SEND INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON CODE

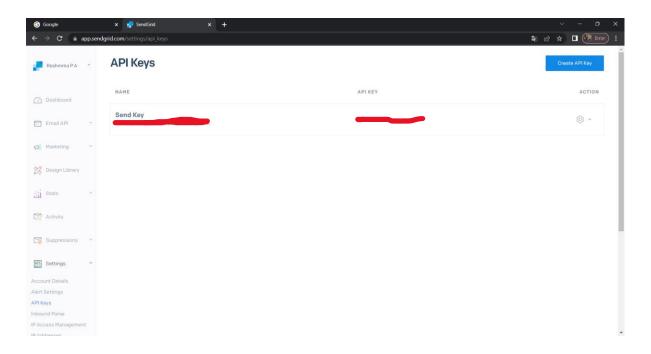
| Team ID | PNT2022TMID34039 |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| Project Name | Personal Expense Tracker Application |

STEP 1:

Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.4 or 3.5.

STEP 2:

Create an API key



STEP 3:

INSTALL

PAKAGE: > pip install sendgrid

SETP 4:

SEND EMAIL

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
1 import os
2 from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
3 from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
5 message = Mail(
      from email='from email@example.com',
      to emails='to@example.com',
8
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
       html_content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
      sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID_API_KEY'))
12
     response = sg.send(message)
     print(response.status_code)
13
14
     print (response.body)
15
     print (response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
17     print(e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
17 logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
      def__init__(self, response):
          :param response: The return value from a open call
                           on a urllib.build opener()
          :type response: urllib response object
          self. status code = response.getcode()
          self._body = response.read()
          self._headers = response.info()
          return self._status_code
         :return: response from the API
```

```
def headers (self):
       :return: dict of response headers
       :return: dict of response from the API
       if self.body:
           return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
                 request headers=None,
                 append slash=False,
        :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
https://api.sendgrid.com)
        :type host: string
        :param request headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
applied on all calls
           :type request headers: dictionary
           :param version: The version number of the API.
                           Subclass build versioned url for custom
  behavior.
                          Or just pass the version as part of the URL
                           (e.g. client. ("/v3"))
          :type version: integer
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
           :type url path: list of strings
          self.request headers = request headers or ()
          self. url path = url path or []
          self.append_slash = append_slash
          self.timeout = timeout
        def build versioned url(self, url):
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
            :type url: string
110
111
        def build url(self, query params):
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
           :type query params: dictionary
117
           while count < len(self._url_path):
                url += '/()'.format(self._url_path[count])
124
            if self.append slash:
126
            m query params:
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
131
132
134
135
136
137
138
        def update headers(self, request headers):
139
140
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
            :type request headers: dictionary
144
145
            self.request headers.update(request headers)
146
```

```
148
            :param name: Name of the url segment
            :type name: string
            url_path = self._url_path + [name] if name else
  self, url path
                           request headers=self.request headers,
                           url path=url path,
                           append_slash=self.append_slash,
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
            :param opener:
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
            :type request: urllib.Request object
            :type timeout: float
172
            :return: urllib response
175
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
                exc. cause = None
```

```
method=request.get_method(),
                   status=exc.status code,
                   body=exc.body))
               raise exc
               (e.g. /your/api/{variable value}/call)
              Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
 such as global,
              in your url, you must use this method.
           :param name: Name of the url segment
           :type name: string
196
       def getattr (self, name):
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
              You can also add a version number by using
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
           if name == 'version':
               def get version (*args, **kwargs):
210
                   :param args: dict of settings
                   :param kwargs: unused
```

```
212
213
                    self._version = args[0]
                return get version
217
                method = name.upper()
                def http request (
                        request body=None,
224
                        query_params=None,
                       request headers=None,
227
                    :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
 propagated to
                        urllib client
231
232
                    :param request_headers: HTTP headers. Will be
  merged into
233
                        current client object state
234
                    :type request headers: dict
235
                    :param query params: HTTP query parameters
236
                    :type query params: dict
                    :param request body: HTTP request body
238
                    :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                    :param kwargs:
240
241
242
                    ! request headers:
```

```
243
                        self. update headers (request headers)
244
245
                    if request body is None:
                        data = None
248
249
                        if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
                            data = request body.encode('utf-8')
                            self.request headers.setdefault(
                            data =
  json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
                    request = urllib.Request(
                        self. build url (query params),
262
                        headers=self.request headers,
263
                        data=data,
264
                    request.get method = lambda: method
                    logger.debug('[method] Request: (url)'.format(
268
                        method=method,
                        url=request.get full url()))
270
                    if request.data:
271
                        logger.debug('PAYLOAD: (data)'.format(
272
                            data=request.data))
273
                    logger.debug('HEADERS: (headers)'.format(
274
                        headers=request.headers))
275
```