

EARLY DETECTION OF FOREST FIRE

MODEL BUILDING

PREDICTIONS

TeamID	PNT2022TMID03558
ProjectName	Project-Early detection of forest fire using deep learning

PREDICTIONS:

The last and final step is to make use of our saved model to do predictions. For that we have a class in keras called load_model. Load_model is used to load our saved model h5 file(alert.h5).

IMPORTLIBRARIES:

11/7/22, 12:35 AM

Untitled8.ipynb - Colaboratory

▼ Importing Keras libraries

```
import keras
```

▼ Importing ImageDataGenerator from Keras

```
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
```

IMPORT ImageDataGenerator FROM KERAS:

▼ Importing Keras libraries

```
[1] import keras
```

▼ Importing ImageDataGenerator from Keras

```
[13] from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
      from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
```

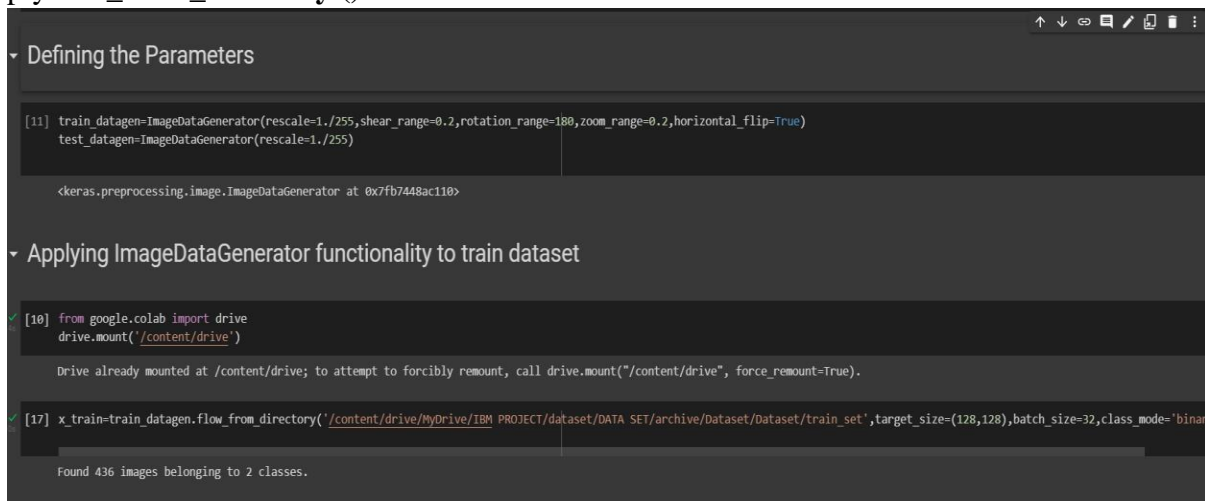
▼ Defining the Parameters

```
train_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255, shear_range=0.2, rotation_range=180, zoom_range=0.2, horizontal_flip=True)
test_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
```

```
<keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator at 0x7fb7448ac110>
```

APPLYING ImageDataGenerator to train dataset:

ply `flow_from_directory()` method for Train folder.



The screenshot shows a Jupyter notebook with two cells. The first cell, titled 'Defining the Parameters', defines `train_datagen` and `test_datagen` using `ImageDataGenerator` with parameters: `rescale=1./255`, `shear_range=0.2`, `rotation_range=180`, `zoom_range=0.2`, and `horizontal_flip=True`. The second cell, titled 'Applying ImageDataGenerator functionality to train dataset', contains two code blocks. The first block mounts Google Drive and confirms the mount. The second block uses `train_datagen.flow_from_directory()` on the path `"/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM PROJECT/dataset/DATA SET/archive/Dataset/Dataset/train_set"` with `target_size=(128,128)`, `batch_size=32`, and `class_mode='binary'`. The output indicates that 436 images were found belonging to 2 classes.

```
[11] train_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,shear_range=0.2,rotation_range=180,zoom_range=0.2,horizontal_flip=True)
test_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)

<keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator at 0x7fb7448ac110>

[10] from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

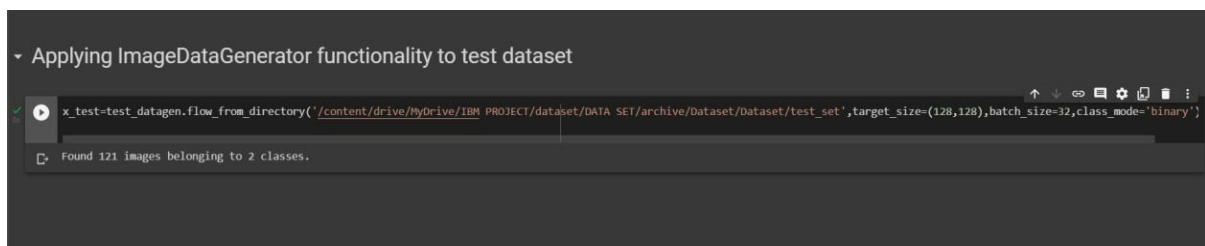
Drive already mounted at /content/drives; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).

[17] x_train=train_datagen.flow_from_directory('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM PROJECT/dataset/DATA SET/archive/Dataset/Dataset/train_set',target_size=(128,128),batch_size=32,class_mode='binary')

Found 436 images belonging to 2 classes.
```

APPLYING ImageDataGenerator to test dataset:

Applying the `flow_from_directory()` method for test folder.



The screenshot shows a Jupyter notebook with one code block titled 'Applying ImageDataGenerator functionality to test dataset'. It uses `test_datagen.flow_from_directory()` on the path `"/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM PROJECT/dataset/DATA SET/archive/Dataset/Dataset/test_set"` with `target_size=(128,128)`, `batch_size=32`, and `class_mode='binary'`. The output indicates that 121 images were found belonging to 2 classes.

```
x_test=test_datagen.flow_from_directory('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM PROJECT/dataset/DATA SET/archive/Dataset/Dataset/test_set',target_size=(128,128),batch_size=32,class_mode='binary')

Found 121 images belonging to 2 classes.
```

IMPORTING MODEL BUILDING LIBRARIES:

11/8/22, 1:16 AM

Main code - Colaboratory

▾ Importing Model Building Libraries

```
#to define the linear Initialisation import sequential
from keras.models import Sequential
#to add layers import Dense
from keras.layers import Dense
#to create Convolutional kernel import convolution2D
from keras.layers import Convolution2D
#import Maxpooling layer
from keras.layers import MaxPooling2D
#import flatten layer
from keras.layers import Flatten
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

INITIALIZINGTHEMODEL:

▼ Initializing the model

```
model=Sequential()
```

ADDINGCNNLAYERS:

▼ Adding CNN Layers

```
model.add(Convolution2D(32,(3,3),input_shape=(128,128,3),activation='relu'))  
#add maxpooling layers  
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))  
#add faltten layer  
model.add(Flatten())
```

ADDINGDENSELAYERS:

▼ Add Dense layers

```
#add hidden layers  
model.add(Dense(150,activation='relu'))  
#add output layer  
model.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
```

CONFIGURINGTHELEARNING PROCESS:

▼ configuring the learning process

```
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer="adam",metrics=["accuracy"])
```

TRAINING THE MODEL:

▼ Training the model

```
model.fit_generator(x_train, steps_per_epoch=14, epochs=10, validation_data=x_test, validation_steps=7)

Epoch 1/10
14/14 [=====] - 322s 19s/step - loss: 1.5998 - accuracy: 0.7
Epoch 2/10
14/14 [=====] - 26s 2s/step - loss: 0.3427 - accuracy: 0.86
Epoch 3/10
14/14 [=====] - 32s 2s/step - loss: 0.2979 - accuracy: 0.88
Epoch 4/10
14/14 [=====] - 29s 2s/step - loss: 0.2585 - accuracy: 0.89
Epoch 5/10
14/14 [=====] - 29s 2s/step - loss: 0.1926 - accuracy: 0.92
Epoch 6/10
14/14 [=====] - 30s 2s/step - loss: 0.1971 - accuracy: 0.92
Epoch 7/10
14/14 [=====] - 32s 2s/step - loss: 0.1781 - accuracy: 0.92
Epoch 8/10
14/14 [=====] - 30s 2s/step - loss: 0.1796 - accuracy: 0.92
Epoch 9/10
14/14 [=====] - 31s 2s/step - loss: 0.2306 - accuracy: 0.89
Epoch 10/10
14/14 [=====] - 27s 2s/step - loss: 0.2593 - accuracy: 0.88
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fd537101390>
```

SAVE THE MODEL:

▼ Save the model

```
model.save("forest.h5")
```

PREDICTIONS:

▼ Predictions

```
#import load model from keras.model
from keras.models import load_model
#import image from keras
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
import numpy as np
#import cv2
import cv2
#load the saved model
model=load_model('forest.h5')
img=image.load_img('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM PROJECT/dataset/DATA SET/archive/Dataset/Data SET/forest.jpg')
x=image.img_to_array(img)
res=cv2.resize(x,dsize=(128,128),interpolation=cv2.INTER_CUBIC)
#expand the image shape
x=np.expand_dims(res,axis=0)
```

11/8/22, 1:16 AM

Main code - Colaboratory

```
pred=model.predict(x)
```

```
1/1 [=====] - 0s 118ms/step
```

```
pred
```

```
array([[0.]], dtype=float32)
```