## **ASSIGNMENT 4**

# **Problem Statement :- SMS SPAM Classification**

Assignment Date	03 NOVEMBER 2022
Student Name	RESHMA BEEVI.R
Student Roll Number	PNT2022TMTD36855
Maximum Marks	2 MARKS

#### 1. Download The Dataset:

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

Mounted at /content/drive
```

# 2. Import required library

```
import csv
import tensorflow as tf
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import re
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

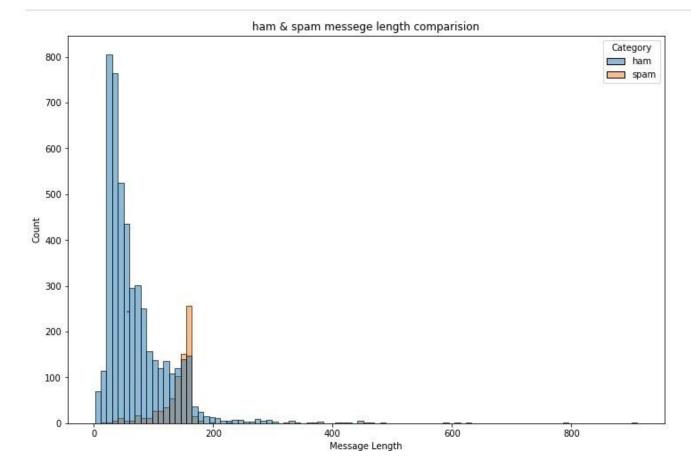
```
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import one_hot from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,confusion_matrix
```

```
import nltk
  nltk.download('stopwords')
  from nltk.corpus import stopwords
  from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
  STOPWORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))

[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
```

# 3. Read dataset and do pre-processing

```
In [5]:
           data=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/spam.csv",encoding="latin")
           data.head()
                v1
                                                            v2 Unnamed: 2 Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4
Out[5]:
                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                  NaN
              ham
                       Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
                                                                       NaN
                                        Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                  NaN
              ham
                                                                       NaN
           2 spam
                    Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                                                       NaN
                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                  NaN
           3
                      U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
                                                                       NaN
                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                  NaN
              ham
                      Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                  NaN
           4
              ham
                                                                       NaN
 In [6]:
            data.tail()
                                                               v2 Unnamed: 2 Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4
 Out[6]:
                    v1
                                                                                                     NaN
           5567 spam
                        This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
                                                                           NaN
                                                                                        NaN
           5568
                                 Will I_b going to esplanade fr home?
                                                                           NaN
                                                                                        NaN
                                                                                                     NaN
                   ham
           5569
                          Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s...
                                                                                                     NaN
                  ham
                                                                           NaN
                                                                                        NaN
           5570
                   ham The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd...
                                                                           NaN
                                                                                        NaN
                                                                                                     NaN
           5571
                                             Rofl. Its true to its name
                                                                           NaN
                                                                                        NaN
                                                                                                     NaN
                  ham
  In [7]:
            data=data.drop(columns=["Unnamed: 2", "Unnamed: 3", "Unnamed: 4"])
  In [9]:
            data=data.rename({"v1":"Category","v2":"Message"},axis=1)
            data.isnull().sum()
 Out[9]: Category
                       0
           Message
                       0
           dtype: int64
 In [10]:
           data["Message Length"]=data["Message"].apply(len)
 In [11]:
            fig=plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
            sns.histplot(
                x=data["Message Length"],
                hue=data["Category"]
           plt.title("ham & spam messege length comparision")
            plt.show()
```



```
Ham Messege Length Description:
       4825.000000
          71.023627
mean
          58.016023
std
           2.000000
min
25%
          33.000000
50%
          52.000000
75%
          92.000000
         910.000000
max
Name: Message Length, dtype: float64
```

```
count 747.000000
      mean 138.866131
             29.183082
      std
      min
               13.000000
             132.500000
      25%
      50%
              149.000000
      75%
              157.000000
      max
               224.000000
      Name: Message Length, dtype: float64
In [13]:
          data["Category"].value_counts()
Out[13]: ham
                 4825
         spam
                  747
         Name: Category, dtype: int64
In [14]:
          sns.countplot(data=data,x="Category")
          plt.title("ham vs spam")
          plt.show()
                                 ham vs spam
           5000
           4000
           3000
           2000
           1000
                          ham
                                                spam
                                    Category
In [15]:
          nltk.download('punkt')
         [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
         [nltk_data] Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
```

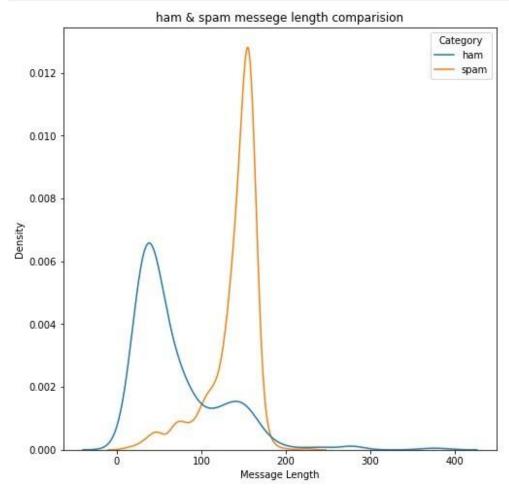
Spam Message Length Description:

Out[15]: True

```
In [16]:
           ham_count=data["Category"].value_counts()[0]
           spam_count=data["Category"].value_counts()[1]
           total count=data.shape[0] *
           print("Ham contains:{:.2f}% of total data.".format(ham_count/total_count*100))
           print("Spam contains:{:.2f}% of total data.".format(spam_count/total_count*100))
          Ham contains:86.59% of total data.
          Spam contains:13.41% of total data.
  In [17]:
            #compute the length of majority & minority class
            minority_len=len(data[data["Category"]=="spam"])
            majority_len=len(data[data["Category"]=="ham"])
            #store the indices of majority and minority class
            minority_indices=data[data["Category"]=="spam"].index
            majority_indices=data[data["Category"]=="ham"].index
            #generate new majority indices from the total majority_indices
            #with size equal to minority class length so we obtain equivalent number of indices length
            random_majority_indices=np.random.choice(
                majority_indices,
               size=minority len,
                replace=False
            #concatenate the two indices to obtain indices of new dataframe
            undersampled indices=np.concatenate([minority_indices,random_majority_indices])
            #create df using new indices
            df=data.loc[undersampled indices]
            #shuffle the sample
            df=df.sample(frac=1)
            #reset the index as its all mixed
            df=df.reset index()
            #drop the older index
            df=df.drop(
                columns=["index"],
  In [18]:
             df.shape
  Out[18]: (1494, 3)
  In [19]:
             df["Category"].value_counts()
                    747
  Out[19]: ham
                  747
            spam
            Name: Category, dtype: int64
  In [20]:
            df["Label"]=df["Category"].map({"ham":0,"spam":1})
```

```
In [21]:
          stemmer=PorterStemmer()
In [22]:
          #declare empty list to store tokenized message
          corpus=[]
          #iterate through the df["Message"]
          for message in df["Message"]:
              #replace every special characters, numbers etc.. with whitespace of message
              #It will help retain only letter/alphabets
              message=re.sub("[^a-zA-Z]"," ",message)
              #convert every letters to its lowercase
              message=message.lower()
              #split the word into individual word list
              message=message.split()
              #perform stemming using PorterStemmer for all non-english-stopwords
              message=[stemmer.stem(words)
                      for words in message
                      if words not in set(stopwords.words("english"))
              #join the word lists with the whitespace
              message=" ".join(message)
              #append the message in corpus list
              corpus.append(message)
In [23]: vocab_size=10000
           oneHot_doc=[one_hot(words,n=vocab_size)
                       for words in corpus
In [24]:
           df["Message Length"].describe()
Out[24]: count
                   1494.000000
          mean
                    104.854083
          std
                     54.568061
          min
                      2.000000
          25%
                    49.000000
                    121.000000
          50%
          75%
                    153.000000
                    384.000000
          max
          Name: Message Length, dtype: float64
In [25]:
           sns.countplot(data=df,x="Category")
           plt.title("ham vs spam")
           plt.show()
```

```
fig=plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.kdeplot(x=df["Message Length"],hue=df["Category"])
plt.title("ham & spam message length comparision")
plt.show()
```



# 4. Create Model

```
In [29]: sentence_len=200
    embedded_doc=pad_sequences(oneHot_doc,maxlen=sentence_len,padding="pre")
    extract_features=pd.DataFrame(data=embedded_doc)
    target=df["Label"]

In [30]: df_final=pd.concat([extract_features,target],axis=1)
    df_final.head()
```

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 5450 4116 2084 2812 4142 3508 3923
                                                                            1083 3977
                                                                                         0
         1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 9690 5007 7762 2201 1591 7220 8834 8928
                                                                                 9982
                                                                                         1
         2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 9690 5597 8440 2828 2407
                                                                  501
                                                                      5007 7876
                                                                                   49
                                                                                         1
         3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                                          0
                                                     0
                                                               0 8591 9792 9019 8030
                                                                                         0
                                                0
                                                          0
         4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 723 7860 3229 8287 1594 2017 7094 3874 3180
                                                                                         1
        5 rows × 201 columns
In [31]:
          X=df final.drop("Label",axis=1)
          y=df_final["Label"]
          X_trainval,X_test,y_trainval,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,random_state=42,test_size=0.15)
          X_train,X_val,y_train,y_val=train_test_split(X_trainval,y_trainval,random_state=42,test_size=0.15)
In [32]:
          model=Sequential()
```

193 194 195

196

197

198

199 Label

# 5. Add Layers (LSTM, Dense-(Hidden Layers), Output)

Out[30]: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ... 191 192

```
feature_num=100
    model.add(Embedding(input_dim=vocab_size,output_dim=feature_num,input_length=sentence_len))
    model.add(LSTM(units=128))
    model.add(Dense(units=1,activation="sigmoid"))
```

### 6. Compile the Model

```
In [34]: model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001),loss="binary_crossentropy",metrics=["accuracy"])
```

#### 7. Fit the Model

```
In [35]: | model.fit(X_train,y_train,validation_data=(X_val,y_val),epochs=10)
        Epoch 1/10
        34/34 [===:
                       Epoch 2/10
                          =========] - 12s 343ms/step - loss: 0.1638 - accuracy: 0.9462 - val_loss: 0.1194 - val_accuracy: 0.9686
        34/34 [===:
        Epoch 3/10
        34/34 [====
                       ==========] - 14s 416ms/step - loss: 0.0582 - accuracy: 0.9814 - val_loss: 0.0819 - val_accuracy: 0.9791
       Epoch 4/10
        34/34 [====
                         =========] - 12s 344ms/step - loss: 0.0298 - accuracy: 0.9889 - val_loss: 0.0839 - val_accuracy: 0.9738
       Froch 5/10
                       34/34 [====
        Epoch 6/10
                      ========= ] - 14s 429ms/step - loss: 0.0121 - accuracy: 0.9944 - val loss: 0.1043 - val accuracy: 0.9686
        34/34 [====:
        Epoch 7/10
                            ========] - 12s 344ms/step - loss: 0.0581 - accuracy: 0.9889 - val_loss: 0.1537 - val_accuracy: 0.9476
        34/34 [===:
        Epoch 8/10
        34/34 [===
                             =======] - 13s 394ms/step - loss: 0.0211 - accuracy: 0.9981 - val_loss: 0.0900 - val_accuracy: 0.9686
        Epoch 9/10
       34/34 [====
                      =========] - 16s 487ms/step - loss: 0.0074 - accuracy: 0.9981 - val_loss: 0.0828 - val_accuracy: 0.9738
       Epoch 10/10
       34/34 [================================ ] - 14s 391ms/step - loss: 0.0054 - accuracy: 0.9991 - val_loss: 0.0872 - val_accuracy: 0.9686
Out[35]:
```

#### 8 .Save The Model

```
In [36]: model.save('sms_classifier.h5')
```

### 9. Test The Model

```
In [37]:
          y_pred=model.predict(X_test)
          y_pred=(y_pred>0.5)
         8/8 [=======] - 1s 96ms/step
In [38]:
          score=accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
          print("Test Score:{:.2f}%".format(score*100))
In [39]:
          #The function take model and message as parameter
          def classify_message(model,message):
               #We will treat message as a paragraphs containing multiple sentences(lines) #we will extract individual lines
               for sentences in message:
                  sentences=nltk.sent_tokenize(message)
                   #Iterate over individual sentences
                   for sentence in sentences:
                       #replace all special characters
                       words=re.sub("[^a-zA-Z]"," ",sentence)
                       #perform word tokenization of all non-english-stopwords
                       if words not in set(stopwords.words('english')):
                          word=nltk.word_tokenize(words)
word=" ".join(word)
               #perform one hot on tokenized word
              oneHot=[one_hot(word,n=vocab_size)]
               #create an embedded documnet using pad_sequences
               #this can be fed to our model
               text=pad_sequences(oneHot,maxlen=sentence_len,padding="pre")
               #predict the text using model
               predict=model.predict(text)
               #if predict value is greater than 0.5 its a spam
               if predict>0.5:
                  print("It is a spam")
               #else the message is not a spam
               else:
                  print("It is not a spam")
```