IBM NALAIYATHIRAN SMART FARMER-IOT ENABLED SMART FARMING APPLICATION

SPRINT-4

Title	Smart farmer-IoT enabled smart farming application
Domain	Internet of Things
Team ID	PNT2022TMID44170
Project Name	Project – Smart Farmer-IoT Enabled smartFarming
	Application

Receiving commands from IBM cloud using Python program

import time import sys

import ibmiotf.application

import ibmiotf.device import random

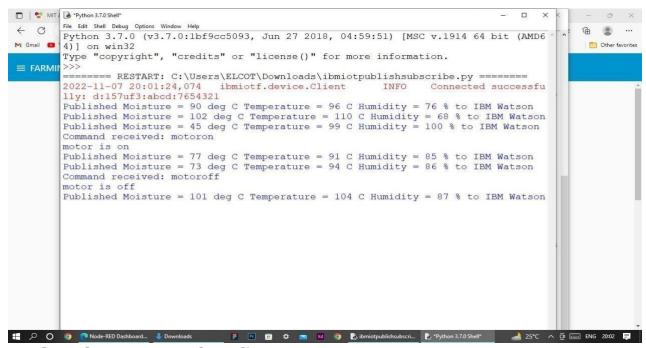
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials

organization = "48qubr" deviceType =
"hasnarahah09" deviceId = "hasna09" authMethod
= "token" authToken = "

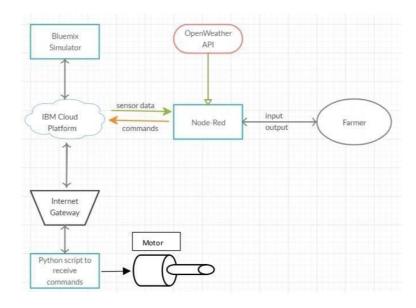
$glo4Y^*)BMQqN8HR9T9"$

Initialize GPIO

```
deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId,
"auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
except Exception as e:
      print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as an event of
type "greeting" 10 times deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data from DHT11
temp=random.randint(90,110)
Humid=random.randint(60,100)
Mois=random. Randint(20,120)
                                data =
{ 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid, 'Mois':
Mois }
    #print data
                    def
myOnPublishCallback():
       print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s
%%" % Humid, "Moisture =%s deg c" % Mois "to IBM Watson")
success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
                                       if not success:
print("Not connected to IoTF")
time.sleep(10)
    deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback #
Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
```



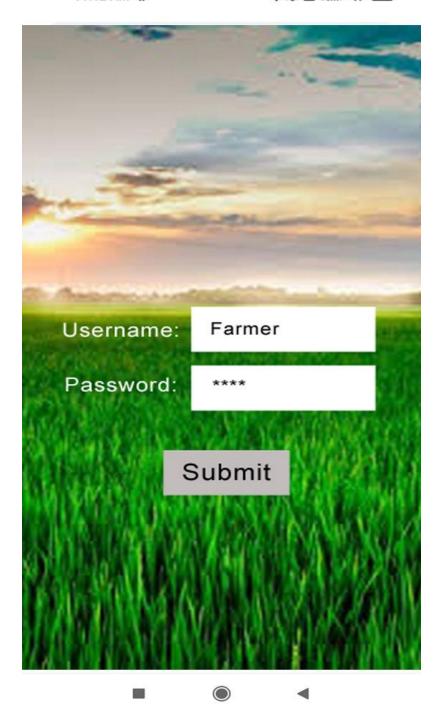
FLOW OF THE PROJECT

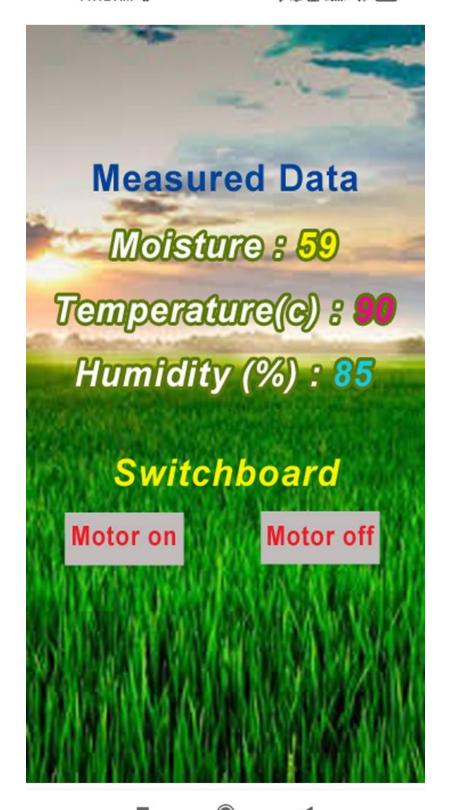


RESULT

11:12 AM 🗘

* 45 11 8 60





OUTPUT ON THE IOT PLATFORM



ADVANTAGES

- Increased Production
- Water Conservation
- Real-Time Data and Production Insight
- Lowered Operation Costs
- Accurate Farm and Field Evaluation
- Improved Livestock Farming
- Reduced Environmental Footprint
- Remote Monitoring
- Equipment Monitoring

DISADVANTAGES

- Lack of internet/connectivity issues.
- Added cost of internet and internet gateway infrastructure.
- Farmers wanted to adapt the use of Mobile App.

CONCLUSION

Smart farming is a wonderful option if you want to save the cost of electricity. It allows for the use of solar-powered tools like pumps that save your expenditure. It is cost-effective as it somewhat reduces the spending usually generated by farmers in maintaining their capital intensive techs. Smart agriculture makes use of IOT platform to improve the process of wireless monitoring, regulation and data collection. With these inputs on your farm, all thanks to smart farming, you can be sure of high-quality crop production and delivery.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

IBM cloud reference: https://cloud.ibm.com/

↓ IoT simulator : https://watson-iot-sensor-simulator.mybluemix.net/

♣ OpenWeather : https://openweathermap.org/