### In [2]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

### In [4]:

```
df=pd.read_csv('Downloads/Heart_Disease_Prediction.csv')
```

### In [5]:

```
df.head()
```

### Out[5]:

	Age	Sex	Chest pain type	ВР	Cholesterol	FBS over 120	EKG results	Max HR	Exercise angina	ST depression	Slope of ST	Numb vesse flui
0	70	1	4	130	322	0	2	109	0	2.4	2	
1	67	0	3	115	564	0	2	160	0	1.6	2	
2	57	1	2	124	261	0	0	141	0	0.3	1	
3	64	1	4	128	263	0	0	105	1	0.2	2	
4	74	0	2	120	269	0	2	121	1	0.2	1	
4												<b>•</b>

### In [6]:

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

### Out[6]:

Age Sex Chest pain type	0 0 0
BP type	0
Cholesterol	0
FBS over 120	0
EKG results	0
Max HR	0
Exercise angina	0
ST depression	0
Slope of ST	0
Number of vessels fluro	0
Thallium	0
Heart Disease	0
dtype: int64	

### In [7]:

## print(df.info())

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 270 entries, 0 to 269
Data columns (total 14 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Age	270 non-null	int64
1	Sex	270 non-null	int64
2	Chest pain type	270 non-null	int64
3	BP	270 non-null	int64
4	Cholesterol	270 non-null	int64
5	FBS over 120	270 non-null	int64
6	EKG results	270 non-null	int64
7	Max HR	270 non-null	int64
8	Exercise angina	270 non-null	int64
9	ST depression	270 non-null	float64
10	Slope of ST	270 non-null	int64
11	Number of vessels fluro	270 non-null	int64
12	Thallium	270 non-null	int64
13	Heart Disease	270 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(1), int64(12), object(1)

memory usage: 29.7+ KB

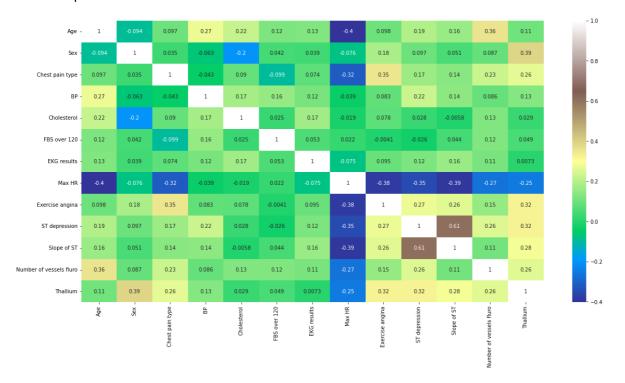
None

#### In [9]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True, cmap='terrain')
```

#### Out[9]:

#### <AxesSubplot:>

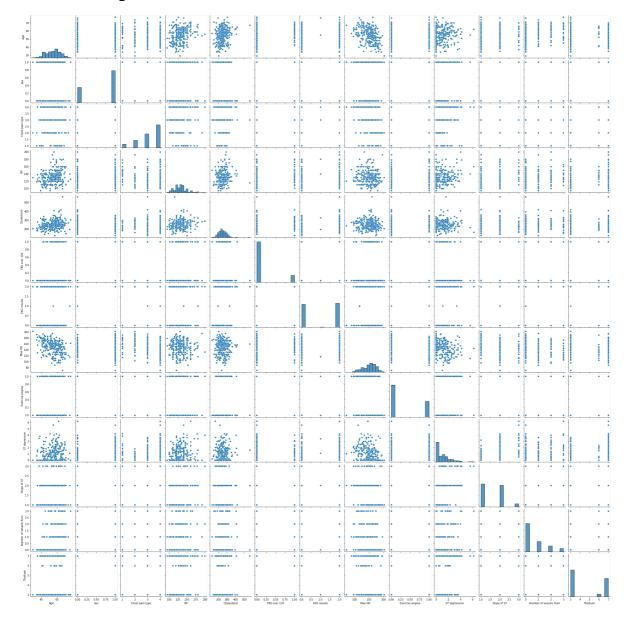


## In [10]:

sns.pairplot(data=df)

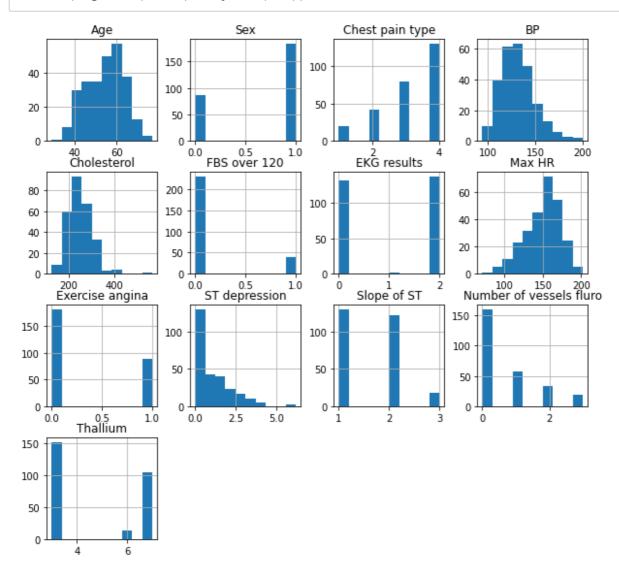
## Out[10]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2059aec2448>



### In [11]:

# df.hist(figsize=(10,12), layout=(5,4));



### In [13]:

```
df.plot(kind='box', subplots=True, layout=(6,3), figsize=(10,10))
plt.show()
                                  1.0
  60
                                  0.5
                                                                    2
  40
                                  0.0
                                                                             Chest pain type
 200
                                                                  1.0
                                 400
 150
                                                                   0.5
                                 200
 100
                                                                  0.0
                  ВP
                                               Cholesterol
                                                                              FBS over 120
                                                                  1.0
   2
                                 200
                                 150
                                                                   0.5
   1
                                 100
                                                                  0.0
   0
              EKG results
                                                Max HR
                                                                             Exercise angina
                                    3
  5.0
```

#### In [19]:

2.5

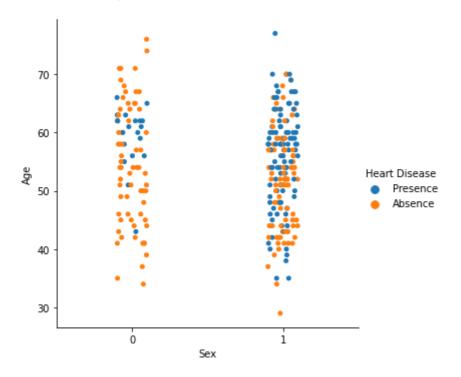
```
sns.catplot(data=df, x='Sex', y='Age', hue='Heart Disease', palette='tab10')
```

2

## Out[19]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x205a367dcc8>

2

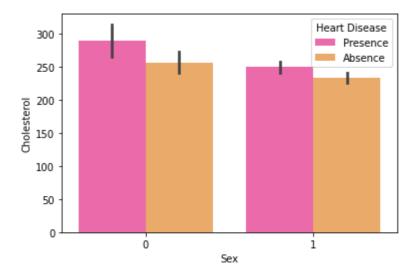


# In [20]:

```
sns.barplot(data=df, \ x='Sex', \ y='Cholesterol', \ hue='Heart \ Disease', \ palette='spring')
```

## Out[20]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sex', ylabel='Cholesterol'>



## In [21]:

```
df['Sex'].value_counts()
```

#### Out[21]:

183
 87

Name: Sex, dtype: int64

#### In [22]:

```
df['Chest pain type'].value_counts()
```

### Out[22]:

4 129

3 79

2 42

1 20

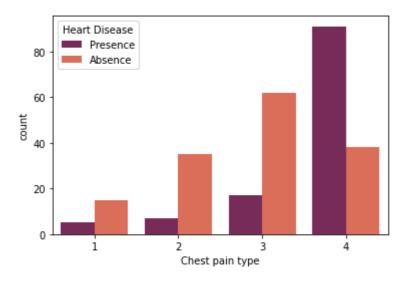
Name: Chest pain type, dtype: int64

### In [23]:

```
sns.countplot(x='Chest pain type', hue='Heart Disease' , data=df, palette='rocket')
```

## Out[23]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Chest pain type', ylabel='count'>



#### In [24]:

gen = pd.crosstab(df['Sex'], df['Heart Disease'])
print(gen)

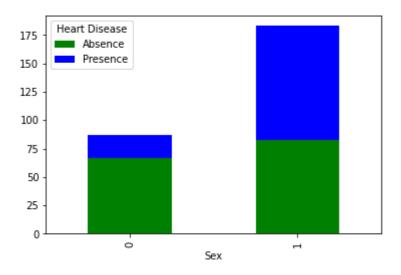
Heart	Disease	Absence	Presence
Sex			
0		67	20
1		83	100

#### In [25]:

```
gen.plot(kind='bar', stacked='True', color=['green','blue'],grid=False)
```

#### Out[25]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sex'>



### In [42]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
StandardScaler = StandardScaler()
columns_to_scale=['Age', 'EKG results', 'Cholesterol', 'Thallium', 'Number of vessels fluro
df[columns_to_scale] = StandardScaler.fit_transform(df[columns_to_scale])
```

#### In [43]:

df.head()

#### Out[43]:

	Age	Sex	Chest pain type	ВР	Cholesterol	FBS over 120	EKG results	Max HR	Exercise angina	ST depression	Slope of ST
0	1.712094	1	4	130	1.402212	0	0.981664	109	0	2.4	2
1	1.382140	0	3	115	6.093004	0	0.981664	160	0	1.6	2
2	0.282294	1	2	124	0.219823	0	-1.026285	141	0	0.3	1
3	1.052186	1	4	128	0.258589	0	-1.026285	105	1	0.2	2
4	2.152032	0	2	120	0.374890	0	0.981664	121	1	0.2	1
4											•

#### In [44]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
StandardScaler = StandardScaler()
columns_to_scale=['Age', 'EKG results', 'Cholesterol', 'Thallium', 'Number of vessels fluro
df[columns_to_scale] = StandardScaler.fit_transform(df[columns_to_scale])
```

#### In [45]:

```
df.head()
```

#### Out[45]:

	Age	Sex	Chest pain type	ВР	Cholesterol	FBS over 120	EKG results	Max HR	Exercise angina	ST depression	Slope of ST
0	1.712094	1	4	130	1.402212	0	0.981664	109	0	2.4	2
1	1.382140	0	3	115	6.093004	0	0.981664	160	0	1.6	2
2	0.282294	1	2	124	0.219823	0	-1.026285	141	0	0.3	1
3	1.052186	1	4	128	0.258589	0	-1.026285	105	1	0.2	2
4	2.152032	0	2	120	0.374890	0	0.981664	121	1	0.2	1
4											•

#### In [47]:

```
x=df.drop(['Heart Disease'], axis=1)
y=df['Heart Disease']
```

#### In [48]:

```
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3, random_state=40)
```

#### In [49]:

```
print('x_train-', x_train.size)
print('x_test-', x_test.size)
print('y_train-', y_train.size)
print('x_test-', x_test.size)
```

```
x_train- 2457
x_test- 1053
y_train- 189
x_test- 1053
```

#### In [73]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
lr=LogisticRegression()
model1=lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
prediction1=model1.predict(x_test)
```

#### In [54]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,prediction1)
cm
```

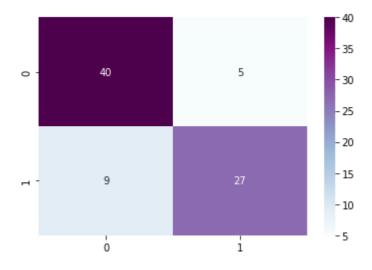
#### Out[54]:

### In [56]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True,cmap='BuPu')
```

### Out[56]:

#### <AxesSubplot:>



#### In [60]:

```
TP=cm[0][0]
TN=cm[1][1]
FN=cm[1][0]
FP=cm[0][1]
print('Testing Accuracy:', (TP+TN+FN)/(TP+TN+FP))
```

Testing Accuracy: 0.9382716049382716

### In [70]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
accuracy_score(y_test,prediction1)
```

# Out[70]:

0.8271604938271605

#### In [62]:

from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report
print(classification\_report(y\_test, prediction1))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Absence	0.82	0.89	0.85	45
Presence	0.84	0.75	0.79	36
accuracy			0.83	81
macro avg	0.83	0.82	0.82	81
weighted avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	81

### In [77]:

print('NB :', accuracy\_score(y\_test, prediction1))

NB : 0.8271604938271605