

1.Download the dataset:

2. Load the dataset.

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
url =
'https://drive.google.com/file/d/1_HcM0K8wt4b7FMLkc1V1dv0y6I_9ULzy/
view?usp=sharing'
path = 'https://drive.google.com/uc?
export=download&id='+url.split('/')[2]
df = pd.read_csv(path)
```

```
df.sample(20)
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
Age \						
8075	8076	15745250	Simpson	850	France	Male
58						
4957	4958	15600478	Watson	752	France	Male
39						
6841	6842	15793491	Cherkasova	714	Germany	Male
26						
4965	4966	15729515	McCarthy	782	France	Male
36						
2828	2829	15716449	Fraser	527	Spain	Male
33						
4732	4733	15653937	McIntyre	638	Germany	Female
53						
6210	6211	15592197	Simmons	522	Spain	Male
30						
5505	5506	15802466	Donaldson	534	France	Female
53						
6450	6451	15781409	Lazarev	834	France	Female
28						
5407	5408	15714431	Yeh	561	France	Male
37						
7529	7530	15575430	Robson	579	France	Female
33						
1887	1888	15680918	Freeman	613	Spain	Male
34						
1590	1591	15651802	Day	632	Spain	Female
39						
7578	7579	15656417	Marsh	582	France	Female
39						
2692	2693	15736274	Prokhorova	751	France	Male
31						
7031	7032	15580914	Okechukwu	478	Spain	Male
48						
2158	2159	15685706	Bird	731	France	Female

40
 3549 3550 15647725 Napolitano 675 France Female
 61
 3772 3773 15699486 Johnson 745 Spain Male
 34
 5328 5329 15680234 Bray 667 Germany Male
 27

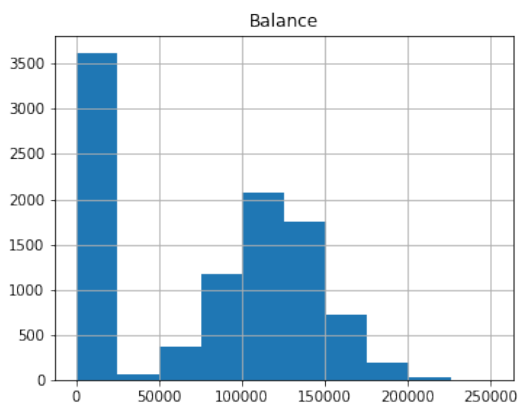
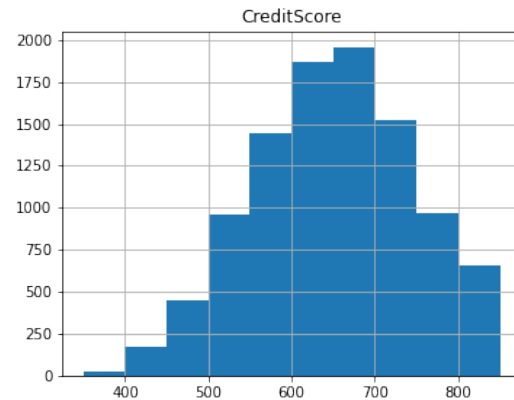
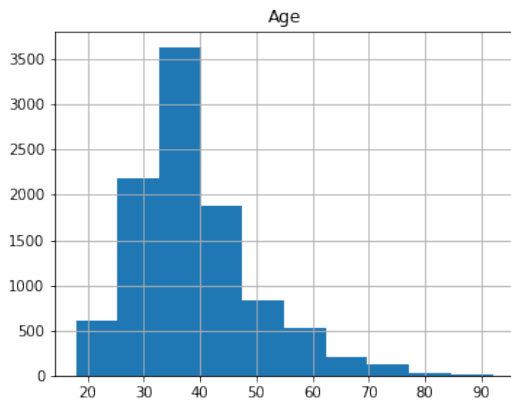
	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
8075	8	156652.13	1	0	0	
4957	3	0.00	1	1	0	
6841	3	119545.48	2	1	0	
4965	1	148795.17	2	1	1	
2828	9	132168.28	1	0	0	
4732	1	123916.67	1	1	0	
6210	3	0.00	2	1	0	
5505	7	0.00	2	1	1	
6450	6	0.00	1	1	0	
5407	1	100443.36	2	0	1	
7529	1	118392.75	1	1	1	
1887	8	117300.02	1	1	0	
1590	5	97854.37	2	1	0	
7578	1	132077.48	2	1	0	
2692	8	0.00	2	0	0	
7031	0	83287.05	2	0	1	
2158	7	118991.79	1	1	1	
3549	5	62055.17	3	1	0	
3772	7	132944.53	1	1	1	
5328	2	138032.15	1	1	0	

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
8075	25899.21	1
4957	188187.05	0
6841	65482.94	0
4965	195681.43	0
2828	98734.15	0
4732	16657.68	1
6210	145490.85	0
5505	80619.17	0
6450	74287.53	0
5407	101693.73	0
7529	157564.75	0
1887	139410.08	0
1590	93536.38	0
7578	192255.15	0
2692	17550.49	0
7031	44147.95	1
2158	156048.64	0
3549	166305.16	1

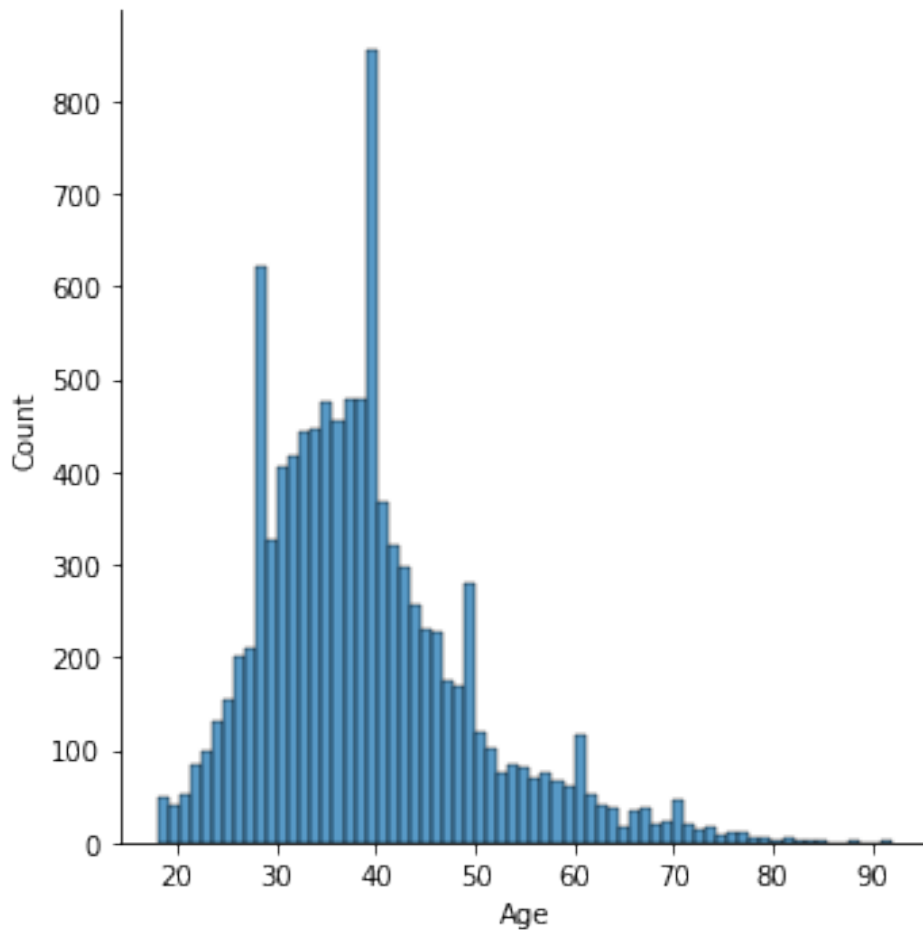
```
3772          31802.92          0
5328          166317.71          0
```

Perform Below Visualizations
Univariate Analysis

```
features = ['Age', 'CreditScore', 'Balance']
df[features].hist(figsize=(13, 10));
```



```
import seaborn as sns
sns.displot(df["Age"])
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7fc07c40a350>
```

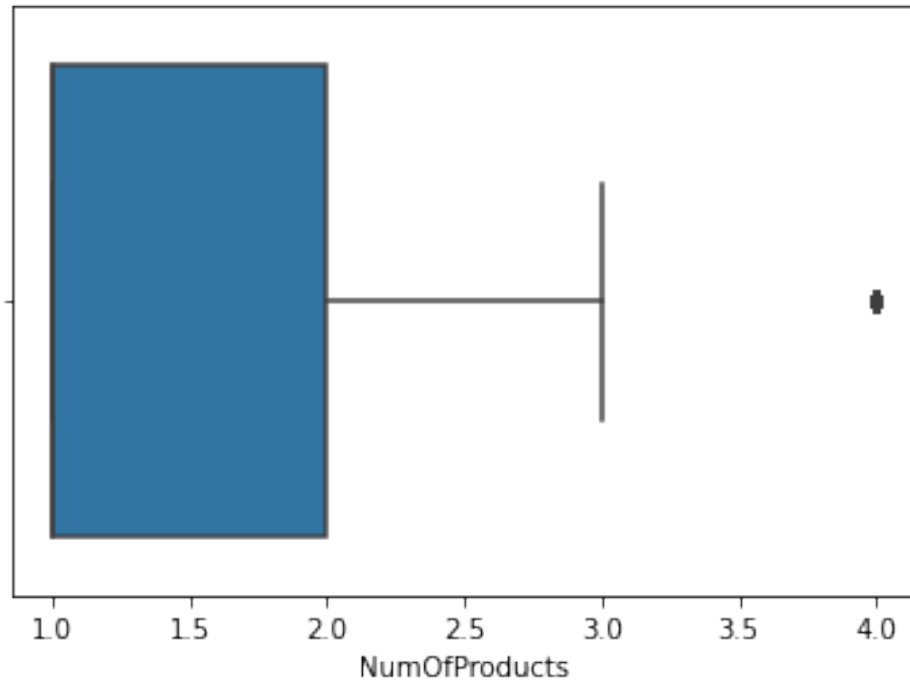


```
sns.boxplot(df["NumOfProducts"])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43:  
FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From  
version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and  
passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an  
error or misinterpretation.
```

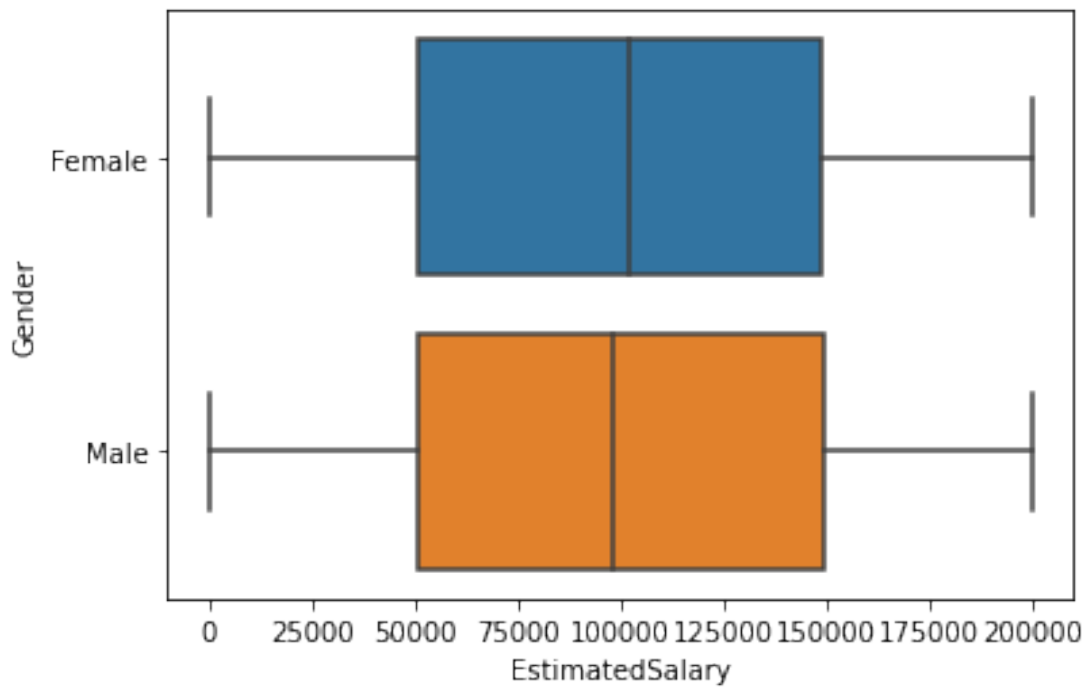
```
FutureWarning
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc0889c6a90>
```

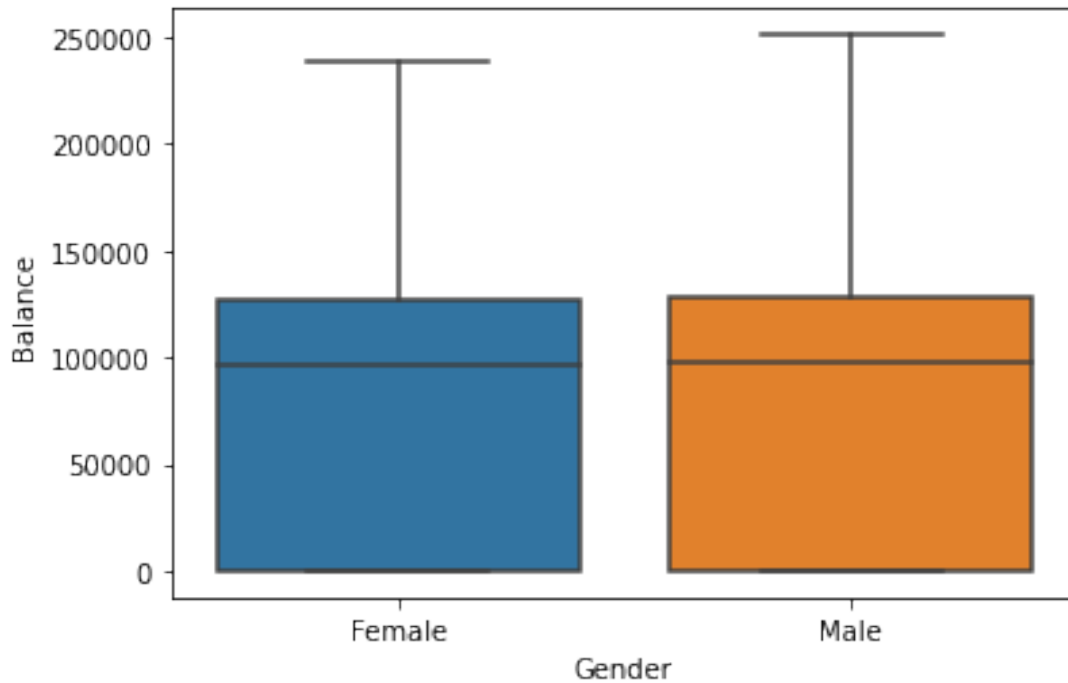


Bivariate Analysis

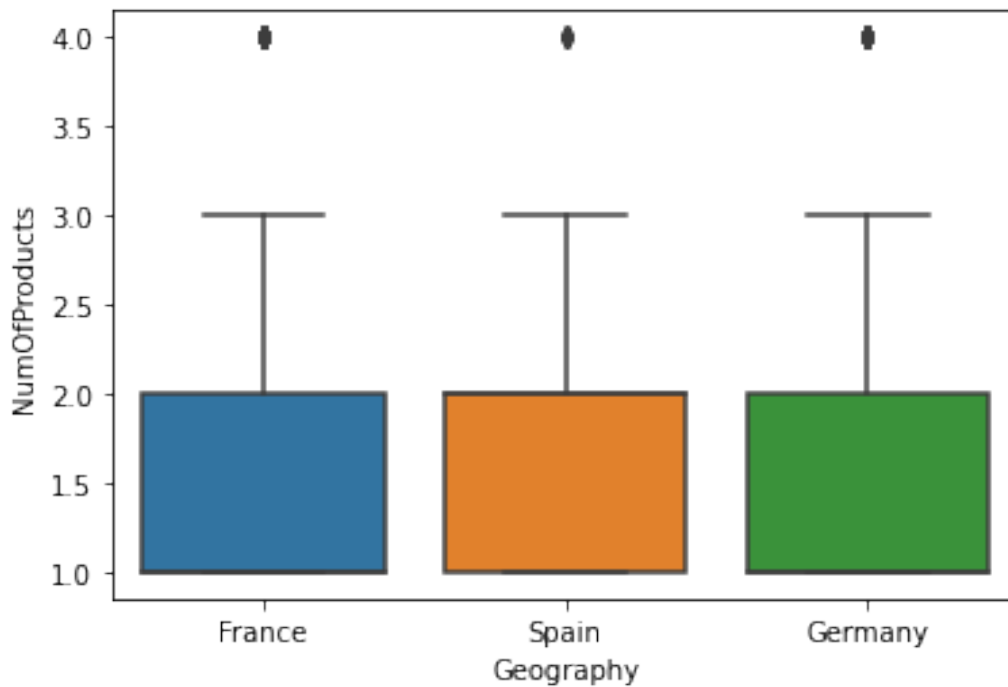
```
import seaborn as sns
sns.boxplot(x = df['EstimatedSalary'], y = df['Gender'] );
```



```
sns.boxplot(x=df['Gender'],y=df['Balance']);
```



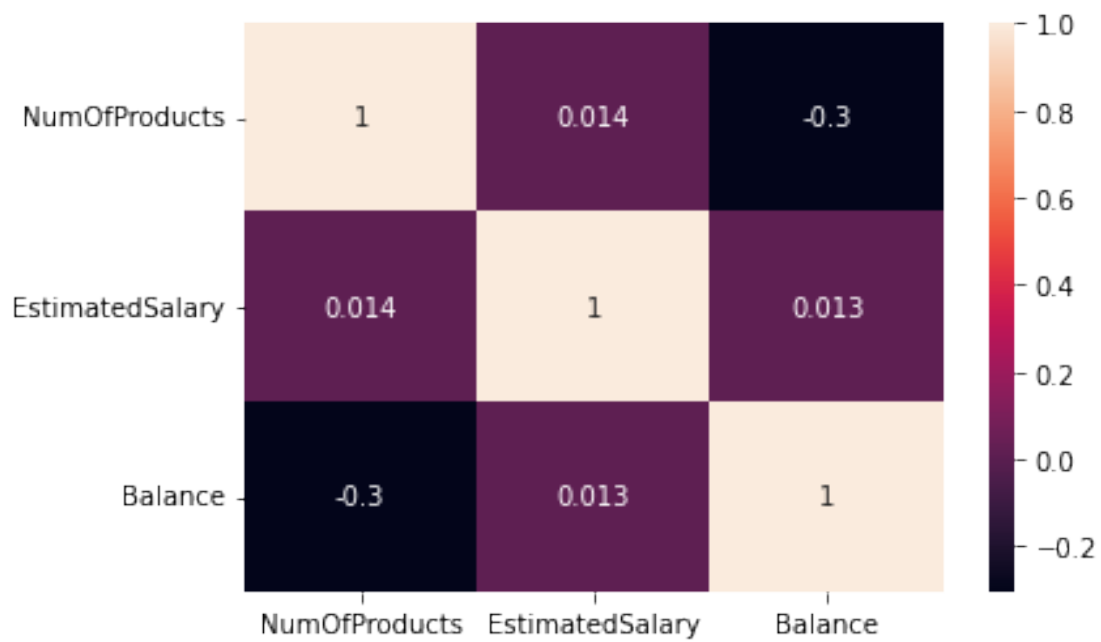
```
sns.boxplot(x=df['Geography'],y=df['NumOfProducts']);
```



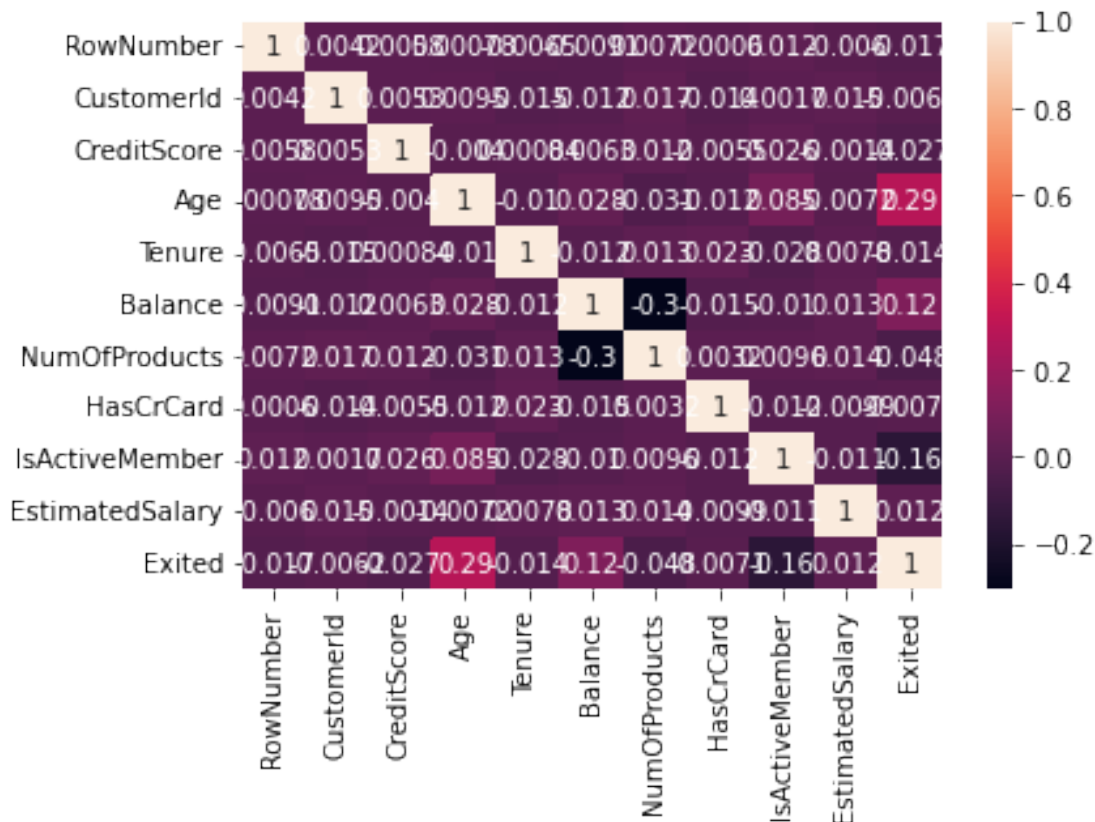
Multivariate Analysis

```
df_1 =  
pd.DataFrame(df,columns=['NumOfProducts','EstimatedSalary','Balance'])  
corrMatrix = df_1.corr()
```

```
sns.heatmap(corrMatrix, annot=True)  
plt.show()
```



```
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot = True)  
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc079668750>
```



4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

```
df.describe(include=['object'])
```

	Surname	Geography	Gender
count	10000	10000	10000
unique	2932	3	2
top	Smith	France	Male
freq	32	5014	5457

```
df['CreditScore'].value_counts()
```

```
df['CreditScore'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
df['Geography'].value_counts()
```

```
France      5014
```

```
Germany     2509
```

```
Spain       2477
```

```
Name: Geography, dtype: int64
```

```
geography_counts=df['Geography'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
geography_counts.rename(columns={'Geography':'value_counts'},inplace=True)
```

```
geography_counts
```

```
value_counts
```

```
France      5014
```



```
Germany      2509
Spain        2477
```

5. Handle the Missing values.

```
df.shape
```

```
(10000, 14)
```

```
df.isnull()
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
Age \						
0	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
1	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
2	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
3	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
4	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
...
...						
9995	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
9996	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
9997	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
9998	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
9999	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	False	False	False	False	False	
1	False	False	False	False	False	
2	False	False	False	False	False	
3	False	False	False	False	False	
4	False	False	False	False	False	
...	
9995	False	False	False	False	False	
9996	False	False	False	False	False	
9997	False	False	False	False	False	
9998	False	False	False	False	False	
9999	False	False	False	False	False	

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	False	False

1	False	False
2	False	False
3	False	False
4	False	False
...
9995	False	False
9996	False	False
9997	False	False
9998	False	False
9999	False	False

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

df.notnull()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
Age \						
0	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
1	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
2	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
3	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
4	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
...
...						
9995	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
9996	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
9997	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
9998	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						
9999	True	True	True	True	True	True
True						

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	True	True	True	True	True	
1	True	True	True	True	True	
2	True	True	True	True	True	
3	True	True	True	True	True	
4	True	True	True	True	True	
...	
9995	True	True	True	True	True	
9996	True	True	True	True	True	
9997	True	True	True	True	True	

9998	True	True	True	True	True
9999	True	True	True	True	True

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	True	True
1	True	True
2	True	True
3	True	True
4	True	True
...
9995	True	True
9996	True	True
9997	True	True
9998	True	True
9999	True	True

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

df.fillna(df.mean())

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions
(with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this
will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the
reduction.

"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
Age \						
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female
42						
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female
41						
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female
42						
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female
39						
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female
43						
...
...						
9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male
39						
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male
35						
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female
36						
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male
42						
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female
28						

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	2	0.00	1	1	1	
1	1	83807.86	1	0	1	
2	8	159660.80	3	1	0	
3	1	0.00	2	0	0	
4	2	125510.82	1	1	1	
...	
9995	5	0.00	2	1	0	
9996	10	57369.61	1	1	1	
9997	7	0.00	1	0	1	
9998	3	75075.31	2	1	0	
9999	4	130142.79	1	1	0	

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	101348.88	1
1	112542.58	0
2	113931.57	1
3	93826.63	0
4	79084.10	0
...
9995	96270.64	0
9996	101699.77	0
9997	42085.58	1
9998	92888.52	1
9999	38190.78	0

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

```
df.fillna(df.median())
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions
(with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this
will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the
reduction.
```

```
"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.
```

Age	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female
42	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female
1	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female
41	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female
2	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female
42						
3						
39						
4						
43						

```

...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
...
9995      9996      15606229      Obijiaku      771      France      Male
39
9996      9997      15569892      Johnstone      516      France      Male
35
9997      9998      15584532      Liu      709      France      Female
36
9998      9999      15682355      Sabbatini      772      Germany      Male
42
9999      10000      15628319      Walker      792      France      Female
28

```

```

      Tenure      Balance      NumOfProducts      HasCrCard      IsActiveMember      \
0          2          0.00          1          1          1
1          1      83807.86          1          0          1
2          8     159660.80          3          1          0
3          1          0.00          2          0          0
4          2     125510.82          1          1          1
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
9995      5          0.00          2          1          0
9996     10      57369.61          1          1          1
9997      7          0.00          1          0          1
9998      3      75075.31          2          1          0
9999      4     130142.79          1          1          0

```

```

      EstimatedSalary      Exited
0          101348.88          1
1          112542.58          0
2          113931.57          1
3           93826.63          0
4           79084.10          0
...      ...      ...
9995          96270.64          0
9996         101699.77          0
9997          42085.58          1
9998          92888.52          1
9999          38190.78          0

```

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

```
df.isnull().sum
```

```

<bound method NDFrame._add_numeric_operations.<locals>.sum of
RowNumber  CustomerId  Surname  CreditScore  Geography  Gender  Age
\
0          False      False      False      False      False  False
False
1          False      False      False      False      False  False
False

```

2	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
3	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
4	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
...
...						
9995	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
9996	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
9997	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
9998	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						
9999	False	False	False	False	False	False
False						

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	False	False	False	False	False	
1	False	False	False	False	False	
2	False	False	False	False	False	
3	False	False	False	False	False	
4	False	False	False	False	False	
...	
9995	False	False	False	False	False	
9996	False	False	False	False	False	
9997	False	False	False	False	False	
9998	False	False	False	False	False	
9999	False	False	False	False	False	

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	False	False
1	False	False
2	False	False
3	False	False
4	False	False
...
9995	False	False
9996	False	False
9997	False	False
9998	False	False
9999	False	False

[10000 rows x 14 columns]>

df[df.CreditScore.isnull()]

```
Empty DataFrame
Columns: [RowNumber, CustomerId, Surname, CreditScore, Geography,
Gender, Age, Tenure, Balance, NumOfProducts, HasCrCard,
IsActiveMember, EstimatedSalary, Exited]
Index: []
```

```
df.dropna(how='any').shape
```

```
(10000, 14)
```

```
df.dropna(subset=['CreditScore', 'Tenure'], how='any').shape
```

```
(10000, 14)
```

```
df.dropna(subset=['CreditScore', 'Tenure'], how='any')
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
Age \						
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female
42						
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female
41						
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female
42						
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female
39						
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female
43						
...
...						
9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male
39						
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male
35						
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female
36						
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male
42						
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female
28						

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	2	0.00	1	1		1
1	1	83807.86	1	0		1
2	8	159660.80	3	1		0
3	1	0.00	2	0		0
4	2	125510.82	1	1		1
...
9995	5	0.00	2	1		0
9996	10	57369.61	1	1		1
9997	7	0.00	1	0		1

9998	3	75075.31	2	1	0
9999	4	130142.79	1	1	0

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	101348.88	1
1	112542.58	0
2	113931.57	1
3	93826.63	0
4	79084.10	0
...
9995	96270.64	0
9996	101699.77	0
9997	42085.58	1
9998	92888.52	1
9999	38190.78	0

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

df.dropna(subset=['CreditScore', 'Tenure'], how='all').shape

(10000, 14)

df.dropna(subset=['CreditScore', 'Tenure'], how='all')

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
Age \						
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female
42						
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female
41						
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female
42						
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female
39						
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female
43						
...
...						
9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male
39						
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male
35						
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female
36						
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male
42						
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female
28						

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	2	0.00	1	1	1	

1	1	83807.86	1	0	1
2	8	159660.80	3	1	0
3	1	0.00	2	0	0
4	2	125510.82	1	1	1
...
9995	5	0.00	2	1	0
9996	10	57369.61	1	1	1
9997	7	0.00	1	0	1
9998	3	75075.31	2	1	0
9999	4	130142.79	1	1	0

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	101348.88	1
1	112542.58	0
2	113931.57	1
3	93826.63	0
4	79084.10	0
...
9995	96270.64	0
9996	101699.77	0
9997	42085.58	1
9998	92888.52	1
9999	38190.78	0

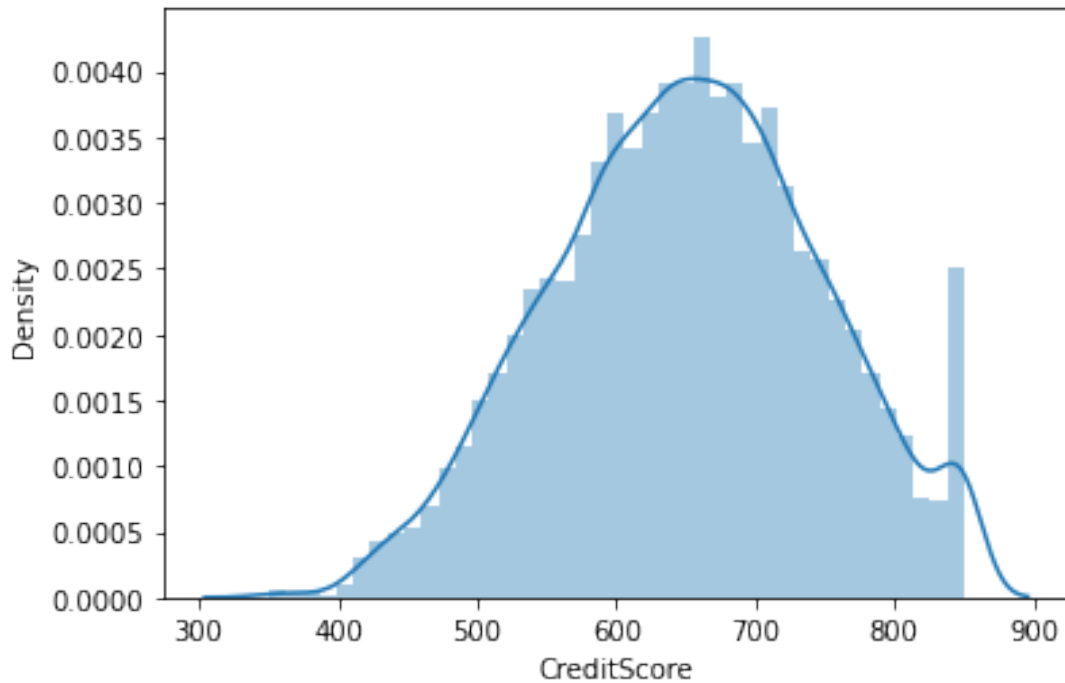
[10000 rows x 14 columns]

6. Find the outliers **and** replace the outliers

```
sns.distplot(df['CreditScore'])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619:
FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed
in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a
figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an
axes-level function for histograms).
  warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc0797203d0>
```

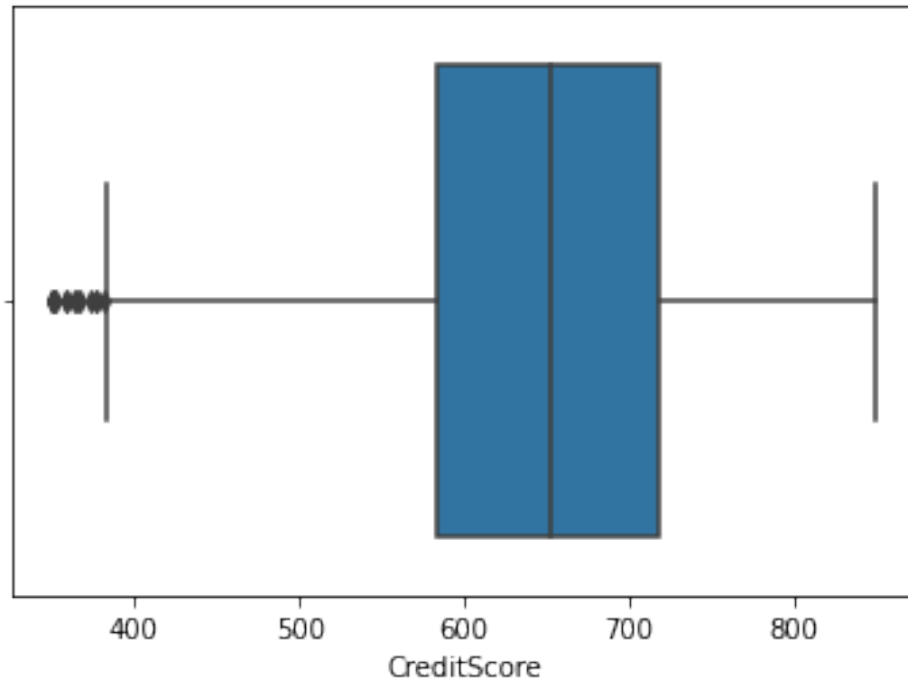


```
sns.boxplot(df['CreditScore'])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43:  
FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From  
version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and  
passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an  
error or misinterpretation.
```

```
FutureWarning
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc07989acd0>
```



```
upper_limit = df['CreditScore'].mean() + 3*df['CreditScore'].std()
lower_limit = df['CreditScore'].mean() - 3*df['CreditScore'].std()
print('upper limit:', upper_limit)
print('lower limit:', lower_limit)
```

```
upper limit: 940.488696208391
lower limit: 360.568903791609
```

```
df.loc[(df['CreditScore'] > upper_limit) | (df['CreditScore'] <
lower_limit)]
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
Age \						
1405	1406	15612494	Panicucci	359	France	Female
44						
1631	1632	15685372	Azubuike	350	Spain	Male
54						
1838	1839	15758813	Campbell	350	Germany	Male
39						
1962	1963	15692416	Aikenhead	358	Spain	Female
52						
2473	2474	15679249	Chou	351	Germany	Female
57						
8723	8724	15803202	Onyekachi	350	France	Male
51						
8762	8763	15765173	Lin	350	France	Female

```
60
9624      9625      15668309      Maslow      350      France      Female
40
```

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
1405	6	128747.69	1	1	0	
1631	1	152677.48	1	1	1	
1838	0	109733.20	2	0	0	
1962	8	143542.36	3	1	0	
2473	4	163146.46	1	1	0	
8723	10	0.00	1	1	1	
8762	3	0.00	1	0	0	
9624	0	111098.85	1	1	1	

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
1405	146955.71	1
1631	191973.49	1
1838	123602.11	1
1962	141959.11	1
2473	169621.69	1
8723	125823.79	1
8762	113796.15	1
9624	172321.21	1

```
new_df = df.loc[(df['CreditScore'] <= upper_limit) &
(df['CreditScore'] >= lower_limit)]
print('before removing outliers:', len(df))
print('after removing outliers:', len(new_df))
print('outliers:', len(df)-len(new_df))
```

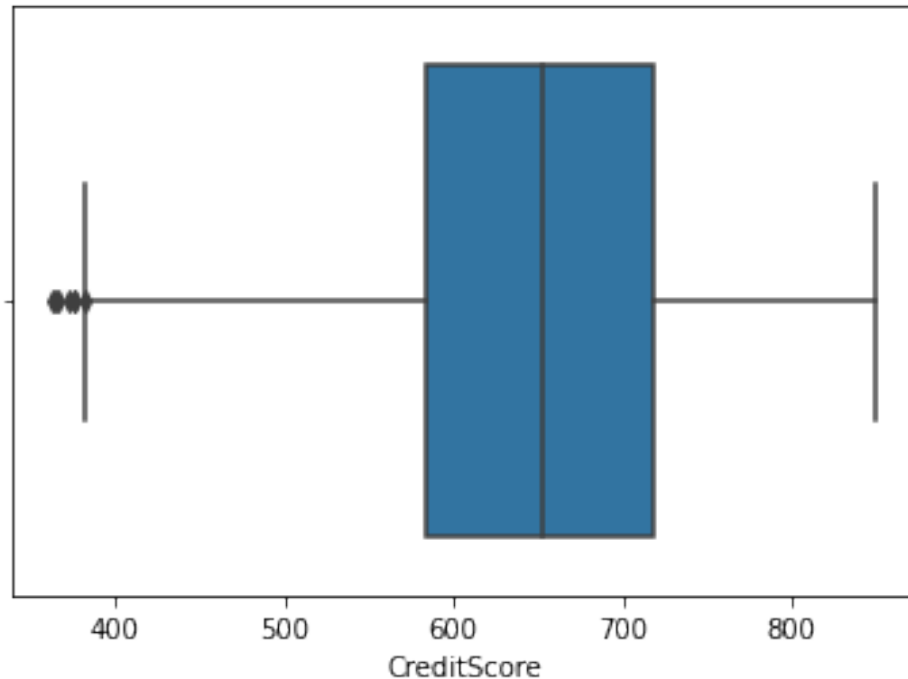
```
before removing outliers: 10000
after removing outliers: 9992
outliers: 8
```

```
sns.boxplot(new_df['CreditScore'])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43:
FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From
version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and
passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an
error or misinterpretation.
```

```
FutureWarning
```

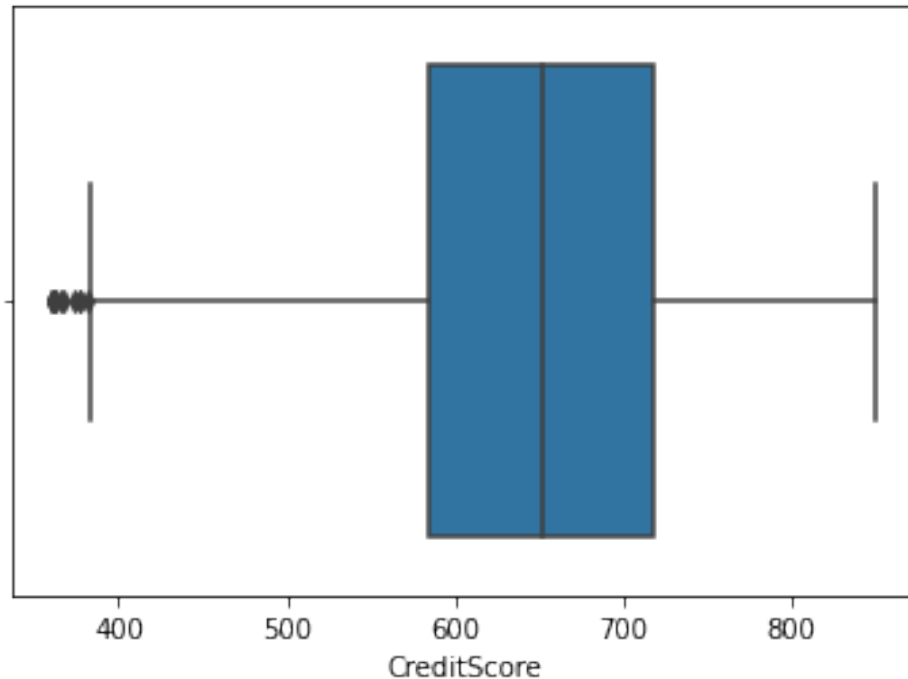
```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc0797e5310>
```



```
new_df = df.copy()
new_df.loc[(new_df['CreditScore']>=upper_limit), 'CreditScore'] =
upper_limit
new_df.loc[(new_df['CreditScore']<=lower_limit), 'CreditScore'] =
lower_limit
sns.boxplot(new_df['CreditScore'])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43:
FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From
version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and
passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an
error or misinterpretation.
  FutureWarning
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc077c76a50>
```



```
upper_limit = df['CreditScore'].quantile(0.99)
lower_limit = df['CreditScore'].quantile(0.01)
print('upper limit:', upper_limit)
print('lower limit:', lower_limit)
```

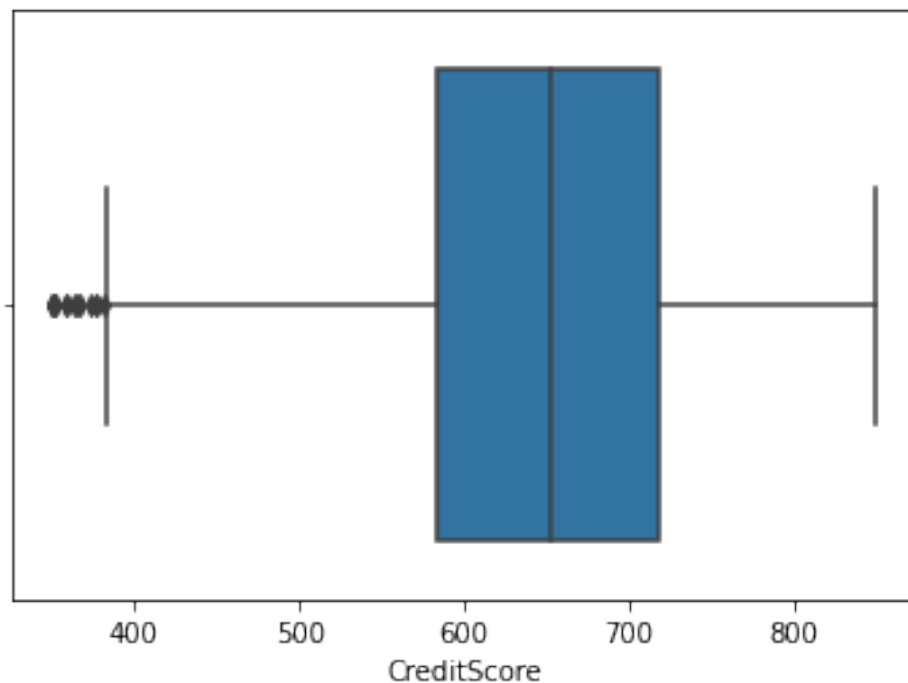
```
upper limit: 850.0
lower limit: 432.0
```

```
sns.boxplot(df['CreditScore'])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43:
FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From
version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and
passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an
error or misinterpretation.
```

```
FutureWarning
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc077c4bd90>
```



```
df.loc[(df['CreditScore'] > upper_limit) | (df['CreditScore'] <
lower_limit)]
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
Age \						
7	8	15656148	Obinna	376	Germany	Female
29						
29	30	15656300	Lucciano	411	France	Male
29						
79	80	15803136	Postle	416	Germany	Female
41						
99	100	15633059	Fanucci	413	France	Male
34						
149	150	15794413	Harris	416	France	Male
32						
...
...						
9357	9358	15814405	Chesnokova	418	France	Female
46						
9407	9408	15652835	Liang	419	Spain	Female
27						
9522	9523	15664504	Beede	418	France	Male
35						
9624	9625	15668309	Maslow	350	France	Female
40						
9930	9931	15713604	Rossi	425	Germany	Male
40						

Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
--------	---------	---------------	-----------	----------------	---

7	4	115046.74	4	1	0
29	0	59697.17	2	1	1
79	10	122189.66	2	1	0
99	9	0.00	2	0	0
149	0	0.00	2	0	1
...
9357	9	0.00	1	1	1
9407	2	121580.42	1	0	1
9522	7	0.00	2	1	1
9624	0	111098.85	1	1	1
9930	9	166776.60	2	0	1

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
7	119346.88	1
29	53483.21	0
79	98301.61	0
99	6534.18	0
149	878.87	0
...
9357	81014.50	1
9407	134720.51	0
9522	88878.15	0
9624	172321.21	1
9930	172646.88	0

[99 rows x 14 columns]

```
new_df = df.loc[(df['CreditScore'] <= upper_limit) &
(df['CreditScore'] >= lower_limit)]
print('before removing outliers:', len(df))
print('after removing outliers:', len(new_df))
print('outliers:', len(df)-len(new_df))
```

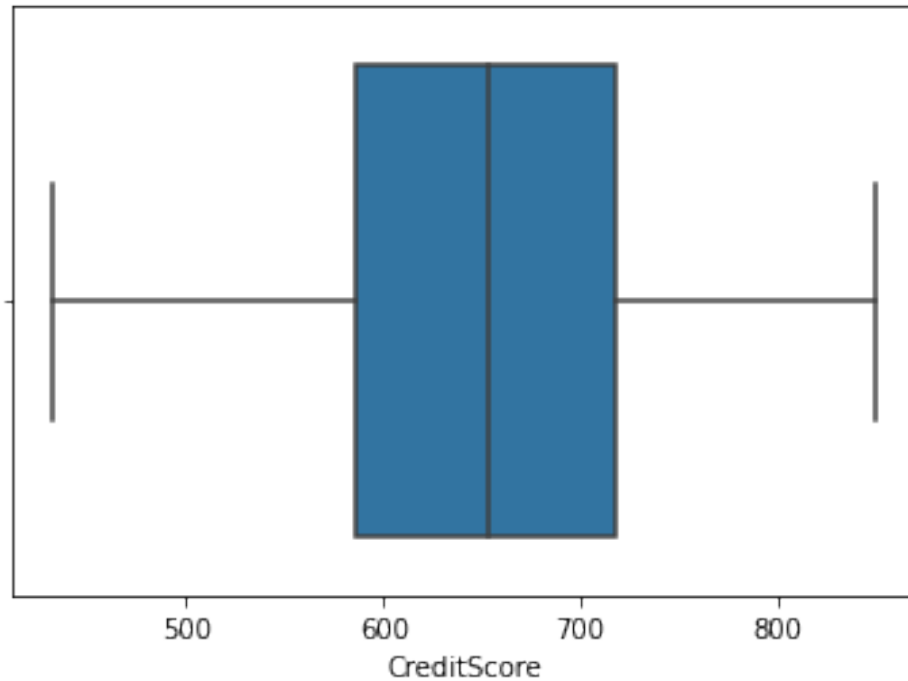
```
before removing outliers: 10000
after removing outliers: 9901
outliers: 99
```

```
sns.boxplot(new_df['CreditScore'])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43:
FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From
version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and
passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an
error or misinterpretation.
```

```
FutureWarning
```

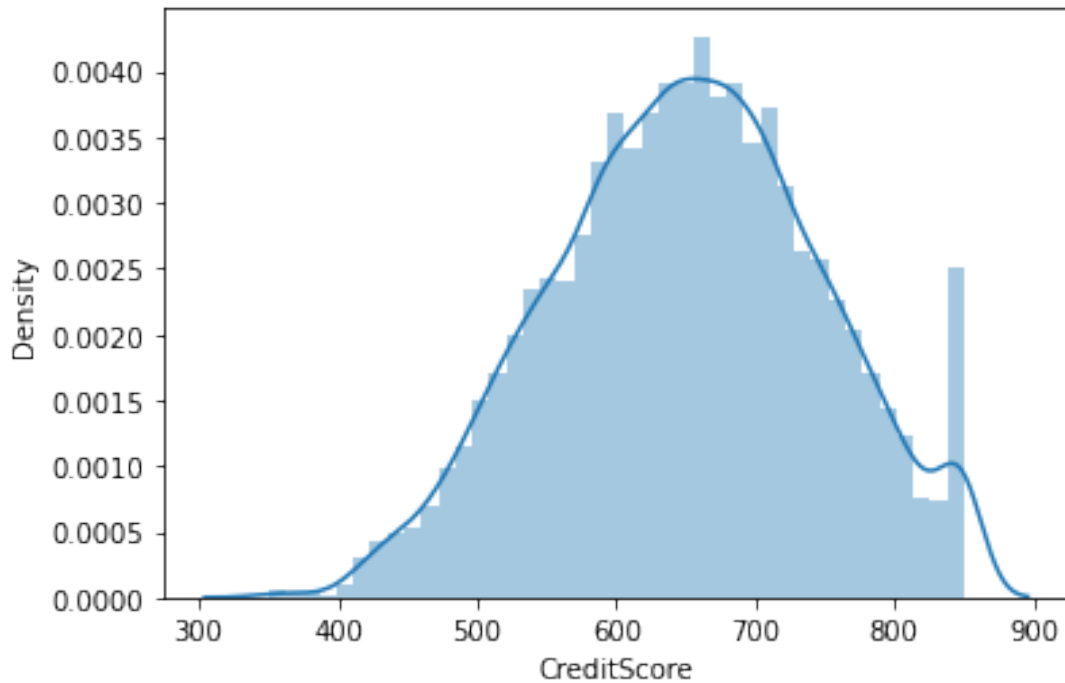
```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc077bc8550>
```

```
sns.distplot(df['CreditScore'])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619:  
FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed  
in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a  
figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an  
axes-level function for histograms).  
  warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```

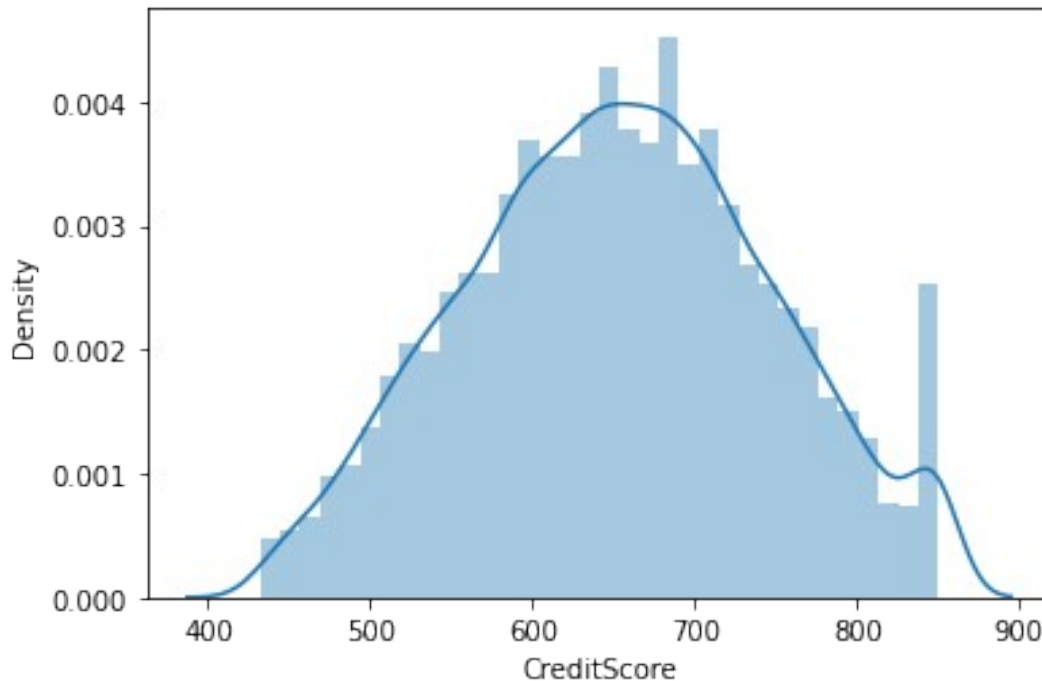
```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc077b2d510>
```



```
sns.distplot(new_df['CreditScore'])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619:  
FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed  
in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a  
figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an  
axes-level function for histograms).  
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc077c61990>
```



7.) Check **for** Categorical columns **and** perform encoding.

```
df=df.iloc[:,:].values
df
array([[1, 15634602, 'Hargrave', ..., 1, 101348.88, 1],
       [2, 15647311, 'Hill', ..., 1, 112542.58, 0],
       [3, 15619304, 'Onio', ..., 0, 113931.57, 1],
       ...,
       [9998, 15584532, 'Liu', ..., 1, 42085.58, 1],
       [9999, 15682355, 'Sabbatini', ..., 0, 92888.52, 1],
       [10000, 15628319, 'Walker', ..., 0, 38190.78, 0]],
      dtype=object)
```

8. Split the data into dependent **and** independent variables

```
url =
'https://drive.google.com/file/d/1_HcM0K8wt4b7FMLkc1V1dv0y6I_9ULzy/
view?usp=sharing'
path = 'https://drive.google.com/uc?
export=download&id='+url.split('/')[-2]
df = pd.read_csv(path)

x=df.iloc[:,4:7]
x
```

	Geography	Gender	Age
0	France	Female	42
1	Spain	Female	41
2	France	Female	42

3	France	Female	39
4	Spain	Female	43
...
9995	France	Male	39
9996	France	Male	35
9997	France	Female	36
9998	Germany	Male	42
9999	France	Female	28

[10000 rows x 3 columns]

```
y=df.iloc[:,7]
```

y

0	2
1	1
2	8
3	1
4	2

...	..
9995	5
9996	10
9997	7
9998	3
9999	4

Name: Tenure, Length: 10000, dtype: int64

9. Scale the independent variables

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df
array([[1, 15634602, 'Hargrave', ..., 1, 101348.88, 1],
       [2, 15647311, 'Hill', ..., 1, 112542.58, 0],
       [3, 15619304, 'Onio', ..., 0, 113931.57, 1],
       ...,
       [9998, 15584532, 'Liu', ..., 1, 42085.58, 1],
       [9999, 15682355, 'Sabbatini', ..., 0, 92888.52, 1],
       [10000, 15628319, 'Walker', ..., 0, 38190.78, 0]],
      dtype=object)
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
x= scale(X)
x
```

```
names=X.columns
names
```

10.Splitting the data into Training andTesting

```

x=np.array(df['CreditScore']).reshape(-1,1)
x.shape

(10000, 1)

print(x)

[[619]
 [608]
 [502]
 ...
 [709]
 [772]
 [792]]

y.shape

(10000,)

print(y)

0         2
1         1
2         8
3         1
4         2
...
9995      5
9996     10
9997      7
9998      3
9999      4
Name: Tenure, Length: 10000, dtype: int64

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.30)
x_train.shape

(7000, 1)

y_train.shape

(7000,)

y_test.shape

(3000,)

print(y_train.shape)

(7000,)

print(y_test.shape)

```

(3000,)