

PROBLEM STATEMENT

- The biodiversity of forests and the entire ecosystem have been affected due to deforestation. Along with tree plants in the forest, small grasses and shrubs are also destroyed. Due to which the incidence of soil erosion, landslide, and rapid flooding is increasing.
- Forest firewood also burns, which causes economic damage. The families and communities of the tribal class depend on the forests and their social and economic condition is affected by forest. In India, the livelihood of the people of about 1.70 lakh villages is dependent on fuel, bamboo, fodder, and small wood.
- Smoke and various types of poisonous gases emanating from forest fires adversely affect the health of human beings and all beings. According to scientists, the gases released from this fire, whose effect lasts for 3 years in the atmosphere, can cause fatal diseases like cancer. Thus it causes environmental pollution.
- Forest fires can have many adverse effects on forest cover, soil, tree growth, vegetation, and overall flora and fauna. Due to ash in several hectares of forest from fire, this place becomes unfit for any vegetative growth.