

INVENTORYMANAGEMENTSYSTEMFORRETAILERS

Domain: CloudApplicationDevelopment

TeamID	PNT2022TMID31378
ProjectName	InventoryManagementSystemforRetailers

DeployingtoKubernetesonIBMCloudOverview

Overview:

This tutorial shows how to deploy a lookBack onto Kubernetes on the IBM Cloud.

Prerequisite:

You'll need the following:

Node.js 10 or

higher Docker 18.06 or higher

Signup for an IBM Cloud Account if you don't have one
already IBM Cloud CLI, Container registry CLI, etc

1. *KubernetesCLI(kubecti)*
2. *LoopBack4CLI*

Let's install the LoopBack4 CLI:

```
npm i -g @loopback/cli
```

Step1:ScaffoldLoopBack4App

Run the lb4 app command, and specify all the values provided below.

```
$lb4app
?Projectname:lb4-simple-web-app
?Projectdescription:lb4-simple-web-app
?Projectrootdirectory:lb4-simple-web-app
?Applicationclassname:Lb4SimpleWebAppApplication
? Select features to enable in the project (Press <space> to select, <a> to toggle all, <i> to invert selection)
  ◉ Enableeslint:addalinterwithpre-configuredlinrules
  ◉ Enableprettier:installprettiertoformatecodeconformingtorules
  ◉ Enablemocha:installmochatoruntests
  ◉ EnableloopbackBuild:use@loopback/buildhelpers(e.g.lb-eslint)
  ◉ Enableusecode:addVSCodeconfigfiles
  ◉ Enabledocker:includeDockerfileand.dockerignore
  ◉ Enablerepositories:includerepositoryimportsandRepositoryMixin
  ◉ Enableservices:includeservice-proxyimportsandServiceMixin(Moveupanddowntorevealmorechoices)
```

The lb4-simple-web-app project is created.

Navigate to the main directory of the project

```
cd lb4-simple-web-app
```

Step2:Runtheapplicationlocally

In a command window in the main directory of your project, type:

```
npm start
```

The application will build, and then the servers should start up successfully and display

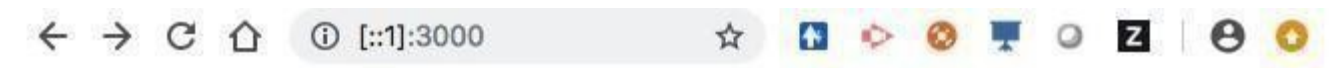
```
Server is running at http://[::1]:3000
```

```
Try http://[::1]:3000/ping
```

Open your browser and attempt to access all these url

[http://\[::1\]:3000/](http://[::1]:3000/) [http://\[::1\]:3000/ping](http://[::1]:3000/ping)
[http://\[::1\]:3000/explorer](http://[::1]:3000/explorer) [http://\[::1\]:3000/openapi.json](http://[::1]:3000/openapi.json)

Makesure that the application runs well before continuing to the next step. In the command window, stop the application



lb4-simple-web-app

Version 1.0.0

OpenAPI spec: </openapi.json>

API Explorer: </explorer>



with

```
Ctrl+C
```

Step 3: Build a Docker image

Review the two Docker-related files that have been conveniently provided, `dockerignore` and `Dockerfile`, but leave them unchanged for this tutorial. Notice the `HOST` and `PORT` environment variable values:

```
ENV HOST=0.0.0.0 PORT=3000
```

In the `package.json` file, a `docker:build` command has been provided.

```
"docker:build": "docker build -t lb4-simple-web-app."
```

Run the command:

```
npm run docker:build
```

When it completes, you will see:

```
Successfully built 7d26d16e1561
```

```
Successfully tagged lb4-simple-web-app:latest
```

You can find your image by typing:

```
docker images | grep lb4-simple-web-app
```

It will display something like this:

```
lb4-simple-web-app          latest7d26d16e1561
```

Step 4: Run the application in Docker

In the package.json file, a `docker:run` command has been provided.

```
"docker:run": "docker run -p 3000:3000 -d lb4-simple-web-app"
```

Run the command:

```
npm run docker:run
```

Afterwards, type:

```
docker ps
```

You should see something like this:

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
a9962339e863	lb4-simple-web-app	"node."	8 seconds ago	Up 7 seconds
ports	0.0.0.0:3000->3000/tcp			

To see the log output of your container, you can type: You should see something like:

```
Server is running at http://127.0.0.1:3000
```

```
Try http://127.0.0.1:3000/ping
```

Open your browser and attempt to access all these URLs

<http://127.0.0.1:3000/> <http://127.0.0.1:3000/>

[ping http://127.0.0.1:3000/ping](http://127.0.0.1:3000/ping) <http://127.0.0.1:3000/explorer> <http://127.0.0.1:3000/openapi.json>

[0.0.1:3000/openapi.json](http://127.0.0.1:3000/openapi.json)

Step5: Stop the application running in Docker

Find the container id

```
docker ps | grep lb4
```

You should see something like this:

```
a9962339e863          lb4-simple-web-app    "node."
```

The leftmost value is the container id. Type:

```
docker stop <containerid>          For example: a9962339e863
```

Step6: Log into IBM Cloud using ibmcloud login command

Use ibmcloud login command to login.

After you've been successfully logged in, you'll see something like:

```
APIEndpoint:      https://api.ng.bluemix.net
Region:           us-south
User:             dremond@ca.ibm.com
Account:           Dominique Emond's Account
ResourceGroup:    default
CFAPIEndpoint:
Org:
Space:
```

Step7: Log into IBM Cloud Container Registry

```
ibmcloud cr login
```

You should see:

```
Logging in to 'registry.ng.bluemix.net' ... Logged into 'registry.ng.bluemix.net'.
```

```
OK
```

Step8: Upload a docker image to the Container Registry

This requires several steps, let's quickly go through them.

Create a namespace

List your current namespace by typing:

```
ibmcloud namespace-list
```

If you want to create a new namespace for yourself, you can do so with this command:

```
ibmcloud namespace-add <my_namespace>
```

Tag your local docker image with the IBM Cloud container registry

Here is the command:

```
docker tag <source_image>:<tag> registry.<region>.bluemix.net/<my_namespace>/<new_image_repo>:<new_tag>
```

<source_image>:<tag> is what you have on your machine that you created earlier.

For example: lb4-simple-web-app:latest

registry.<region>.bluemix.net is the container registry region you logged into before.

For example: registry.ng.bluemix.net

<my_namespace> is the namespace you created for yourself. For example: dremond

<new_image_repo>:<new_tag> can be whatever you want it to be; they don't have to exist yet

For example: loopback4_webapp_repo:1

So, putting these values together, my command will look like this:

```
docker tag lb4-simple-web-app:latest registry.ng.bluemix.net/dremond/loopback4_webapp_repo:1
```

Push the local image to the container registry

```
docker push registry.ng.bluemix.net/dremond/loopback4_webapp_repo:1
```

You will see a progress bar like this:

The push refers to repository [registry.ng.bluemix.net/dremond/loopback4_webapp_repo]

478b1e842aa3:

Pushed 6fd2223ea65e: Pushed

```
a90e4aba186a:Pushing[=====>] 51.4 MB/207.9MB
```

```
bb288a38e607:Pushed
```

```
53981d6ec3d2:Mountedfromdremond/loopback4_repo
```

```
b727eac390f6:Mountedfro
```

Waituntilitiscompleted.

The push refers to repository [registry.ng.bluemix.net/dremond/loopback4_webapp_repo]

```
478b1e842aa3:
```

```
Pushed6fd2223ea65e:
```

```
Pusheda90e4aba186a:
```

```
Pushedbb288a38e607:Pushed
```

```
53981d6ec3d2: Mounted from dremond/loopback4_repo b727eac390f6: Mounted from
```

```
dremond/loopback4_repo d64d3292fd6: Mounted from dremond/loopback4_repo
```

```
1: digest: sha256:939ada9d1b7f6a7483aed69d1f5eee28d1931ed249b38d51d34b854b32139f77  
size:1787
```

Verify the image is in the container registry

Type the command:

```
ibmcloudcrimage-list
```

You should see your image listed.

```
Listing images...
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	DIGEST	NAMESPAC
registry.ng.bluemix.net/dremond/loopback4_webapp_repo	1	939ada9d1b7f	dremond

OK

Perform a build for the container registry

Perform a build for the container registry.

`ibmclouderbuilt-registry.ng.bluemix.net/dremond/loopback4_webapp_repo:1.`

This step may fail if you have exceeded the QUOTA for images in your account. In that case clear up some room and try again. Wait until it completes.


In your IBM Cloud account, you can view your images here [Step 9: Point to your Kubernetes Cluster](#)


*In a browser, log into your IBM Cloud account, and navigate to **Kubernetes > Clusters**.*

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud Clusters management interface. The browser address bar displays the URL `https://cloud.ibm.com/containers-kubernetes/clusters`. The left-hand navigation menu includes 'Kubernetes' and its sub-items: 'Overview', 'Clusters' (which is the active selection), 'Registry', 'Vulnerability Advisor', and 'Solutions'. The main content area, titled 'Clusters', features a table of clusters. A yellow box highlights the 'LOCATION' dropdown menu, which is currently set to 'Dallas'. The table lists one cluster, 'dremondOne', which is in a 'Normal' state (indicated by a green dot), located in the 'hou02' zone, and has 1 worker node. Below the table, it indicates 'Items per page: 10' and '1-1 of 1 items'.

Name	State	Zones	Worker Co
dremondOne	Normal	hou02	1

I am choosing my cluster `dremondOne` in Dallas.

 IBM Cloud

 Catalog Docs

Clusters / dremondOne

 dremondOne ● Normal

Access

Overview

Worker Nodes

Worker Pools

Gain access to your cluster

Prerequisites

Download and install a few CLI tools and the IBM Kubernetes Service plug-in.

```
curl -sL https://ibm.biz/ibt-installer | bash
```

Gain access to your cluster

1. Log in to your IBM Cloud account.

```
ibmcloud login -a https://api.ng.bluemix.net
```

If you have a federated ID, use `ibmcloud login --sso` to log in to the IBM Cloud CLI.

We already logged into the IBM Cloud in an earlier step, so we only need to point to the cluster.

```
ibmcloud eks region-set us-south
```

```
ibmcloud eks cluster-config <ClusterName>
```

My cluster name is 'dremondOne' so I see this output:

```
OK
```

The configuration for dremondOne was downloaded successfully. Export environment variables to start using Kubernetes.

```
export KUBECONFIG=/Users/dremond/.bluemix/plugins/container-service/clusters/dremondOne/kube-config-hou02-dremondOne.yml
```

Take the entire **export** line above, and paste it into your command window. Now you should be able to perform Kubernetes commands like:

```
kubectl get nodes
```

You will see output like this:

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION
10.76.193.58	Ready	<none>	13d	v1.10.8+IKS

Ok, so now we are ready to deploy our **Loopback4** application to Kubernetes!

Step 10: Deploy your Loopback4 application to Kubernetes

Create a deployment

Create a deployment named: **lb4-simple-web-app-deployment**; using the image we placed in the container registry.

```
kubectl run lb4-simple-web-app-deployment --image=registry.ng.bluemix.net/dremond/loopback4_webapp_repo:1
```

Verify that the pods are running

```
kubectl get pods
```

You should see

NAME	READY	STATUS	REST
ARTS	AGE		
lb4-simple-web-app-deployment-5bjeb546d8-r7cs47m	1/1	Running	0

A status of **Running** is a good sign. If you have anything other than this, then there may be something wrong with your docker image, or it may have vulnerability issues you need to address.

To see the logs of your pod, type:

```
kubectl logs lb4-simple-web-app-deployment-5bjeb546d8-r7cs4
```

and you will see something like this:

```
Server is running at http://127.0.0.1:3000
```

```
Try http://127.0.0.1:3000/ping
```

Create a service

Expose your deployment with a service named: **lb4-simple-web-app-service**

```
kubectl expose deployment/lb4-simple-web-app-deployment --type=NodePort --port=3000 --name=lb4-simple-web-app-service --target-port=3000
```

Obtain the NodePort of your service

Let's determine the NodePort of your service.

```
kubectl describe service lb4-simple-web-app-service
```

You will see output like this:

```
Name: lb4-simple-web-app-service
Namespace: default
Labels: run=lb4-simple-web-app-deployment
Annotations: <none>
Selector: run=lb4-simple-web-app-deployment
Type: NodePort
IP: 172.21.103.26
Port: <unset>3000/TCP
TargetPort: 3000/TCP
NodePort: <unset>31701/TCP
Endpoints: 172.30.78.136:3000
SessionAffinity: None
ExternalTrafficPolicy: Cluster
Events: <none>
```

In this case, the NodePort is 31701.

Obtain the public IP address of the cluster

Let's determine the public IP address of the cluster

```
ibmcloud ks workers shremond0ne
```

You should see something like this

OK						
ID	Public IP	Private IP	Machine	Type	State	Status
kube-hou02-pa45e...6-wleady	184.173.5.187	10.76.193.58	free		normal	Ready

In my case, the public IP is: 184.173.5.187

So now we can formulate the url of our loopback4 application using those two pieces :

`http://184.173.5.187:31701`

Open your browser and attempt to access all these urls

`http://184.173.5.187:31701/`

`http://184.173.5.187:31701/ping`

`http://184.173.5.187:31701/explorer`

`http://184.173.5.187:31701/openapi.json`

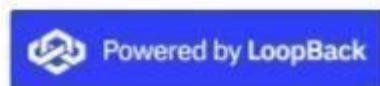


lb4-simple-web-app

Version 1.0.0

OpenAPI spec: [/openapi.json](#)

API Explorer: [/explorer](#)




<https://v4.loopback.io>

Step 11: View your app in the Kubernetes Dashboard

Let's go take a look at your application in the Kubernetes dashboard. Click the 'Kubernetes Dashboard' button next to your cluster's name.

IBM Cloud


Clusters / dremondOne

 dremondOne ● Normal

[Access](#) [Overview](#) [Worker Nodes](#) [Worker Pools](#)

[Kubernetes](#)

Under 'Workloads', select 'Pods'

 **kubernetes**

Workloads > Pods


Namespace
default

Overview

Workloads

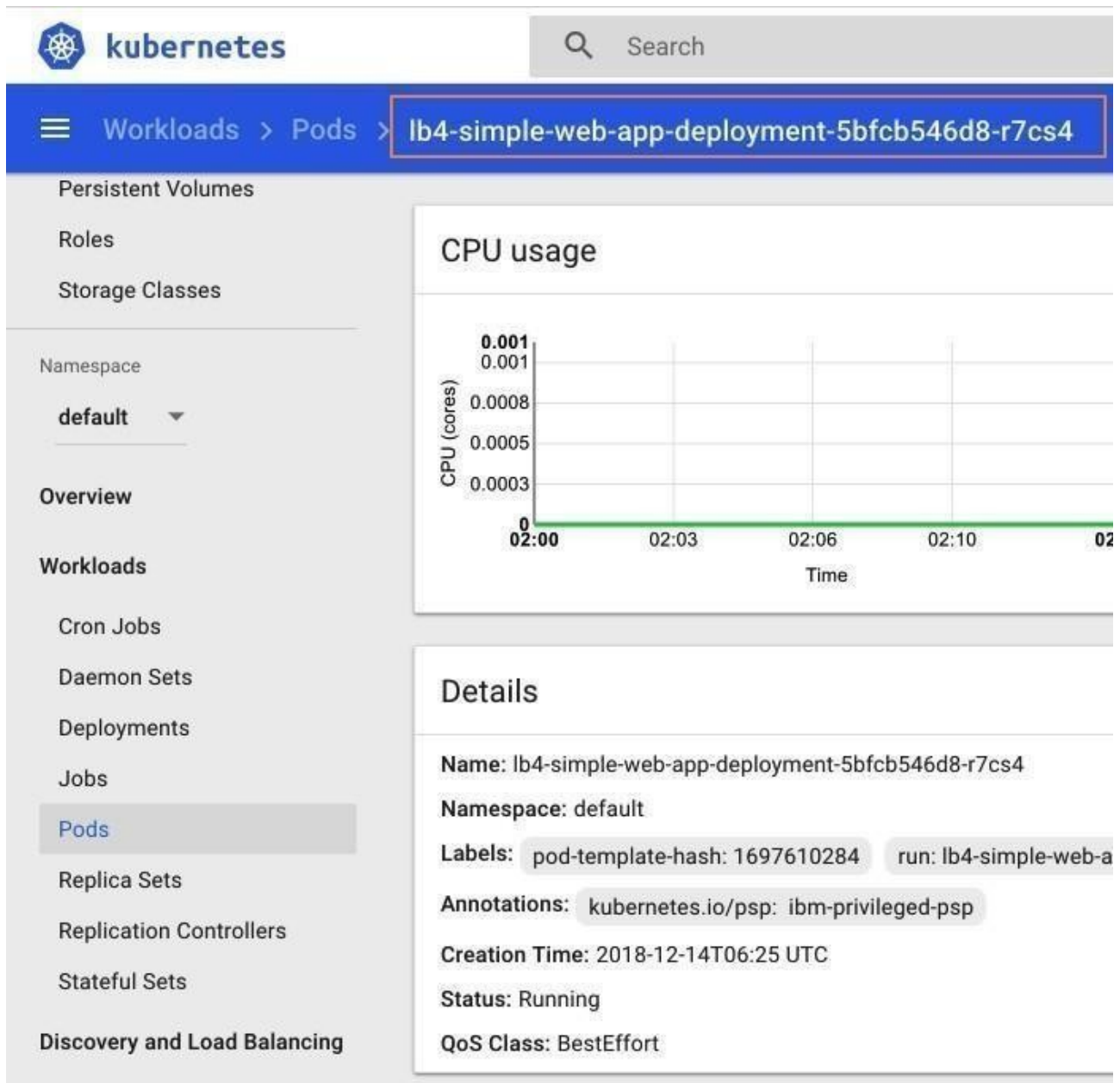
- Cron Jobs
- Daemon Sets
- Deployments
- Jobs
- Pods**

Locate your application, and click on its name

Pods					
Name	Node	Status	Restarts	Age	CPU
 lb4-simple-web-app-de	10.76.193.58	Running	0	44 minutes	

*If you want to open a shell into the container in the pod, click on the **EXEC** button.*

If you want to view the logs of the container in the pod, click on the [LOQS](#) button.



So there you have it! You have successfully deployed a Loopback4 application to Kubernetes on the IBM Cloud.