Customer Segmentation Analysis

```
In []:
#import required libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
Load Dataset
                                                                       In [1]:
df=pd.read csv('Mall Customers.csv')
_____
NameError
                                       Traceback (most recent call last)
---> 1 df=pd.read csv('Mall Customers.csv')
NameError: name 'pd' is not defined
                                                                       In []:
dff=df.copy() #Make a copy of dataset
                                                                       In []:
dff.head()
                                                                      Out[]:
   CustomerID Gender Age Annual Income (k$) Spending Score (1-100)
             Male
                   19
                                 15
                                                 39
         2
             Male
                                 15
                   21
                                                 81
2
         3 Female
                   20
                                 16
                                                 6
         4 Female
                   23
                                                 77
                                 17
                                                 40
         5 Female
                   31
                                                                       In []:
dff.tail()
```

						Out[]:
	CustomerID	Gender	Age	Annual Income (k\$) S	pending Score (1-100)	
195	196	Female	35	120	79	
196	197	Female	45	126	28	
197	198	Male	32	126	74	
198	199	Male	32	137	18	
199	200	Male	30	137	83	
1.5.5						In []:
<pre>dff.shape Out[]:</pre>						
(200,	, 5)					In []:
<pre>dff.info()</pre>						
RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 t Data columns (total 5 column # Column					= =	
O CustomerID Gender Age Annual Income (k\$) Spending Score (1-100) dtypes: int64(4), object(1) memory usage: 7.9+ KB Handle Missing Values			(1-10 ject(B		object int64 int64	
напа	iie Missing	i vaiues	•			In []:
<pre>dff.isnull().any() #In this Dataset, there is no missing value Out[]:</pre>						
CustomerID False Gender False Age False Annual Income (k\$) False Spending Score (1-100) False dtype: bool						

In []: dff.Gender.value counts() Out[]: Female 112 Male 88 Name: Gender, dtype: int64 In []: dff=dff.drop(columns=['CustomerID'],axis=1) #Drop unused column In []: dff.head() Out[]: Gender Age Annual Income (k\$) Spending Score (1-100) 19 15 39 Male 15 81 Male 21

6

77

40

Data Visualization

2 Female

Female

Female

i. Uni-variate Analysis

In []:

sns.distplot(dff.Age)

20

23

31

16

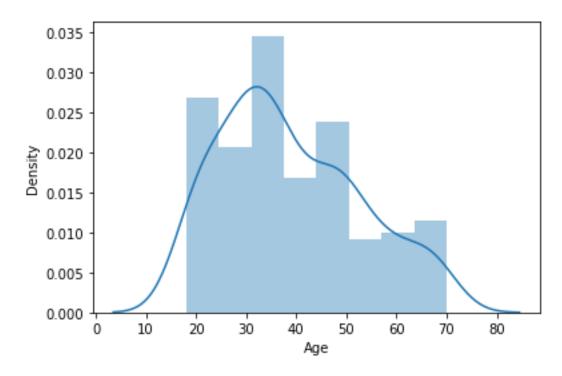
16

17

C:\Users\God\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: Futur eWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for hist ograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[]:



The Age values lies between 18 and 70