
-----
Gas Level: 536.70
-----
Gas Level: 550.46
-----
Gas Level: 564.22
-----
Gas Level: 577.98
-----
Published Gas Level = 577 ppm to IBM Watson

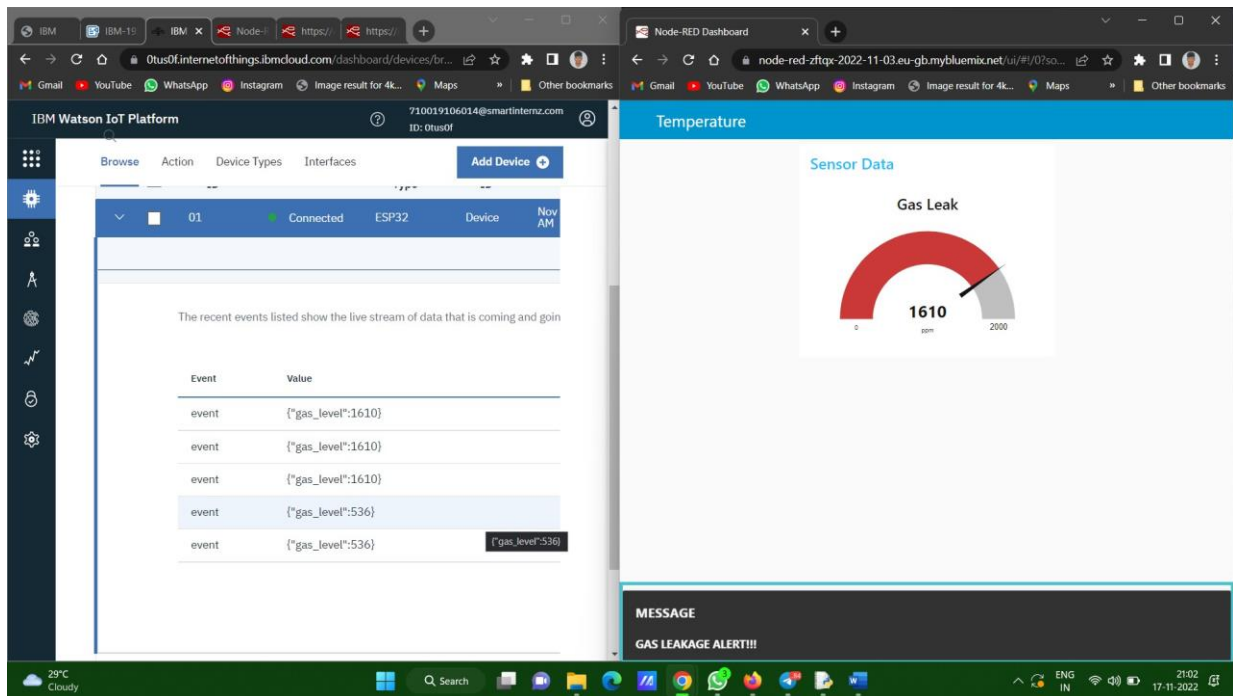
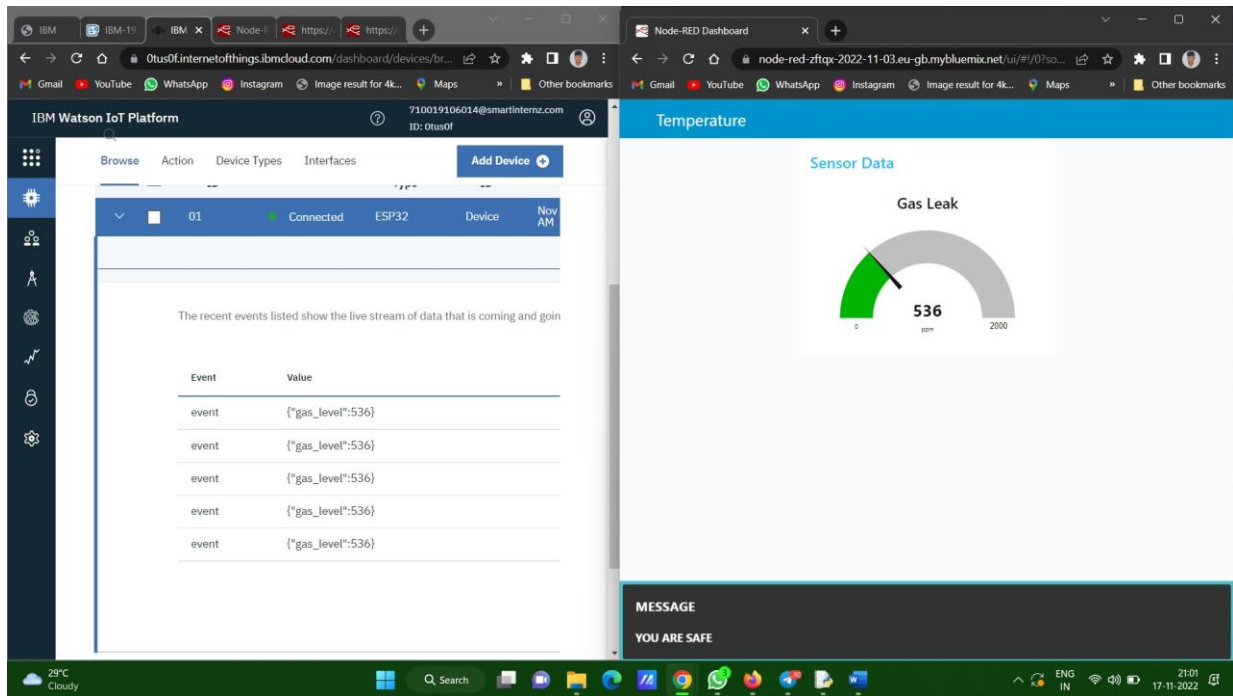
Ln: 5 Col: 0
```



## 8. Testing:









## **9. Result:**

The system can be taken as a small attempt in connecting the existing primary gas detection methods to a mobile platform integrated with IoT platforms. The gases are sensed in an area of 1m radius of the rover and the sensor output data are continuously transferred to the local server. The accuracy of sensors is not up to the mark thus stray gases are also detected which creates an amount of error in the outputs of the sensors, especially in case of methane. Further the availability and storage of toxic gases like hydrogen sulphide also creates problems for testing the assembled hardware. As the system operates outside the pipeline, the complication of system maintenance and material selection of the system in case of corrosive gases is reduced. Thus, the system at this stage can only be use data primary indicator of leakage inside a plant.

## **10. Advantages/Disadvantages:**

### **10.1 Advantages:**

1. Get real-time alerts about the gaseous presence in the atmosphere.
2. Prevent fire hazards and explosions.
3. Supervise gas concentration levels.
4. Ensure worker's health.
5. Real-time updates about leakages.
6. Cost-effective installation.
7. Data analytics for improved decisions.
8. Measure oxygen level accuracy.
9. Get immediate gas leak alerts.

### **10.2 Disadvantages:**

1. It requires air or oxygen to work.
2. It gets reacted due to heating of wire.
3. It can be poisoned by lead, chlorine and silicon

## 11. CONCLUSION:

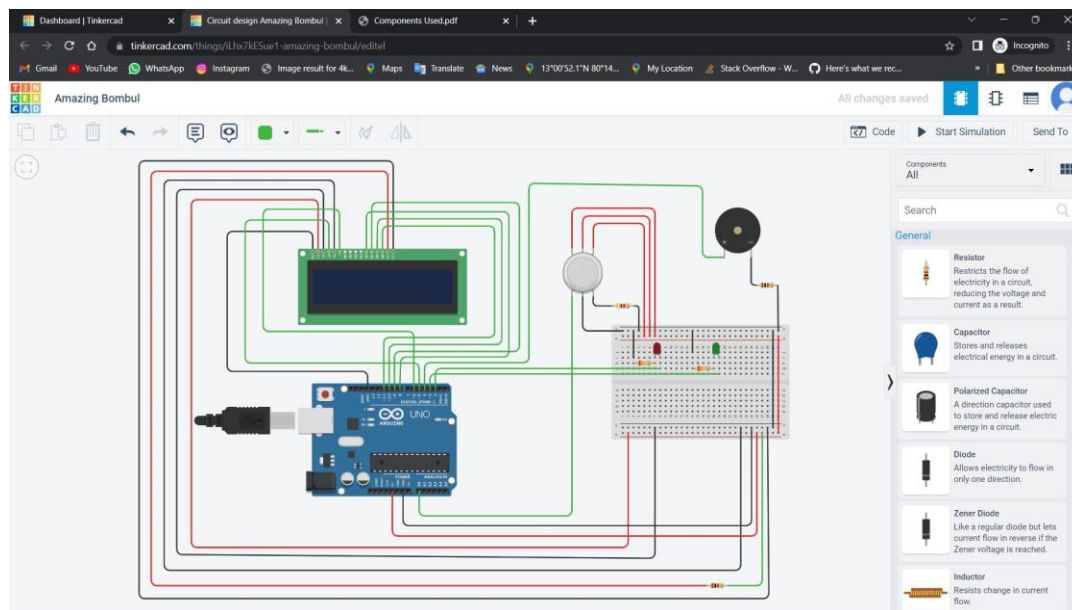
This gas leak detector system contains two features, this includes the SMS Gateway feature for only sending warning information regarding the gas leak to user, and the alarm for the warning alert. There is some improvement which can be applied for the future work, such as regarding the SMS Gateway, it need to enhance with feature such as notifying the user whenever the remaining credit balance is insufficient. Another thing which can be enhanced is regarding the sensor, the sensors in this module do not include somewhat notification for notifying the user whenever the sensor not working properly or not connected to the micro-controller for some cases, therefore, it is recommended to add this kind of features in the future work for better refinement.

## 12. FUTURE SCOPE:

We propose to build the system using an MQ6 gas detection sensor and interface it with an Aurdino Uno microcontroller along with an LCD Display. This system uses the gas sensor to detect any gas leakages. The gas sensor sends out a signal to the microcontroller as soon as it encounters a gas leakage. The microcontroller processes this signal and a message is displayed on the LCD to alert the user.

## 13. APPENDIX:

### 13.1 Circuit Diagram:



## 13.2 Components:

The design of a sensor-based automatic gas leakage detector with an alert and control system. The components are

| S.NO | NAME OF THE COMPONENT | QUANTITY |
|------|-----------------------|----------|
| 1    | Arduino Uno R3        | 1        |
| 2    | LCD 16x2              | 1        |
| 3    | Piezo                 | 1        |
| 4    | Gas sensor            | 1        |
| 5    | 1 k ohm Resistor      | 1        |
| 6    | 2.3 k ohm Resistor    | 1        |
| 7    | 4.7 k ohm Resistor    | 1        |
| 8    | Red LED               | 1        |
| 9    | Green LED             | 1        |

## 13.4 Source Code:

```
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
LiquidCrystal lcd(5,6,8,9,10,11);
```

```
int redled = A5;
int greenled = A3;
int buzzer = 4;
int sensor = A0;
int sensorThresh = 400;
void setup()
{
  pinMode(redled, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(greenled, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(sensor, INPUT);
  Serial.begin(9600);
```

```
lcd.begin(16,2);
}
void loop()
{
  int analogValue = analogRead(sensor);
  Serial.println(analogValue);
  if(analogValue>sensorThresh)
  {
    digitalWrite(redled,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(greenled,LOW);
    tone(buzzer,1000,10000);
    lcd.clear();
    lcd.setCursor(0,1);
    lcd.print("ALERT");
    Serial.print("ALERT");
    delay(1000);
    lcd.clear();
    lcd.setCursor(0,1);
    lcd.print("EVACUATE");
    Serial.println(" -- EVACUATE");
    delay(1000);
  }
  else
  {
    digitalWrite(greenled,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(redled,LOW);
    noTone(buzzer);
    lcd.clear();
    lcd.setCursor(0,0);
    lcd.print("SAFE");
    Serial.print("SAFE");
    delay(1000);
    lcd.clear();
    lcd.setCursor(0,1);
    lcd.print("ALL CLEAR");
    Serial.println(" -- ALL CLEAR");
    delay(1000);
  }
}
```

### 13.5 GITHUB:

Link: [IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-37635-1660314797](#)

### 13.6 Demo Video:

Link:

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1rHceqA7leAwoj6QAqUpYDpglcjtNWAq8?usp=sharing>