### **Team ID: PNT2022TMID14098**

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### REAL-TIME COMMUNICATION POWERED BY AI

### FOR SPECIALLY ABLED

# **Project Report Format**

### 1. INTRODUCTION

### a. Project Overview

In our society, we have people with disabilities. The technology is developing day by day but no significant developments are undertaken for the betterment of these people. Communications between deaf-mute and a normal person has always been a challenging task. It is very difficult for mute people to convey their message to normal people. Since normal people are not trained on hand sign language. In emergency times conveying their message is very difficult. The human hand has remained a popular choice to convey information in situations where other forms like speech cannot be used. Voice Conversion System with Hand Gesture Recognition and translation will be very useful to have a proper conversation between a normal person and an impaired person in any language.

The project aims to develop a system that converts the sign language into a human hearing voice in the desired language to convey a message to normal people, as well as convert speech into understandable sign language for the deaf and dumb. We are making use of a convolution neural network to create a model that is trained on different hand gestures. An app is built which uses this model. This app enables deaf and dumb people to convey their information using signs which get converted to human-understandable language and speech is given as output.

# b. **Purpose**

The main purpose is to communication between deaf and dumb people and normal people so that they can express their feeling easily.

#### 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

# 2.1 Existing problem

1.From the input RGB image, the hand is separated and morphological operations are performed to identify the region of interest. The features of the gesture are then extracted and compared to a database of features of standard gestures. Finally, based on the comparison the output is generated.

2. The methodology used is similar to [1] except that, instead of bare hands, the system requires the user to wear gloves to extract hand gesture

3. The image is converted into grayscale and the edges of the fingers are detected using Canny edge detection. Then using the detected finger tips the gesture is recognized.

4.The RGB image is converted into a binary image. Certain coordinates are mapped to the binary image. Using a pattern matching algorithm the coordinates are then compared to the coordinates in a database. Based on the comparison, the gesture is identified.

### 2.2References

- [1] Sood Anchal, and Anju Mishra, "AAWAAZ: A communication system for deaf and dumb," 2016 5th International Conference on Reliability, Infocom Technologies and Optimization (Trends and Future Directions) (ICRITO). IEEE, 2016.
- [2] Shraddha R. Ghorpade, Surendra K. Waghamare, "Full Duplex Communication System for Deaf & Dumb People," International Journal of Emerging Technology and Advanced Engineering (IJETAE), Volume 5, Issue 5, May 2015, ISSN 2250-2459.
- [3] Er. Aditi Kalsh, Dr N.S. Garewal, "Sign Language Recognition System," International Journal of Computational Engineering Research (IJCER), Volume 03, Issue 6, June 2013.
- [4] Sawant Pramada, Deshpande Saylee, NalePranita, NerkarSamiksha, Mrs.Archana S. Vaidya "Intelligent Sign Language Recognition Using Image

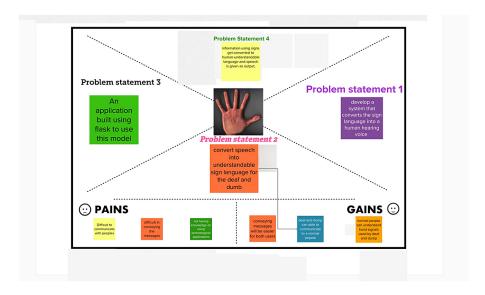
Processing," IOSR Journal of Engineering (IOSRJEN), Volume 3, Issue 2, Feb. 2013, PP 45-51.

# 2.3 Problem Statement Definition

Problem	l am	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me
Statement (PS)					feel
1. Deaf and	Person with	Convey my	They were not	They were	Very difficult to
Dumb peoples	Hearing	message to a	able to	not aware	convey and
can't	impairment	normal	understand our	of the	communicate with
communicate		people	gestures	hand	the normal people
to normal				gestures	
people				used by us	
2. Normal	Person who	Understand	I can't able to	I don't	Feels useless
people not	lives along	the	understand the	know the	when I am not
able to	with a	messages	communicati	meaning of	able to
communicate	people of	conveyed by	on	the hand	understand and
with PwD	PwD	the	They were	gestures	not able to help
		PwD(dumb	made to me	they use	them.
		and Deaf).			

# 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

# 3.1 Empathy Map Canvas



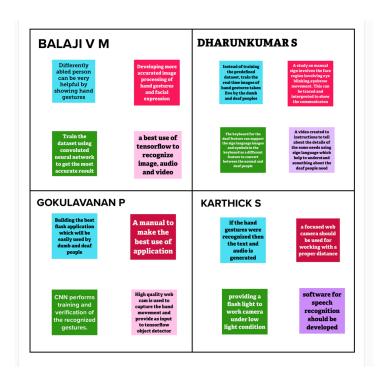
# 3.2 Ideation&Brainstorming

Step-1: Team Gathering, Collaboration and Select the Problem Statement
Our team were discussed about the problem statement and defined it

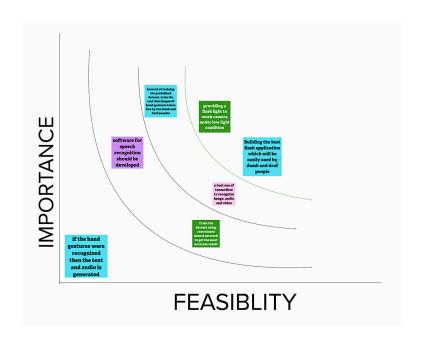
### **PROBLEM STATEMENT**

Now a days
there are many peoples living
with the disabilities of hearing
and vocal. Communicating with
normal people becomes a
challenging task to them.
This problem statement is to help
the deaf and dumb person to
communicate with
normal people using AI.

Step-2: Brainstorm, Idea Listing and Grouping



# 3. IDEA PRIORITIZATION



# 3.3 Proposed Solution

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	To Develop a model which is very useful to communicate to normal people by using hand signal and gestures.
2.	Idea / Solution description	<ul> <li>Using CNN model of image recognition to identify the accurate hand gestures</li> <li>A quick result of voice and text after the gestures get identified</li> </ul>
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Image to sound detection is the uniqueness of this project. After analysing the hand signals the gesture get identified and provides a sound
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	<ul> <li>Disabled people experience a great deal of difficulty with day-to-day activities</li> <li>Normal people who not able to communicate with disabled peoples can now easily get communicate with them. It will be the great impact and provide a satisfaction</li> </ul>
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	<ol> <li>A person who needs this model can afford at low price and this provide a income.</li> <li>This advanced technology make life easier and will get great demand in market of technology.</li> </ol>
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Depth, Width and Resolution were scaled in CNN.  This model will be working under even low light conditions.  Even a Child with basic knowledge can use this app.

# 3.4 Problem solution Fit

1.CUSTOMER SEGMENTS(CS)	6.CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS (CC)	5.AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS(AS)
There were two customers:   Deaf and Dumb People who can't convey the message properly.  The normal People who are trying to communicate them were customers.	<ul> <li>Specially Abled Person use their hand signals to get communicate with other.</li> <li>Normal people will face difficulty in understanding the sign language.</li> </ul>	CNN to identify the hand gestures.     Al to communicate with gesture and voice     Flask to develop application.
2. JOBS TO BE DONE	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE(RC)	7. BEHAVIOUR(BE)
<ul> <li>Create an efficient app to convert hand gestures to voice and text.</li> <li>Develop cnn model to recognize the voice and text.</li> <li>Developing and Training the Dataset is major task.</li> </ul>	The Communication barrier is root cause.     Problem of conveying message properly to the normal people.     The proper expression of the feel was not expressed.	Searching the medium to express the feelings.     Searching a device to get translate.
3. TRIGGERS(TM)	4. YOUR SOLUTION(SL)	8.CHANNELS OF BEHAVIOUR (CH)
<ul> <li>The ability of the customers to communicate efficiently at serious and necessary situations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This application help in communication between the normal people and dumb and deaf people</li> </ul>	The Application developed by us is the main channel of the behavior.  Online translation is also and Channel of Behaviour.

# 4.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

# **Functional Requirements:**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User communication	User Must Know the Sign Language
FR-2	User Communication	The user has to communicate in front of the Camera

# Non-functional Requirements:

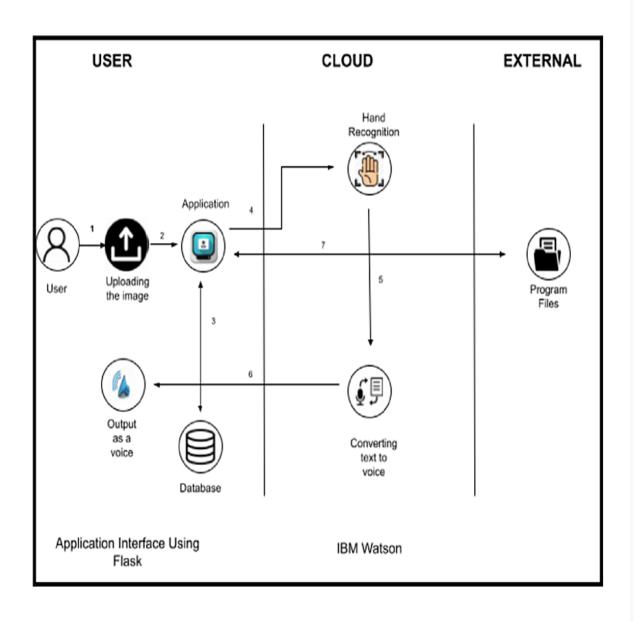
Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	The camera captures all expressions including facial expressions and hand gestures which can be easily used by all age groups.
NFR-2	Reliability	The system is very liable, it can last for long amounts of time if well maintained.
NFR-3	Performance	The cost-effective nature of the system makes it extremely liable and thus, efficient.
NFR-4	Availability	The solution fits all the sign languages when we train the model for all the sign languages. So, it is used by all the countries with different languages.
NFR-5	Scalability	The system gives output rapidly. It also predicts quickly when it gets so many inputs at a time. It predicts different types of sign language at a time.

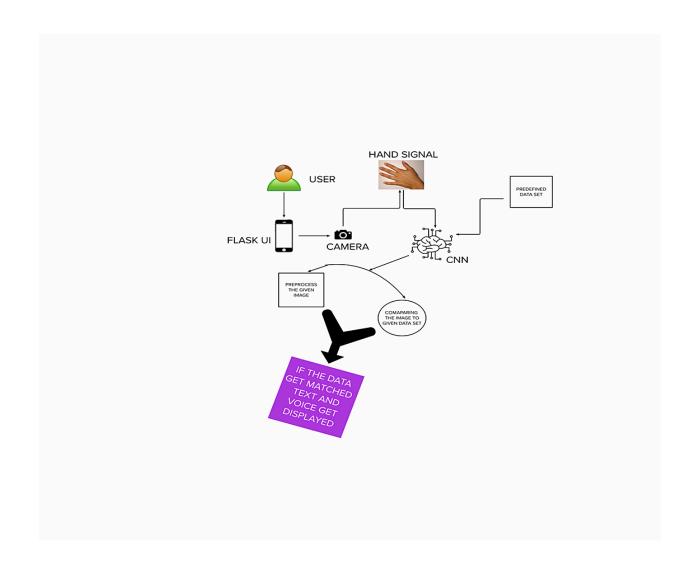
# **5.PROJECT DESIGN**

# **5.1** Data Flow Diagram

# **Data Flow Diagram**



# **5.2.**Solution & Technical Architecture



# 6. PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING

# 6.1.Sprint Planning & Estimation

### Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	Not Required		High	-
Sprint-1	Login	USN-2	Not Required	1	High	-
Sprint-1	Main page	USN-4	As a User, I can enter the web page once clicked, which provides be the Guidelines to use the app	1	Medium	BALAJI V M DHARUNKUMAR S GOKULAVANAN P KARTHICK S
Sprint-2	Convert Sign	USN-6	As a User, I can click the button Convert sign , which directs me towards the Main screen	4	Medium	BALAJI V M DHARUNKUMAR S GOKULAVANAN P KARTHICK S

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-2	Camera(Hand movement detection)	USN-7	As a User, I can show my hand sign towards the camera which converts them into text manner.	8	High	BALAJI V M DHARUNKUMAR S GOKULAVANAN P KARTHICK S
Sprint-3	Voice mode	USN-8	Once the text is obtained, As a User I can click on the voice mode which provides the text in the form of speech.	3	High	BALAJI V M DHARUNKUMAR S GOKULAVANAN P KARTHICK S
Sprint-1	Provide the necessary functionalities required to use the app.		As an Executive, I can provide the Specifications of Camera required, and other factors that are required for smooth functioning of the app.	1	Low	BALAJI V M DHARUNKUMAR S GOKULAVANAN P KARTHICK S
Sprint-4	Check the performance of the app		As an Executive, I can check the usage and queries obtained from the end users.	1	Medium	BALAJI V M DHARUNKUMAR S GOKULAVANAN P KARTHICK S
Sprint-4	Receive queries based on the usage		As an Admin, I can take the queries from the customer care and perform the testing phase again , loading the other signs in the dataset, in order to make the customers to use the app effectively.	2	High	BALAJI V M DHARUNKUMAR S GOKULAVANAN P KARTHICK S

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# 6.2 Sprint Delivery schedule

#### Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	6	6 Days	3 NOV 2022	8 NOV 2022		29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	12	6 Days	8 Nov 2022	13 Nov 2022		13 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	3	3Days	13 Nov 2022	15 Nov 2022		15 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	4	4 Days	17 Nov 2022	20 Nov 2022		20 Nov 2022

#### Velocity:

Imagine we have a 10-day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint). Let's calculate the team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

$$AV = \frac{sprint\ duration}{velocity} = \frac{20}{10} = 2$$

### 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

### 7.1 DETECTION OF HAND SIGNALS CLEARLY:

```
def detect(jpeg):
    img = resize(jpeg, (64, 64, 3))
    copy = img.copy()
    copy = copy[150:150 + 200, 50:50 + 200]
        cv2.imwrite('image.jpg', copy)
        copy img = image.load img('image.jpg')
        x = image.img_to_array(copy_img)
        x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)
        prediction = np.argmax(model.predict(x), axis=1)
        pred = vals[prediction[0]]
        print("it indicates : ", pred)
        return pred
```

### 7.2 GETTING THE RESULT FROM HTML PAGE

#### 7.3 READING LIVE STREAM FRAME USING PYTHON CODE WITH CLEAR PIXELS:

```
class VideoCamera():
    def __init__(self):
        # Open a camera
        self.cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)

def __del__(self):
        self.cap.release()

def get_frame(self):
        ret, frame = self.cap.read()

    if ret:
        ret, jpeg = cv2.imencode('.jpg', frame)
        return jpeg.tobytes()

    else:
        return None

AND BELOW CODE IS TO DISPLAY
```

### 8. **TESTING**

# **1.** Purpose of Document

The purpose of this document is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT

# 2. Test Case Analysis

This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Camera detection	1	0	0	1
Train the model and saving	7	0	0	7
Frame capturing and output	2	0	2	0

### 9. **PERFORMANCE TESTING**

S.No.	Parameter	Values	Screenshot
1.	Project structure	PYTHON FILE HTML FILE FLASK APP LOADED MODEL	Project ▼
2.	OUTPUT	Camera enable and letter display	- (Man Phone 21 ) 2   2   3   3   4   4   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5

### **10.ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES**

### **ADVANTAGES:**

- i.) Main advantage is normal people can easil communicate to PwD.
- ii.) PwD people can easily express their feelings to everyone

### **DISADVANTAGES**

- i.)Lack of knowledge on using the application
- ii.) Working under low light camera may be a disadvantages.

#### 11. CONCLUSION:

To Develop a model which is very useful to communicate to normal people by using hand signal and gestures Disabled people experience a great deal of difficulty with day-to-day activities \( \text{Normal people who not able to communicate with disabled peoples can now easily get communicate with them. It will be the great impact and provide a satisfaction.. A person who needs this model can afford at low price and this provide a income. This advanced technology make life easier and will get great demand in market of technology.

### 12. FUTURE SCOPE

- a.) A new module can be developed that working under low light condition.
- b.) CNN algorithm can be tuned more to get an accurate result that desired.

### 12. APPENDIX:

### **Source Code:**

# #webstreaming.py

```
import numpy as np
import cv2
import os
from keras.models import load_model
from flask import Flask, render_template, Response, jsonify, request
from camera import VideoCamera
from keras.preprocessing import image

global graph
global writer
from skimage.transform import resize
```

```
writer = None
model = load_model('Balaji.h5')
vals = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H', 'I']
app = Flask(<u>__</u>name<u>__</u>)
print("[info] accessing video stream...")
vs = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
def detect(jpeg):
video_camera = None
global frame = None
@app.route('/')
b'\r\n\r\n')
```

```
x = image.img_to_array(img)
x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)
prediction = np.argmax(model.predict(x), axis=1)
pred = vals[prediction[0]]
print("it indicates : ", pred)

@app.route('/video_feed')
def video_feed():
    return Response(gen(), mimetype='multipart/x-mixed-replace; boundary=frame')

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', debug=True)
```

# #camera.py

```
class VideoCamera():
    def __init__(self):
        # Open a camera
        self.cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)

def __del__(self):
        self.cap.release()

def get_frame(self):
        ret, frame = self.cap.read()

    if ret:
        ret, jpeg = cv2.imencode('.jpg', frame)
        return jpeg.tobytes()

else:
        return None
```

### #index.html

# #train.ipynb

```
#%%
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale = 1./225,
shear_range=0.2,zoom_range=0.2,horizontal_flip=True)
test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale = 1./225)
#%%
x train =
train_datagen.flow_from_directory('Dataset/training_set',target_size=(64,64),
batch_size=300,class_mode='categorical', color_mode ="grayscale")
#%%
x test =
train_datagen.flow_from_directory('Dataset/test_set',target_size=(64,64),
batch_size=300,class_mode='categorical', color_mode ="grayscale")
#%%
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.layers import Convolution2D
from keras.layers import MaxPooling2D
```

```
from keras.layers import Dropout
from keras.layers import Flatten
#%%
model=Sequential()
#%%
model.add(Convolution2D(32,(3,3), input_shape=(64,64,1), activation =
'relu'))
#%%
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
#%%
model.add(Flatten())
#%%
model.add(Dense(units=512,activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(units=9,activation='softmax'))
#%%
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
metrics=['accuracy'])
#%%
model.fit_generator(x_train, steps_per_epoch=24,
epochs=10,validation_data=x_test,validation_steps=40)
#%%
model.save('Balaji.h5')
```

# #test.ipynb

```
from keras.models import load_model
import numpy as np
import cv2

model=load_model('Balaji.h5')

from skimage.transform import resize
def detect(frame):
    img = resize(frame, (64, 64, 1))
    img = np.expand_dims(img, axis=0)
    if(np.max(img)>1):
        img = img/255.0
    prediction = model.predict(img)
```

```
print(prediction)
  predictions = np.argmax(model.predict(img), axis=1)
  print(predictions[0])

frame=cv2.imread(r"E:\Development\Dataset\test_set\B\1.png")
data= detect(frame)
```

# **Github link:**

click here to navigate to github or else copy paste this https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-39209-1660400483

# **DEMO LINK:**

click here for the video