## **Sprint 2**

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## Importing the required libraries

```
In [43]:
import numpy as np
import tensorflow #open source used for both ML and DL for computation
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist #mnist dataset
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential #it is a plain stack of
layers
from tensorflow.keras import layers #A Layer consists of a tensor- in
tensor-out computat ion funct ion
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Flatten #Dense-Dense Layer is
the regular deeply connected r
#faltten -used fot flattening the input or change the dimension
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D #onvoLutiona 1 Layer
from keras.optimizers import Adam #opt imizer
from keras. utils import np utils #used for one-hot encoding
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #used for data visualization
                                                                      In [44]:
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test)=mnist.load_data ()
x train=x train.reshape (60000, 28, 28, 1).astype('float32')
x test=x test.reshape (10000, 28, 28, 1).astype ('float32')
number of classes = 10 #storing the no of classes in a variable
y train = np utils.to categorical (y train, number of classes) #converts
the output in binary format
y_test = np_utils.to_categorical (y_test, number_of_classes)
Add CNN Layers
                                                                       In [45]:
#create model
model=Sequential ()
                                                                       In [46]:
#adding modeL Layer
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), input shape=(28, 28, 1), activation='relu'))
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'))
                                                                       In [47]:
#flatten the dimension of the image
model.add(Flatten())
                                                                       In [48]:
#output layer with 10 neurons
model.add(Dense(number of classes,activation = 'softmax'))
```

# Compiling the model

```
In [49]:
#Compile model
model.compile(loss= 'categorical_crossentropy', optimizer="Adam",
metrics=['accuracy'])

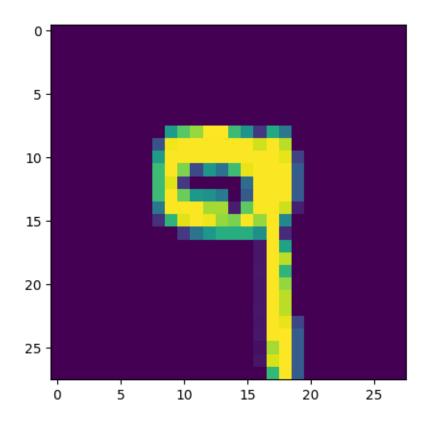
In [50]:
x_train = np.asarray(x_train)
y_train = np.asarray(y_train)
```

#### Train the model

```
In [51]:
#fit the model
model.fit(x train, y train, validation data=(x test, y test), epochs=5,
batch size=32)
Epoch 1/5
1875/1875 [============= ] - 120s 63ms/step - loss: 0.2808
- accuracy: 0.9487 - val loss: 0.1263 - val accuracy: 0.9649
Epoch 2/5
accuracy: 0.9780 - val loss: 0.0947 - val accuracy: 0.9733
accuracy: 0.9839 - val loss: 0.1133 - val accuracy: 0.9701
Epoch 4/5
accuracy: 0.9884 - val_loss: 0.1308 - val_accuracy: 0.9720
Epoch 5/5
accuracy: 0.9912 - val loss: 0.1233 - val accuracy: 0.9781
                                           Out[51]:
```

## **Observing the metrics**

 $plt.imshow(x_test[6000])$ 



In [55]:

Out[54]:

import numpy as np
print(np.argmax(prediction, axis=1)) #printing our Labels from first 4
images

[9]

In [56]:

 $\verb"np.argmax(y_test[6000:6001])" \textit{\#printing the actual labels}$ 

Out[56]:

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## Save The model

In [57]:

# Save the model
model.save('models/mnistCNN.h5')

In []: