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ASSIGNMENT:	4	
PROJECT NAME:	Emerging Methods for Early Detection of Forest Fires	

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input, Embedding
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.preprocessing import sequence
from keras.utils import pad_sequences
from keras.utils import to_categorical
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
READING DATASET
df = pd.read_csv('spam.csv',delimiter=',',encoding='latin-1')
df.head()
     v1
                                                        v2 Unnamed: 2 \
0
    ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
                                                                  NaN
                             Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
                                                                  NaN
1
    ham
2 spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                                                  NaN
3
    ham U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
                                                                  NaN
    ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
4
                                                                  NaN
  Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4
0
        NaN
                    NaN
1
         NaN
                    NaN
2
         NaN
                    NaN
3
         NaN
                    NaN
        NaN
                    NaN
df.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],axis=1,inplace=True)
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5572 entries, 0 to 5571
```

```
Data columns (total 2 columns):
    Column Non-Null Count Dtype
     -----
0
    ٧1
            5572 non-null
                            object
            5572 non-null
1
    v2
                            object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 87.2+ KB
df.groupby(['v1']).size()
ν1
ham
       4825
        747
spam
dtype: int64
df.groupby(['v2']).size()
v2
< #&gt; in mca. But not conform.
< #&gt; mins but i had to stop somewhere first.
<DECIMAL&gt; m but its not a common car here so its better to buy from
china or asia. Or if i find it less expensive. I.ll holla
and picking them up from various points
1
came to look at the flat, seems ok, in his 50s? * Is away alot wiv work. Got
woman coming at 6.30 too.
ÌÏ still got lessons? ÌÏ in sch?
ÌÏ takin linear algebra today?
ÌÏ thk of wat to eat tonight.
ÌÏ v ma fan...
ÌÏ wait 4 me in sch i finish ard 5..
Length: 5169, dtype: int64
X = df.v2
Y = df.v1
le = LabelEncoder()
Y = le.fit_transform(Y)
Y = Y.reshape(-1,1)
X_train,X_test,Y_train,Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.15)
```

```
\max \text{ words} = 1000
max len = 150
tok = Tokenizer(num_words=max_words)
tok.fit_on_texts(X_train)
sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
sequences_matrix = pad_sequences(sequences, maxlen=max_len)
CREATE MODEL AND ADD LAYERS
inputs = Input(name='inputs',shape=[max len])
layer = Embedding(max_words,50,input_length=max_len)(inputs)
layer = LSTM(64)(layer)
layer = Dense(256, name='FC1')(layer)
layer = Activation('relu')(layer)
layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer)
layer = Dense(1,name='out layer')(layer)
layer = Activation('sigmoid')(layer)
model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer)
COMPILE AND FIT THE MODEL
model.summary()
model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy',optimizer=RMSprop(),metrics=['accura
model.fit(sequences_matrix,Y_train,batch_size=128,epochs=10,
          validation split=0.2)
```

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
inputs (InputLayer)	[(None, 150)]	0
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 150, 50)	50000
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 64)	29440
FC1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	16640
activation (Activation)	(None, 256)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
out_layer (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
<pre>activation_1 (Activation)</pre>	(None, 1)	0

Total params: 96,337

Trainable params: 96,337 Non-trainable params: 0

```
Epoch 1/10
30/30 [============ ] - 11s 286ms/step - loss: 0.3204 -
accuracy: 0.8820 - val_loss: 0.1487 - val_accuracy: 0.9726
Epoch 2/10
30/30 [============ ] - 8s 260ms/step - loss: 0.0889 -
accuracy: 0.9791 - val_loss: 0.0641 - val_accuracy: 0.9831
Epoch 3/10
accuracy: 0.9863 - val loss: 0.0461 - val accuracy: 0.9895
Epoch 4/10
30/30 [=========== ] - 8s 261ms/step - loss: 0.0361 -
accuracy: 0.9894 - val_loss: 0.0363 - val_accuracy: 0.9895
Epoch 5/10
accuracy: 0.9897 - val loss: 0.0365 - val accuracy: 0.9895
Epoch 6/10
30/30 [============ ] - 10s 328ms/step - loss: 0.0223 -
accuracy: 0.9923 - val loss: 0.0418 - val accuracy: 0.9863
Epoch 7/10
accuracy: 0.9945 - val loss: 0.0473 - val accuracy: 0.9852
Epoch 8/10
30/30 [============ ] - 10s 344ms/step - loss: 0.0123 -
accuracy: 0.9950 - val loss: 0.0599 - val accuracy: 0.9895
Epoch 9/10
accuracy: 0.9974 - val loss: 0.0592 - val accuracy: 0.9905
Epoch 10/10
accuracy: 0.9971 - val loss: 0.0490 - val accuracy: 0.9884
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f984f25b450>
SAVING THE MODEL
model.save('sms_classifier.h5')
TEST THE MODEL
test_sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
test_sequences_matrix = pad_sequences(test_sequences, maxlen=max_len)
accr = model.evaluate(test_sequences_matrix,Y_test)
27/27 [============= ] - 1s 24ms/step - loss: 0.0512 -
accuracy: 0.9856
print('Test set\n Loss: {:0.3f}\n Accuracy:
{:0.3f}'.format(accr[0],accr[1]))
```

Test set Loss: 0.051

Accuracy: 0.986