1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices.	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking
2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS Satellite remote sensing offers a useful tool for forestfire detection, monitoring, management and damage assessment. During a fire event, active fires can be detected bydetecting the heat, light and smoke plumes emitted from the fires. Human-caused fires result from campfires left unattended, the burning of debris, equipment use and malfunctions, negligently discarded cigarettes, and intentional acts of arson. 4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER Before: Junsafe and worries about lives and belongings After: Safety and relief:	PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE Forest fires cause lots of damage, some of them are – loss of wildlife habitat, extinction of plants and animals, destroys the nutrient rich top soil, reduction in forest cover, loss of valuable timber resources, ozone layer depletion, loss of livelihood for tribal people and poor For this problem we use image processing and video analysis so by using satellite image processing we can able to find the fire at the learly stage and stop spreading fire in the forest. This model is mainly build by using CNN and machine learningand deep learning	T. BEHAVIOUR When the people don't have knowledge about forest fire about forest fire from some panel instance, calculate usage and benefit forestly associated collomers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace) ONLINE: fire alert sensor OFFLINE: Fire awareness program