

SMART FARMER – IOT ENABLEDD SMART FARMING APPLICATION

PROJECT DEVELOPMENT – DELIVERY OF SPRINT - 1

DATE	16 NOVEMBER 2022
TITLE	SMART FARMER – IOT ENABLEDD SMART FARMING APPLICATION
TEAM ID	PNT2022TMID33748
TEAM LEADER NAME	SUBIKA M
TEAM MEMBER NAME	PEMALATHA S SELENA CLARA M SNEHA L

Connect Sensor in ESP8266

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:

The screenshot displays the Wokwi IoT development environment. On the left, the 'sketch.ino' file is open, showing the following code:

```
1 #include <Wifi.h> //library for wifi
2 #include <PubSubClient.h> //library for MQTT
3 #include "DHT.h" // Library for dht11
4 #define DHTPIN 15 // what pin we're connected to
5 #define DHTTYPE DHT22 // define type of sensor DHT 11
6 #define LED 2
7
8 DHT dht (DHTPIN, DHTTYPE); // creating the instance by passing pin and t
9
10 void callback(char* subscribetopic, byte* payload, unsigned int payload
11
12 //-----credentials of IBM Accounts-----
13
14 #define ORG "w9kxol" //IBM ORGANITION ID
15 #define DEVICE_TYPE "123" //Device type mentioned in ibm watson IOT Plat
16 #define DEVICE_ID "1234" //Device ID mentioned in ibm watson IOT Platfor
17 #define TOKEN "987654321" //Token
18 String data3;
19 float h, t;
20
21
22 //----- Customise the above values -----
23 char server[] = ORG ".messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com"; // Serve
24 char publishTopic[] = "iot-2/evt/Data/fmt/json"; // topic name and type
25 char subscribetopic[] = "iot-2/cmd/command/fmt/String"; // cmd REPRESENT
26 char authMethod[] = "use-token-auth"; // authentication method
27 char token[] = TOKEN;
28 char clientId[] = "d:" ORG ":" DEVICE_TYPE ":" DEVICE_ID; //client id
```

On the right, the 'Simulation' tab shows a circuit diagram. It features an ESP8266 module connected to a DHT22 temperature and humidity sensor. The sensor's VCC pin is connected to the ESP8266's VCC pin, and its GND pin is connected to the ESP8266's GND pin. The sensor's data pin is connected to the ESP8266's D4 pin. The ESP8266 module is also connected to a USB cable.

Develop a Python Code:

Code:

```
import time
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random

#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "w9kxol"
deviceType = "123"
deviceId = "1234"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "987654321"

# Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    status=cmd.data['command']
    if status=="motoron":
        print ("motor is on")
    elif status == "motoroff":
        print ("motor is off")
    else :
        print ("please send proper command")

try:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization,
                    "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-
method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
    deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
    #.....

except Exception as e:
print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" %
                                str(e))

    sys.exit()

# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with
value "world" into the cloud as an event of type
"greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
```

```

while True:
    #Get Sensor Data from DHT11

    temp=random.randint(90,110)
    Humid=random.randint(60,100)
    moist=random.randint(50,120)
    data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid , 'moist':moist}
    #print data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
        print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp,
        "Humidity = %s %% "
        % Humid,"soilmoisture=%s %% " %moist, "to
        IBM Watson")

    success =
    deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor",
    "json", data,
    qos=0, on_publish=myOnPublishCallback
    )
    if not success:
        print("Not connected to IoTF")
        time.sleep(10)

    deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback

# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()

```

OUTPUT:

```
Python 2.7.8 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

import time
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random

#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "us10xxx1"
deviceType = "I23"
deviceId = "I234"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "897654321"

# Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    status=cmd.data['command']
    if status=="motoron":
        print ("motor is on")
    elif status == "motortoff":
        print ("motor is off")
    else :
        print ("please send proper command")

try:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type":
deviceCll = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOpti
# .....

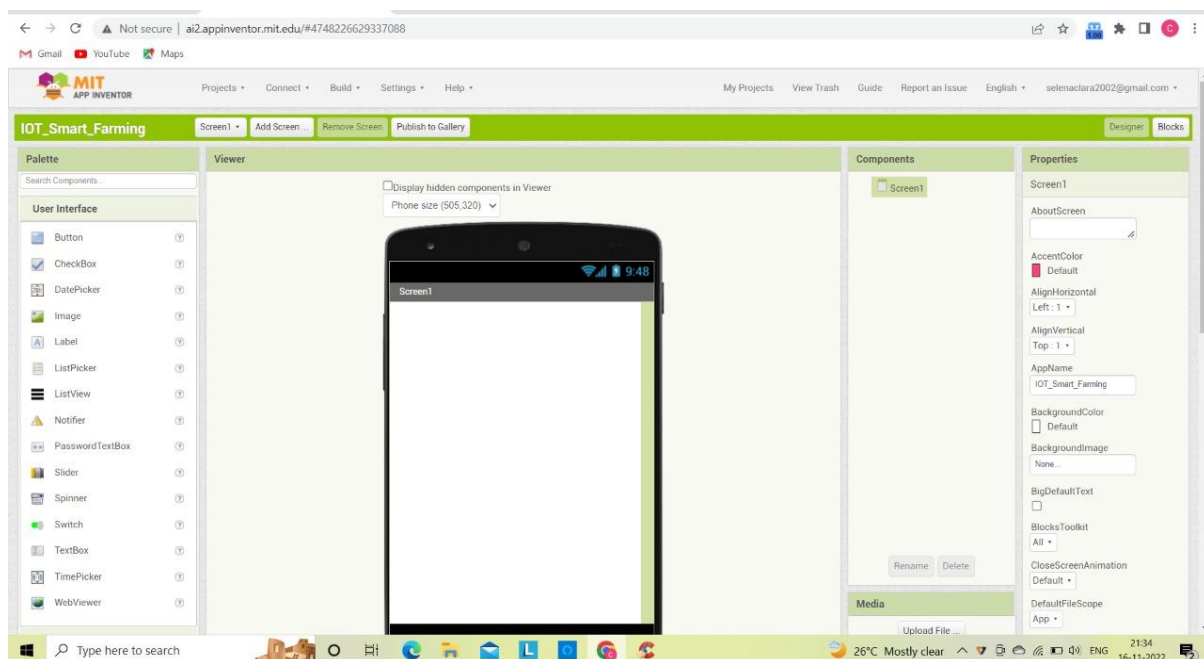
except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %
sys.exit()
```

```
Python 2.7.8 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

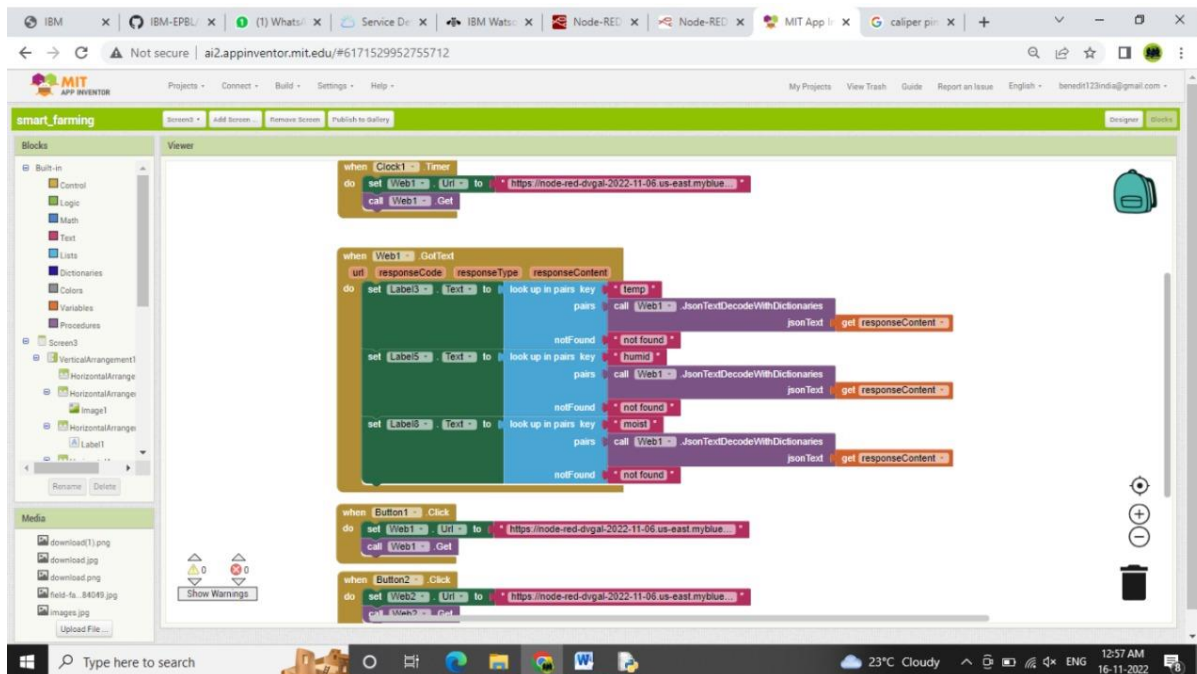
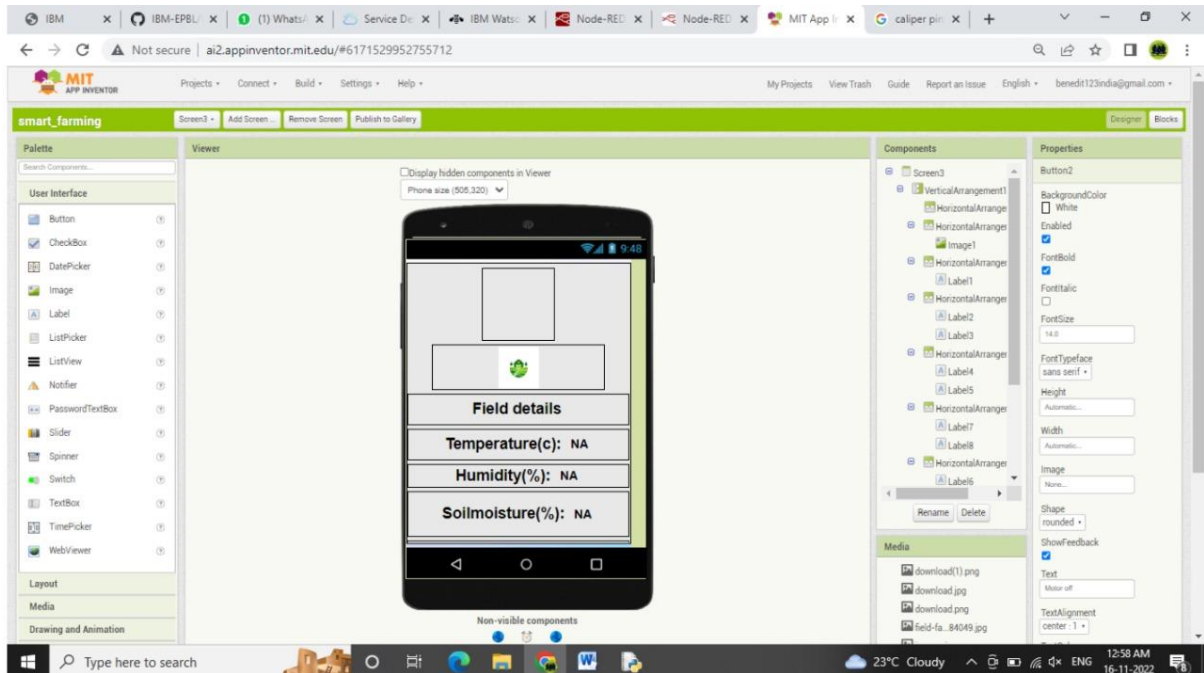
motor is on
Published Temperature = 90 C Humidity = 83 % soilmoisture=74 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 108 C Humidity = 43 % soilmoisture=16 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 110 C Humidity = 61 % soilmoisture=86 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 103 C Humidity = 71 % soilmoisture=83 % to IBM Watson
Command received: motortoff
motor is on
Published Temperature = 106 C Humidity = 51 % soilmoisture=101 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 103 C Humidity = 74 % soilmoisture=79 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 90 C Humidity = 89 % soilmoisture=53 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 109 C Humidity = 64 % soilmoisture=115 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 94 C Humidity = 85 % soilmoisture=61 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 100 C Humidity = 82 % soilmoisture=74 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 97 C Humidity = 65 % soilmoisture=41 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 106 C Humidity = 90 % soilmoisture=65 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 108 C Humidity = 84 % soilmoisture=91 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 101 C Humidity = 97 % soilmoisture=100 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 101 C Humidity = 82 % soilmoisture=78 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 100 C Humidity = 76 % soilmoisture=86 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 103 C Humidity = 66 % soilmoisture=136 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 98 C Humidity = 87 % soilmoisture=71 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 110 C Humidity = 94 % soilmoisture=81 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 104 C Humidity = 68 % soilmoisture=119 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 97 C Humidity = 88 % soilmoisture=74 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 104 C Humidity = 71 % soilmoisture=116 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 98 C Humidity = 84 % soilmoisture=111 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 89 C Humidity = 88 % soilmoisture=75 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 104 C Humidity = 97 % soilmoisture=57 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 96 C Humidity = 82 % soilmoisture=97 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 92 C Humidity = 70 % soilmoisture=79 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 108 C Humidity = 79 % soilmoisture=88 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 96 C Humidity = 87 % soilmoisture=146 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 103 C Humidity = 74 % soilmoisture=88 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 98 C Humidity = 71 % soilmoisture=192 % to IBM Watson
```

Develop an application with MIT APP inventor:

Mobile App opening page:



Mobile App Log in Page:



JIRA Software Sprint Planning:

The screenshot displays the JIRA Software interface for a project named "Smart Farmer - IoT Enabled Smart Farming Application". The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with "Board" selected under the "PLANNING" section. The main area is titled "All sprints" and shows a Kanban board with two columns: "TO DO 3 ISSUES" and "IN PROGRESS 2 ISSUES".

TO DO 3 ISSUES:

- Establishing Node-Red connection (NODE RED) - SPRINT 5
- Connecting application with Node-Red and further application development (NODE RED) - SPRINT 6
- Testing developed application and working model of hardware

IN PROGRESS 2 ISSUES:

- Connect the hardware with IBM Cloud and API integration (APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT) - SPRINT 3
- Application development for project (APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT) - SPRINT 4

On the right, the "Insights" panel for "SPRINT 1" shows:

- Sprint progress:** 100% done (Done: 100%, In progress: 0%, Not started: 0%)
- Sprint burndown:** Add estimates to manage and maintain scope. This insight helps you compare planned work against completed work, so you can track scope and pivot as needed. [Learn more](#)
- Epic progress:** This sprint is working towards 1 epic