

**Assignment -1**  
Python Programming

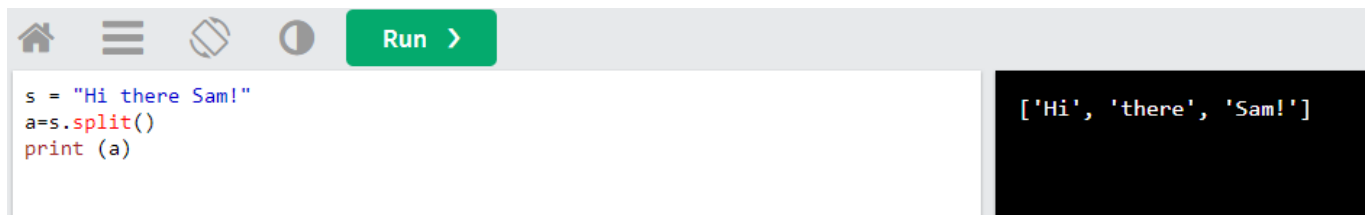
Assignment Date	03 October 2022
Student Name	Ms Gummireddy Harshitha
Student Roll Number	111619106041
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

### Question-1:

#### Split this string

**Solution:**

```
s = "Hi there Sam!"  
a=s.split()  
print (a)
```



The screenshot shows a Python IDE interface. At the top, there is a toolbar with icons for home, menu, undo, and redo, followed by a green 'Run' button. Below the toolbar, the code editor contains the following Python code:

```
s = "Hi there Sam!"  
a=s.split()  
print (a)
```

To the right of the code editor, the output is displayed in a black box with white text: `['Hi', 'there', 'Sam!']`.

### Question-2:

#### Use .format() to print the following string.

**Output should be: The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.**

**Solution:**

```
planet = "Earth"  
diameter = 12742  
  
print("The diameter of {} is {}  
kilometers.".format(planet,diameter))
```



Run >

Result Size: 668

```
planet = "Earth"  
diameter = 12742  
print("The diameter of {} is {} kilometers.".format(planet,diameter))
```

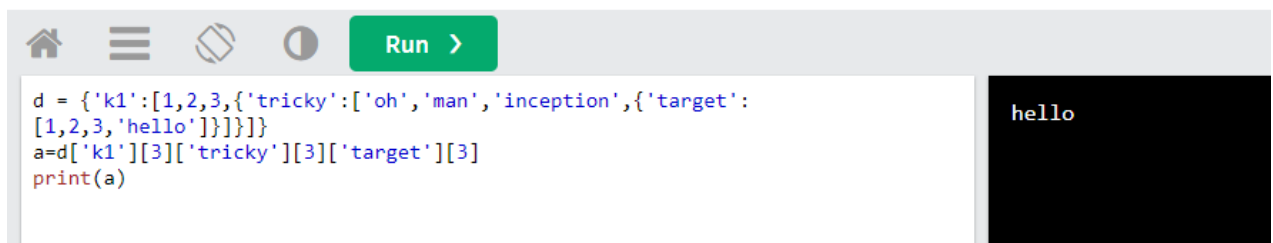
The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

### Question-3:

**In this nest dictionary grab the word "hello"**

#### Solution:

```
d={'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',
{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
a=d['k1'][3]['tricky'][3]['target'][3]
print(a)
```



```
d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':
[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
a=d['k1'][3]['tricky'][3]['target'][3]
print(a)
```

hello

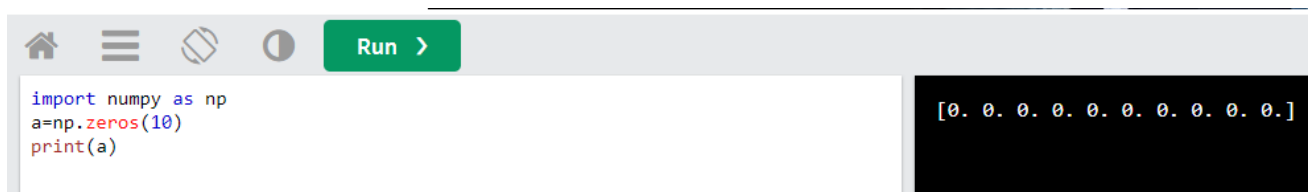
### Question-4:

#### NUMPY

**4.1- Create an array of 10 zeros?**

#### Solution:

```
import numpy as np
a=np.zeros(10)
print(a)
```



```
import numpy as np
a=np.zeros(10)
print(a)
```

[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]

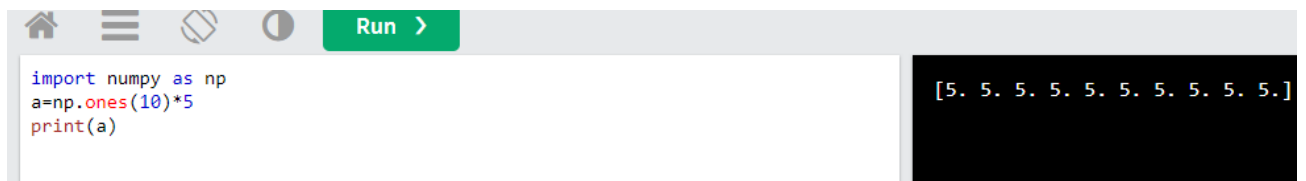
## 4.2 Create an array of 10 fives?

Solution:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
a=np.ones(10)*5
```

```
print(a)
```



The image shows a Jupyter Notebook interface. The code editor on the left contains the following code:

```
import numpy as np
a=np.ones(10)*5
print(a)
```

The output area on the right displays the result of the code execution:

```
[5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.]
```

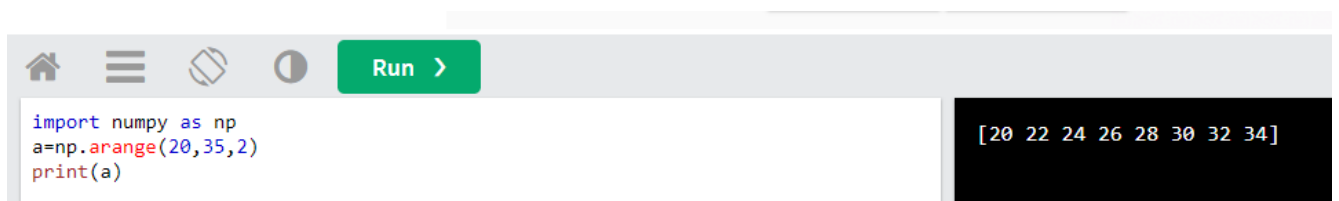
## 5. Create an array of all the even integers from 20 to 35

Solution:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
a=np.arange(20,35,2)
```

```
print(a)
```



The image shows a Jupyter Notebook interface. The code editor on the left contains the following code:

```
import numpy as np
a=np.arange(20,35,2)
print(a)
```

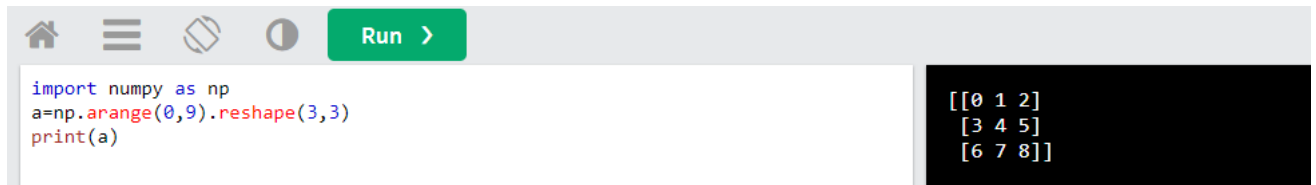
The output area on the right displays the result of the code execution:

```
[20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34]
```

## 6. Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

### Solution:

```
import numpy as np
a=np.arange(0,9).reshape(3,3)
print(a)
```



```
import numpy as np
a=np.arange(0,9).reshape(3,3)
print(a)
```

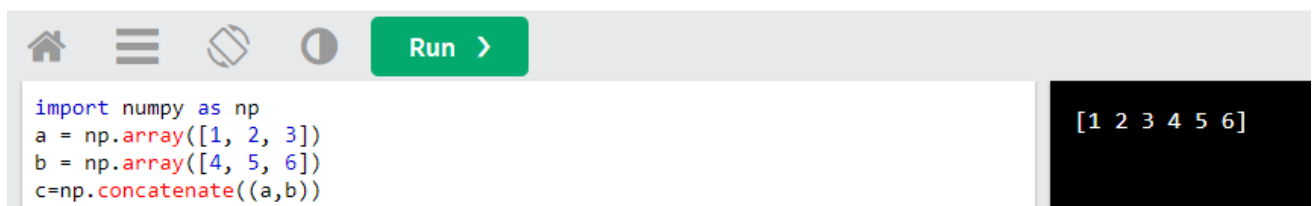
```
[[0 1 2]
 [3 4 5]
 [6 7 8]]
```

## 7. Concatenate a and b

**a = np.array([1, 2, 3]), b = np.array([4, 5, 6])**

### Solution:

```
import numpy as np
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
b = np.array([4, 5, 6])
c=np.concatenate((a,b))
print(c)
```



```
import numpy as np
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
b = np.array([4, 5, 6])
c=np.concatenate((a,b))
print(c)
```

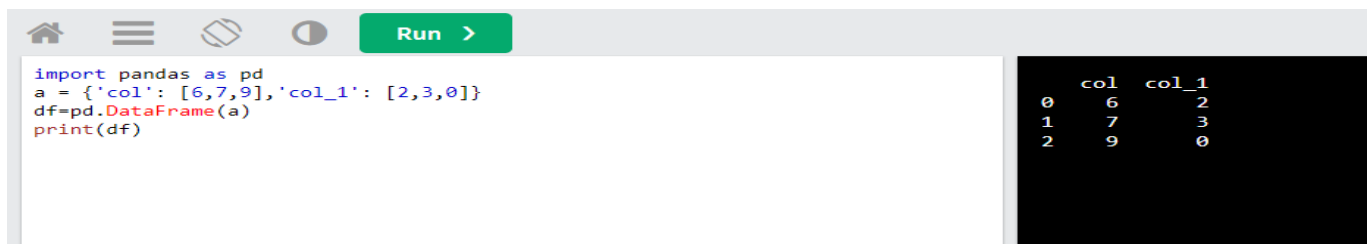
```
[1 2 3 4 5 6]
```

# Pandas

## 8. Create a dataframe with 3 rows and 2 columns

### Solution:

```
import pandas as pd
a = {'col': [6,7,9], 'col_1': [2,3,0]}
df=pd.DataFrame(a)
print(df)
```



The screenshot shows a code editor with a toolbar at the top containing icons for home, menu, undo, redo, and a 'Run' button. The code in the editor is:

```
import pandas as pd
a = {'col': [6,7,9], 'col_1': [2,3,0]}
df=pd.DataFrame(a)
print(df)
```

The output of the code is displayed on the right side of the editor, showing a DataFrame with 3 rows and 2 columns:

	col	col_1
0	6	2
1	7	3
2	9	0

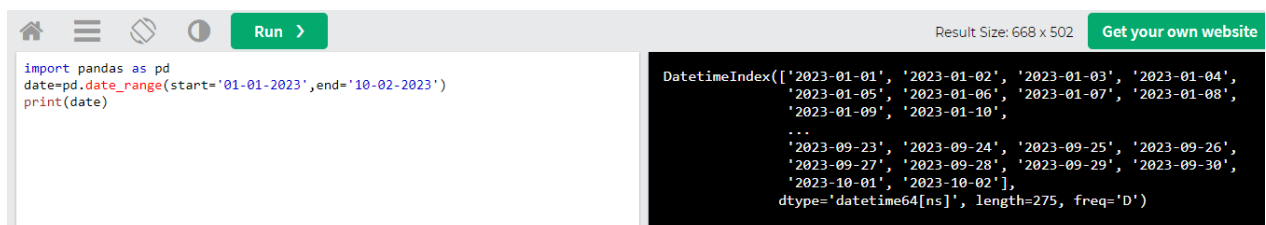
## 9. Generate the series of dates from 1st Jan, 2023 to 10th Feb, 2023

### Solution:

```
import pandas as pd

date=pd.date_range(start='01-01-2023',end='10-02-2023')

print(date)
```



The screenshot shows a code editor with a toolbar at the top containing icons for home, menu, undo, redo, and a 'Run' button. The code in the editor is:

```
import pandas as pd
date=pd.date_range(start='01-01-2023',end='10-02-2023')
print(date)
```

The output of the code is displayed on the right side of the editor, showing a DatetimeIndex with 275 dates from 2023-01-01 to 2023-10-02:

```
DatetimeIndex(['2023-01-01', '2023-01-02', '2023-01-03', '2023-01-04',
               '2023-01-05', '2023-01-06', '2023-01-07', '2023-01-08',
               '2023-01-09', '2023-01-10',
               ...,
               '2023-09-23', '2023-09-24', '2023-09-25', '2023-09-26',
               '2023-09-27', '2023-09-28', '2023-09-29', '2023-09-30',
               '2023-10-01', '2023-10-02'],
              dtype='datetime64[ns]', length=275, freq='D')
```

## 10. Create 2D list to DataFrame

**lists = [[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]**

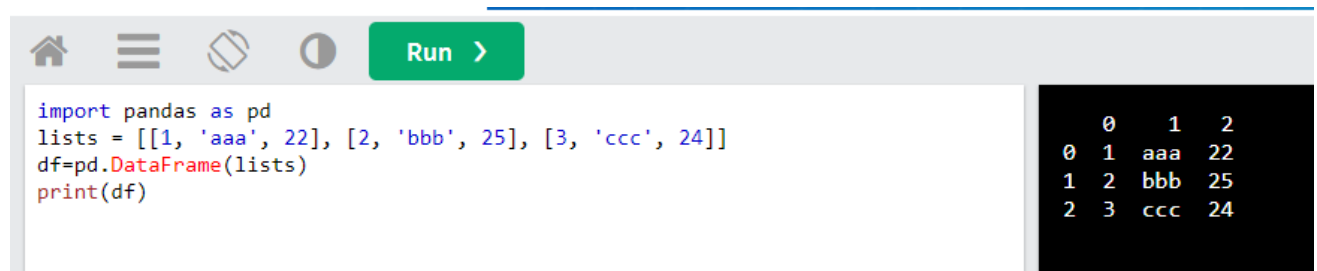
**Solution:**

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
lists = [[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]
```

```
df=pd.DataFrame(lists)
```

```
print(df)
```



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface. The top bar contains icons for home, menu, undo, and redo, along with a green 'Run' button. The code cell contains the following Python code:

```
import pandas as pd
lists = [[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]
df=pd.DataFrame(lists)
print(df)
```

The output cell displays the resulting DataFrame as a table:

	0	1	2
0	1	aaa	22
1	2	bbb	25
2	3	ccc	24

