# PROJECT REPORT

# A NOVEL METHOD FOR HANDWRITTEN DIGIT RECOGNITION SYSTEM

# submitted by

#### **TEAM ID - PNT2022TMID06896**

KALAIVANI U

SENTHILNAYAGAN S

DEEPAN P

VISHALI R

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Project Overview
- 1.2 Purpose

#### 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

- 2.1 Existing problem
- 2.2 References
- 2.3 Problem Statement Definition

#### 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

- 3.1 Empathy Map Canvas
- 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming
- 3.3 Proposed Solution
- 3.4 Problem Solution fit

# 4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

- 4.1 Functional requirement
- 4.2 Non-Functional requirements

#### 5. PROJECT DESIGN

- 5.1 Data Flow Diagrams
- 5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture
- 5.3 User Stories

#### 6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

- 6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation
- 6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule
- 6.3 Reports from JIRA

# 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING (Explain the features added in the project along with code)

- 7.1 Feature 1
- 7.2 Feature 2

7.3 Database Schema (if Applicable)

#### 8. TESTING

- 8.1 Test Cases
- 8.2 User Acceptance Testing

#### 9. RESULTS

9.1 Performance Metrics

#### 10.ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

- 11.CONCLUSION
- 12.FUTURE SCOPE
- 13.APPENDIX

Source Code

GitHub

Project Demo Link

#### CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

In computer technology and artificial intelligence, machine learning and deep learning are crucial. Human effort can be decreased in many different areas with the help of deep learning and machine learning, including recognition, learning, predictions, and many more.

Handwritten Digit Recognition is the ability of computer systems to recogniseh and written digits from various sources, such as images, documents, and so on. This project aims to let users take advantage of machine learning to reduce manual tasks in recognizing digits.

#### 1.2 PURPOSE

Digit recognition systems are able to identify numbers from a variety of sources, including emails, bank checks, papers, images, etc.

They can also be used in a variety of real-world situations, such as online handwriting recognition on computer tablets or systems, identifying vehicle licence plates, processing bank cheque amounts, and reading numbers from forms that have been filled out by hand (such as tax forms).

CHAPTER 2

#### 2.LITERATURE SURVEY

#### 2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM

Following are the constraints faced when computers approach to recognize handwritten digits:

- The Handwritten digits are not always of the same size, width, orientation and justified to margins as they differ from writing of person to person.
- The similarity between digits such as 1 and 7, 5 and 6, 3 and 8, 2 and 7 etc. So, classifying between these numbers is also a major problem for computers.
- The uniqueness and variety in the handwriting of different individuals also influence the formation and appearance of the digits..

#### 2.2 REFERENCES

# Hao Y., Shi Y., Zhang D., Zhu X. 2001, "An effective result-feedback neural algorithm for handwritten character recognition' International Journal of Neural Parallel & Science Computations, Vol. 9z No. 2, Pp.139~150

In this paper, a new algorithm of handwritten character recognition based on result-feedback is proposed. It is designed as an effective neural network by adding confidence back-propagation and input modification, thus both pre-processing and recognition operations are closely integrated together. The convergence of the algorithm is proved and many experiments show that the error rate in such a result-feedback neural network (RFNN) can be greatly reduced as well as the robust to environmental noise

# Kimura, F. and Shiridhar, M. (1991). Handwritten numerical recognition based on multiple algorithms. Pattern Recognition, no. 10, vol. 24, pp. 969-983. In this paper, the authors developed two algorithms for application to recognition of unconstrained isolated handwritten numerals. While both algorithms yielded very low error rates, the authors combined the two algorithms in different ways to study the best polling strategy and realized significant improvement in performance.

# M. Shridhar and A. Badreldin, Recognition of isolated and simply connected handwritten numerals, Pattern Recognition 19, 1-12 (1986).

In this paper the authors describe the results of their investigation into the development of a recognition algorithm for identifying numerals that may be

isolated or connected, broken or continuous. Using a structural classification scheme, the recognition algorithm is derived as a tree classifier. In an extensive test experiment, an accuracy of 99% was realized with isolated numerals. When connected numerals were also included a recognition accuracy of 93% was obtained.

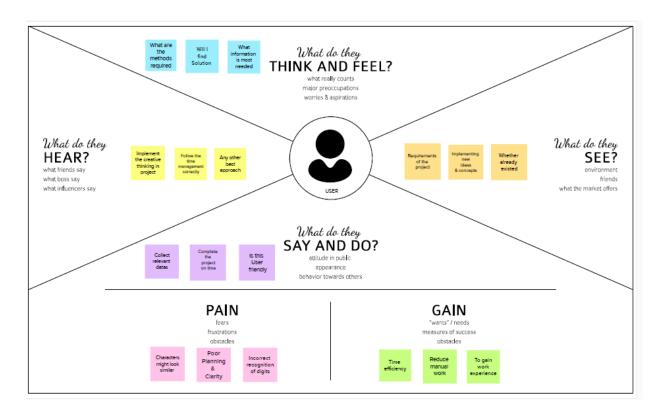
Bora, Mayur Bhargab, DinthisrangDaimary, KhwairakpamAmitab, and DebdattaKandar. "Handwritten character recognition from images using CNN-ECOC." Procedia Computer Science 167 (2020): 2403-2409.

In this paper Mayur Bhargab Bora, DinthisrangDaimary, KhwairakpamAmitab, DebdattaKandar et. mentioned that The OCR is a process of classifying the optical patterns present in a digital image to the corresponding characters.he OCR is a process of classifying the optical patterns present in a digital image to the corresponding characters. The character recognition is achieved through important steps of feature extraction and classification. The OCR system simulates the human capability to recognize. And the advantages are he CNN is used for feature extraction and ECOC for recognition of characters. In order to find a suitable feature extractor, three popular CNN architectures have been explored, namely LeNet, AlexNet and ZfNet. AlexNet is the most suitable CNN for combining with ECOC, in order to recognize handwritten characters.

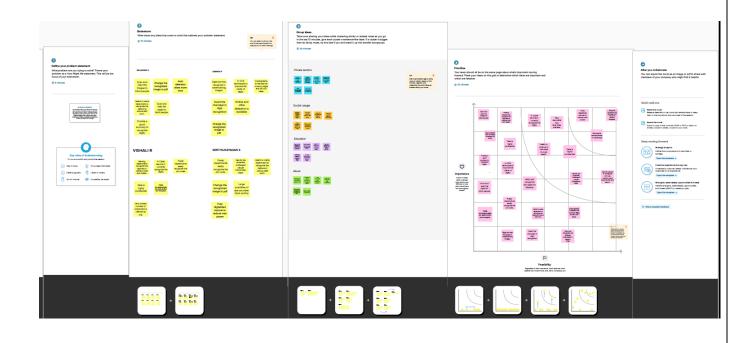
#### 2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

Recognition of characters and digits is viral in today's digitized world, especially in organizations that deal with handwritten documents that they need to analyze using computer systems. Convolutional Neural Network gets trained from the real-time data and makes the model very simple by reducing the number of variables and gives relevant accuracy. It can be used to convert books, newspapers and handwritten notes into digital text format using machine learning models.

# CHAPTER 3 3.IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION 3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS



#### 3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING



# 3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	To create a system to recognize hand written digit using AI.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Using AI the pattern in the handwritten notes are classified and recognized
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Achieve maximum accuracy to recognise the digits.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	User friendly Easy to use and understand Easy to calculate Used to convert into digital form
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	<ul> <li>Data security</li> <li>Future prediction</li> <li>Useful in digitalizing the handwritten documents.</li> </ul>
6.	Scalability of the Solution	<ul> <li>Can be extended to manage recognition</li> <li>Ability to provide better solution</li> <li>It is scalable from a dataset training perspective.</li> </ul>

# 3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT

#### $TITLE: A\ NOVEL\ METHOD\ FOR\ HANDWRITTEN\ DIGIT\ RECOGINITION\ -\ PROBLEM\ SOLUTION\ FIT-\ PNT 2022TMID 06896$

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)  • DEALERS • AGENCIES • BANK EMPLOYEES	Contains more facilities     spending power ,network connection	Keep record of your conversation and actions.     Give the Company time to fix the Problem
2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS  Identify the problem Analyze the problem Fast & accurate recognition of digits Develop multiple solutions Choose the optimal solution	Develop a detailed timeline of events that lead up to a failure, especially for those cases that are one-time occurrences.     When we fix one again the new might will appear.	Customer should use this platform for detection of vehicle numb-r, banking sector et .      Fird a right product that recognizes the digits written in all kinds of handwriting accurately and fastly.
3. TRIGGER TO ACT  • In-built dataset of digits. • Cheap and easy accessibility of resources.  4. EMOTIONAL BARRIERS  BEI ORE • Dep. ession anxiety, stress  AFTER • Feeling strain, ctive and better approach.	To create best platform handwritten recommended with the help of good user interface to implement a better collaborative filtering for current issues.	8. BEHAVIOUR ONLINE: It is the system in which recognition is performed when digits are under creation.  OFFLINE It is the System in which first document are generated, scanned, stored in computer and they are recognized.

# **CHAPTER 4**

# **4.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS**

# **4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

FR.NO	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	SUB REQUIREMENTS		
		Get access the MNIST dataset		
ED 4	Madel Coastier	Analyze the dataset		
FR-1	Model Creation	Define a CNN model		
		Train and Test the Model		
		Create a website to let the user recognize handwritten digits.		
	Application Development	Create a home page to upload images		
FR-2		Create a result page to display the results		
		Host the website to let the users use it from anywhere		
		Let users upload images of various formats.		
		Let users upload images of various size		
FR-3	Input Image Upload	Prevent users from uploading unsupported image formats		

	Pre-Process the image to use it on the model		
	Create a database to store all the input images		
Display Results	Display the result from the model		
	Display input image		
	Display accuracy the result		
	Display other possible predictions with their respective accuracy		
	Display Results		

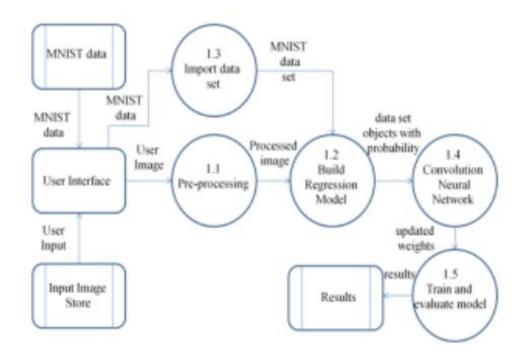
# **4.2 NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

NFR	NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	DESCRIPTION
NFR-1	Usability	The application must be usable in all devices
NFR-2	Security	The application must protect user uploaded image
NFR-3	Reliability	The application must give an accurate result as much as possible
NFR-4	Performance	The application must be fast and quick to load up
NFR-5	Availability	The application must be available to use all the time
NFR-6	Scalability	The application must scale along with the user base

#### **CHAPTER 5**

#### **5. PROJECT DESIGN**

#### **5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAM**



#### 5.2 SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE

#### Design

Design for converting handwritten characters into machine readable formats.

#### Reliable

Creating interactive dashboard which is easy tounderstand and useful for the users.

#### Functional

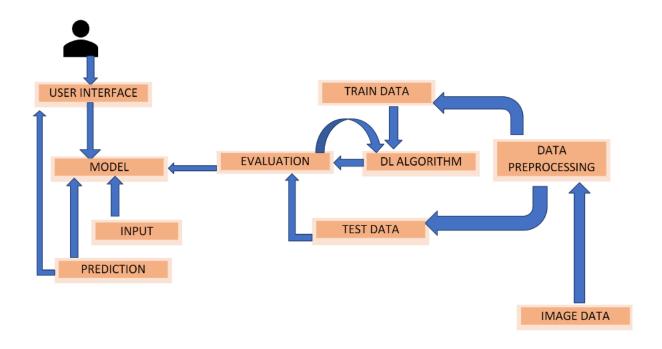
The ability to automatically detect the important features of an object without any human supervision

#### Availability

Available for every users like Banks ,Post office,Exam paper corrections, Library, etc.

#### Usability

Useful for areas that deals with large databases to reduce complexity.



## **5.3 USER STORIES**

User Type	Functional Requireme nt (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application.	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As as user, I can view the guide and awareness to use this application.	I can view the awareness to use this application by a practical method.	Low	Sprint-2
		USN-4	As a user, I can read the instructions to use this application.	I can read instructions to use it in user-friendly method.	Medium	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can enter the application	High	Sprint-1
	About	USN-6	I can click on the "About " to get the idea of a handwritten digit recognition tool for recognition of digits.	I can get an idea about the project	Low	Sprint-1
Customer (Web user)	Predict	USN-7	As a user I can upload my handwritten digits images to be recognised from the computer.	I can choose any image from my device	High	Sprint-2

User Type Functional User		User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release	
•						
nt (Epic)						
	USN-8	As a user I will train and test the input to	I can able to train and test	High	Sprint-4	
		get the maximum accuracy of output	the application until it gets			
			maximum accuracy of the			
			result.			
	USN-9	As a user, I can upload my handwritten	I can choose and upload	Medium	Sprint-3	
Launch		digit images to be recognised from the	the image from the system			
		computer.	storage and also in any			
		•	virtual storage.			
	USN-10	I can scan one page at once.	I can get the recognised	High	Sprint-4	
			digits from the input			
			given.			
	USN-11	As a user I can turn on the camera using	I can get the input to be	High	Sprint-3	
Recognize		the input button.	digitized.		1	
		_				
	USN-12	As a user, I can use the web application	I can use the application	High	Sprint-1	
		virtually anywhere.			^	
	USN-13	As it is open source, i can use it cost	I can use it without any	Medium	Sprint-2	
			1		1	
			access.			
	Requireme nt (Epic)  Launch	Requireme nt (Epic)  USN-8  USN-9  Launch  USN-10  USN-11  Recognize  USN-12	Requirement (Epic)  USN-8  As a user I will train and test the input to get the maximum accuracy of output  USN-9  Launch  USN-9  As a user, I can upload my handwritten digit images to be recognised from the computer.  USN-10  I can scan one page at once.  USN-11  As a user I can turn on the camera using the input button.  USN-12  As a user, I can use the web application virtually anywhere.	VSN-9	Requirement (Epic)  USN-8  As a user I will train and test the input to get the maximum accuracy of output  USN-9  Launch  USN-9  As a user, I can upload my handwritten digit images to be recognised from the computer.  USN-10  I can scan one page at once.  USN-11  Recognize  USN-12  As a user I can turn on the camera using the input button.  USN-12  As a user, I can use the web application virtually anywhere.  USN-13  As it is open source,i can use it cost freely.  I can able to train and test the application until it gets maximum accuracy of the result.  I can choose and upload the image from the system storage and also in any virtual storage.  I can get the recognised digits from the input given.  I can get the input to be digitized.  High  High  USN-12  As a user, I can use the web application portably anywhere.  I can use the application portably anywhere.  Medium	

## **CHAPTER 6**

# 6. PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING

## **6.1 SPRINT PLANNING AND ESTIMATION**

Sp.int	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Тяк	Story Points	Priority	learn Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	2	High	Vishali.R Kalaivani.U Deepan.P Senthilnayagan. S
Sprint-1	Login	USN-2	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & passworu	1	High	Vishali.R Kalaivani.U Deepan.P Senthilnayagan. S
Sprint-2	Upload Image of digital document	USN-3	As a user, I can able to input the images of digital documents on the application	2	Low	Vishali.R Kalaivani.U Deepan.P Senthilnayagan. S
Sprint-2	Input correlation	USN-4	As a user, I can get a correlation	2	Medium	Vishali.R Kalaivani.U Deepan.P Senthilnayagan. S

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-3	Feature Extraction	USN-5	As a user, I can predict properly by good features	1	High	Vishali.R Kalaivani.U Deepan.P Senthilnayagan. S
Sprint-4	Recognizing digits	USN-6	As a user I can able to get the recognised digit as outp at from the images of hand written documents or images	2	High	Vishali.R Kalaivani.U Deepan.P Senthilnayagan. S

# **6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE**

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	19 Nov 2022

# CHAPTER 7

**CODING & SOLUTION** 

```
from flask import Flask, flash, render_template, redirect, session, request, url_for
from flask_restful import Api
from flask_mysqldb import MySQL,MySQLdb
import bcrypt
app = Flask(__name__)
api = Api(app)
app.secret_key = "secret key"
app.config['MYSQL_HOST'] = 'localhost'
app.config['MYSQL_USER'] = 'root'
app.config['MYSQL_PASSWORD'] = ''
app.config['MYSQL_DB'] = 'flaskdb'
app.config['MYSQL_CURSORCLASS'] = 'DictCursor'
mysql = MySQL(app)
@app.route('/')
def home():
   return render_template('index.html')
```

```
@app.route('/register', methods=["GET", "POST"])
def register():
    if request.method == 'GET':
       return render_template("register.html")
       name = request.form['name']
       email = request.form['email']
       password = request.form['password'].encode('utf-8')
       hash_password = bcrypt.hashpw(password, bcrypt.gensalt())
       cur = mysql.connection.cursor()
       cur.execute("INSERT INTO users (name, email, password) VALUES (%s,%s,%s)",(name,email,hash_password,))
       mysql.connection.commit()
       session['name'] = request.form['name']
       session['email'] = request.form['email']
       session['loggedin'] = True
       return redirect(url_for('home'))
@app.route('/login',methods=["GET","POST"])
def login():
    if request.method == 'POST':
        email = request.form['email']
       password = request.form['password'].encode('utf-8')
       curl = mysql.connection.cursor(MySQLdb.cursors.DictCursor)
        curl.execute("SELECT * FROM users WHERE email=%s",(email,))
       user = curl.fetchone()
       curl.close()
```

# CHAPTER 8

# **TESTING**

# 8.1 Test Cases:

Test caseID	Featur	Component	Test Scenario	Excepted	Actual	Status	<b>Executed By</b>
TT TTC 001	e type	11 B	X	Result	Result		
Homepage_TC_001	Functi	Home Page	Verify user is	Home page	Working as	Pass	YZ 1 ' ' YY
	onal		able to see the	should be	expected		Kalaivani U
			Homepage	displayed			Deepan P
			when clicked				
T	* * * *	** **	on the link	TT.	*** 1:	-	
Homepage_TC_002	UI	Home Page	Verify the UI	The	Working as	Pass	
			elements in	homepage	expected		Senthilnayagan S
			Homepage	must be			Vishali R
				displayed			
				properly			
Homepage_TC_003	Functi	Home Page	Check if the	The Home	The UI	Pass	Kalaivani U
	onal		UI elements	page must	displayed in		Vishali R
			are displayed	be displayed	correct size		
			properly in	properly in			
			different	all sizes			
			screen sizes				
Homepage_TC_004	Functi	Home Page	Check if user	The input	Working	Pass	Vishali R
	onal		can upload	image	as expected		
			their file	should be			
				uploaded to			
				the			
				application			
				successfully			
Homepage_TC_005	Functi	Home Page	Check if user	The	User is able	Pass	Senthilnayagan S
	onal		cannot upload	application	to upload my		
			unsupported	Should not	file		
			files	allow user to			
				select a non			
				image file			
Homepage_TC_006	Functi	Home Page	Check if the	The page	Working	Pass	Kalaivani U
	onal	_	page redirects	should	as expected		Vishali R
			to result page	redirect to	_		
			once the input	the result			
			is given	page			
BE_TC_001	Functi	Backend	Check if the	The	Working	Pass	Senthilnayagan S
	onal		connection is	localhost	as expected		Vishali R

			correctly	connection			
			established	must be			
				correctly			
				established			
M_TC_001	Functi	Model	Check if the	The model	Working as	PASS	Deepan P
	onal		model can	should	expected		Vishali R
			handle various	rescale the			
			sizes	image and			
				predict the			
				results			
M_TC_002	Functi	Model	Check if the	The model	Working as	PASS	Senthilnayagan S
	onal		model predict	should	expected		Kalaivani U
			the digits	predict the			
				number			
M_TC_003	Functi	Model	Check if the	The model	The model	PASS	Deepan P
	onal		model handle	should	fails to		Kalaivani U
			complex input	predict the	identify the		
			image	number in	digit since the		
				the complex	model is not		
				image	built to		
					handle such		
					data	- L GG	
Predict_TC_OO5	Functi	Predict page	Verify user is	User must	Working as	PASS	Deepan P
	onal		able to	be navigated	expected		Kalaivani U
			navigate to the	to the			Vishali R
			predict to and	predict page			
			view the	and must			
			predicted result	view the			
			lesuit	predicted result			
R_TC_001	UI	Result Page	Verify UI	The result	The result	PASS	Deepan P
K_1C_001		Result 1 age	elements in the	page must	displayed as	IASS	Kalaivani U
			Result page	be displayed	expected		Vishali R
			Result page	properly	CAPCCICU		Senthilnayagan S
				property			Sentimina yagan S
R_TC_002	UI	Result Page	Check if the	The input	Working as	PASS	Deepan P
			input image is	page must	expected		Senthilnayagan S
			displayed	be displayed	1		
			properly	properly			
R_TC_003	UI	Result Page	Check if the	The result	Working as	PASS	Deepan P
	_	1	result image	should be	expected		Vishali R
			is displayed	displayed			
			properly	properly			
R_TC_004	UI	Result Page	Check if the	The other	Working as	PASS	Senthilnayagan S
K_1C_004	01	Result Page				rass	, -
			other	prediction	expected		Kalaivani U
			prediction	page			
			page is	should be			

		displayed	displayed		
		properly	properly		

#### 8.2 USER ACCEPTANCE TESTING

#### 8.2.1 DEFECT ANALYSIS

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Total
By Design	1	0	1	0	2
Duplicate	0	0	0	0	0
External	0	0	2	0	2
Fixed	3	1	0	1	5
Not Reproduced	0	0	0	1	1
Skipped	0	0	0	1	1
Won't Fix	1	0	1	0	2
Total	5	1	4	3	13

#### 8.2.2TEST CASE ANALYSIS

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Client Application	10	0	1	9
	2	0	1	1
Security				
Performance	3	0	1	2
Exception Reporting	2	0	0	2

# **CHAPTER 9**

## **RESULTS**

# 9.1.PERFORMANCE METRICS

	Mode 1 Summary	The handwritten digit recognizer helps in predicting the number on the image. We use the libraries from tensor flow for building the model. This the model that was built using convolutional neutral network(CNN)	<pre>[ ] from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential     from tensorflow.keras.layers import Convolution2D,MaxPooling2D,Flatten,Dense     model = Sequential()     model.add(Convolution2D(64, (3,3), input_shape=(28,28,1),activation='relu'))     model.add(Convolution2D(32,(3,3),activation='relu'))     model.add(Flatten())     model.add(Dense(number_of_classes, activation='softmax'))</pre>		
2	Accu racy	Training Accuracy – 99%  Validation Accuracy – 100%	<pre>[ ] metrics = model.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)     print("Metrics(Test loss &amp; Test Accuracy):")     print(metrics)  Metrics(Test loss &amp; Test Accuracy):     [0.03019659034907818, 0.9907000064849854]</pre>		
3	Metrics	Confusion matrix	0 978 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1		

4.	Metrics	ROC(Receiver Operating System)	Section 1
5.	Metrics	Precision – Recall or PR curve	The common and the street

#### **CHAPTER 10**

#### **ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES**

## **ADVANTAGES:**

- Reduces manual work
- More accurate than average human
- Capable of handling a lot of data
- Can be used anywhere from any device

#### **DISADVANTAGES:**

- Cannot handle complex data
- All the data must be in digital format
- Requires a high performance server for faster predictions
- Prone to occasional errors

#### **CHAPTER 11**

#### **CONCLUSION**

This project demonstrated a web application that uses machine learning to recognise handwritten numbers. Flask, HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and a few other technologies were used to create this project. The model predicts the handwritten digit using a CNN network. During testing, the model achieved a 99.61% recognition rate. The proposed project is scalable and can easily handle a huge number of users.

Since it is a web application, it is compatible with any device that can run a browser. This project is extremely useful in real-world scenarios such as recognizing number plates of vehicles, processing bank cheque amounts, numeric entries in forms filled up by hand (tax forms) and so on. There is so much room for improvement, which can be implemented in subsequent versions.

#### **CHAPTER 12**

#### **FUTURE SCOPE:**

This project is far from complete and there is a lot of room for improvement. Some of the improvements that can be made to this project are as follows:

- Add support to detect from digits multiple images and save the results
- Add support to detect multiple digits
- Improve model to detect digits from complex images
- Add support to different languages to help users from all over the

world

This project has endless potential and can always be enhanced to become better. Implementing this concept in the real world will benefit several industries and reduce the workload on many workers, enhancing overall work efficiency.

#### **APPENDIX**

#### SOURCE CODE

#### 1.INDEX.html

```
</div>

<pr
```

#### 2.REGISTER.html

```
</div>
</div>
</div>
</section id="banner">
</div Class=".particles-js-canvas-el" id="particles-js"></div>

</div class="container zindex">
</div class="row">
</div class="row">
</div class="row">
</div class="row">
</div class="row">
</div class="col-lg-7 banner-txt">

</div class="row">
</div class="row">
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div

</div
```

#### 3.LOGIN.html

```
</div> -->
  </section>

<!-- Optional JavaScript -->
  <script src="{{ url_for('static', filename='js/jquery-3.3.1.min.js') }}"></script>
    <script src="{{ url_for('static', filename='js/bootstrap.min.js') }}"></script>
    <script src="{{ url_for('static', filename='js/slick.min.js') }}"></script>
    <script src="{{ url_for('static', filename='js/particles.js') }}"></script>
    <script src="{{ url_for('static', filename='js/pap.js') }}"></script>
    <script src="{{ url_for('static', filename='js/jquery.isotope.min.html') }}"></script>
    <script src=""{{ url_for('static', filename='js/curculan.js') }}"></script>
    <script src=""{{ url_for('static', filename='js/custom.js') }}"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 4.RECOGNIZE.html

#### 5.PREDICT.html

```
clboCTYPE html>
chtal lang="zxx">

chead>
cmeta chanset="UTF-8">
cmeta name="viewport" content="width-device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit-no">
cmeta name="viewport" content="width-device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit-no">
cmeta name="viewport" content="midth-device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit-no">
cmtent="midth-device-width-device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit-no">
cmtent="midth-device-width-device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit-no">
cmtent="midth-device-width-device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit-no">
cmtent="midth-device-width-device-width-device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit-no">
cmtent="midth-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-device-width-de
```

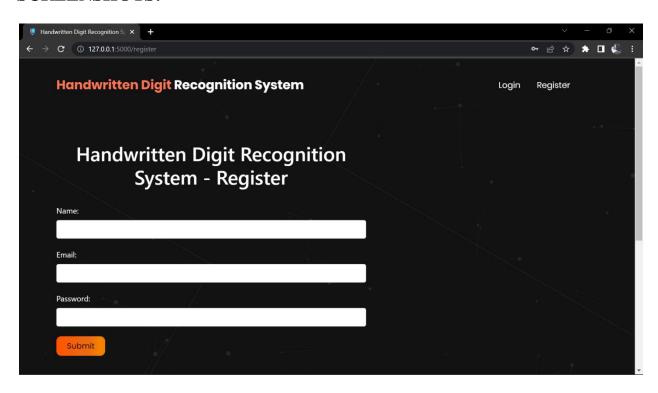
```
<div class="dot-3"></div>
nav class="navbar navbar-expand-lg navbar-light bg-light sticky-top">
        <div class="container">
                     <a style="text-decoration:none;" class="navbar-brand" href="/"><b>Handwritten Digit </b>Recognition
                              System</a>
                    <button class="navbar-toggler" type="button" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbarSupportedContent"</pre>
                              aria-controls="navbarSupportedContent" aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle navigation">
                                <i class="fa fa-bars" aria-hidden="true"></i>
                     <div class="collapse navbar-collapse menu-main" id="navbarSupportedContent">
                                 <a style="text-decoration:none;" class="nav-link"</pre>
                                                                  href="{{url_for('recognize_page')}}">Recognize</a>
                                            {% if session['name'] %}
                                             \begin{tabular}{ll} \label{table:class} $$ \adsigned the constraint of the constr
                                            {% else %}
                                            <a style="text-decoration:none;" class="nav-link" href="{{url_for('login')}}">Login</a>
```

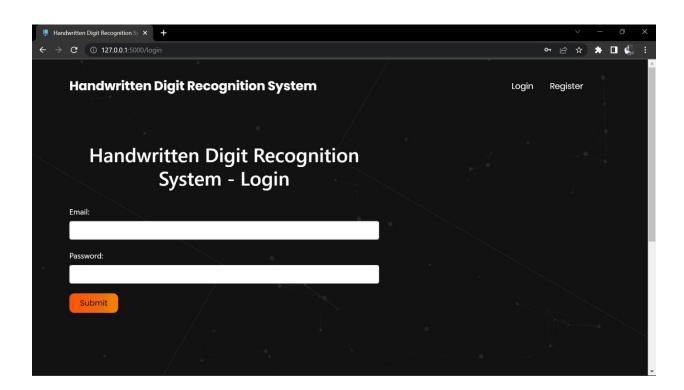
#### 6.UPLOAD.html

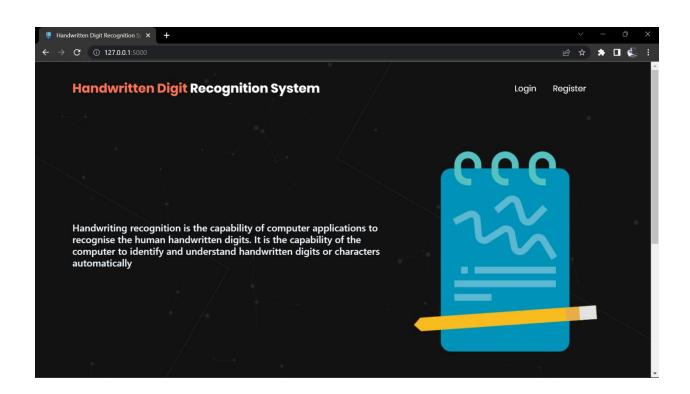
```
<html lang="zxx">
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit=no">
    content="extract text, extract text in image, extract text image python, extract text python, image to text python, extractor python text, ex
   <meta name="description"</pre>
     content="TextExtractor it is software created to extract text from any type of image using python 3" />
   <title>Handwritten Digit Recognition System</title>
  <title>Handwritten Digit Recognition System:/(itle>
k rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/font-awesome.min.css') }}">
kink rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/bootstrap.min.css') }}">
kink rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/slick.css') }}">
kink rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/style.css') }}">
kink rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/responsive.css') }}">
kink rel="itylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/responsive.css') }}">
kink href="itylesheet" href="{ url_for('static', filename='css/responsive.css') }}">
kink nrel="iton" type="image/png" sizes="192x192" href="/android-iton-192x192.png">
kink nrel="iton" href="[{ url_for('static', filename='image/fouison iton') }]" type="image/fouison iton') }]"
   k rel="icon" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='images/favicon.ico') }}" type="image/x-icon" />
         margin-left: 15px;
         color: □blue;
  margin-top: 7.5%;
#content {
  margin: 0 auto;
   padding: 2% 15%;
   padding-bottom: 0;
.welcome {
  text-align: center;
   position: relative;
   color: □black;
   background-color: \Boxrgba(0, 0, 0, 0.068);
   padding-top: 1%;
   padding-bottom: 1%;
   font-weight: bold;
   font-family: 'Prompt', sans-serif;
#team_id {
    text-align: right;
   font-size: 25px;
   padding-right: 3%;
#predict button {
  margin-right: 15px;
```

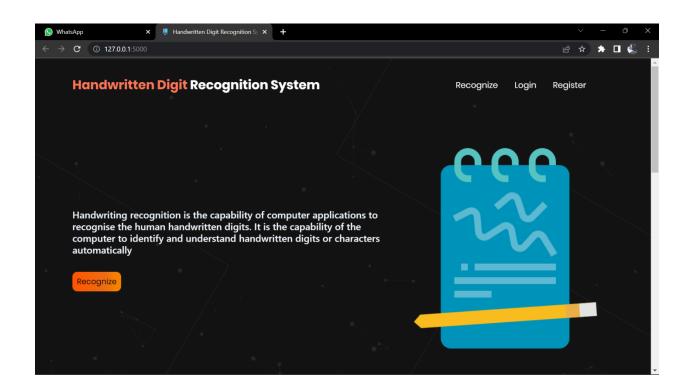
```
.buttons_div {
 margin-bottom: 30px;
 margin-right: 80px;
.heading {
font-family: 'Varela Round', sans-serif;
 font-weight: 700;
 font-size: 2rem;
 display: inline;
 text-align: center;
 margin: 0 auto;
 margin-top: 2%;
#frame {
 margin-right: 10%;
.predicted_answer {
 text-align: center;
 margin: 0 auto;
 padding: 3% 5%;
 padding-top: 0;
```

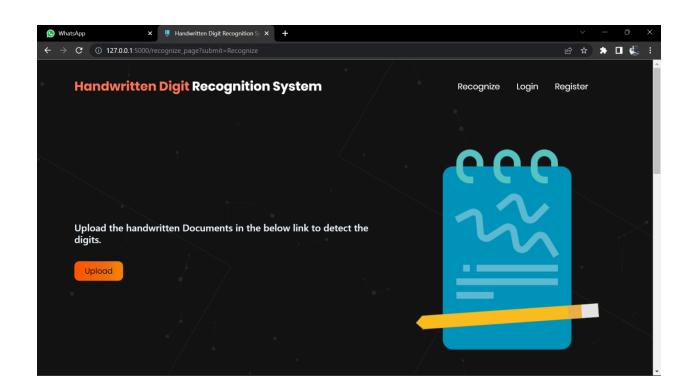
#### **SCREENSHOTS:**

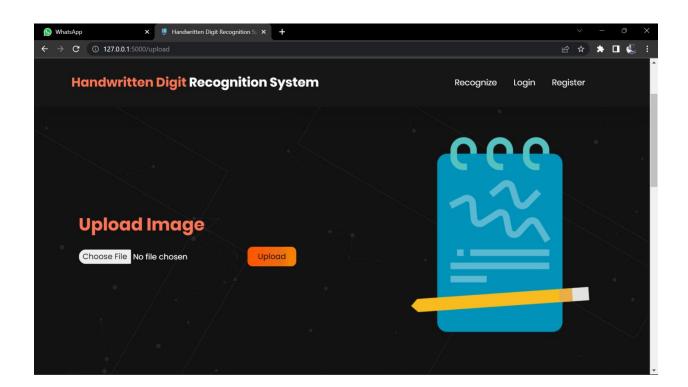


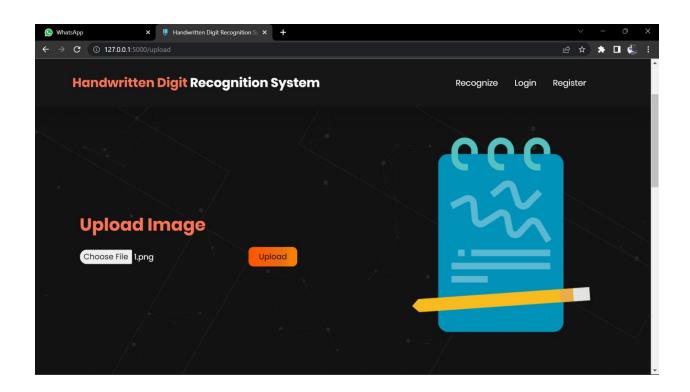


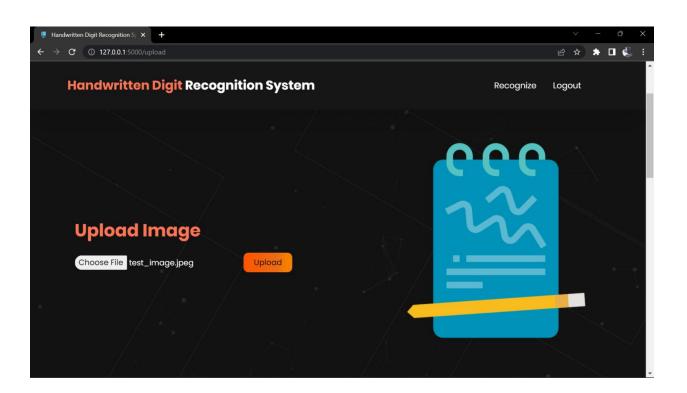


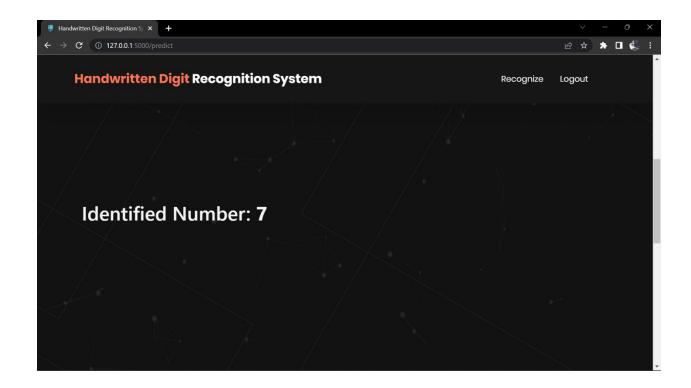












## GitHub & Project Demo Link

#### **GitHub Link**

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-3892-1658669870

#### **Demo Video**

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1LL9gH0bFg7IKzoPHgXgy56UjCO-IE4d0?usp=sharing