# **SPRINT DELIVERY – 4**

| Team ID      | PNT2022TMID14638    |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Project Name | IoT Enabled Smart   |
|              | Farming Application |
| Date         | 10 November 2022    |

# 5.5 Receiving commands from IBM cloud using Python program

```
import time import
sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device import
random
#Provide your IBM Watson Device
Credentialsorganization = "157uf3"
deviceType = "abcd" deviceId = "7654321"
authMethod = "token" authToken =
"87654321"
# Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd): print("Command
received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
                             if status=="motoron":
status=cmd.data['command']
print ("motor is on") elif status == "motoroff":
                                                 print
("motor is off") else:
    print ("please send proper command")
try:
       deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId,
"auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
      #.....
```

```
except Exception as e:
      print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" %
str(e))sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as an
event of type "greeting" 10 times deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data from
DHT11
temp=random.randint(90,110)
Humid=random.randint(60,100)
Mois=random. Randint(20,120)
  data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid,
'Mois': Mois}
    #print data
                   def
myOnPublishCallback(
):
      print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s %%"
%Humid, "Moisture =%s deg c" % Mois "to IBM Watson")
      success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data,
qos=0,on publish=myOnPublishCallback)
                                              if not success:
      print("Not connected to IoTF")
time.sleep(10)
    deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback #
Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
```

```
ibmiotpublishsubscribe.py - C\Users\ELCOT\Downloads\ibmiotpublishsubscribe.py (3.7.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import time
 import sys
 import ibmiotf.application
 import ibmiotf.device
 import random
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "157uf3"
deviceType = "abcd"
deviceId = "7654321"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "87654321"
# Initialize GPIO
 def myCommandCallback(cmd):
       print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
status=cmd.data['command']
       if status="motoron":
    print ("motor is on")
elif status = "motoroff":
    print ("motor is off")
else:
```

deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-method": authMe
deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)

print ("please send proper command")

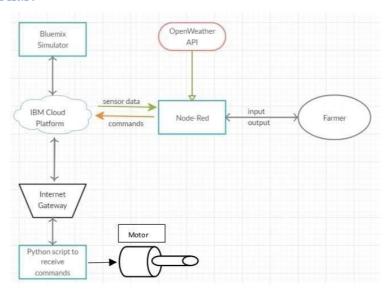
try:

- o ×

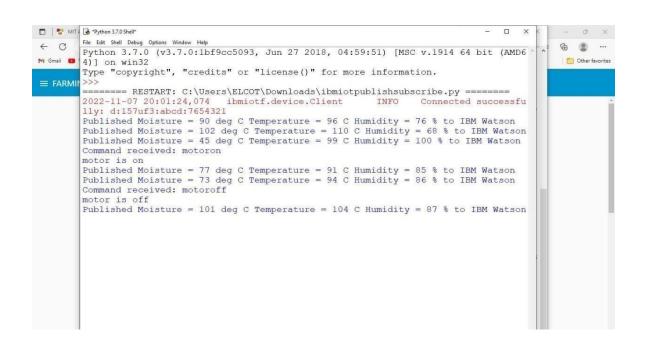
MIT / Python 3.7.0 Shell\* 0 X × File Edit Shell Debug Options Wind < C · · · Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:59:51) [MSC v.1914 64 bit (AMD6 ^ 4)] on win32

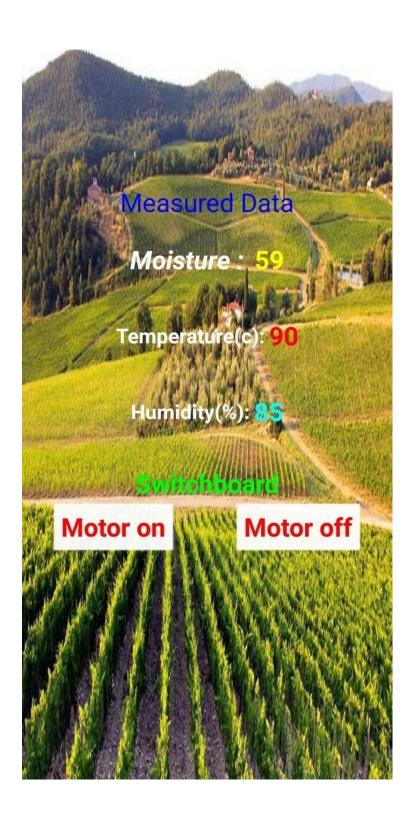
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information. Other favorites == RESTART: C:\Users\ELCOT\Downloads\ibmiotpublishsubscribe.py = 2022-11-07 20:01:24,074 ibmiotf.device.Client INFO Connected successfully: d:157uf3:abcd:7654321
Published Moisture = 90 deg C Temperature = 96 C Humidity = 76 % to IBM Watson Published Moisture = 102 deg C Temperature = 110 C Humidity = 68 % to IBM Watson Published Moisture = 45 deg C Temperature = 99 C Humidity = 100 % to IBM Watson Published Moisture = 45 deg C Temperature = 99 C Humidity = 100 % to IBM Watson Command received: motoron motor is on Published Moisture = 77 deg C Temperature = 91 C Humidity = 85 % to IBM Watson Published Moisture = 73 deg C Temperature = 94 C Humidity = 86 % to IBM Watson Command received: motoroff motor is off Published Moisture = 101 deg C Temperature = 104 C Humidity = 87 % to IBM Watson

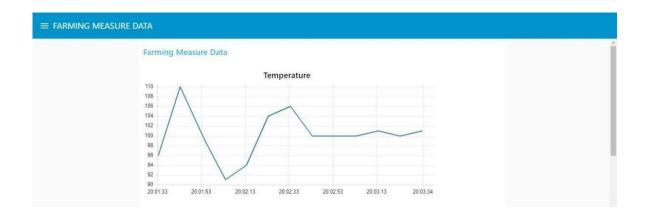
#### 6. Flow Chart

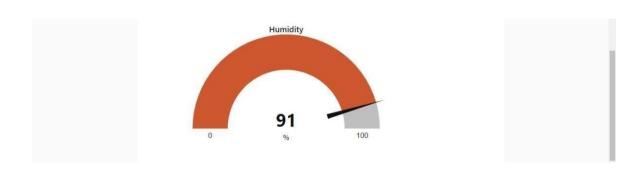


#### 7. Observations & Results











## 8. Advantages & Disadvantages Advantages:

- Farms can be monitored and controlled remotely.
- Increase in convenience to farmers.
- Less labor cost.
- Better standards of living.

### Disadvantages:

- Lack of internet/connectivity issues.
- Added cost of internet and internet gateway infrastructure.
- Farmers wanted to adapt the use of Mobile App.

#### 9.Conclusion

Thus the objective of the project to implement an IOT system in order to help farmers to control and monitor their farms has been implemented successfully.