```
#import keras libraries
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.layers import Convolution2D
from keras.layers import MaxPooling2D
from keras.layers import Flatten
#image preprocessing(or) image augmentation
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255, shear_range=0.2, zoom_range=0.2, horizonta
#rescale => rescaling pixel value from 0 to 255 to 0 to 1
#shear_range=> counter clock wise rotation(anti clock)
test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
x_train = train_datagen.flow_from_directory("/content/drive/MyDrive/DATA/TRAIN_SET",target
     Found 162 images belonging to 5 classes.
x_test = test_datagen.flow_from_directory("/content/drive/MyDrive/DATA/TEST_SET", target_si
     Found 1055 images belonging to 5 classes.
x_train.class_indices
     {'APPLES': 0, 'BANANA': 1, 'ORANGE': 2, 'PINEAPPLE': 3, 'WATERMELON': 4}
#checking the number of classes
print(x test.class indices)
     {'APPLES': 0, 'BANANA': 1, 'ORANGE': 2, 'PINEAPPLE': 3, 'WATERMELON': 4}
from collections import Counter as c
c(x_train .labels)
     Counter({0: 162})
#Initializing the model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Convolution2D(32,(3,3),input shape=(64,64,3),activation="relu"))
# 32 indicates => no of feature detectors
#(3,3)=> kernel size (feature detector size)
```

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# add Maxpooling layer
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
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## SECOND CONVOLUTION THEORY

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model.add(Convolution2D(32,(3,3),activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
#Flattening the layers
model.add(Flatten())

model.add(Dense(units=128,activation='relu'))

model.add(Dense(units=5,activation='softmax'))
# add flatten layer => input to your ANN

model.add(Flatten())

model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	896
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>	(None, 31, 31, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 29, 29, 32)	9248
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 6272)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	802944
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 5)	645
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 5)	0

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Total params: 813,733 Trainable params: 813,733 Non-trainable params: 0

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model.add(Dense(units=300,kernel initializer="random uniform",activation="relu"))
model.add(Dense(units=200,kernel initializer="random uniform",activation="relu"))
Output Layer
model.add(Dense(units=4,kernel_initializer="random_uniform",activation="softmax"))
len(x train)
    6
#Ann starts so need to add dense layers
model.add(Dense(units=128,activation="relu",kernel_initializer="random_uniform"))
model.add(Dense(units=1,activation="sigmoid",kernel_initializer="random_uniform"))
#Compile the model
model.compile(loss="binary_crossentropy",optimizer="adam",metrics=['accuracy'])
model.save("nutrition.h5")
#Prediction the result
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
from keras.preprocessing import image
model =load_model("nutrition.h5")
import numpy as np
from tensorflow.keras.utils import load img
from tensorflow.keras.utils import img_to_array
#loading of the image
img = load_img(r'/content/drive/MyDrive/DATA/TEST_SET/APPLES/151_100.jpg', grayscale=False
#image to array
x = img to array(img)
#changing the shape
x = np.expand_dims(x,axis = 0)
predict x=model.predict(x)
classes x=np.argmax(predict x,axis = -1)
classes x
     1/1 [======] - 0s 20ms/step
     array([0])
index=['APPLES', 'BANANA', 'ORANGE', 'PINEAPPLE', 'WATERMELON']
result=str(index[classes x[0]])
result
     'APPLES'
```

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