# In [2]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

# In [4]:

```
df=pd.read_csv('Downloads/Heart_Disease_Prediction.csv')
```

### In [5]:

```
df.head()
```

### Out[5]:

		01			_	D.C.						Numbe
	Age Sex	Ches pain BP		rol over i			_	Exer sion of	cise ST vesse	ST	Slope	o
		type	9		1	20						flur
0	701	4	130	322	0	2	109	0	2.4	2		
1	670	3	115	564	0	2	160	0	1.6	2		
2	571	2	124	261	0	0	141	0	0.3	1		
3	641	4	128	263	0	0	105	1	0.2	2		
4	740	2	120	269	0	2	121	1	0.2	1		•

# In [6]:

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

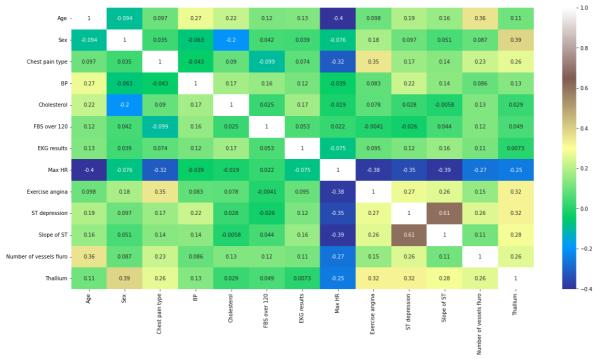
### Out[6]:

Age	0
Sex	0
Chest pain type	0
BP	0
Cholesterol	0
FBS over 120	0
EKG results	0
Max HR	0
Exercise angina	0
ST depression	0
Slope of ST	0
Number of vessels fluro	0

```
In
Thallium
                           0 Heart
Disease
                     0 dtype:
int64
   [7]:
print(df.info())
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex:
270 entries, 0 to 269
Data columns (total 14 columns):
 #
     Column
                               Non-Null Count Dtype
---
  0
      Age
                                270 non-null
                                                int64
  1
      Sex
                                270 non-null
                                                int64
  2
      Chest pain type
                                270 non-null
                                                int64
  3
                                270 non-null
                                                int64
  4
      Cholesterol
                                270 non-null
                                                int64
  5
      FBS over 120
                                270 non-null
                                                int64
      EKG results
                                270 non-null
  6
                                                int64
  7
      Max HR
                                270 non-null
                                                int64
                                270 non-null
  8
      Exercise angina
                                                int64
      ST depression
                                270 non-null
                                                float64
  9
  10 Slope of ST
                                270 non-null
                                                int64
     Number of vessels fluro 270 non-null
                                                int64
  11
                                270 non-null
  12
      Thallium
                                                int64
  13
      Heart Disease
                                270 non-null
                                                object dtypes: float64(1), int64(12),
 object(1) memory usage: 29.7+ KB None
In [9]:
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True, cmap='terrain')
Out[9]:
```

<AxesSubplot:>



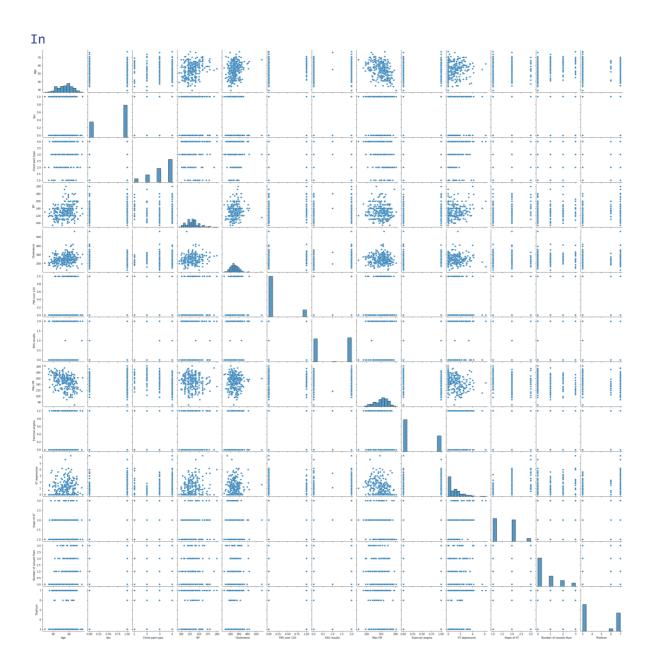


### [10]:

sns.pairplot(data=df)

# Out[10]:

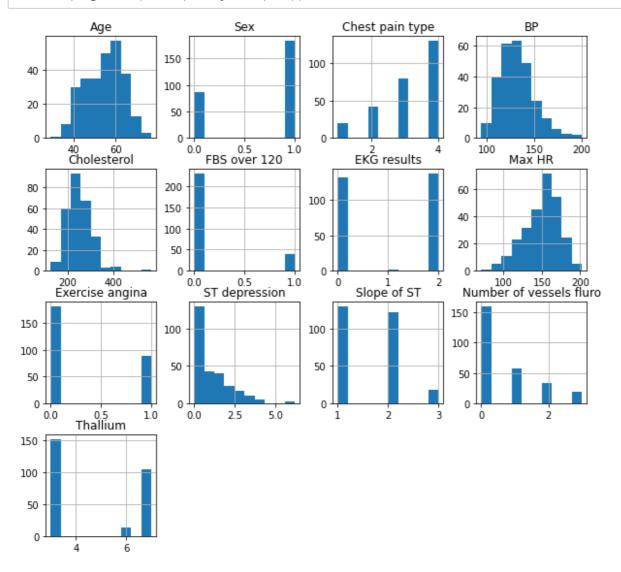
<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2059aec2448>



In

# [11]:

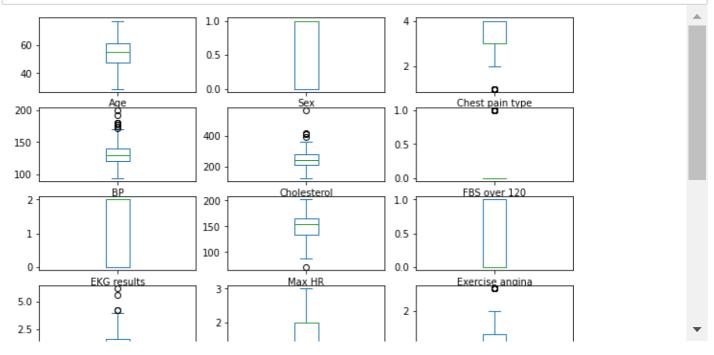
# df.hist(figsize=(10,12), layout=(5,4));



```
In
```

[13]:

```
df.plot(kind='box', subplots=True, layout=(6,3), figsize=(10,10))
plt.show()
```

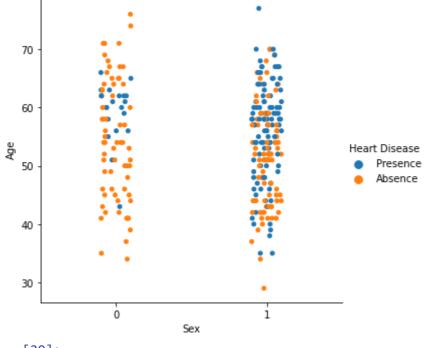


### In [19]:

```
sns.catplot(data=df, x='Sex', y='Age', hue='Heart Disease', palette='tab10')
```

# Out[19]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x205a367dcc8>

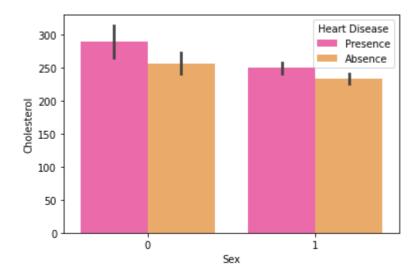


[20]:

```
In
```

```
sns.barplot(data=df, x='Sex', y='Cholesterol', hue='Heart Disease', palette='spring')
```

```
Out[20]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sex',
ylabel='Cholesterol'>
```



```
In [21]:
df['Sex'].value_counts()

Out[21]:
1    183
0    87
Name: Sex, dtype: int64

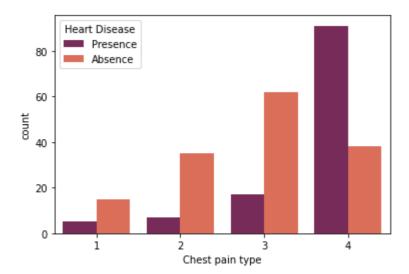
In [22]:
```

```
df['Chest pain type'].value_counts()

Out[22]:
4    129
3    79
2    42
1    20
Name: Chest pain type, dtype: int64
   [23]:
```

sns.countplot(x='Chest pain type', hue='Heart Disease' , data=df, palette='rocket')

```
In
Out[23]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Chest pain type',
ylabel='count'>
```



### In [24]:

```
gen = pd.crosstab(df['Sex'], df['Heart Disease'])
print(gen)
```

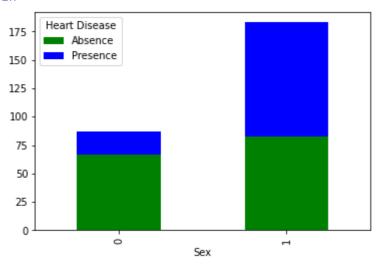
```
Heart Disease Absence Presence Sex 0 67 20 1 83 100 [25]:
```

```
gen.plot(kind='bar', stacked='True', color=['green','blue'],grid=False)
```

### Out[25]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sex'>





# In [42]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
StandardScaler = StandardScaler()
columns_to_scale=['Age', 'EKG results', 'Cholesterol', 'Thallium', 'Number of vessels fluro
df[columns_to_scale] = StandardScaler.fit_transform(df[columns_to_scale]) In [43]:
```

df.head()

#### Out[43]:

	Age \$	Sex pai	Chest in BP Cho type	lesterol d	FBS over results HR 120	EK angina de	G Max Exerci epression of ST	se	ST	Slope	
0	1.712094	1	4	130	1.402212	0	0.981664	109	0	2.4	2
1	1.382140	0	3	115	6.093004	0	0.981664	160	0	1.6	2
2	0.282294	1	2	124	0.219823	0	-1.026285	141	0	0.3	1
3	1.052186	1	4	128	0.258589	0	-1.026285	105	1	0.2	2
4	2.152032	0	2	120	0.374890	0	0.981664	121	1	0.2	1
•	[44]:									•	

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
StandardScaler = StandardScaler()
columns_to_scale=['Age', 'EKG results', 'Cholesterol', 'Thallium', 'Number of vessels fluro

df[columns_to_scale] = StandardScaler.fit_transform(df[columns_to_scale]) In [45]:
```

```
In
```

```
df.head()
```

#### Out[45]:

	Age S	Sex pa	Chest in BP Chol type	esterol d	FBS over results HR 120	EK angina de	G Max Exercisepression of ST	se	ST	Slope	
0	1.712094	1	4	130	1.402212	0	0.981664	109	0	2.4	2
1	1.382140	0	3	115	6.093004	0	0.981664	160	0	1.6	2
2	0.282294	1	2	124	0.219823	0	-1.026285	141	0	0.3	1
3	1.052186	1	4	128	0.258589	0	-1.026285	105	1	0.2	2
4	2.152032	0	2	120	0.374890	0	0.981664	121	1	0.2	1
4										•	

### In [47]:

```
x=df.drop(['Heart Disease'], axis=1)
y=df['Heart Disease']
```

#### In [48]:

```
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3, random_state=40)
```

#### In [49]:

```
print('x_train-', x_train.size)
print('x_test-', x_test.size)
print('y_train-', y_train.size)
print('x_test-', x_test.size)
```

```
x_train- 2457
x_test- 1053
y_train- 189 x_test-
1053
[73]:
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
lr=LogisticRegression()
model1=lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
prediction1=model1.predict(x_test)
```

#### In [54]:

```
In
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,prediction1)
cm
```

#### Out[54]:

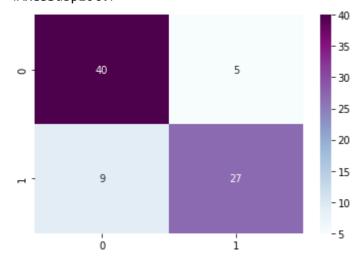
```
array([[40, 5],
[ 9, 27]], dtype=int64)
```

# In [56]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True,cmap='BuPu')
```

### Out[56]:

# <AxesSubplot:>



#### In [60]:

```
TP=cm[0][0]
TN=cm[1][1]
FN=cm[1][0]
FP=cm[0][1]
print('Testing Accuracy:', (TP+TN+FN)/(TP+TN+FP))
```

Testing Accuracy: 0.9382716049382716 [70]:

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy\_score
accuracy\_score(y\_test,prediction1)

#### Out[70]:

#### 0.8271604938271605

#### In [62]:

#### In

In [77]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
print(classification_report(y_test, prediction1))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Absence Presence	0.82 0.84	0.89 0.75	0.85 0.79	45 36
accuracy			0.83	81
macro avg	0.83	0.82	0.82	81
weighted avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	81

```
print('NB :', accuracy_score(y_test, prediction1))
```

NB : 0.8271604938271605