### PLASMA DONOR APPPLICATION

USING CLOUD

A Project report submitted in partial fulfilment of 7th semester in degree of

## BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING IN

### COMPUTER SCIENCE AD ENGINEERING

Submitted by

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#### DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

#### AMRITA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

ANNA UNIVERSITY: CHENNAI 600025

**NOV-2022** 

# AMRITA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (A Constituent College of Anna University, Chennai)



#### **BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this project report "PLASMA DONOR APPLICATION" is the bonafide record work done by Mr SABRISH DEEPAK R(962319104075), Mr PRANESH P (962319104069), Ms SHALINI V (962319104080) and Ms SREE LAKSHMI K J (962319104086) for IBM-NALAIYATHIRAN in VII semester of B.E., degree course in ComputerScience and Engineering branch during the academic year of 2022 - 2023.

Staff-In charge Mrs Karpagavalli C Evaluator Mrs JothiLakshmi S L

Head of the Department Dr. P M Siva Raja

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Sabrish Deepak R Pranesh P Shalini V Sree Lakshmi K J

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#### 1.INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Project overview

Patients with severe liver disease or numerous clotting factor deficits, as well as those who have undergone trauma, burns, or shock, frequently get plasma. The patient's blood volume is increased as a result, which can aids in blood coagulation and helps to prevent shock. The number of people with Covid-19 infection has increased, as has the demand for the plasma of patients who have recovered. The antibodies that are already in our systems can aid someone in overcoming the infection.

Plasma donation saves lives, and donors' and blood/plasma facilities' communicationis key to this. Smart apps are increasingly viewed as a crucial communication tool, and if they are created with the users' requirements and preferences in mind, plasma donation could make the best use of them.

## 1.2 Purpose

In our opinion we intend to create an application that is user-friendly for people who require plasma or who wish to donate plasma to anyone who is in need.

However, during design and development, areas of concern including privacy and secrecy should be taken into account. Age was found to be a contributing factor that might reduce donors' propensity to use apps. This system is used if anyone needs a Plasma Donor.

This system comprises of Admin and User where both can request for a Plasma.

- Both parties can Accept or Reject the request.
- The person who wants to donate his/her plasma needs to register in our application providing required information which are name, age, blood group, phone number, and location, etc.
- Patients who need plasma can also fill the form to request the plasma. Patients can directly call the donor by taking his/her contact number from the application.
- User can also search based on location they are living

.

#### 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

### 2.1 Existing problem:

In most of the existing plasma donor application then system is closed for general plasma donation and mainly focused on COVID-19 patients forplasma donation, the android mobile user will not be able to insert or view details if the server goes down and a disadvantage of single point of failure. Most of the user details remains unverified and its difficult to track the fake users. The user interface of the application is not being user friendly and the user must have a device with android operating system with an active internet connection to interact with this application.

### 2.2 References:

TITLE	AUTHOR(	TECHNIQ	PROS	CONS
I	,	` ,	Tl D	This is seed as is
	-			This is system is
			*	closed for general
	•	_		plasma donation
Recipient	Tejaswini	API,		and mainly
connector	Jalli,	Databas	Certificate and it	focused on
web	Sreeja	e	required to	COVID-19
applicatio	Uppala,		verifiedby the	patients for
n	Sanjay		blood bank.It is a	plasma donation
	Mallisetti		user- friendly	
			application.	
DD	C	A 1	•	TP1 1 1
		·		The android
	•	*		mobile user will
		*	•	not be able to
Applicatio	Manikan	Firebase,	donate and have to	insert or view
n using	dan,M	Decision	authorised by	details if the
Android	Muthukris	tree	institution.	server goes down.
Studio	hnan,and	algorithm	The Verification	Thus, there is
	M		and	disadvantage
	Ramakris		validation are	of single point failure.
	hnan		done in Email	railure.
			base.	
	Instant Plasma Donor Recipient connector web applicatio n  BDonor App-Blood Donation Applicatio n using Android	Instant Kalpana Plasma Devi Donor Guntoju, Recipient Tejaswini connector Jalli, Sreeja uppala, Sanjay Mallisetti  BDonor S App-Blood Periyana Donation yagi, A Applicatio n using dan,M Android Muthukris Studio Manikan M Ramakris	Instant Plasma Devi Donor Recipient connector Web Technol ogies, API, Databas e Applicatio Mallisetti  BDonor App-Blood Donation Applicatio n using Android Studio  Studio  Web Technol ogies, API, Databas e  Android, FlutterUI, Databas e  Android, FlutterUI, Firebase, Decision tree algorithm  M Ramakris	Instant Kalpana Web The Donor needs Devi Technol to upload their Technol Technol Technol To upload their Technol Technol Technol Technol To upload their Technol Technol Technol Technol Technol Technol To upload their Technol Technol Technol Technol To upload their Technol Techn

2020	Lifesaver E-Blood Donation App Using Cloud	Rishab Chakrab arti, Asha	E-health, GPS, Blood bank database,	Reduction in the errors ofblood bank using most eligible donor method.	The user given detailsare maintained unverified.
	Ciouu	Darade, Neha Jadhav, Prof. S. M. Chitalka	Cloud Computin	Direct Communicatio n Between donor and the person in need of blood During the Emergency situation.	
2020	Developin g a plasma donor applicatio n using Function- as-a- service in AWS	Aishwa rya R Gowri	Serverless , aws, plasma theory, covid19, dynamoD B, cloud	The efficient way of findingplasma donor for the infected people. Aws lambda function is used and to deploy the application AWS EC2 service is used.	The user interface canbe better than now.
2019	D'WORL D: Blood Donation App Using Android	A. Meiyappan , K. Loga Vignesh, R. Prasanna, T. Sakthivel	Android, Global Positionin g System (GPS), Mobile Computin g	When the giver gives the blood, it will naturally evacuate the contributor detail for next three months.It additionally confirms with the Department of Health and Welfare to guarantee the benefactor medical case history.	The user must have an device with android operating system with an active internet connection to interact with this application.

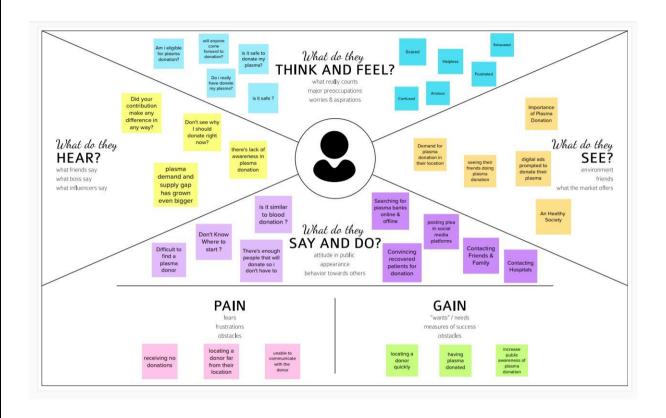
2018	Automated	Ashlesha	Raspber	When there is	Tackling the
	blood bank	C.	ry Pi,	urgent need for	fakeusers.
	system	Adsul,	Embedd	blood then If this	
	using	V. K.	ed	model is adopted	
	Raspberry	Bhosale,	Blood	the caller is	
	PI	R. M.	Bank,	immediately	
		Autee	GSM,	connected to the	
			Android	donor	

#### 2.3 Problem Statement Definition:

Plasma donation saves lives, and the communication between blood/plasma centres and donors plays a vital role in this. Smart apps are now considered an important communication tool, and could be best utilized in plasma donation if they are designed to fit the users' needs and preferences. We plan to make a User-friendlyapplication for users who are in need for plasma or who wish to donate plasma to anyone who are in need. However, areas of concern, including privacy and confidentiality, should be considered during design and development. Age was identified as a contributing factor that might decrease the likelihood of app usage among donors. The donation centre staff focused on the educational features of the app and emphasized the importance of the app providing statistics and sending notifications and reminders to donors.

### 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

### 3.1 Empathy Map Canvas:



## 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming:

Sabrish		Sree L	akshmi K j	Pranesh	ı P	Shalini V	
Deepak R		Display the list of donors nearby	donor alerts based on patient's	Filter list based on matching blood group	Donor should upload medical health report upon registration		
Immediately notify donors upon request	Check nearby blood banks when donors are unavailable					Provide direct contact details of donor in case of emergency	Set donor age limit between 18 to 65
		Hide donar's per temporarily afo donation to pre- frequent donati	er a friends option to vent encourage	live location of donors to help	Link to external resources such as videos intended for emergency purposes		Display
Require donors to update their medical report at a regular basis	OTP verification for phone number and email ID upon signing up to prevent fake registrations					Include a chat bot for FAQs	donation history in donor's profile page
Provide donors with a list of Dols and Don'ts before and after donation	Special reservations for patients with rare blood groups	Facilitate authorize hoppis request plai for their pati	d hall of fame to for donors ma donating	Option for receivers to select whether the request is emergency or not	Fields to fill requirements such as amount of plasma, etc.	Option for donors to select their time of availability	Verify receival of donation from the patient

## 3.3 Proposed Solution:

S.NO	PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION
1.	Problem statement (problems to be solved	To help the plasma donor and seeker by developing a cloud-based application.
2.	Idea/solution description	In day-to-day life requirement for plasma became high, especially during the COVID-19 crisis. But the donor count was low.  Saving the donor information and helping the needy by notifying the current donors would be a helping hand. It is very difficult to find the respective blood group donors when anyone is in need. Regarding the problem faced, an application is to be built which would take the donor details store them and inform them upon request. And also for plasma donation centre, it is Easy to find donors.
3.	Novelty/Uniqueness	We help the donor to access the location of a blood centre which is nearby him/her. We Notify them by sending a confirmation emails after they get registered for the plasma donation and alsowe notify them once the appointment is fixed in the centre. Further, more the GPS map option is available to direct.

4.	Social Impact/Customer satisfaction	By using this application, the user will experience a user-friendly and responsive interface and they get satisfaction by Saving thousand so people's life.
5.	Business Model (Revenue)	Donating Plasma with the help of an application makes our idea realistic. The user's information is encrypted.  We maintain this app by automation for saving admin and user time. Users get profited as we take care of them even after the plasma donation by giving them hospitality details. Also, we use the Chabott answer FAQs ,asset helps the user to get immediate Answer to their doubts.
6.	Scalability of the solution	Whatever the requirements, the application provides a clear solution for the requirements. It can handle more users who use the application at the same time

#### 3.4 Problem Solution fit.



## 4.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

## **4.1 Functional requirement:**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form (WebApp)
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via EmailConfirmationvia OTP
FR-3	Certification	After the donor donates plasma, we will give them acertificate of appreciation and authentication.
FR-4	Statistical data	The availability of plasma is given in the page as stats, which will be helpful for the users.
FR-5	User Plasma Request	Users can request to donate plasma by filling out therequest form on the page. Once the request is submitted, they will get an email
FR-6	Searching/reportingrequirements	Users can use the search bar to look up informationabout camps and other topics.
FR-7	Virtual Assistants	A virtual assistant is a software agent that can carry out tasks or provide services on behalf of a person in response to commands or inquiries.  When users enter their inquiries, the system will respond with pertinent information about plasma anddetails of plasma donation.

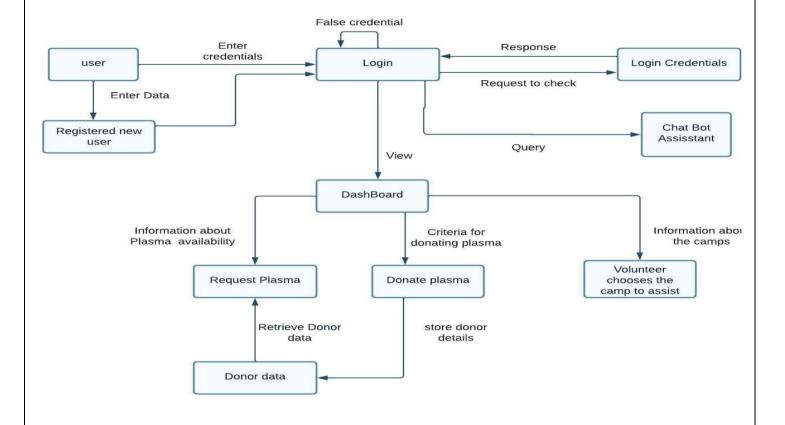
## **4.2 Non-functional Requirements:**

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

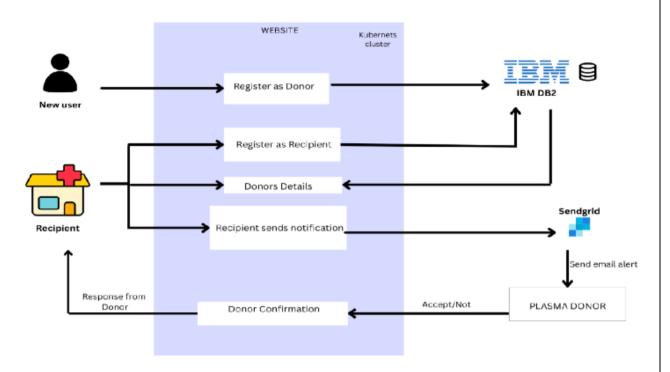
NFR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Must have a good-looking User-friendly interface.
NFR-2	Security	It must be secured with the proper username and password.
NFR-3	Reliability	The system should be made in such a way that it is reliable in its operations and for securing the sensitive details.

### **5.PROJECT DESIGN**

### **5.1 Data Flow Diagram:**



### **5.2.Solution & Technical Architecture:**



### **5.3 User Stories:**

#### User Stories

Use the below template to list all the user stories for the product.

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	I can receive confirmation notifications through Gmail	Medium	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-4	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can access into my User profile and view details in dashboard	High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard	USN-5	As a user,I can send the proper requests to donate and obtain plasma.	I can receive appropriate notifications through email	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Web user)	Login	USN-6	As a user,I can register and log into the application by entering email & password to view the profile	I can access into my User profile and view details in dashboard	High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard	USN-7	As a user,I can send the proper requests to donate and obtain plasma.	I can receive appropriate notifications through email	High	Sprint-1
Customer Care Executive	Application	USN-8	As a customer care executive,I can try to address user's concerns and questions	I can view and address their concerns and questions	Medium	Sprint-2
Administrator	Application	USN-9	As an administrator I can help with user-facing aspects of a website, like its appearance, navigation and use of media.	I can change the appearance and navigation in a user friendly manner	Medium	Sprint-3
		USN-10	As an administrator, I can involve working with the technical side of websites.	I can help with such as troubleshooting issues, setting up web hosts, ensuring users have access and programming servers	Medium	Sprint-1

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Chatbot	Dashboard	USN-11	In addition the Customer care executive, chatbot can try to address user's	I can reply to all the queries related to our	Medium	Sprint-3
1	1	l	concerns and questions	application		

### 6.PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

## **6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation:**

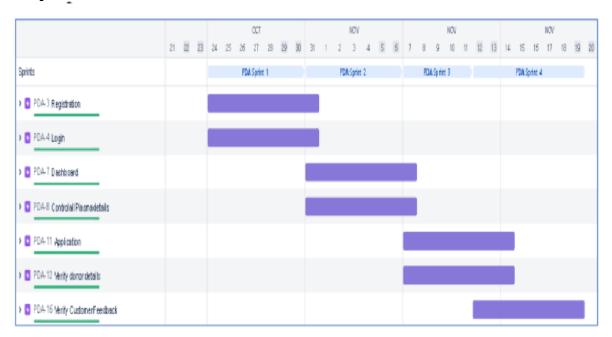
Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	2	High	4
Sprint-1		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	1	High	4
Sprint-2		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Facebook	2	Low	4
Sprint-1		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	2	Medium	4
Sprint-1	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	1	High	4
Sprint-3	Dashboard	USN-6	As a user, I can find the compatible donor by registering.	3	High	4
Sprint-3		USN-7	As a user, I can find the donor availability by logging in.	3	High	4
Sprint-2		USN-8	As a user, I can create a profile by registering.	2	Medium	4
Sprint-3		USN-9	As a user, I can see the demand of plasma.	3	Medium	4
Sprint-4	Database	USN-10	As a user, I can store the availability and need of plasma information value.	4	High	4

## **6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule:**

#### Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	19 Nov 2022

## 6.3 Reports from Jira:



#### 7.CODING & SOLUTIONING

#### **7.1 Feature 1:**

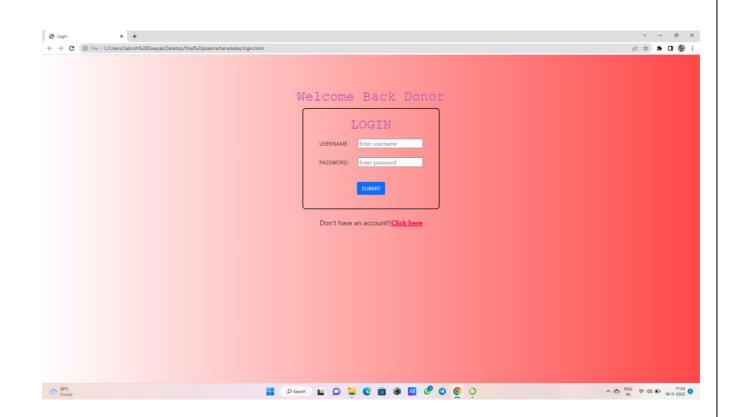
### Login.html:

- The login page allows a user to gain access to the application by entering their username and password.
- There are two possible results during login:
  - Authentication is successful and the user is directed to the landing page
  - Authentication fails and the user remains on the login page. If authentication fails, the screen should show an informational or error message about the failure.

```
<html lang="en">
10
                                  link
                 href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.0.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.0.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.0.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.0.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.0.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap.min">href="https://cd
                  .css" rel="stylesheet" integrity="sha384-
                 EVSTQN3/azprG1Anm3QDgpJLIm9Nao0Yz1ztcQTwFspd3yD65VohhpuuCOmLASjC"
                  crossorigin="anonymous">
11
12
13
                                  <meta charset="UTF-8">
14
                                  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
15
                                  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-</pre>
                 scale=1.0">
                                 <title>Login</title>
16
17
18
19
               <style>
20
21
                                  body {
22
                                                   background-image: linear-gradient(to right, rgba(255, 255, 255,
                 0.726), rgba(255, 0, 0, 0.719));
23
24
25
                                  button:hover {
26
                                                   background-color: rgb(223, 241, 224);
27
                                                   border-color: black;
```

```
28
29
30
        h1 {
            font-family: 'Courier New', Courier, monospace;
31
32
            text-shadow: 2px 2px #bacfcf;
33
            color: rgb(252, 10, 159);
34
            top: 10em;
35
36
37
        .container1 {
38
            border: 2px solid black;
39
            border-color: black;
40
            border-radius: 10px;
41
            width: 400px;
42
43
44
        .top {
45
            margin-top: 100px;
46
47
48
        input:hover {
49
            border-color: rgb(25, 20, 20);
50
51
52
        a:link {
53
            color: #ff0256;
54
55
56
57
        a:visited {
58
            color: rgb(226, 10, 129);
59
60
61
62
        a:hover {
63
            color: rgb(128, 105, 255);
64
65
66
67
        a:active {
68
            color: rgb(226, 10, 129);
69
            text-decoration: none;
70
71
        table, th, td {
72
      border: none;
73
      border-collapse: collapse;
74
```

```
th, td {
75
76
     padding-top: 8px;
77
     padding-bottom: 20px;
78
     padding-left: 15px;
79
     padding-right: 15px;
80
   </style>
81
82
83
   <body>
84
85
           <h1 class="top">Welcome Back Donor</h1>
           <div class="container1">
86
               <hr>>
87
88
               <h1>LOGIN</h1>
89
               <form action="{{ url_for('login') }}" method="POST">
90
                  91
                      92
                          <label for="text">USERNAME </label>
93
                          <input type="text" name="username1"
    placeholder="Enter username" />
94
                      95
96
97
98
                          <label for="text">PASSWORD </label>
99
                          <input type="text" name="password1"
    100
                      101
                  102
                  <br>
103
                  <button class="btn btn-primary"</pre>
    type="submit">SUBMIT</button>
104
              </form>
105
               <br>
           </div>
106
107
           <br>
108
           <label style="font-size:20px;" for="text">Don't have an
   account!!<b ><a href="{{ url_for('register') }}">Click
   here</a></b></label>
109
       </center>
110 </body>
111
112 </html>
```



#### **7.2 Feature 2:**

## Register.html:

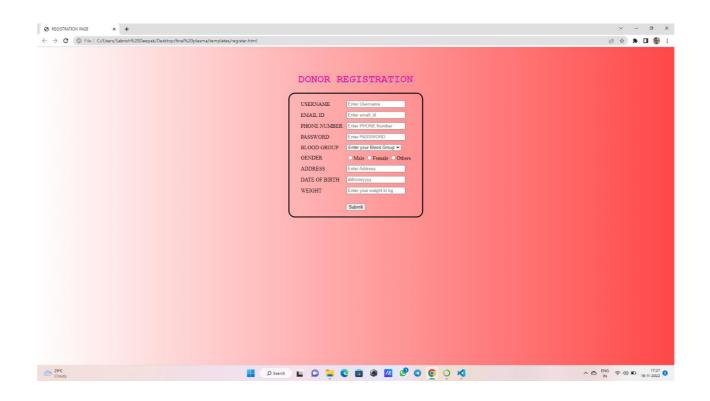
- A registration page enables users and organizations to independently register and gain access to the system.
- It is common to have multiple signup pages depending on the types ofpeople and organizations you want to register.

```
<style>
   body {
      background-image: linear-gradient(to right, rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.726),
rgba(255, 0, 0, 0.719));
   input:hover {
      border-color: rgb(25, 20, 20);
   .container1 {
      border: 3px solid black;
      border-color: black;
      border-radius: 20px;
      width: 400px;
   button:hover {
      background-color: darkgray;
      border-color: black;
   h1 {
       font-family: 'Courier New', Courier, monospace;
      text-shadow: 2px 2px #bacfcf;
      color: rgb(252, 10, 159);
   #qwerty {
      margin-top: 5em;
</style>
<body>
   <center id="qwerty">
      <H1>DONOR REGISTRATION</H1>
    <div class="container1">
      <form action="http://localhost:5000/register" method="POST">
           <label for="text">USERNAME</label>
                  
                 <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Username"
name="username" id="username">
             </br>
             <label for="text">EMAIL ID</label>
                  
                 <input type="text" placeholder="Enter email_id"
name="email_id" id="email_id">
```

```
<label for="text">PHONE NUMBER</label>
               
              <input type="text" placeholder="Enter PHONE Number"
name="phone_no" id="phone_no">
           <label for="text">PASSWORD</label>
               
              <input type="text" placeholder="Enter PASSWORD"
name="password" id="password">
           <label for="text">BLOOD GROUP</label>
               
              <select id="blood_grp" name="blood_grp">
                 <option value="null">Enter your Blood Group</option>
                 <option value="A+">A+</option>
                 <option value="A-">A-</option>
                 <option value="B+">B+</option>
                 <option value="B-">B-</option>
                 <option value="AB+">AB+</option>
                 <option value="AB-">AB-</option>
                 <option value="0+">0+</option>
                 <option value="0-">0-</option>
              </select>
              <label>GENDER</label>
               
              <label><input type="radio" name="gender"
value="Male">Male</label>
```

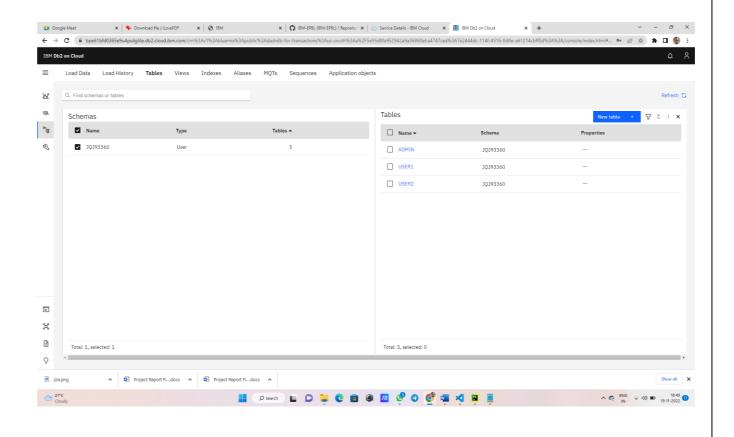
```
<label><input type="radio" name="gender"</pre>
value="Female">Female</label>
             <label><input type="radio" name="gender"</pre>
value="Others">Others</label>
           <label for="text">ADDRESS</label>
              
             <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Address" name="address"</pre>
<label for="text">DATE OF BIRTH</label>
              
             <input type="text" placeholder="dd/mm/yyyy" name="dob"
id="dob">
           <label for="text">WEIGHT</label>
              
             <input type="text" placeholder="Enter your weight in kg"
name="weight" id="weight">
           <br>
        <center><button onclick="asd()" type="submit">Submit</button>
     </form><br>
     </div>
```

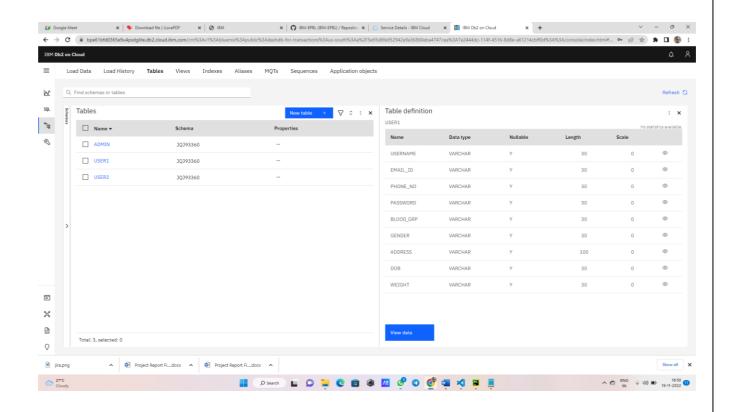
```
</body>
<script>
   function asd() {
       var username1 = document.getElementById("username");
       var email_id = document.getElementById('email_id');
       var phone_no = document.getElementById('phone_no');
       var password = document.getElementById('password');
       var blood grp = document.getElementById('blood grp');
       var gender = document.getElementById('gender');
       var address = document.getElementById('address');
       var address = document.getElementById('dob');
       var weight = document.getElementById('weight');
       if (username1.value == "" || phone_no.value == "" || password.value ==
""||BloodGroup.value=="null"||gender.value==""||Address.value=="") {
           username.style.borderColor = "red";
       else if (email id.value == "") {
           email id.style.borderColor = "red";
       else if (phone no.value == "") {
           phone_no.style.borderColor = "red";
       else if (phone_no.value == "") {
           password.style.borderColor = "red";
        else if (BloodGroup.value == "null") {
           BloodGroup.style.borderColor = "red";
       else if (value.gender=="") {
           gender.style.borderColor = "red";
        else if (Address.value == "") {
           Address.style.borderColor = "red";
       }
</script>
</html>
```



#### 7.3 Database Schema:

A database schema defines how data is organized within a relational database; this is inclusive of logical constraints such as, table names, fields, data types, and the relationships between these entities. Schemas commonly use visual representations to communicate the architecture of the database, becoming the foundation for an organization's data management discipline. This process of database schema design is also known as data modeling. These data models serve avariety of roles, such as database users, database administrators, and programmers. A database schema is considered the "blueprint" of a database which describes how the data may relate to other tables or other data models. However, the schemadoes not actually contain data.





#### 8.TESTING

#### 8.1 Test Cases:

A test case has components that describe input, action and an expected response, in order to determine if a feature of an application is working correctly. A test case is a set of instructions on "HOW" to validate a particular test objective/target, which when followed will tell us if the expected behavior of the system is satisfied or not.

### Characteristics of a good test case:

• Accurate: Exacts the purpose.

• Economical: No unnecessary steps or words.

• Traceable: Capable of being traced to requirements.

• Repeatable: Can be used to perform the test over and over.

• Reusable: Can be reused if necessary.

S.NO	Scenario	Input	<b>Excepted output</b>	Actual output
1	A1 ' I ' E	7.7	1 .	
1	Admin Login Form	User name and password	Login	Login success.
2	Donor Registration Form	Donor basic details	Registration	Donor registration details stored in database.
3	User Registration Form	User basic details	Registration	User registration details stored in database.
4	User Login Form	User name and password	Login	Login success.

## **8.2 User Acceptance Testing**

## • Defect Analysis:

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	10	4	2	3	20
Duplicate	1	0	3	0	4
External	2	3	0	1	6
Fixed	11	2	4	20	37
Not Reproduced	0	0	1	0	1
Skipped	0	0	1	1	2
Won't Fix	0	5	2	1	8
Totals	24	14	13	26	77

## • Test Case Analysis:

This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested.

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Print Engine	7	0	0	7
Client Application	51	0	0	51
Security	2	0	0	2
Outsource Shipping	3	0	0	3
Exception Reporting	9	0	0	9
Final Report Output	4	0	0	4
Version Control	2	0	0	2

#### 9.RESULTS

#### 9.1 Performance Metrics

#### • User Satisfaction

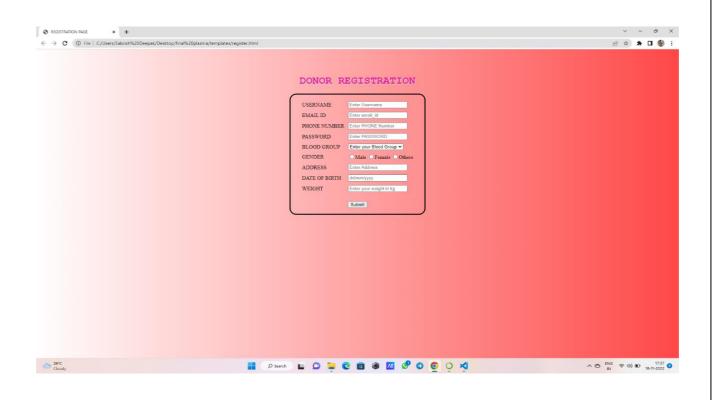
The application performance index, known as the Apdex score, is now an industry standard for tracking an application's relative performance. It functions by stating a goal for how long a specific application transaction or reb request must take. Those transactions are then labeled as failed, too slow, tolerating (sluggish), or satisfied (fast) requests.

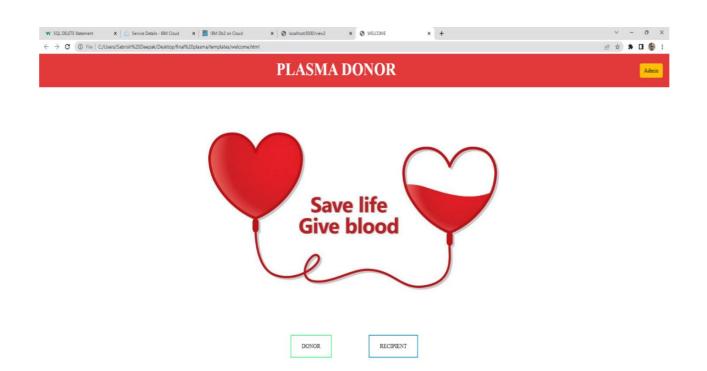
#### • Time to Interact

This indicator measures how much time elapses before a page is fully interactive, meaning the first contentful point takes place, event handlers are registered for most of the visible elements, and the website reacts to user action.

## • Speed Index

Speed index is another metric that relates to the user experience specifically, to when and what the visitor sees. Speed index is an indicator of how readily the above-the-fold content appears on a screen. It is sensitive to the quality of the web connection and the size of the viewpoint. This makes it an essential part of optimizing web applications for different screen sizes.







#### 10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

#### **ADVANTAGES:-**

Whenever an individual has a cut or injury, these clotting factors ensure that they do not lose too much blood. Plasma donations ensure that these individuals can receive a plasma transfusion to supplement their body's clotting ability and stop excessive bleeding from occurring.

Some of the advantages of the application include:

- It is a user-friendly application.
- It will help people to find plasma easily.
- App already filters the Active Members.
- Here a User can be a giver as well as a borrower.

#### **DISADVANTAGES:-**

- Wrong inputs will affect the project outputs.
- It cannot auto verify user genuineness.
- Internet Connection is mandatory..

#### 11. CONCLUSION

The Plasma donor application was developed out of a need to make finding plasma supplies or a willing donor on time and using lesser time in searching for either of the two. This system should be made available to everyone because it will help the search of plasma supplies during emergency cases faster. This helps to avoid health complication and also possible deaths due to delays in search of Plasma.

An Plasma Donor application is an exclusive suite of services for peoplewho are in need of Plasma. It helps you track all the details about the Plasma Donors. The basic solution is to create a centralized system to keep a track on the upcoming as well as past Plasma Donation Events.

#### 12. FUTURE SCOPE

In future, our algorithm more congenial with more features such as

- The analysis such as Frequently requested zone or hospital for Plasma, Number of donors, mostly asked Blood Group, Age group of Patients need for plasma etc. can be added as additional features.
- The application can be implemented using Artificial Intelligence and Deep Learning Algorithms.
- NGOs and NCC Units information's can be made available in the application.
- Donors last donated details can be automatically updated in the App.
- Notification to Donors about the nearest Plasma Donation Center.
- Increase efficiency and customer satisfaction with an app aligned to theirneeds.
- Seamlessly integrate with existing infrastructure.

#### 13. APPENDIX

#### Source Code

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, url_for, session
import ibm_db
from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
from twilio.rest import Client
app = Flask(__name__)
hostname = '98538591-7217-4024-b027-
8baa776ffad1.c3n41cmd0nqnrk39u98g.databases.appdomain.cloud'
uid = 'jqj93360'
pwd = 'FljjHGlh2Y8TAce9'
driver = "{IBM DB2 ODBC DRIVER}"
db name = 'bludb'
port = '30875'
protocol = 'TCPIP'
cert = "DigiCertGlobalRootCA.crt"
dsn = (
    "DATABASE ={0};"
   "HOSTNAME =\{1\};"
    "PORT ={2};"
    "UID ={3};"
    "SECURITY=SSL;"
    "PROTOCOL={4};"
    "PWD ={6};"
).format(db_name, hostname, port, uid, protocol, cert, pwd)
connection = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
print()
app.secret_key = 'a'
@app.route('/register', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def register():
   msg = " "
    if request.method == 'POST':
        username = request.form['username']
        email_id = request.form['email_id']
        phone_no = request.form['phone_no']
```

```
blood_grp = request.form['blood_grp']
        gender= request.form['gender']
        address= request.form['address']
        dob = request.form['dob']
        weight= request.form['weight']
        password = request.form['password']
        query = "SELECT * FROM USER1 WHERE username=?;"
        stmt = ibm_db.prepare(connection, query)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
        ibm db.execute(stmt)
        account = ibm db.fetch assoc(stmt)
        if (account):
            msg = "Account already exists!"
            return render template('register.html', msg=msg)
        #elif not re.match(r'[^0]+@[^0]+\.[^0]+, email_id):
            # msg = "Invalid email addres"
           # msg = "Name must contain only characters and numbers"
        else:
            query = "INSERT INTO USER1 values(?,?,?,?,?,?,?,?)"
            stmt = ibm db.prepare(connection, query)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, email_id)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, phone_no)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 4, password)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 5, blood_grp)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 6, gender)
            ibm db.bind param(stmt, 7, address)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 8, dob)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 9, weight)
            ibm db.execute(stmt)
            msg = 'You have successfully Logged In!!'
            return render_template('login.html', msg=msg)
   else:
        msg = 'PLEASE FILL OUT OF THE FORM'
        return render_template('register.html', msg=msg)
@app.route('/register2', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def register2():
   msg = " "
   if request.method == 'POST':
        username = request.form['username']
        email_id = request.form['email_id']
        phone no = request.form['phone no']
        blood_grp = request.form['blood_grp']
        gender= request.form['gender']
        address= request.form['address']
                                          39
```

```
dob = request.form['dob']
        weight= request.form['weight']
        password = request.form['password']
        query = "SELECT * FROM USER2 WHERE username=?;"
        stmt = ibm_db.prepare(connection, query)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
        ibm_db.execute(stmt)
        account = ibm db.fetch assoc(stmt)
        if (account):
            msg = "Account already exists!"
            return render_template('register2.html', msg=msg)
        else:
            query = "INSERT INTO USER2 values(?,?,?,?,?,?,?,?)"
            stmt = ibm db.prepare(connection, query)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, email_id)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, phone_no)
            ibm db.bind param(stmt, 4, password)
            ibm db.bind param(stmt, 5, blood grp)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 6, gender)
            ibm db.bind param(stmt, 7, address)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 8, dob)
            ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 9, weight)
            ibm db.execute(stmt)
            msg = 'You have successfully Logged In!!'
            return render_template('login2.html', msg=msg)
   else:
        msg = 'PLEASE FILL OUT OF THE FORM'
        return render_template('register2.html', msg=msg)
@app.route("/login", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def login():
   if request.method=="POST":
        username=request.form['username1']
        password=request.form['password1']
        query="select * from USER1 where username=? and password=?;"
        stmt=ibm db.prepare(connection, query)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, password)
        ibm_db.execute(stmt)
        data=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
        if data:
            session['loggedin']=True
            msg='Login Successfully'
            return redirect(url_for('view2'))
        else:
```

```
msg='Incorrect Username or Password'
   return render_template("login.html")
@app.route('/loginadmin', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def loginadmin():
   global userid
   msg = ' '
   if request.method == "POST":
        username = request.form['username']
        password = request.form['password']
        query = "select * from admin where username=? and password=?"
        stmt = ibm_db.prepare(connection, query)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, password)
        ibm_db.execute(stmt)
        account = ibm db.fetch assoc(stmt)
        print(account)
       if account:
            session['Loggedin'] = True
            session['id'] = account['USERNAME']
            session['username'] = account['USERNAME']
            msg = 'Logged in Successfully'
            return render_template('admin.html', msg=msg,
username=str.upper(username))
            msg = 'Incorrect Username or Password'
            return render_template('loginadmin.html')
   else:
        msg = 'PLEASE FILL OUT OF THE FORM'
        return render_template('loginadmin.html', msg=msg)
@app.route('/login2', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def login2():
   global userid
   msg = ' '
    if request.method == "POST":
        username = request.form['username2']
        password = request.form['password2']
        query = "select * from user2 where username=? and password=?"
        stmt = ibm_db.prepare(connection, query)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, password)
        ibm db.execute(stmt)
        account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
        print(account)
        if account:
            session['Loggedin'] = True
            session['id'] = account['USERNAME']
            session['username'] = account['USERNAME']
            msg = 'Logged in Successfully'
```

```
return redirect(url_for('view'))
        else:
            msg = 'Incorrect Username or Password'
            return render_template('view.html', msg=msg)
   else:
       msg = 'PLEASE FILL OUT OF THE FORM'
        return render_template('login2.html', msg=msg)
@app.route('/view', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def view():
 query = "SELECT * FROM USER1"
 stmt = ibm_db.prepare(connection, query)
 ibm_db.execute(stmt)
 data=[]
 tuple = ibm db.fetch tuple(stmt)
 while tuple!=False:
        data.append(tuple)
        tuple=ibm db.fetch tuple(stmt)
 return render_template("view.html",data=data)
@app.route('/admin', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def admin():
   return render template("admin.html")
@app.route('/view2', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def view2():
 query = "SELECT * FROM USER2"
 stmt = ibm_db.prepare(connection, query)
 ibm db.execute(stmt)
 data=[]
 tuple = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
 while tuple!=False:
        data.append(tuple)
        tuple=ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
 return render template("view2.html",data=data)
@app.route("/send",methods=['GET','POST'])
def send():
   if request.method=="POST":
        id=request.form['send']
```

```
query="select email_id from USER1"
        stmt = ibm_db.prepare(connection, query)
        ibm_db.execute(stmt)
        data = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
        print(data)
        message =
Mail(from_email='sabrishdeepak2512@gmail.com',to_emails=data['EMAIL_ID'],subject='I
want plasma of your Blood Group.Kindly contact us', html_content='<strong>and easy to
do anywhere, even with Python</strong>')
        try:
            sg =
SendGridAPIClient('SG.9xVSY64UQSi2bQRTnK_TwA.vdgxQhG9sSTCQrY97duxg4L7tAg6hoH8iDAswG1I
kWc')
            response = sg.send(message)
            print(response.status_code)
            print(response.body)
            print(response.headers)
        except Exception as e:
            print(e)
   return redirect('/view')
@app.route("/")
@app.route('/', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def welcome():
   return render_template('welcome.html')
if __name__ == "__main__":
   app.run(debug=True)
   app.run(host='0.0.0.0')
```

### GitHub & Project Demo Link:

#### Github Link:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-39173-1660399296

Project Demo Link:

https://youtu.be/\_69galZqwzE