DEVELOP A PYTHON SCRIPT TO PUBLISH AND SUBSCRIBE TO IBM IOT PLATFORM

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Team ID	PNT2022TMID11377
Project Name	IOT enabled smart farmer application

PYTHON CODE FOR HUMDITY, SOIL MOISTURE AND TEMPERATURE:

```
import time
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "z8hv0n"
deviceType = "Sprint1"
deviceId = "12345678"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "12345678"
# Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
  print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
 status=cmd.data['command']
 if status=="motoron":
    print ("led is on")
 elif status == "motoroff":
    print("led is off")
  else:
    print ("please send proper command")
 #print(cmd)
try:
       deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-
method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
      deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
      #.....
except Exception as e:
      print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
```

Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as an event of type

```
"greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data from DHT11
    temp=random.randint(0,100)
    Hum=random.randint(0,100)
    data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Hum': Hum }
    #print data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
      print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Hum = %s %%" % Hum, "to IBM
Watson")
    success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
on publish=myOnPublishCallback)
    if not success:
      print("Not connected to IoTF")
    time.sleep(1)
    deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
PYTHON CODE FOR PIR SENSOR:
#include <WiFi.h&gt;
#include <PubSubClient.h&gt;
```

```
#include &It;WIFI.n>
#include &It;PubSubClient.h>
WiFiClient wifiClient;
String data3;
#define ORG "oezexmo"
#define DEVICE_TYPE "resberypi"
#define DEVICE_ID "12345"
#define TOKEN "96Lb7lznmBD&Iv9euq"
int ledPin = 12; // choose the pin for the LED
int inputPin = 2; // choose the input pin (for PIR sensor)
int pirState = LOW; // we start, assuming no motion detected
int val = 0; // variable for reading the pin status
void setup() {
pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT); // declare LED as output
pinMode(inputPin, INPUT); // declare sensor as input
Serial.begin(9600);
```

```
}
void loop() {
val = digitalRead(inputPin); // read input value
if (val == HIGH) { // check if the input is HIGH
digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // turn LED ON
//void publishData();
if (pirState == LOW) {
// we have just turned on
Serial.println("Motion detected!");
Serial.println("Camera activated!");
delay(1000);
Serial.println("Pictures taken!");
// We only want to print on the output change, not state
pirState = HIGH;
}
else {
digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW); // turn LED OFF
//void publishData();
if (pirState == HIGH) {
// we have just turned of
Serial.println("Motion ended!");
// We only want to print on the output change, not state
pirState = LOW;
}}}
```