

TEAM ID - PNT2022TMID43140

Corporate Employee Attrition Analytics

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Description

Employee is the most important human capital asset who results to reflect the success of organization. The brunt of globalization has resulted to mobilization of workforce from one organization to another, region to region and sometime from one country to another. Hence, it has become greatest challenge for HR manager to handle the loss of skilled employee's attrition. In HR practice, the term Employee Turnover and Attrition are interchangeable with respect to industry its causes. Attrition means reduction of employee through retirement, resignation, or death. Employee Attrition is serious issue that addresses the voluntary or forceful termination of talent and skilled employee, which affects the goodwill and productivity of organization. Employee Attrition can be indicated that employees are leaving due work related or personal problem. In most of the research it has been found that work related is the major cause for higher employee attrition rate. High attrition results to loss on the cost of company spent on recruitment and training. The impact of employee attrition leaves a long term negative impression on goodwill of organization. In simple words, it can be said that employee attrition is caused due to non fulfillment of employee's perception or expectation towards employer or failure of employer's commitment towards employees satisfaction.

1.2 Project Purpose

In currently a day's worker Attrition prediction become a serious drawback within the organizations. worker Attrition may be a huge organizations specially once trained, technical and key workers leave for a much better chance from the organization. This leads to loss to interchange a trained worker. Therefore, we tend to use this and past worker knowledge to research the common reasons for worker attrition or attrition.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Existing problem

well-trained and well-adapted employee leaves the organization, it creates a vacuum. The paper aims at identifying factors affecting employee attrition like, growth opportunities, work environment, business travel opportunities, superior – subordinate relationship, recognition and appreciation, years since last promotion etc. These factors would then be used to predict employee attrition. This prediction would help in retaining valuable employees by providing incentive

2.2 References

[01] Sandeep Yadav, Aman Jain, Deepti Singh, “Early Prediction of Employee Attrition using Data Mining Techniques” in IEEE 2018.

[02] R Shiva Shankar, J Rajanikanth, V.V.Sivaramaraju, K VSSR Murthy, ” PREDICTION OF EMPLOYEE ATTRITION USING DATA MINING”, in IEEE

[03] Rachna Jain, Anand Nayyar,” Predicting Employee Attrition using XGBoost Machine Learning Approach”, in IEEE 2018

[04] Sarah S. Alduayj, Kashif Rajpoot, “Predicting Employee Attrition using Machine Learning”, in IEEE 2018.

[5] Nagadevara, Vishnuprasad. (2018). Early Prediction of Employee Attrition in Software Companies Application of Data Mining Techniques.

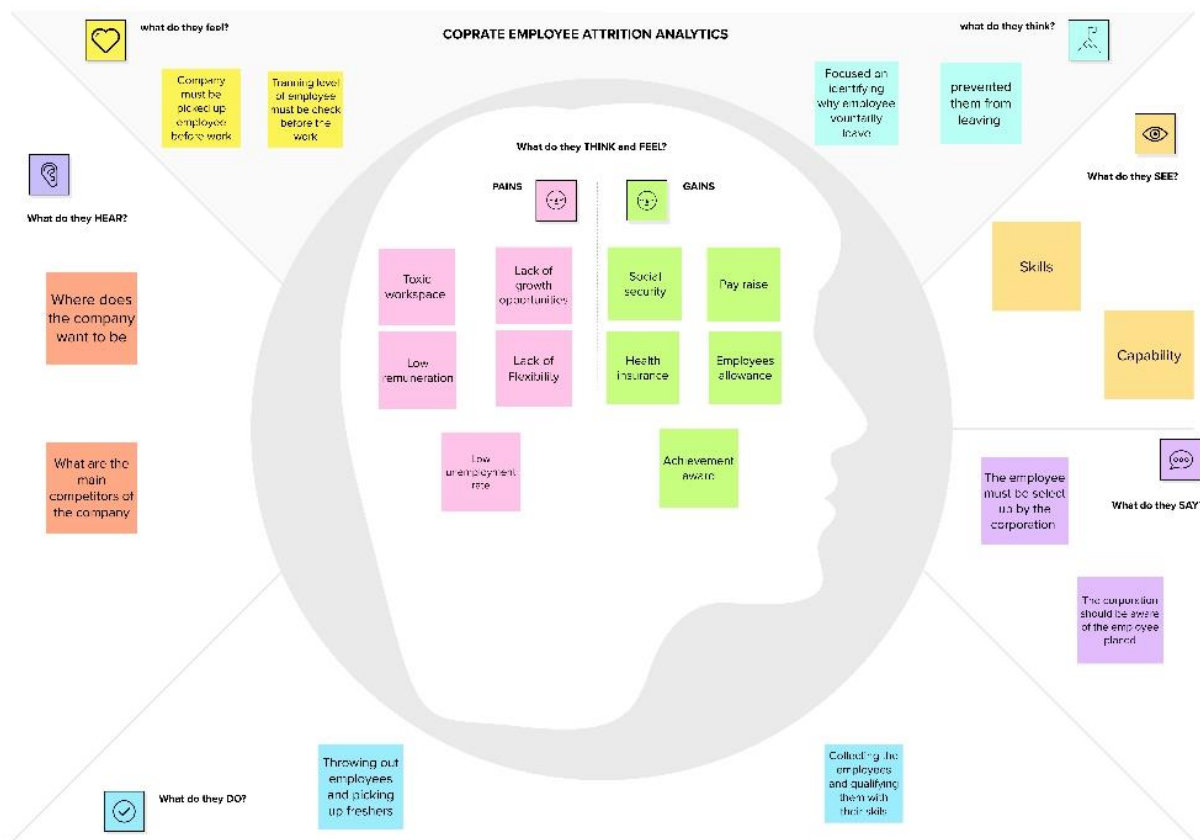
2.3 Problem Statement Definition

Attrition is critical in the industry these days. It's the major problem which highlights in all the organizations. “Attrition is said to be the gradual reduction in

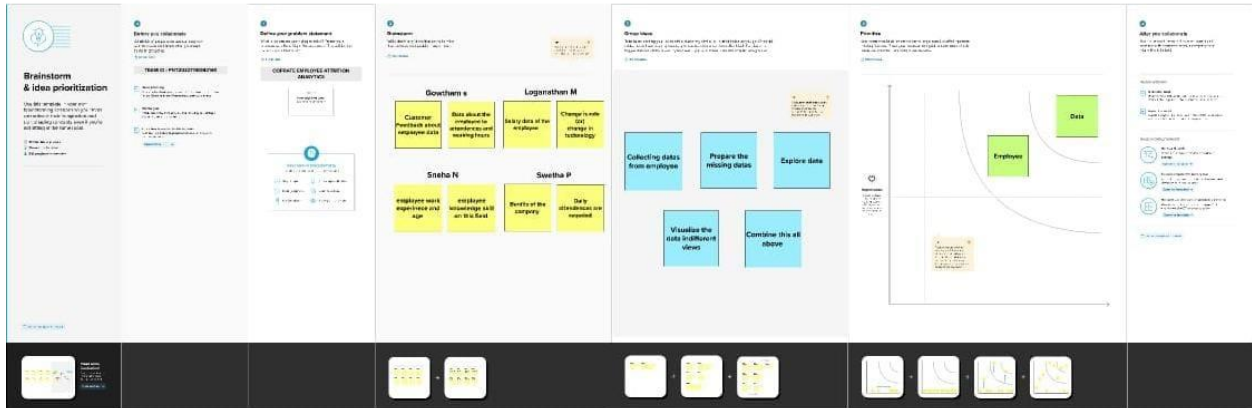
the number of employees through retirement, resignation or death. It can also be said as Employee Turnover or Employee Defection” A well-trained and well adapted employee leaves the organization, it creates a vacuum. So, the organization loses key skills, knowledge and business relationships.

3.IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas



3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming



3.3 Proposed Solution

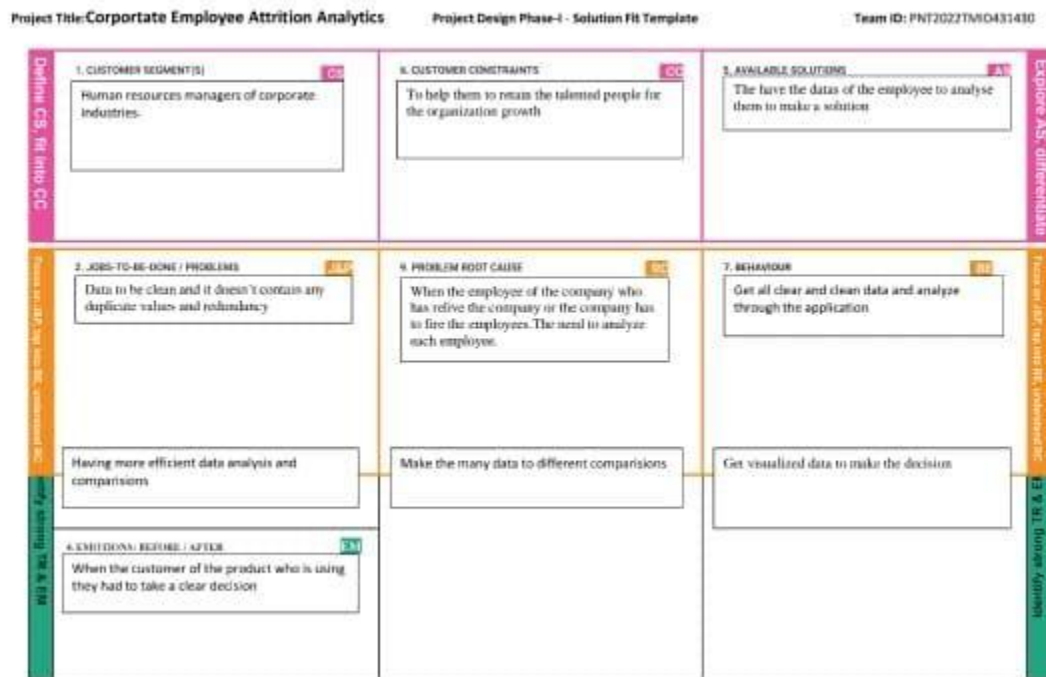
Proposed Solution Template:

Project team shall fill the following information in proposed solution template.

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	Talented persons to be granted and appreciated and retained
2.	Idea / Solution description	Data of the every employee to be recorded and analyzed
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Each and every data will be more accurate.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	HR of the company should easy to make the decision.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Talented persons of the company should be retained for the company growth
6.	Scalability of the Solution	The given solution to be more reliable and scalable.

3.4 Problem Solution Fit

4.



REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 Functional Requirement

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	Visiting website	Visiting website to view different employees attrition .
		Visiting website to view selected employees attrition.
FR-2	Analysing	Analysing performance of the employee.
		An analysing monetary detail of the employee.
		Analysing overtime working of the employee.

4.2 Non – Functional Requirement

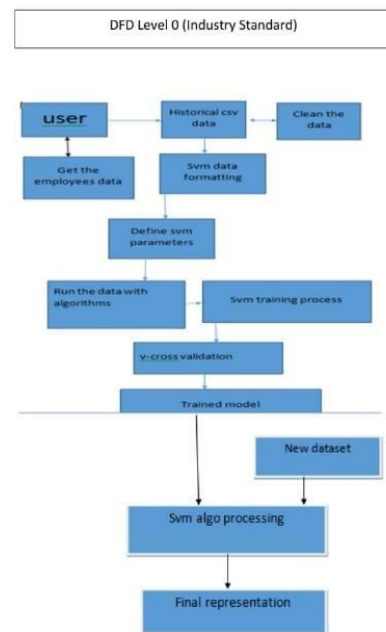
Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	The UI should be simple enough for everyone to understand .
NFR-2	Security	The website must be secure enough to trust by the users.
NFR-3	Reliability	The UI should be able to withstand any errors in the data.
NFR-4	Performance	Data visualization of different attrition components are shown.
NFR-5	Availability	The UI should respond to the users within 2 seconds.
NFR-6	Scalability	Best algorithms are used analyse the attrition component.

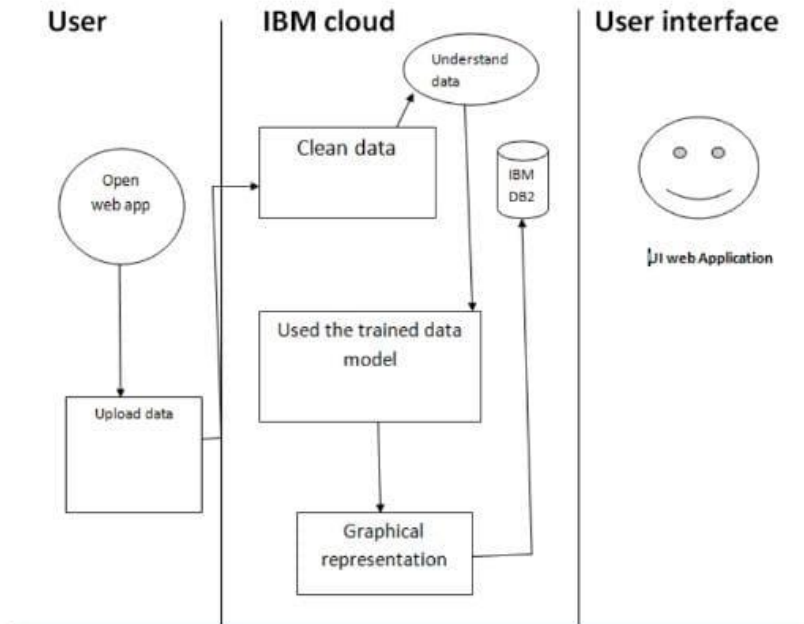
5.PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 Data Flow Diagram



5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture

Technical Architecture:



5.3 User Stories

User Stories

Use the below template to list all the user stories for the product.

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	Registration using Google	I can access my account through google	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	Create Credentials	I can access my account through Credentials	High	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-3	Login through google or credentials		High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard		Used data , recent data , home , analysis data			
Customer (Web user)			Select data from files			
Customer Care Executive			Troubleshoot website issues			
Administrator			Maintain the DB			

6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application	2	High	Loganathan, sneha
Sprint-1	Login	USN-2	I can enter the credentials to login	1	High	Sneha
Sprint-1	Collect Data	USN-2	Collect data	2	High	Gowtham
Sprint-2		USN-3	Develop algorithm	3	Low	Gowtham, Loganathan
Sprint-2		USN-4	Create web app	2	Medium	sneha
Sprint-3		USN-5	Incorporate the algo and the process of database using cloud	3	High	Sneha, sneha
Sprint-3	Dashboard	USN-6	Design and add the function of the dashboard	2	High	Gowtham, Sneha
Sprint-4	Data process	USN-7	Create the visualize data in cognos	2	medium	Loganathan
Sprint-4	Final project	USN-8	Combination of All	3	High	Gowtham, loganathan, sneha, sneha

6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	5	6 Days	24 oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	5	05 nov 2022
Sprint-2	5	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	10 Nov 2022	5	10 nov 2022
Sprint-3	5	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	16 Nov 2022	5	14 nov 2022
Sprint-4	5	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	5	18 nov 2022

6.3 Report from Jira

Burndown Chart:

A burn down chart is a graphical representation of work left to do versus time. It is often used in agile software development methodologies such as Scrum. However, burn down charts can be applied to any project containing measurable progress over time.



7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

Employee Attrtition with ml deployment:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html >

<head>

<meta charset="UTF-8">

<title>Employee Attrition Prediction</title>

<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>

<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Arimo' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>

<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Hind:300' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
```

```
<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Open+Sans+Condensed:300' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<div class="login">
```

```
<h1>Predict Attrition</h1>
```

```
<!-- Main Input For Receiving Query to our ML -->
```

```
<form action="{{ url_for('predict')}}" method="POST" autocomplete="on">
```

```
<strong>Age</strong> :<input type="number" name="Age" placeholder="18-80" required min="18" max="80"><br><br>
```

```
<strong>BusinessTravel</strong> :<input type="radio" name="BusinessTravel" id="Rarely" value="Rarely">Rarely <input type="radio" name="BusinessTravel" id="Frequently" value="Frequently"> Frequently<input type="radio" name="BusinessTravel" id="No Travel" value="No Travel">No Travel<br><br>
```

```
<strong>Daily Rate</strong> :<input type="number" name="Daily Rate" placeholder="100-1600" required min="100" max="1600" size="30"><br><br>
```

```
<strong>Department</strong> :<input type="radio" name="Department" id="Research & Development" value="Research & Development">Research &Development <input type="radio" name="Department" id="Human Resources" value="Human Resources">Human Resources <input type="radio" name="Department" id="Sales" value="Sales">Sales<br><br>
```

```
<strong>Distance From Home</strong> :<input type="number" name="Distance From Home" placeholder="1-29" required min="1" max="29"><br><br>
```

Education :<input type="number" name="Education" placeholder="1-5" required min="1" max="5">

Education Field : <input type="radio" name="Education Field" id="Life Sciences" value="Life Sciences">Life Sciences <input type="radio" name="Education Field" id="Medical" value="Medical">Medical <input type="radio" name="Education Field" id="Marketing" value="Marketing">Marketing <input type="radio" name="Education Field" id="Technical Degree" value="Technical Degree">Technical Degree <input type="radio" name="Education Field" id="Human Resources" value="Human Resources">Human Resources <input type="radio" name="Education Field" id="Other" value="Other">Other

Environment Satisfaction :<input type="number" name="Environment Satisfaction" placeholder="1-4" required min="1" max="4">

Gender :<input type="radio" name="Gender" id="Male" value="Male">Male <input type="radio" name="Gender" id="Female" value="Female">Female

Hourly Rate :<input type="number" name="Hourly Rate" placeholder="30-100" required min="30" max="100">

Job Involvement :<input type="number" name="Job Involvement" placeholder="1-4" required min="1" max="4">

Job Level :<input type="number" name="Job Level" placeholder="1-5" required min="1" max="5">

Job Role : <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Sales Executive" value="Sales Executives">Sales Executive <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Research Scientist" value="Research Scientist">Research Scientist <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Laboratory Technician" value="Laboratory Technician">Laboratory Technician <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Manufacturing Director" value="Manufacturing Director">Manufacturing Director <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Healthcare Representative" value="Healthcare Representative">Healthcare Representative <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Manager" value="Manager">Manager <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Sales Representative" value="Sales Representative">Sales Representative <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Research Director" value="Research Director">Research Director <input type="radio" name="Job Role" id="Human Resource" value="Human Resources">Human Resources

Job Satisfaction :<input type="number" name="Job Satisfaction" placeholder="1-4" required min="1" max="4">

Marital Status :<input type="radio" name="Marital Status" id="Married" value="Married">Married <input type="radio" name="Marital Status" id="Single" value="Single">Single
<input type="radio" name="Marital Status" id="Divorced" value="Divorced">Divorced

Monthly Income :<input type="number" name="Monthly Income" placeholder="1000-20000" required min="1000" max="20000" size="30"> (1000-20000)

Number of Companies Worked in :<input type="number" name="Number of Companies Worked in" placeholder="0-9" required min="1" max="9">

Over Time :<input type="radio" name="Over Time" id="Yes" value="Yes">Yes <input type="radio" name="Over Time" id="No" value="No">No

Performance Rating :<input type="number" name="Performance Rating" placeholder="1-4" required min="1" max="4">

Relationship Satisfaction :<input type="number" name="Relationship Satisfaction" placeholder="1-4" required min="1" max="4">

Stock Option Level :<input type="number" name="Stock Option Level" placeholder="0-3" required min="0" max="3">

Total Working Years :<input type="number" name="Total Working Years" placeholder="0-40" required min="0" max="40">

Training Times Last Year :<input type="number" name="Training Times Last Year" placeholder="0-6" required min="0" max="6">

Work Life Balance :<input type="number" name="Work Life Balance" placeholder="1-4" required min="1" max="4">

Years At Company :<input type="number" name="Years At Company" placeholder="0-40" required min="0" max="40">

Years In Current Role :<input type="number" name="Years In Current Role" placeholder="0-18" required min="0" max="18">

Years Since Last Promotion :<input type="number" name="Years Since Last Promotion" placeholder="0-15" required min="0" max="15">

Years With Curr Manager :<input type="number" name="Years With Curr Manager" placeholder="0-17" required min="0" max="17">

<button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary btn-block btn-large">Predict</button>

</form>

<h1>{{ prediction_text }}</h1>

</div>

</body>

</html>

Dashboard.html

<!doctype html>

```
<!-- Website template by freewebsitetemplates.com -->

<html>

<head>

    <meta charset="UTF-8">

    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

    <title>Data Analytics</title>

    <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css" type="text/css">

    <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/mobile.css">

    <script src="js/mobile.js" type="text/javascript"></script>

    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">

<style>

* {box-sizing: border-box;}

body {font-family: Verdana, sans-serif;}

.mySlides {display: none;}

img {vertical-align: middle;}

/* Slideshow container */

.slideshow-container {

    max-width: 1000px;

    position: relative;

    margin: auto;

}

/* Caption text */

.text {

    color: #f2f2f2;

    font-size: 15px;

    padding: 8px 12px;
```

```
position: absolute;
bottom: 8px;
width: 100%;
text-align: center;
}
```

```
/* Number text (1/3 etc) */
```

```
.numbertext {
color: #f2f2f2;
font-size: 12px;
padding: 8px 12px;
position: absolute;
top: 0;
}
```

```
/* The dots/bullets/indicators */
```

```
.dot {
height: 15px;
width: 15px;
margin: 0 2px;
background-color: #bbb;
border-radius: 50%;
display: inline-block;
transition: background-color 0.6s ease;
}
```

```
.active {
background-color: #717171;
}
```

```
/* Fading animation */
```

```
.fade {
```

```
  animation-name: fade;
```

```
  animation-duration: 1.5s;
```

```
}
```

```
@keyframes fade {
```

```
  from {opacity: .4}
```

```
  to {opacity: 1}
```

```
}
```

```
/* On smaller screens, decrease text size */
```

```
@media only screen and (max-width: 300px) {
```

```
  .text {font-size: 11px}
```

```
}
```

```
</style>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<div id="body">
```

```
<div class="header">
```

```
<div>
```

```
<h1>DATA ANALYTICS</h1>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</div>
```



```
<div class="blog">
```

```
<div class="featured">
```

```
<ul>
```

```
<h2>Sample images</h2>
```

```
<p>Analysis in cognos</p>
```

```
<div class="slideshow-container">
```

```
<div class="mySlides fade">
```

```
<div class="numbertext">1 / 3</div>
```

```

```

```
<div class="text">Caption Text</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
<div class="mySlides fade">
```

```
<div class="numbertext">2 / 3</div>
```

```

```

```
<div class="text">Caption Two</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
<div class="mySlides fade">
```

```
<div class="numbertext">3 / 3</div>
```

```

```

```
<div class="text">Caption Three</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
<br>
```

```
<div style="text-align:center">  
  <span class="dot"></span>  
  <span class="dot"></span>  
  <span class="dot"></span>  
</div>
```

```
<script>  
let slideIndex = 0;  
showSlides();  
  
function showSlides() {  
  let i;  
  let slides = document.getElementsByClassName("mySlides");  
  let dots = document.getElementsByClassName("dot");  
  for (i = 0; i < slides.length; i++) {  
    slides[i].style.display = "none";  
  }  
  slideIndex++;  
  if (slideIndex > slides.length) {slideIndex = 1}  
  for (i = 0; i < dots.length; i++) {  
    dots[i].className = dots[i].className.replace(" active", "");  
  }  
  slides[slideIndex-1].style.display = "block";  
  dots[slideIndex-1].className += " active";  
  setTimeout(showSlides, 3000); // Change image every 2 seconds  
}  
</script>
```


<div>

<h1>DATA ANALYTICS BY IBM

COGNOS</h1>

<p>WE CAN SEE THE DASH BOARD BY

CLICKING THESE AND LOGON TO COGNOS</p>

<a

href="https://login.ibm.com/authsvc/mtfim/sps/authsvc?PolicyId=urn:ibm:security:authentication:asf:basicdapuser&Target=https%3A%2F%2Flogin.ibm.com%2Foidc%2Fendpoint%2Fdefault%2Fauthorize%3Fqsld%3Dbcb0d44a-9f2d-48cf-bb43-311c1b29486d%26client_id%3DMyIBMLondonProdCI"

class="more">VIEW DASHBOARD

</div>

<div>

<h1>SAMPLES OF THE IBM

COGNOS</h1>

<iframe

src="https://us1.ca.analytics.ibm.com/bi/?perspective=dashboard&pathRef=.my_folders%2FPharma%2BDashboard&closeWindowOnLastView=true&ui_appbar=false&ui_navbar=false&shareMode=embedded&action=view&mode=dashboard&subView=model00000183829e6992_00000000" width="320" height="200" frameborder="0" gesture="media" allow="encrypted-media" allowfullscreen=""></iframe>

</div>

</div>

```

        </div>

    </div>

    <div id="footer">

        <div>

            <div class="connect">

                <a href="http://facebook.com/"
class="facebook">facebook</a>

                <a href="http://twitter.com/" class="twitter">twitter</a>

                <a href="http://googleplus.com/"
class="googleplus">googleplus</a>

                <a href="http://pinterest.com" class="pinterest">pinterest</a>

            </div>

            <p>&copy; 2023 Employee attrtion. All Rights Reserved.</p>

        </div>

    </div>

</div>

</body>

</html>

```

8. TESTING

8.1 Acceptance testing:

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application	2	High	Loganathan, sneha
Sprint-1	Login	USN-2	I can enter the credentials to login	1	High	Sneha
Sprint-1	Collect Data	USN-2	Collect data	2	High	Gowtham
Sprint-2		USN-3	Develop algorithm	3	Low	Gowtham, Loganathan
Sprint-2		USN-4	Create web app	2	Medium	sneha
Sprint-3		USN-5	Incorporate the sign and the process of database using cloud	3	High	Sneha, sneha
Sprint-3	Dashboard	USN-6	Design and add the function of the dash board	2	High	Gowtham, Sneha
Sprint-4	Data process	USN-7	Create the visualise data in cognos	2	medium	Loganathan
Sprint-4	Final project	USN-8	Combination of All	3	High	Gowtham, loganathan, sneha, sneha

8.2 User Acceptance Testing:

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	10	4	3	3	20
Duplicate	1	0	3	0	4
External	2	3	0	1	6
Fixed	11	2	4	20	37
Not Reproduced	0	0	1	0	1
Skipped	0	0	1	1	2
Won't Fix	0	5	2	1	8
Totals	24	14	13	26	78

9. RESULTS

9.1 Performance metrics:

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Print Engine	7	0	0	7
Client Application	51	0	0	51
Security	2	0	0	2
Outsource Shipping	3	0	0	3
Exception Reporting	9	0	0	9
Final Report Output	4	0	0	4
Version Control	2	0	0	2

10. ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

10.1 Advantages:

- Toxic workspace
- Lack of opportunities
- Low remuneration
- Lack of flexibility
- Low unemployment rate

10.2 Disadvantages:

- Social security
- Pay raise
- Health insurance
- Employee allowance
- Achievement award

11. CONCLUSION

Retention of talent and skilled employee is crucial dilemma for HR Manager especially in manufacturing industry. This study has identified those complex factors which are key responsible for employee attrition in selected organization. The education and experience of employee creates opportunity for new job in market and it helps to enhance better career opportunity. The ethical work culture, cordial employee relation and implementation of organizational policies are the most attractive area of making employee to stay back in organization.

12. FUTURE SCOPE

No career growth or development opportunities: Global Talent Monitor's report on workforce activity shows that the lack of future career development remains a key driver of employee attrition — 40% of departing employees say it led them to be dissatisfied with their jobs, Gallup reports

13. APPENDIX

13.1 GitHub Account Link

<https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-37941-1660365518>

13.2 Project Demo Link

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ZvqHPap6MdJPzutcP2HqTX-8oK7JjLqs/view?usp=sharing>