

WEB PHISHING DETECTION

A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

RAKSHANA .G (412719104025)

PREETHI.D (412719104022)

MONISHA.N (412719104018)

JAYASHREE.K (412719104014)

of

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

TAGORE ENGINEERING COLLEGE

CHENNAI –6000127

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ABSTRACT

Phishing URL is a widely used and common technique for cyber security attacks. Phishing is a cybercrime that tries to trick the targeted users into exposing their private and sensitive information to the attacker. The motive of the attacker is to gain access to personal information such as usernames, login credentials, passwords, financial account details, social networking data, and personal addresses. These private credentials are then often used for malicious activities such as identity theft, notoriety, financial gain, reputation damage, and many more illegal activities. This paper aims to provide a comprehensive and comparative study of various existing free service systems and research based systems used for phishing website detection. The systems in this survey range from different detection techniques and tools used by many researchers. The approach included in these researched papers ranges from Blacklist and Heuristic features to visual and content-based features. The studies presented here use advanced machine learning and deep learning algorithms to achieve better precision and higher accuracy while categorizing websites as phishing or benign. This article would provide a better understanding of the current trends and existing systems in the phishing detection domain.

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview: Web phishing website which is used to detect phishing sites to improve the customer's sense of safety whenever he/she attempts to provide any sensitive information to a site. Also, by which people won't access them which will reduce the revenue of malicious site owners. This application can be accessed online without paying instead, can be accessed via any browser of the customer's choice to detect any site with high accuracy. This system uses machine learning algorithm which implements classification algorithms and techniques to extract the phishing datasets criteria to classify their legitimacy. The design and implementation of a comprehensive web phishing detection system instills a cyber security culture which prevents the need for the deployment of targeted anti-phishing solutions in a corporate to meet industry's compliance obligations.

1.2 Purpose:

Web phishing is a threat in various aspects of security on the internet, which might involve scams and private information disclosure. Some of the common threats of web phishing are:

- i. Attempt to fraudulently solicit personal information from an individual or organization.
- ii. Attempt to deliver malicious software by posing as a trustworthy organization or entity.
- iii. Installing those malwares infects the data that cause data breach or even natural forces that takes down your company's data headquarters, disrupting access.

For this purpose, the objective of our project involves building an efficient and intelligent system to detect such websites by applying a machine-learning algorithm which implements classification algorithms and techniques to extract the phishing datasets criteria to classify their legitimacy and as a result of which whenever a user makes a transaction online and makes payment through an e-banking website our system will use a data mining algorithm to detect whether the e-banking website is a phishing website or not.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Existing problem:

There are phishing detection sites out in the web. But they charge users after a limit of usage. Most of them are built on a clean set of features. We have carefully analysed and identified several factors that could be used to detect a phishing site. These factors fall under the categories of address bar-based features, domain-based features, HTML & JavaScript based features. Using these features, we build an intelligent system which can identify a phishing site with high accuracy and efficiency. It is also an open-source website which will be easily accessible to all users.

References:

Farashazillah Yahya, Ryan Isaac W Mahibol, Chong Kim Ying, Magnus Bin Anai, Sidney Allister Frankie, Eric Ling Nin Wei and Rio Guntur Utomo, "Detection of Phishing Websites using Machine

Learning Approaches", 2021 International Conference on Data Science and Its Applications (ICoDSA).

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8. Miyamoto D, Hazeyama H and Kadobayashi Y, "An evaluation of machine learning-based methods for detection of phishing sites", International Conference on Neural Information Processing pp. 539-546. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg. (2008)
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Problem statement definition:

Phishing detection techniques do suffer low detection accuracy and high false alarm especially when novel phishing approaches are introduced. Besides, the most common technique used, blacklist-based method is inefficient in responding to emanating phishing attacks since registering new domain has become easier, no comprehensive blacklist can ensure a perfect up-to-date database. Furthermore, page content inspection has been used by some strategies to overcome the false negative problems and complement the vulnerabilities of the stale lists. Moreover, page content inspection algorithms each have different approach to phishing website detection with varying degrees of accuracy. Therefore, ensemble can be seen to be a better solution as it can combine the similarity in accuracy and different error-detection rate properties in selected algorithms. Therefore, this study will address a couple of research:

Internet has dominated the world by dragging half of the world's population exponentially into the cyber world. With the booming of internet transactions, cybercrimes rapidly increased and with anonymity presented by the internet, Hackers attempt to trap the end-users through various forms such as phishing, SQL injection, malware, man-in-the-middle, domain name system tunnelling, ransom ware, web Trojan, and so on. Among all these attacks, phishing reports to be the most deceiving attack. Our main aim of this paper is

classification of a phishing website with the aid of various machine learning techniques to achieve maximum accuracy and concise model.

Nowadays, many people are losing considerable wealth due to online scams. Phishing is one of the means that a scammer can use to deceitfully obtain the victim's personal identification, bank account information, or any other sensitive data. There are a number of anti-phishing techniques and tools in place, but unfortunately phishing still works. One of the reasons is that phishers usually use human behaviour to design and then utilise a new phishing technique. Therefore, identifying the psychological and sociological factors used by scammers could help us to tackle the very root causes of fraudulent phishing attacks

CHAPTER 3

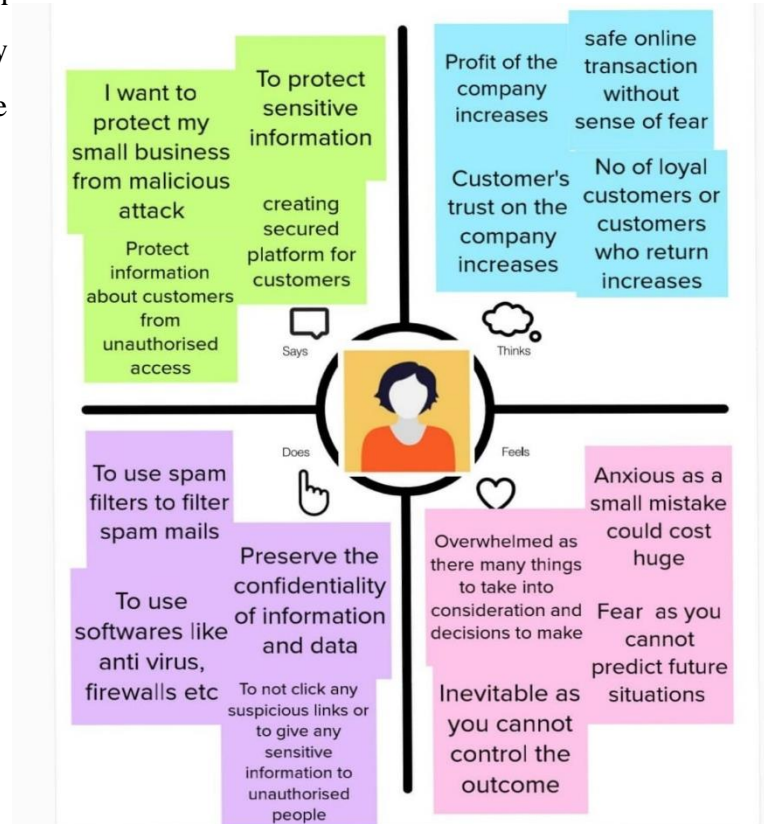
IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas:

Phishing attack is a simplest way to obtain sensitive information from innocent users. Aim of the phishers is to acquire critical information like username, password and bank account details. Cyber security persons are now looking for trustworthy and steady detection techniques for phishing websites detection. This paper deals with machine learning technology for detection of phishing URLs by extracting and analyzing various features of legitimate and phishing URLs. Decision Tree, random forest and Support vector machine algorithms are used to detect phishing websites. Aim of the paper is to detect phishing URLs as well as narrow down

algorithm by false positive and false algorithm.

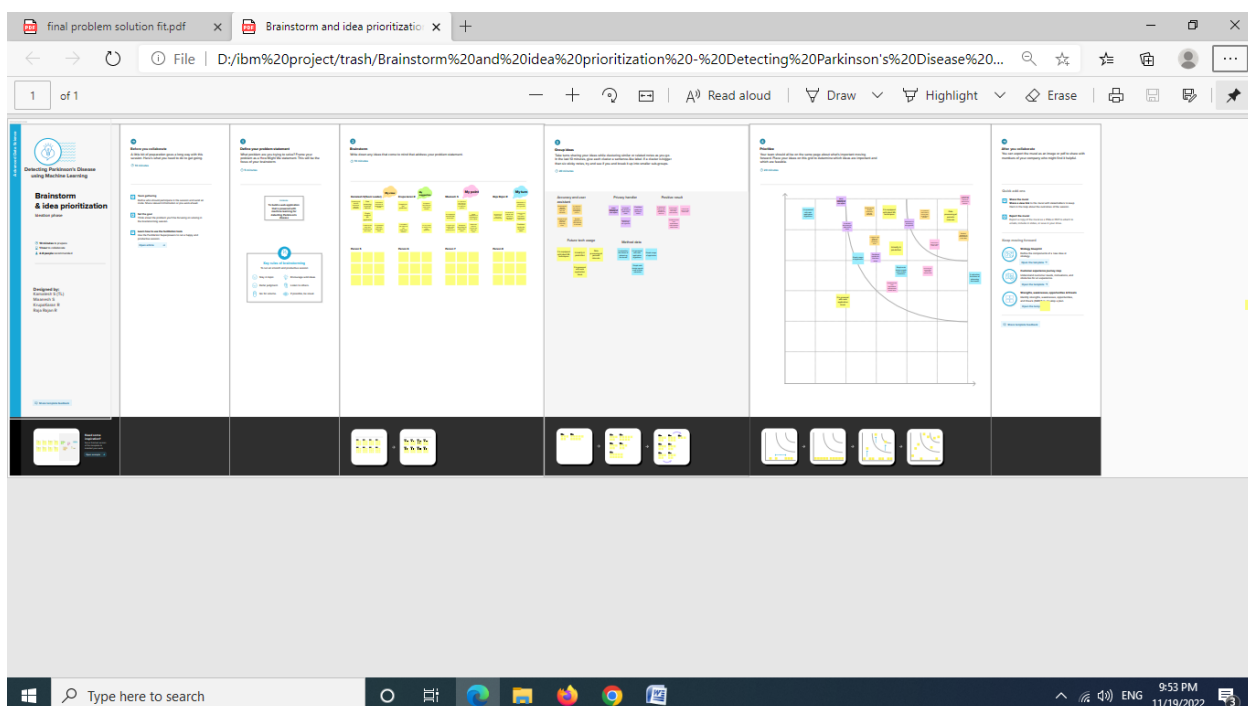
to best machine learning comparing accuracy rate, negative rate of each



3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming:

Ideation essentially refers to the whole creative process of coming up with and communicating new ideas. Ideation is innovative thinking, typically aimed at solving a problem or providing a more efficient means of doing or accomplishing something.

Ideation is often closely related to the practice of brainstorming, a specific technique that is utilized to generate new ideas. A principal difference between ideation and brainstorming is that ideation is commonly more thought of as being an individual pursuit, while brainstorming is almost always a group activity.

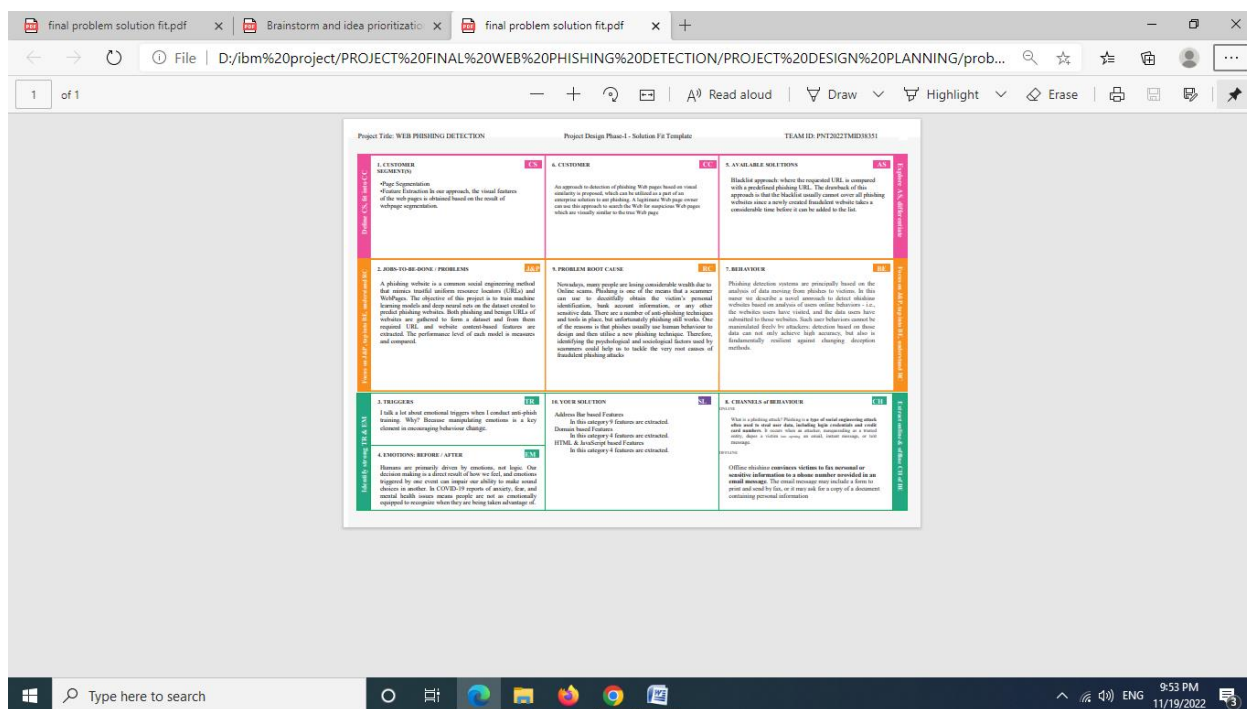


3.3 Proposed Solution

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	Internet has dominated the world by dragging half of the world's population exponentially into the cyber world. With the booming of internet transactions, cybercrimes rapidly increased and with anonymity presented by the internet, Hackers attempt to trap the end-users through various forms such as phishing, SQL injection, malware, man-in-the-middle, domain name system tunnelling, ransom ware, web Trojan, and so on. Among all these attacks, phishing reports to be the most deceiving attack. Our main aim of this paper is classification of a phishing website with the aid of various machine learning techniques to achieve maximum accuracy and concise model.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Detection and prevention of phishing websites endure measure continuously a major space for analysis. There are different types of phishing techniques that offer torrential and essential ways that offer attackers to penetrate the data of people and organizations. Uniform resource locator URLs sometimes are also referred to as "Web links" play a vital role in a phishing attack. Uniform resource locator has a vulnerability of redirecting the pages i.e., through the hyperlink; which could redirect to the legitimate website or the phishing site. Different techniques in making phishing sites are emerging day by day. This actually motivated several researchers to put up their concentrate on finding the phishing sites.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Microsoft. Microsoft Security Index Report.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	An exhaustive systematic search was performed on all the indexing databases. The state-of-the-art research related to the web phishing detections was collected. The papers were classified based on the methodologies. Taxonomy was derived by performing a deep scan on the classified papers. The contributions listed in this survey are exhaustive and lists all the state-of-the-art development in this area.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	An exhaustive systematic search was performed on all the indexing databases. The state-of-the-art research related to the web phishing detections was collected. The papers were classified based on the methodologies. Taxonomy was derived by performing a deep scan on the classified papers. The contributions listed in this survey are exhaustive and lists all the state-of-the-art development in the area. A phishing scan starts with spreading bogus e-mail. After receiving an e-mail, ant phishing techniques start working, either by redirecting the phishing mail in the spam folder or by showing a warning when an online user clicks on the link of phishing URL. The lifecycle of phishing attack in this area.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	The key notable points of our initial work embed: Phishing sites and their domains reveal the features that are different from other sites and domains. (For example, Google; www.google.com and some random phishing website be like; www.google.com).Phishing Uniform Resource Locators and 'domain names' typically have a different length when compared to other websites and domain names the training accuracy and testing accuracy of all the models. The difference between the values of train and test accuracy shows that the models are not over fitting over large dataset

3.4 Problem Solution fit

The Problem-Solution Fit simply means that you have found a problem with your customer and that the solution you have realized for it solves the customer's problem. It helps entrepreneurs, marketers



CHAPTER 4

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 Functional requirements:

FR No.	Functional Requirement(Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Input	User inputs an URL in required field to check its validations
FR-2	Website Comparison	Model compares the websites using Blacklist and White list approach
FR-3	Feature extraction	After comparing, if none found on comparison then it extracts feature using heuristic and visual similarity approach.
FR-4	Prediction	Model predicts the URL using Machine Learning algorithms such as Logistic Regression , KNN
FR-5	Classifier	Model sends all output to classifier and produces final result.
FR-6	Announcement	Model then displays whether website is a legal site or a phishing site.

FR-7	Events	This model needs the capability of retrieving and displaying accurate results for a website
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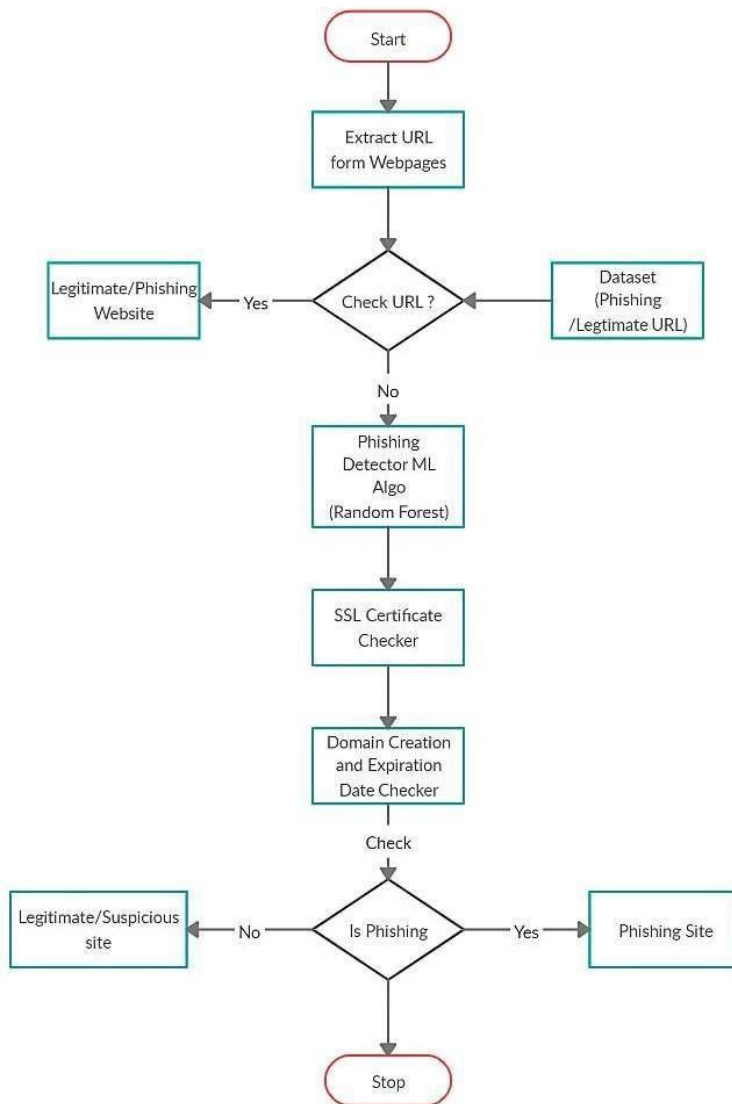
4.2 Non-functional requirements

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	It is an easy to use and access interface which results in greater efficiency.
NFR-2	Security	It is a secure website which protects the sensitive information of the user and prevents malicious attacks.
NFR-3	Reliability	The system can detect phishing websites with greater accuracy using ML algorithms.
NFR-4	Performance	The system produces responses within seconds and execution is faster.
NFR-5	Availability	Users can access the website via any browser from anywhere at any time.
NFR-6	Scalability	This application can be accessed online without paying. It can detect any web site with high accuracy.

CHAPTER 5

PROJECT DESIGN

5.1Data Flow diagram: A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.



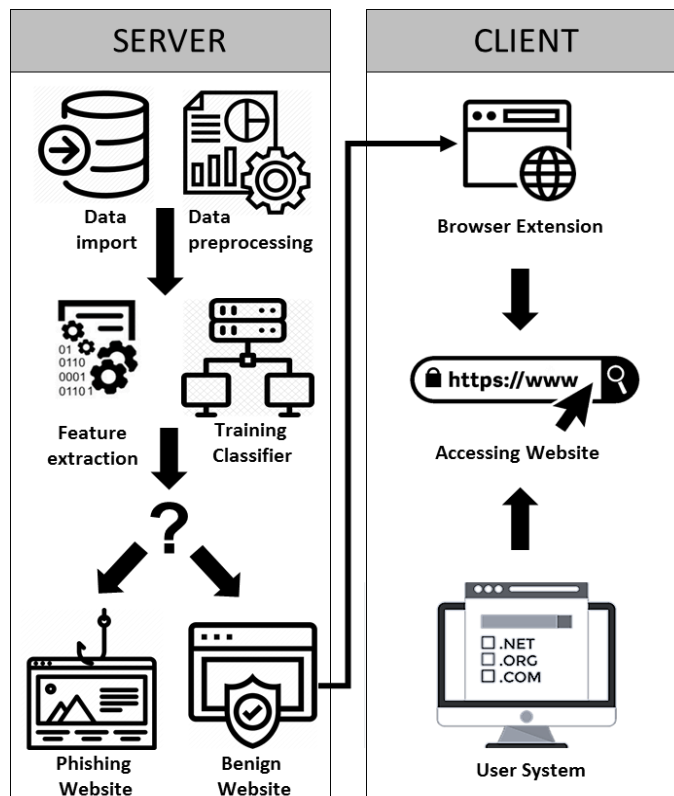
5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture:

SOLUTION:

Our solution is to build an efficient and intelligent system to detect phishing sites by applying a machine learning algorithm which implements classification algorithms and techniques to extract the phishing datasets criteria to classify their legitimacy by carefully analysing and identifying various factors that could be used to detect a phishing site. These factors fall under the categories of addressbar-based features, domain-based features, HTML & JavaScript based features. Using these features, we can identify a phishing site with high accuracy.

TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE:

Technical architecture which is also often referred to as application architecture includes the major components of the system, their relationships, and the contracts that define the interactions between the components. The goal of technical architects is to achieve all the business needs with an application that is optimized for both



performance and security.

1. The application developer builds a Python-based app and deploys it.
2. The user enters the URL of a website in the application to check for its genuineness.
3. The user submits the URL through the web-based application and gets back the result.
4. The user makes a decision whether to proceed surfing in that website or move to another one.

User Stories:

User type	Functional requirement (Epic)	User Story number	User story/task	Acceptance criteria
Customer (web user)	Login	USN-1	As a user, I can navigate into the website.	I can access the page.
	Dashboard	USN-2	As a user, I will paste the URL that needs to be checked if it's a phishing website or not.	I can paste the URL in the textbox.
		USN-3	As a user, I can see the output.	I can see if it's a safe site.
Administrator		USN-4	If the new URL is found, I can add the new state into the database.	I can add the new URL.

CHAPTER 6

PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	User input	USN-1	User inputs an URL in the required field to check its validation.	15	High	RAKSHANA.G PREETHI.D MONISHA.N

Sprint-1	WebsiteComparison	USN-2	Model compares the websites using Blacklist and Whitelist approach.	15	High	RAKSHANA.G MONISHA.N JAYASHREE.K
Sprint-1	Storage	USN-3	Storing the Blacklisted websites in Database using IBM Cloud.	10	Medium	RAKSHANA.G PREETHI.D MONISHA.N
Sprint-2	Feature Extraction	USN-4	After comparison, if none found on comparison then it extract feature using heuristic and visual similarity.	5	low	RAKSHANA.G JAYASHREE.K
Sprint-2	Prediction	USN-5	Model predicts the URL using Machine learning algorithms such as logistic Regression, MLP.	15	High	RAKSHANA.G MONISHA.N JAYASHREE.K
Sprint-2	Accuracy Test	USN-6	Selecting the best accurate model and top process further steps.	15	High	RAKSHANA.G MONISHA.N PREETHI.D
Sprint-3	Classifier	USN-7	Model sends all the output to the classifier and produces the final result.	10	Medium	RAKSHANA.G PREETHI.D MONISHA.N
Sprint-3	Hosting	USN-8	Setting Up the Application and hosting in IBM cloud	5	low	RAKSHANA.G MONISHA.N
Sprint-4	Announcement	USN-9	Model then displays whether the website is legal site or a phishing	15	High	RAKSHANA.G PREETHI.D MONISHA.N

			site.			
Sprint-4	Events	USN-10	This model needs the capability of retrieving and displaying accurate result for a website.	15	High	RAKSHANA.G MONISHA.N JAYASHREE.K

Sprint Delivery Schedule:

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022

Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022

CHAPTER 7

CODING & SOLUTIONING

Feature 1 – Classification of URL:

The primary feature of this project is to classify the given URL as phishing or benign. Various classification algorithms are used to achieve this.

Methodology:

Data collection:

URL features of legitimate websites and phishing websites were collected. The data set consists of total 11,055 URLs which include 6,157 legitimate URLs and 4,898 phishing URLs. Legitimate URLs are labelled as “1” and phishing URLs are labelled as “-1”. The features that are present in the data set include:

IP Address in URL

- Length of URL
- Using URL Shortening Services
- "@"Symbol in URL
- Redirection "/" in URL
- Prefix or Suffix "-" in Domain
- Having Sub Domain
- Length of DomainRegistration
- Favicon
- Port Number
- HTTPS Token
- Request URL
- URL of Anchor
- Links in Tags
- SFH
- Email Submission
- Abnormal URL
- Status Bar Customization (on mouse over)
- Disabling Right Click

- Presence of Popup Window
- IFrame Redirection
- Age of Domain
- DNS Record
- Web Traffic
- Page Rank
- Google Index
- Links pointing to the page
- Statistical Report
- Result

Using IBM Cloud Storage this data is accessed throughout the project. The code written below is used to import the dataset.

Model building:

From the dataset above, it is clear that this is a supervised machine learning task. There are two major types of supervised machine learning problems, called classification and regression.

This data set comes under classification problem, as the input URL is classified as phishing (-1) or legitimate (1). The supervised machine learning models (classification) considered to train the dataset in this notebook are:

- a. XGBoost
- b. Decision Tree
- c. Random Forest
- d. Support Vector Machines

XGBoost:

XGBoost is one of the most popular machine learning algorithms these days. XGBoost stands for eXtreme Gradient Boosting. Regardless of the type of prediction task at hand; regression or classification. XG Boost is an implementation of gradient boosted decision trees designed for speed and performance.

```
import os, types
import pandas as pd

from botocore.client import Config
import ibm_boto3

def __iter__(self): return 0

# The following code accesses a file in your IBM Cloud Object Storage. It includes your credentials.

# You might want to remove those credentials before you share the notebook.

cos_client =

    ibm_boto3.client(service_name='s3', ibm_api_key_id="", ibm_auth_endpoint="https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/oidc/t
    oken", config=Config(signature_version='oauth'),
    endpoint_url='https://s3.private.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud')

bucket = 'webphishingdetection-donotdelete-pr-icmjtvktnzli2s'
object_key = 'dataset_website.csv'

body = cos_client.get_object(Bucket=bucket, Key=object_key)['Body']

# add missing iter method, so pandas accepts body as file-like object

if not hasattr(body, "__iter__"):
    body.__iter__ = types.MethodType(
        __iter__, body )

data0 = pd.read_csv(body)
data0.head()
```

Data pre-processing and Exploratory Data Analysis:

Few plots and graphs were drawn to find how the data is distributed and how features are related to each other

Univariate analysis provides an understanding in the characteristics of each feature in the data set. Different characteristics are computed for numerical and categorical data. For the numerical features characteristics are standard

deviation, skewness, kurtosis, percentile, interquartile range (IQR) and range. For the categorical features characteristics are count, cardinality, list of unique values, top and freq.

Bivariate analysis:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,13))  
sns.heatmap(data0.corr()) plt.show()
```

From this correlation matrix, it is evident that there is no correlation with many features. So, it is crucial to eliminate these features.

Multivariate analysis:

```
data0.hist(bins = 50,figsize = (15,15))plt.show()
```

From data distribution graph and correlation matrix, we can conclude that the following features do not have much impact on the result:

- having_Sub_Domain
- Domain_registration_length
- Favicon
- Request_URL
- URL_of_Anchor
- Links_in_tags
- Submitting_to_email
- Redirect
- web_traffic
- Page_Rank
- Google_Index
- Links_pointing_to_page

All the above features will not be included in further processing.

#Removing the features which do not have much impact on Result

```
data=data0.iloc[:,[1,2,3,4,5,6,12,20,21,22,23,24,25,30,31]]
```

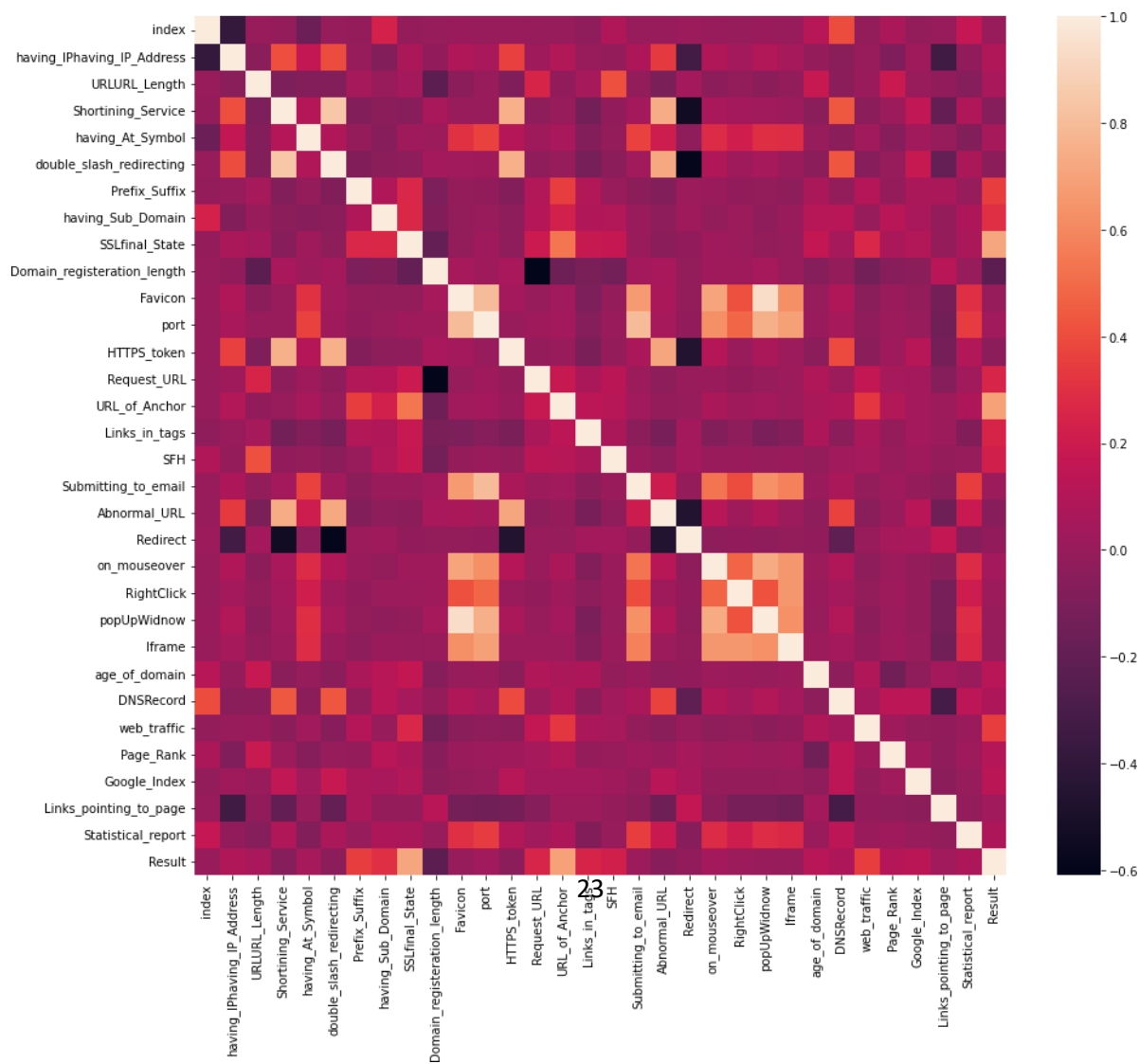
```
data.head()
```

```
data0.describe()
```

	index	having_IPhaving_IP_Address	URLURL_Length	Shortning_Service	having_At_Symbol	double_slash_redirecting	Prefix_Suffix	having_Sub_Domain	SSLfinal_State	Domain_registration_length	popUpWinow	Iframe	age_of_domain	DNSRecord	web_traffic	Page_Rank	Google_Index
count	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000	11055.000000
mean	2528.000000	0.017795	0.021948	0.739561	0.700268	0.741974	0.791662	0.005552	0.220257	-0.118171	-0.111188	0.018955	0.051914	0.017414	0.707995	-0.007671	0.72
std	3191.441947	0.045234	0.066408	0.012598	0.213188	0.151011	0.101120	0.017318	0.071880	0.911620	0.789818	0.276784	0.286165	0.332309	0.827723	0.875289	0.69
min	1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.00
25%	2764.500000	-1.000000	-1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	-1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	0.000000	-1.000000	1.00
50%	4578.000000	1.000000	-1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	-1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.00
75%	8291.500000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.00
max	11055.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.00

Bivariate analysis:

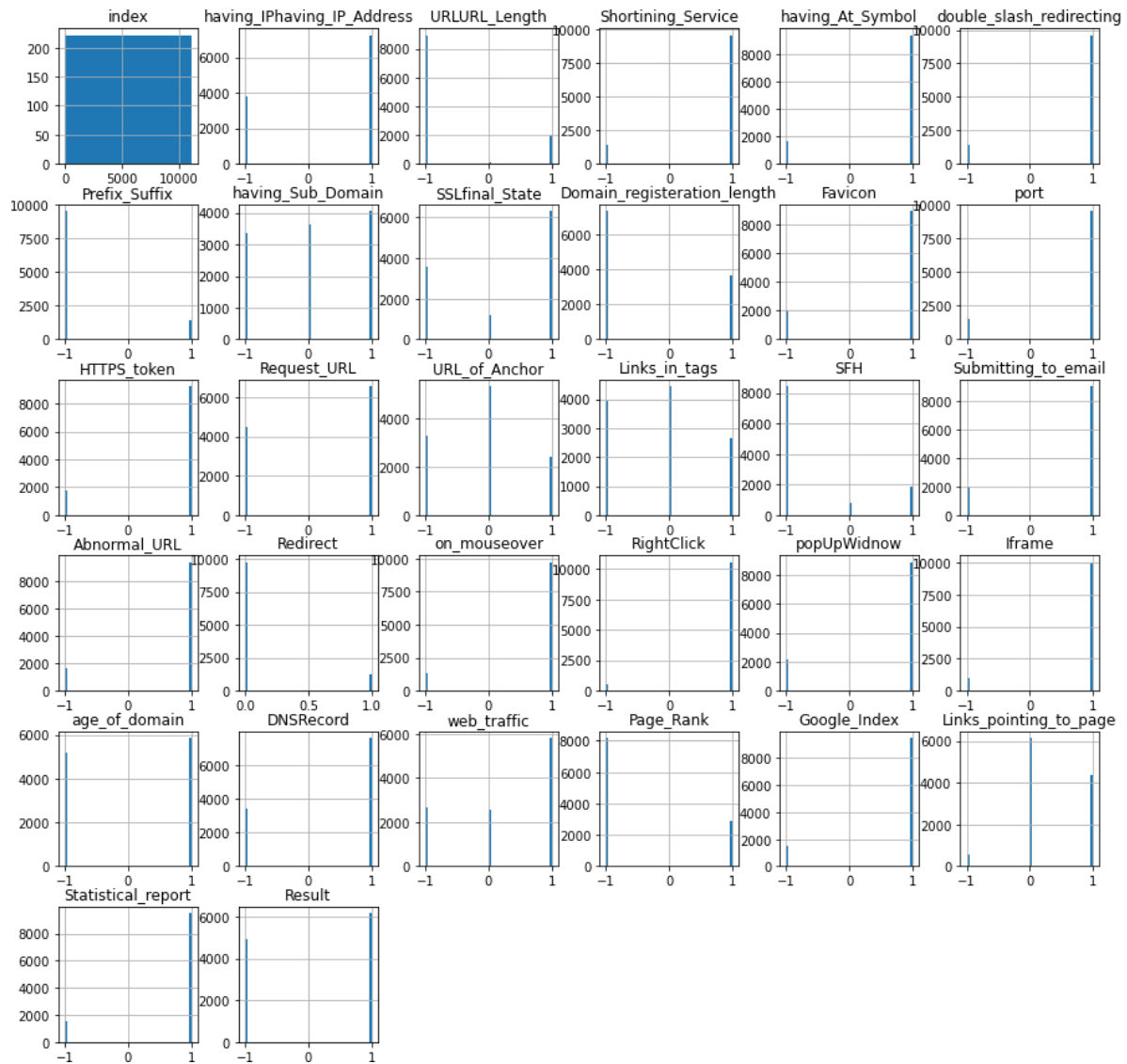
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Multivariate analysis:

```
data0.hist(bins = 50,figsize = (15,15))  
plt.show()
```



From data distribution graph and correlation matrix, we can conclude that the following features donot have much impact on the result:

Checking for null values:

Model building:

From the dataset above, it is clear that this is a supervised machine learning task. There are two major types of supervised machine learning problems, called classification and regression.

This data set comes under classification problem, as the input URL is classified as phishing (-1) or legitimate (1). The supervised machine learning models (classification) considered to train the dataset in this notebook are:

- a. XGBoost
- b. Decision Tree
- c. Random Forest
- d. Support Vector Machines**

XGBoost:

XGBoost is one of the most popular machine learning algorithms these days. XGBoost stands for eXtreme Gradient Boosting. Regardless of the type of prediction task at hand; regression or classification. XGBoost is an implementation of gradient boosted decision trees designed for speed and performance.

```
#XGBoost Classification model
```

```
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
```

```
import warnings
```

```
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=UserWarning)
```

```
# instantiate the model
```

```
xgb = XGBClassifier(learning_rate=0.4,max_depth=7,verbosity = 0)
```

```
#fit the model
```

```
xgb.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
#predicting the target value from the model for the samples
```

```

y_test_xgb = xgb.predict(X_test) y_train_xgb = xgb.predict(X_train)
#computing the accuracy of the model performance acc_train_xgb =
accuracy_score(y_train,y_train_xgb)acc_test_xgb = accuracy_score(y_test,y_test_xgb)

print("XGBoost: Accuracyon training Data:
{:.3f}".format(acc_train_xgb))

print("XGBoost : Accuracy on test Data: {:.3f}".format(acc_test_xgb))

```

Random Forest Classifier:

Random forests for regression and classification are currently among the most widely used machinelearning methods. A random forest is essentially a collection of decision trees, where each tree is slightly different from the others. The idea behind random forests is that each tree might do a relatively good job of predicting, but will likely over fit on part of the data.If we build many trees, all of which work well and overfit in different ways, we can reduce the amount of overfitting by averaging their results. To build a random forest model, you need to decide on the number of trees to build (the `n_estimators` parameter of `RandomForestRegressor` or `RandomForestClassifier`). They are very powerful, often work well without heavy tuning of the parameters, and don't require scaling of the data.

Support Vector Machines:

In machine learning, support-vector machines (SVMs, also support-vector networks) are supervised learning models with associated learning algorithms that analyse data used for classification and regression analysis. Given a set of training examples, each marked as belonging to one or the other of two categories, an SVM training algorithm builds a model that assigns new examples to one category or the other,making it a non-probabilistic binary linear classifier.

User interface:

The user opens the site and inputs a URL to check its legitimacy. Necessary features are extracted from this URL and predictions are made.

Feature extraction:

We will extract the 13 features that we used to train our model.

IP Address in URL:

Checks for the presence of IP address in the URL. URLs may have IP address instead of domain name. If an IP address is used as an alternative of the domain name in the URL, we can be sure that someone is trying to steal personal information with this URL.,

If the domain part of URL has IP address, the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

```
def having_IPhaving_IP_Address(self):try:
    ipaddress.ip_address(self.url) return -1
except:
    return 1
```

Length of URL:

Computes the length of the URL. Phishers can use long URL to hide the doubtful part in the addressbar. In this project, if the length of the URL is greater than or equal 54 characters then the URL classified as phishing otherwise legitimate. If the length of URL ≥ 54 , the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

```
def URLURL_Length(self):if len(self.url) < 54:
    return 1 else:
    return -1
```

Using URL Shortening Services:

URL shortening is a method on the “World Wide Web” in which a URL may be made considerably smaller in length and still lead to the required webpage. This is accomplished by means of an “HTTPRedirect” on a domain name that is short, which links to the webpage that has a long URL.

If the URL is using Shortening Services, the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

```
def
    Shortening_Service(self):shortening_servi
    ces =
    r"bit\.ly|goo\.gl|shorte\.st|go2l\.ink|x\.co|ow\.ly|t\.co|tinyurl|tr\.im|is\.gd|cli\.gs|"
    \ r"yfrog\.com|migre\.me|ff\.im|tiny\.cc|url4\.eu|twit\.ac|su\.pr|twurl\.nl|snipurl\.com|"
    \ r"short\.to|BudURL\.com|ping\.fm|post\.ly|Just\.as|bkite\.com|snipr\.com|fic\.kr|loopt\.us|"
    \ r"doiop\.com|short\.ie|kl\.am|wp\.me|rubyurl\.com|om\.ly|to\.ly|bit\.do|t\.co|lnkd\.in|db\.tt|"
    \ r"qr\.ae|adf\.ly|goo\.gl|bitly\.com|cur\.lv|tinyurl\.com|ow\.ly|bit\.ly|ity\.im|q\.gs|is\.gd|"
    \ r"po\.st|bc\.vc|twitthis\.com|u\.to|j\.mp|buzurl\.com|cutt\.us|u\.bb|yourls\.org|x\.co|"
    \ r"prettylinkpro\.com|scrnch\.me|filoops\.info|vzturl\.com|qr\.net|lurl\.com|tweez\.me|v
    \.gd|" \
```

```
        r"tr\.im|link\.zip\.net" match=re.search(shortening_servi
ces,self.url)if match:
    return -1else:
    return 1
```

"@" Symbol in URL:

Checks for the presence of '@' symbol in the URL. Using “@” symbol in the URL leads the browser to ignore everything preceding the “@” symbol and the real address often follows the “@” symbol. If the URL has '@' symbol, the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate)

```
def having_At_Symbol(self):if "@" in self.url:
    return -1else:
```


return 1

Redirection "/" in URL:

Checks the presence of "/" in the URL. The existence of "/" within the URL path means that the user will be redirected to another website. The location of the "/" in URL is computed. We find that

if the URL starts with "HTTP", that means the "/" should appear in the sixth position. However, if the URL employs "HTTPS" then the "/" should appear in seventh position.

If the "/" is anywhere in the URL apart from after the protocol, the value assigned to this feature is-

1 (phRedirection "/" in URL:

Checks the presence of "/" in the URL. The existence of "/" within the URL path means that the user will be redirected to another website. The location of the "/" in URL is computed. We find that if the URL starts with "HTTP", that means the "/" should appear in the sixth position. However, if the URL employs "HTTPS" then the "/" should appear in seventh position.

If the "/" is anywhere in the URL apart from after the protocol, the value assigned to this feature is-

1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

HTTPS Token:

Checks for the presence of "http/https" in the domain part of the URL. The phishers may add the "HTTPS" token to the domain part of a URL in order to trick users. If the URL has "http/https" in the domain part, the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

def HTTPS_token(self):

```

domain = urlparse(self.url).netloc if 'https' in domain:
    return -1 else:
    return 1

```

Status Bar Customization (on mouse over):

Phishers may use JavaScript to show a fake URL in the status bar to users. To extract this feature, we must dig-out the webpage source code, particularly the “onMouseOver” event, and check if it makes any changes on the status bar. If the response is empty or onmouseover is found then, the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

Presence of Popup Window:

Pop up windows are another option used by phishers to redirect users to other pages. They display attractive ads to lure the user to click the link. Nonetheless, for this feature, we will search for event “alert” in the webpage source code and check if it is present. If the response is empty or alert is not found then, the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

```

def popUpWidnow(self):try:
    if re.findall(r"alert\(", self.response.text):return 1
    else:
        return -1 except:
        return -1

```

IFrame Redirection:

IFrame is an HTML tag used to display an additional webpage into one that is currently shown. Phishers can make use of the “iframe” tag and make it invisible i.e. without frame borders. In this regard, phishers make use of the “frame Border” attribute which causes the browser to render a visual delineation. If the iframe is empty or response is not found then, the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

```

def Iframe(self):try:

```

```

if re.findall(r"<iframe>|<frameBorder>", self.response.text):return 1
else:
    return -1 except:
return -1

```

Age of Domain:

This feature can be extracted from WHOIS database. Most phishing websites live for a short period of time. The minimum age of the legitimate domain is considered to be 12 months for this project. Age here is nothing but difference between creation and expiration time.

```

def age_of_domain(self):
    creation_date =
self.domain_name.creation_date expiration_date = self.domain_name.expiration_date
if (isinstance(creation_date,str) or isinstance(expiration_date,str)):try:
    creation_date = datetime.strptime(creation_date,'%Y-%m-
    %d') expiration_date = datetime.strptime(expiration_date,"%Y-%m-%d")
except:
    return -1
if ((expiration_date is None) or (creation_date is None)):return -1
elif ((type(expiration_date) is list) or (type(creation_date) is list)):
    return -1 else:
    ageofdomain = abs((expiration_date - creation_date).days)if ((ageofdomain/30) < 6):
    return -1 else:
    return 1

```

If age of domain > 12 months, the value of this feature is -1 (phishing) else 1 (legitimate).

DNS Record:

For phishing websites, either the claimed identity is not recognized by the WHOIS database or no records found for the hostname.

If the DNS record is empty or not found then, the value assigned to this feature is -1 (phishing) or else 1 (legitimate).

```
dns = -1
try:
    self.domain_name = whois.whois(urlparse(url).netloc)
except:
    dns = 1
```

CHAPTER 8 TESTING

Test Cases:

Test case ID	Feature Type	Component	Test Scenario	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status
DashBoard_TC_001	Functional	Home Page	Verify user is able to enter the URL in the form	1. Open HookPhish website 2. Enter a URL and click submit	https://google.com/	Result of classification will be displayed	Working as expected	Pass
DashBoard_TC_002	UI	Home Page	Verify the UI elements in the form	1. Enter URL and click go 2. The services and teams' sections are visible 3. Enter a URL and click submit	https://google.com/	Application should show below UI elements: a. input form b. submit button c. services d. team	Working as expected	Pass
DashBoard_TC_003	Functional	Home page	Verify user is able to see an alert when nothing is entered in the textbox	1. Enter URL and click go 2. Enter nothing and click submit 3. An alert is displayed to provide proper input		Alert of incomplete input	Working as expected	Pass
DashBoard_TC_004	Functional	Home page	Verify user is able to see the result when URL is entered in the textbox	1. Enter URL and click go 2. Enter any URL and click submit 3. The result of the classification is displayed.	https://google.com/	Result of classification will be displayed	Working as expected	Pass
Report_TC_001	Functional	Report page	Verify user is able to enter their name, email and query message in the form	1. Enter URL and click go 2. Click on report button 3. Enter Valid name, email and query in the form 4. Click on submit button	Name: Alex Email: alex123@gmail.com Query: Hey! I need to check if a website is legitimate	Details are stored in the database	Working as expected	Pass

Acceptance Testing:

Defect Analysis

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they wereresolved

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	10	4	2	3	20
Duplicate	1	0	3	0	4
External	2	3	0	1	6
Fixed	10	2	4	20	36
Not Reproduced	0	0	1	0	1
Skipped	0	0	0	0	0
Won't Fix	0	0	2	1	3
Totals	23	9	12	25	60

Test Case Analysis:

This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Print Engine	5	0	0	5-
Client Application	51	0	0	51
Security	2	0	0	2
Outsource Shipping	3	0	0	3
Exception Reporting	9	0	0	9
Final Report Output	4	0	0	4
Version Control	2	0	0	2

CHAPTER 9

RESULTS

9.1 Performance metrics:

The median efficiency is used to assess each categorization model's effectiveness. The final item will appear in the way it was envisioned. Graphical representations are used to depict information during classification. The percentage of predictions made using the testing dataset is used to gauge accuracy. By dividing the entire number of forecasts even by properly predicted estimates, it is simple to calculate. The difference between actual and anticipated output is used to calculate accuracy.

Accuracy =

$$\frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN}$$

here TP = True Positives, TN = True Negatives, FN = False Negatives and FP = False Positives. Thus, accuracy for all the four used models were calculated and ranked. XGBoost performed better than other models.

CHAPTER 10

ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

ADVANTAGES:

- **Increases user alertness to phishing risks** Whenever the user navigates into the website and provide the URL of the website that needs to be verified for legitimacy, the system detects phishing sites by applying a machine learning algorithm which implements classification algorithms and techniques to extract the phishing datasets criteria to classify their legitimacy which in turn helps the customers to eliminate the risks of cyber threat and protect their valuable corporate or personal data.
- **Users will also be able to pose any query to the admin through the report page designed** Our system is also provided with an option for the clients to report to the administrator which helps them to ask their questions significantly improving their experience on our site.

DISADVANTAGES:

- Not a generalized model
- Huge number of rules
- Needs feed continuously

CHAPTER 11

CONCLUSION

Phishing detection is now an area of great interest among the researchers due to its significance in protecting privacy and providing security. There are many methods to perform phishing detection. Our system aims to enhance the detection method to detect phishing websites using machine learning technology. We achieved a high detection accuracy, and the results show that the classifiers give better performance when we use more data as training data.

In future, hybrid technology will be implemented to detect phishing websites more accurately.

CHAPTER-12

FUTURE SCOPE

In future we intend to build an add-ons for our system and if we get a structured dataset of phishing, we can perform phishing detection much faster than any other technique. We can also use a combination of any two or more classifiers to get maximum accuracy. We plan to explore various phishing techniques which use Network based features, Content based features, Webpage based features and HTML and JavaScript features of web pages which will improve the performance of the system. In particular, we extract features from URLs and pass it through the various classifiers.

CHAPTER

13

APPENDI

X

Source code:

app.py

```
from flask import Flask, render_template,
requestimport numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import
metricsimport warnings
import pickle
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
from features import
FeatureExtractionfrom
flask_mysqlldb import MySQL
import requests

# NOTE: you must manually set API_KEY below using information
retrievedfrom your IBM Cloud account.

API_KEY = ""

token_response =
requests.post('https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token',
data={"apikey":
    API_KEY, "grant_type": 'urn:ibm:params:oauth:grant-
type:apikey'})mltoken = token_response.json()["access_token"]

header = {'Content-Type': 'application/json', 'Authorization':
'Bearer ' +mltoken}

app = Flask(__name__)

app.config['MYSQL_HOST'] =
'localhost'
app.config['MYSQL_USER'] = 'root'
```

```

app.config['MYSQL_PASSWORD'] = ''
app.config['MYSQL_DB'] = 'report'

mysql = MySQL(app)
gb = pickle.load(open("XGBoostClassifier.pkl", "rb"))

@app.route("/", methods=["GET",
"POST"])def home():

    if request.method == "POST":

        url =

        request.form["url"] obj

        =

        FeatureExtraction(url)

        x =

        np.array(obj.getFeaturesList()).reshape(1,13

        )print(x)

        t=[obj.getFeaturesList()]

        print("t")

        print(t)

        # NOTE: manually define and pass the array(s) of values
to bescored in the next line

        payload_scoring = {"input_data": [{"fields":
[['f0','f1','f2','f3','f4','f5','f6','f7','f8','f9','f10','f11','f12']],
"values": t}]}

        response_scoring = requests.post('https://us-
south.ml.cloud.ibm.com/ml/v4/deployments/859ae568-d692-4958-
9dbe- 60431a8a0918/predictions?version=2022-11-11',
json=payload_scoring,headers={'Authorization': 'Bearer ' +
mltoken})

        print("Scoring response")

        print(response_scoring.json())

        y_pred

        =xgb.predict(x) [0]

```

```

print(y_pred)
y_pro_phishing =
xgb.predict_proba(x)[0,0]
print(y_pro_phishing)
y_pro_non_phishing =
xgb.predict_proba(x)[0,1]
print(y_pro_non_phishing)

if(y_pro_phishing*100<60):
    msg="Trick or Treat?\n Look at this tweet.\n This site is
elite!\n"
    f
    lag=1
else:
    msg="Trick or Treat?\n Don't get deceit.\n This site is
creep!\n"
    flag=-1

return render_template('result.html', msg=msg, url=url, val=flag)

return render_template("index.html")

@app.route("/report", methods=["GET",
"POST"])def report():
    if request.method == 'GET':
        return render_template("contact.html")

    if request.method ==
        'POST': name =
        request.form['name']
        email = request.form['email']
        query = request.form['query']
        cursor =
        mysql.connection.cursor()
        cursor.execute(''' INSERT INTO
responses

```

```
VALUES(%s,%s,%s)''' , (name,email,query))

        mysql.connection.commit()

        cursor.close()

        return render_template("alert.html")
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True
    )
```

features.py

```
from urllib.parse import
urlparseimport ipaddress
import re
import
quests

import whois

from datetime import datetime

class
    FeatureExtracti
on:features=[]
def __init
    (self,url):
        self.features=
        [] self.url =
        url

        #Address bar based features
        self.features.append(self.having_IPhaving_IP_Address())
        self.features.append(self.URLURL_Length())
        self.features.append(self.Shortning_Service())
        self.features.append(self.having_At_Symbol())
        self.features.append(self.double_slash_redirecting())
```

```

self.features.append(self.Prefix_Suffix())
self.features.append(self.HTTPS_token())

# HTML & Javascript based
featurestry:
    self.response =
requests.get(url) except:
    self.response = ""

self.features.append(self.on_mouseover())
self.features.append(self.RightClick())
self.features.append(self.popUpWidnow()
) self.features.append(self.Iframe())

#Domain based
featuresdns = -1
try:
    self.domain_name =
whois.whois(urlparse(url).netloc) except:

    dns = 1

self.features.append(1 if dns == 1 else
self.age_of_domain()) self.features.append(dns)

# 1.UsingIp
def
    having_IPhaving_IP_Address(s
elf):#print("IP")
    try:
        ipaddress.ip_address(self.url)
        print("IP")
        retu
    rn -1
except:

```

```

        print("IP
        except")
        return 1

# 2.longUrl
def
    URLURL_Length(s
    elf):
        #print("Length"
        )
        if len(self.url)
            < 54:return 1
        else:
            return -1

# 3.shortUrl
def
    Shortining_Service(s
    elf):#print("short")

    shortening_services =
r"bit\.ly|goo\.gl|shorte\.st|go2l\.ink|x\.co|ow\.ly|t\.co|tinyurl|tr\.im|is
\.gd|cli\.gs|" \

r"yfrog\.com|migre\.me|ff\.im|tiny\.cc|url4\.eu|twit\.ac|su\.pr|twurl\.n
l|s nipurl\.com|" \

r"short\.to|BudURL\.com|ping\.fm|post\.ly|Just\.as|bkite\.com|snipr\.com|fi
c\.kr|loopt\.us|" \

```



```
r"doiop\.com|short\.ie|kl\.am|wp\.me|rubyurl\.com|om\.ly|to\.ly|bit\.do|t\.
co|lnkd\.in|db\.tt|" \
```

```
r"qr\.ae|adf\.ly|goo\.gl|bitly\.com|cur\.lv|tinyurl\.com|ow\.ly|bit\.ly|ity
\.im|q\.gs|is\.gd|" \
```

```
r"po\.st|bc\.vc|twitthis\.com|u\.to|j\.mp|buzurl\.com|cutt\.us|u\.bb|yourls
\.org|x\.co|" \
```

```
r"prettylinkpro\.com|scrnch\.me|filoops\.info|vzturl\.com|qr\.net|lurl\.com
|tweez\.me|v\.gd|" \
```

```
    r"tr\.im|link\.zip\.net"
```

```
    match=re.search(shortening_services,self.
```

```
    url) if match:
```

```
        retu
```

```
    rn -1
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return 1
```

```
# 4.Symbol@
```

```
def
```

```
    having_At_Symbol(s
```

```
    elf):#print("at")
```

```
    if "@" in
```

```
        self.url:
```

```
        return -1
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return 1
```

```
# 5.Redirecting//
```

```
def
```

```
    double_slash_redirecting(s
```

```
    elf):#print("//")
```

```
    pos =
```

```
    self.url.rfind('//')
```

```
    if pos > 6:
```

```
        if pos > 7:
```

```

        retu
    rn -1
    else:
        return 1
else:
    return 1

# 6.prefixSuffix
def
    Prefix_Suffix(s
    elf):
    #print("prefix"
    )
    if '-' in
        urlparse(self.url).netloc:
        return -1
    else:
        return 1

#HTTPS token
def
    HTTPS_token(s
    elf):
    #print("https
    ")
    domain =
    urlparse(self.url).netlocif
    'https' in domain:
        retu
    rn -1
    else:
        return 1

def
    on_mouseover(s

```

```

elf):
    #print("mouse"
    ) try:
        if re.findall("",
            self.response.text):return -1
        else:
            return 1
    except:
        return -1

def
    RightClick(s
elf):
    #print("righ
t")
    if self.response
        == "":return -
        1
    else:
        if re.findall(r"event.button ?== ?2", self.response.text):
            ret
            urn 1
        else:
            return -1

# 11.
UsingPopupWindow
def
    popUpWidnow(self)
:
    #print("po
pup") try:
        if re.findall(r"alert\(",
            self.response.text):return 1
        else:

```

```

        return -1

    except:

        return -1

# 12.
IframeRedirection
def Iframe(self):
    #print("ifram
ame")try:

        if re.findall(r"<iframe>|<frameBorder>\"",
            self.response.text):return 1

        else:

            return -1

    except:

        return -1

# 13.Survival time of domain: The difference between termination
timeand creation time (Domain_Age)
def
    age_of_domain(s
elf):
    #print("age")
    creation_date = self.domain_name.creation_date
    expiration_date = self.domain_name.expiration_date

    if
(isinstance(creation_date,str) or
isinstance(expiration_date,str)):
        try:

            %d")
            list)):creation_date = datetime.strptime(creation_date,'%Y-%m-%d')expiration_date =
            datetime.strptime(expiration_date,"%Y-%m-

except:

    return -1

if ((expiration_date is None) or (creation_date is None)):return -1
elif ((type(expiration_date) is list) or (type(creation_date) is

return -1else:

```

```

ageofdomain = abs((expiration_date - creation_date).days)if
((ageofdomain/30) < 6):
    return -1else:return 1

```

```

def
    getFeaturesList(s
    elf):
    print(self.featur
    es) return
    self.features

```

index.html

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
    <!-- Primary Meta Tags -->
    <title>HookPhish</title>
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1,
    shrink-to-fit=no">
    <meta name="title" content="HookPhish">
    <meta name="author" content="HookPhish">

    <!-- Favicon -->
    <link rel="apple-touch-icon" sizes="180x180"
    href="../static/assets/img/favicon/apple-touch-
    icon.png">
    <link rel="icon" type="image/png" sizes="32x32"
    href="../static/assets/img/favicon/favicon-
    32x32.png">
    <link rel="icon" type="image/png" sizes="16x16"
    href="../static/assets/img/favicon/favicon-
    16x16.png">
    <link rel="manifest" href="../static/assets/img/favicon/site.webmanifest">

```

```

<!-- Fontawesome -->

<link type="text/css"
href="../../static/vendor/@fontawesome/fontawesome-free/css/all.min.css" rel="stylesheet">

<!-- Pixel CSS -->

<link type="text/css"
href="../../static/css/neumorphism.css"rel="stylesheet">

</head>

<body>

    <header class="header-global">

        <nav id="navbar-main" aria-label="Primary navigation"
class="navbar navbar-main navbar-expand-lg navbar-theme-primary
headroom navbar-light">

            <div class="container position-relative">

                <a class="navbar-brand shadow-soft py-2 px-3 rounded
borderborder-light mr-lg-4" href="/">

                </a>

                <div class="navbar-collapse collapse" id="navbar_global">

                    <div class="navbar-collapse-header">

                        <div class="row">

                            <div class="col-6 collapse-brand">

                                <a href="/" class="navbar-brand shadow-soft py-
2 px-3 rounded border border-light">

                                </a>

                            </div>

                            <div class="col-6 collapse-close">

                                <a href="#navbar_global" class="fas fa-
times" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar_global" aria-
controls="navbar_global" aria-expanded="false" title="close" aria-
label="Toggle navigation"></a>

```

```

        </div>
    </div>
</div>
</div>
<div class="d-flex align-items-center">
    <a href="/report" target="_blank" class="btn btn-
primary text-secondary d-none d-md-inline-block mr-3"><i class="far
fa-paper-planemr-2"></i> Report</a>
    <button class="navbar-toggler ml-2" type="button"
data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar_global" aria-
controls="navbar_global" aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle
navigation">
        <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>
    </button>
</div>
</div>
</nav>
</header>
<main>
    <!-- Hero -->
    <div class="section section-header pb-7">
        <div class="container">
            <div class="row justify-content-center">
                <div class="col-12 col-lg-8 text-center">
                    <h1 class="display-2 mb-4">We are HookPhish</h1>
                    <p class="lead mb-5">HookPhish is a
website designed to protect our data and sensitive information
from maliciousattacks and maintain confidentiality. </p>
                    <form action="/" method ="post" class="lead mb-5">
                        <div class="form-group">
                            <div class="input-group">
                                <div class="input-group-prepend">

```

```

        <span class="input-
group-text"><span class="fa fa-link"></span></span>

        </div>

        <input      class="form-control"
id="url"  name="url"  placeholder="URL  (https://www.google.com/) "
type="text" aria-label="url-input" required>

        </div>

    </div>

    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-
primary"><span class="fa fa-user-secret mr-2"></span>Detect</button>

    </form>

</div>

</div>

<!-- End of Hero section -->

<section class="section section-lg pt-0">

    <div class="container">

        <div class="row">

            <div class="col">

                <div class="card bg-primary shadow-soft border-
light p-4">

                    <div class="row">

                        <div class="col-12 col-lg-4 px-md-0 mb-4
mb-lg-0">

                            <div class="card-body text-center bg-
primary py-5">

                                <div class="icon icon-shape shadow-
inset border-light rounded-circle mb-3">

                                    <span class="far fa-
eye"></span>

                                </div>

                                <!-- Heading -->

                                <h2 class="h4 mr-2">

                                    Phishing

                                </h2>

                                <!-- Text -->

                                <p class="mb-0">Phishing is a
fraudulent activity that is done to steal confidential user
informationsuch as credit card numbers and passwords.</p>

```



```

        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="col-12 col-lg-4 px-md-0 mb-4
mb-lg-0">
        <div class="card-body text-center bg-
primary py-5">
            <div class="icon icon-shape shadow-
inset border-light rounded-circle mb-3">
                <span class="fas fa-
medal"></span>
            </div>
            <!-- Heading -->
            <h2 class="h4 mr-2">
                HookPhish
            </h2>
            <!-- Text -->
            <p class="mb-0">At HookPhish, we
help users across the world to protect their data by
detecting thefraudulent sites intended to misuse user's
data.</p>
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="col-12 col-lg-4 px-md-0">
        <div class="card-body text-center bg-
primary py-5">
            <div class="icon icon-shape shadow-
inset border-light rounded-circle mb-3">
                <span class="fas fa-puzzle-
piece"></span>
            </div>
            <!-- Heading -->
            <h2 class="h4 mr-2">
                Secure
            </h2>
            <!-- Text -->
            <p class="mb-0">By detecting the

```


left">

<h2 class="h1 mb-4">Enter and Test.</h2>

<p class="lead">The user can enter any site that they want to test and we'll detect the website for you. This will ensure the user don't fall into the traps of hackers .</p>

<p class="lead">Our small team is active in the helping community and this is a small step taken by us to protect ourselves and the people surrounding us.</p>

</div>

</div>

</div>

</section>

<!-- End of section -->

<!-- Section -->

<section class="section section-lg pt-0">

<div class="container">

<div class="row">

<div class="col-12 col-sm-4 col-lg-4 text-center">

<!-- Visit Box -->

<div class="icon-box mb-4">

<div class="icon icon-shape shadow-soft border border-light rounded-circle mb-4">

</div>

<h3 class="h5">Team Members</h3>

4

</div>

<!-- End of Visit Box -->

</div>

<div class="col-12 col-sm-4 col-lg-4 text-center">

<!-- Call Box -->

<div class="icon-box mb-4">

<div class="icon icon-shape shadow-soft border

```
border-light rounded-circle mb-4">
        <span class="far fa-eye"></span>
    </div>
    <h3 class="h5">Websites detected</h3>
    <span class="counter display-3 text-gray d-block">300</span>
</div>
<!-- End of Call Box -->
</div>
<div class="col-12 col-sm-4 col-lg-4 text-center">
    <!-- Email Box -->
    <div class="icon-box mb-4">
        <div class="icon icon-shape shadow-soft borderborder-light rounded-circle mb-4">
            <span class="fas fa-globe-europe"></span>
        </div>
        <h3 class="h5">Countries</h3>
        <span class="counter-slow display-3 text-gray d-block">80</span>
    </div>
    <!-- End of Email Box -->
</div>
</div>
</section>
<!-- End of section -->
<!-- Section -->
<section class="section section-lg pt-0">
    <div class="container">
        <div class="row justify-content-center mb-5">
            <h2 class="h1">Our Team</h2>
        </div>
        <div class="row">
            <div class="col-12 col-md-6 col-lg-3">
                <!-- Profile Card -->
```

```

        <div class="card bg-primary shadow-soft
border-light text-center py-4 mb-5">

            <div class="profile-image shadow-inset
borderborder-light bg-primary rounded-circle p-3 mx-auto">

            </div>

            <div class="card-body">

                <h3 class="h5 mb-2">Shekinah</h3>

                <span class="h6 font-weight-normal
text-gray mb-3">Founder of HookPhish</span>

                <ul class="list-unstyld d-flex justify

```

```

content-center my-3">

<li>

    <a
href="https://www.instagram.com/sheki_018" target="_blank" aria-
label="instagram social link" class="icon icon-xs icon-facebook mr-
3">

                                                    <span class="fab fa-
instagram"></span>

        </a>
</li>

<li>

                                                    <a
href="https://github.com/sheki018" target="_blank" aria-
label="githubsocial link" class="icon icon-xs icon-dribbble mr-
3">

                                                    <span class="fab fa-
github"></span>

                                                    </a>
        </li>
    </ul>
</div>
</div>
<!-- End of Profile Card -->
</div>

<div class="col-12 col-md-6 col-lg-3">

    <!-- Profile Card -->

    <div class="card bg-primary shadow-soft border-
light text-center py-4 mb-5">

        <div class="profile-image shadow-inset
borderborder-light bg-primary rounded-circle p-3 mx-auto">

        </div>

        <div class="card-body">

            <h3 class="h5 mb-2">Akshaya</h3>

            <span class="h6 font-weight-normal text-
gray mb-3">Co-Founder</span>

        </div>

    </div>

</div>
content-center my-3">

```

```

<ul class="list-unstyled d-flex justify-
                                <li>
                                <a
href="https://www.instagram.com/_akxshuuu_" target="_blank" aria-
label="instagram social link" class="icon icon-xs icon-facebook mr-
3">
                                <span class="fab fa-

```

```

instagram"></span>
an>
</a>
</li>
<li>ahref="https://github.com/Akxshaya" target="_blank" aralabel="githubsocial link" class="iconicon-xs icon-dribbble mr-3">github"></span>
<span class="fab fa-
</a>
</li>
</ul>
</div>
</div>
<!-- End of Profile Card -->
</div>
<div class="col-12 col-md-6 col-lg-3">
<!-- Profile Card -->
<div class="card bg-primary shadow-soft border-light text-center py-4 mb-5">
<div class="profile-image shadow-inset borderborder-light bg-primary rounded-circle p-3 mx-auto">

</div>
<div class="card-body">
<h3 class="h5 mb-2">Amala</h3>
<span class="h6 font-weight-normal text-gray mb-3">Co-Founder</span>
<ul class="list-unstyled d-flex justify-content-center my-3">
<li>
<a
href="https://instagram.com/amala_lilly" target="_blank" aralabel="instagram social link" class="icon icon-xs icon-facebook mr-3">
<span class="fab fa-

```



```

instagram"></span>

    </a>
</li>
<li>

                                a
href="https://github.com/Amala-29" target="_blank" aria-label="github
social link" class="icon icon-xs icon-dribbble mr-3">

github"></span>

    <span class="fab fa-

</a>

                                </li>
                                </ul>
                                </div>
                                </div>
                                <!-- End of Profile Card -->
                                </div>
                                <div class="col-12 col-md-6 col-lg-3">
                                <!-- Profile Card -->
                                <div class="card bg-primary shadow-soft
border-light text-center py-4 mb-5">
                                <div class="profile-image shadow-inset
borderborder-light bg-primary rounded-circle p-3 mx-auto">
                                
                                </div>
                                <div class="card-body">
                                <h3 class="h5 mb-2">Annie</h3>
                                <span class="h6 font-weight-normal text-
gray mb-3">Co-Founder</span>
                                <ul class="list-unstyled d-flex justify-
content-center my-3">
                                <li>
                                <a
href="https://instagram.com/ann._iee" target="_blank" aria-
label="instagramsocial link" class="icon icon-xs icon-facebook mr-3">
                                <span class="fab fa-

```

instagram">

<span class="fab fa-

```

github"></span></a>
    </li>
</ul>

        </div>
    </div>
    <!-- End of Profile Card -->
</div>
</div>
</div>
</section>
    <!-- End of section -->
</main>

</div>
<hr class="my-5">
<div class="row">
    <div class="col">
        <div class="d-flex text-center justify-content-center align-items-center" role="contentinfo">
            <p class="font-weight-normal font-small mb-0">Copyright ©
HookPhish
            <span class="current-year">2022</span>. All rights
reserved.</p>
        </div>
    </div>

```

```

        </div>
    </div>
</div>
</footer>

<!-- Core -->
<script src="../../static/vendor/jquery/dist/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/popper.js/dist/umd/popper.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/bootstrap/dist/js/bootstrap.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/headroom.js/dist/headroom.min.js"></script>

<!-- Vendor JS -->
<script src="../../static/vendor/onscreen/dist/on-screen.umd.min.js"></script>
<script
src="../../static/vendor/nouislider/distribute/nouislider.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/bootstrap-
datepicker/dist/js/bootstrap-datepicker.min.js"></script>
<script
src="../../static/vendor/waypoints/lib/jquery.waypoints.min.js"></script>
<script      src="../../static/vendor/jarallax/dist/jarallax.min.js"></script>
<script
src="../../static/vendor/jquery.counterup/jquery.counterup.min.js"></script
>
<script src="../../static/vendor/jquery-
countdown/dist/jquery.countdown.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/smooth-
scroll/dist/smooth-
scroll.polyfills.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/prismjs/prism.js"></script>

<script async defer src="https://buttons.github.io/buttons.js"></script>

<!-- Neumorphism JS -->
<script src="../../static/assets/js/neumorphism.js"></script>
</body>

</html>

```

result.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<head>

  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />

  <!-- Primary Meta Tags -->

  <title>HookPhish</title>

  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1,
  shrink-to-fit=no">

  <meta name="title" content="HookPhish">

  <meta name="author" content="HookPhish">


  <!-- Favicon -->
  <link rel="apple-touch-icon" sizes="180x180"
  href="../static/assets/img/favicon/apple-touch-
  icon.png">

  <link rel="icon" type="image/png" sizes="32x32"
  href="../static/assets/img/favicon/favicon-
  32x32.png">

  <link rel="icon" type="image/png" sizes="16x16"
  href="../static/assets/img/favicon/favicon-
  16x16.png">

  <link rel="manifest" href="../static/assets/img/favicon/site.webmanifest">


  <!-- Fontawesome -->

  <link type="text/css"
  href="../static/vendor/@fontawesome/fontawesome-
  free/css/all.min.css" rel="stylesheet">


  <!-- Pixel CSS -->

  <link type="text/css"
  href="../static/css/neumorphism.css"rel="stylesheet">

</head>

<body>
```

```

<header class="header-global">

  <nav id="navbar-main" aria-label="Primary navigation"
class="navbar navbar-main navbar-expand-lg navbar-theme-primary
headroom navbar-light">

    <div class="container position-relative">

      <a class="navbar-brand shadow-soft py-2 px-3 rounded
borderborder-light mr-lg-4" href="/">

      </a>

      <div class="navbar-collapse collapse" id="navbar_global">

        <div class="navbar-collapse-header">

          <div class="row">

            <div class="col-6 collapse-brand">

              <a href="/" class="navbar-brand shadow-soft py-
2 px-3 rounded border border-light">

              </a>

            </div>

            <div class="col-6 collapse-close">

              <a href="#navbar_global" class="fas fa-
times" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar_global" aria-
controls="navbar_global" aria-expanded="false" title="close" aria-
label="Toggle navigation"></a>

            </div>

          </div>

        </div>

      </div>

    </div>

    <div class="d-flex align-items-center">

      <a href="/report" target="_blank" class="btn btn-
primary text-secondary d-none d-md-inline-block mr-3"><i class="far
fa-paper-planemr-2"></i> Report</a>

      <button class="navbar-toggler ml-2" type="button"
data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar_global" aria-
controls="navbar_global" aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle
navigation">

        <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>

      </button>

```

```

        </div>

    </div>

</nav>

</header>

<main>

    <!-- Result -->

    <div class="section section-header pb-7">

        <div class="container">

            <div class="row justify-content-center">

                <div class="col-12 col-lg-8 text-center">

                    <h1 class="display-2 mb-4">Trick or Treat?!</h1>

                    <p class="lead">Is <a href= {{
url }}target="_blank">{{ url }}</a> safe to use?</p>

                    <br>

                    <h3><pre>{{ msg }}</pre></h3>

                    <br>

                    <br>

                    <br>

                    <br>

                    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary
button1" onclick="window.open('{{url}}')" target="_blank"><span
class="fafa-arrow-up mr-2"></span>Proceed to this site!</button>

                </div>

            </div>

        </div>

    </div>

</main>

</div>

<hr class="my-5">

<div class="row">

```

```
<div class="col">  
  <div class="d-flex text-center justify-content-center  
align-items-center" role="contentinfo">  
    <p class="font-weight-normal font-small mb-0">Copyright ©
```


HookPhish reserved.</p>

2022. All rights

</div>

</div>

</div>

</div>

</footer>

<!-- Core -->

<script src="../../static/vendor/jquery/dist/jquery.min.js"></script>

<script src="../../static/vendor/popper.js/dist/umd/popper.min.js"></script>

<script src="../../static/vendor/bootstrap/dist/js/bootstrap.min.js"></script>

<script src="../../static/vendor/headroom.js/dist/headroom.min.js"></script>

<!-- Vendor JS -->

<script src="../../static/vendor/onscreen/dist/on-screen.umd.min.js"></script>

<script
src="../../static/vendor/nouislider/distribute/nouislider.min.js"></script>

<script src="../../static/vendor/bootstrap-
datepicker/dist/js/bootstrap-datepicker.min.js"></script>

<script
src="../../static/vendor/waypoints/lib/jquery.waypoints.min.js"></script>

<script src="../../static/vendor/jarallax/dist/jarallax.min.js"></script>

<script
src="../../static/vendor/jquery.counterup/jquery.counterup.min.js"></script>
>

<script src="../../static/vendor/jquery-
countdown/dist/jquery.countdown.min.js"></script>

<script src="../../static/vendor/smooth-
scroll/dist/smooth-
scroll.polyfills.min.js"></script>

<script src="../../static/vendor/prismjs/prism.js"></script>

<script async defer src="https://buttons.github.io/buttons.js"></script>

<!-- Neumorphism JS -->

<script src="../../static/assets/js/neumorphism.js"></script>

```

<script>
    let x=
    '{{val}}'
    if(x==1) {
        document.getElementById('phishing').style.display = 'none';
    }else{
        document.getElementById('legitimate').style.display = 'none';
    }
</script>
</body>

</html>

```

contact.html

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
    <!-- Primary Meta Tags -->
    <title>HookPhish - Report</title>
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1,
    shrink-to-fit=no">
    <meta name="title" content="HookPhish - Report">
    <meta name="author" content="HookPhish">

    <!-- Favicon -->
    <link rel="apple-touch-icon" sizes="120x120"
    href="../static/assets/img/favicon/apple-touch-
    icon.png">
    <link rel="icon" type="image/png" sizes="32x32"
    href="../static/assets/img/favicon/favicon-
    32x32.png">
    <link rel="icon" type="image/png" sizes="16x16"

```

```

href="../../../static/assets/img/favicon/favicon-
16x16.png">

<link rel="manifest" href="../../../static/assets/img/favicon/site.webmanifest">

<link rel="mask-icon" href="../../../static/assets/img/favicon/safari-
pinned-tab.svg" color="#ffffff">

<meta name="msapplication-TileColor" content="#ffffff">

<meta name="theme-color" content="#ffffff">


<!-- Fontawesome -->

<link type="text/css"
href="../../../static/vendor/@fontawesome/fontawesome-
free/css/all.min.css" rel="stylesheet">


<!-- Pixel CSS -->

<link type="text/css"
href="../../../static/css/neumorphism.css"rel="stylesheet">


</head>


<body>

    <header class="header-global">

        <nav id="navbar-main" aria-label="Primary navigation"
class="navbar navbar-main navbar-expand-lg navbar-theme-primary
headroom navbar-light">

            <div class="container position-relative">

                <a class="navbar-brand shadow-soft py-2 px-3 rounded
borderborder-light mr-lg-4" href="/">

                </a>

                <div class="navbar-collapse collapse" id="navbar_global">

                    <div class="navbar-collapse-header">

                        <div class="row">

                            <div class="col-6 collapse-brand">

                                <a href="/" class="navbar-brand shadow-soft py-
2 px-3 rounded border border-light">

    </a>

</div>

<div class="col-6 collapse-close">

    <a href="#navbar_global" class="fas fa-times" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar_global" aria-controls="navbar_global" aria-expanded="false" title="close" aria-label="Toggle navigation"></a>

</div>

</div>

</div>

</div>

<div class="d-flex align-items-center">

    <a href="/" class="btn btn-primary text-secondary d-none d-md-inline-block mr-3"><i class="fa fa-home"></i> Home</a>

    <button class="navbar-toggler ml-2" type="button" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar_global" aria-controls="navbar_global" aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle navigation">

        <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>

    </button>

</div>

</div>

</nav>
</header>

<main>

    <!-- Section -->

    <section class="section section-lg">

        <div class="container">

            <div class="row align-items-center justify-content-center">

                <div class="col-md-12 col-lg-12 mb-5">

                    <!-- Contact Card -->

                    <div class="card bg-primary shadow-soft border-light p-2 p-md-3 p-lg-5">

                        <div class="card-header">

                            <div class="row justify-content-center">

                                <div class="col-12">

```

mb-5">

here to help you</h1>now</p></div>

<div class="col-12 col-md-8 text-center

<h1 class="display-2 mb-3">We are

<p class="lead">Queries? Contact us

</div>

</div>

<div class="card-body shadow-soft text-center border border-light rounded">results for our clients.</p>

<p>We are here to deliver better

<ul class="list-group mb-4">

<li class="list-group-item">Unlimited scope

<li class="list-group-item">Identify critical vulnerabilities, malware, exploits and misconfigurations

<li class="list-group-item">Prioritize vulnerabilities remediation

<li class="list-group-item">Detect suspicious activity and stop attacks

</div>

<div class="row mb-5">

<div class="col-md-4 col-lg-4 text-center">

</div>

<div class="col-md-4 col-lg-4 text-center">

```

        </div>
    </div>
</div>
    <form class="col-12 col-md-8 mx-
auto"action="/report" method = "POST" >
    <!-- Form -->
    <div class="form-group">
        <label for="nameInputIcon2">Your
Name</label>

        <div class="input-group mb-4">
            <div class="input-group-prepend">
                <span class="input-group-
text"><span class="far fa-user-circle"></span></span>
            </div>
            <input class="form-control"
name="name" id="nameInputIcon2" placeholder="e.g. Alice" type="text"
aria-label="contact name input">
        </div>
    </div>
    <!-- Form -->
    <div class="form-group">
        <label for="emailInputIcon2">Your
Email</label>

        <div class="input-group mb-4">
            <div class="input-group-prepend">
                <span class="input-group-
text"><span class="far fa-envelope"></span></span>
            </div>

```

```

control"          name="email"          <input      class="form-
placeholder="example@company.com"      id="emailInputIcon2"
label="contact email input">           type="email"      aria-

                                   </div>

                                   </div>

                                   <!-- Form -->

                                   <div class="form-group">

                                       <label
for="exampleFormControlTextarea2">Your Query</label>

                                       <textarea class="form-
control" name="query" placeholder="Type your query here..."
id="exampleFormControlTextarea2" rows="4"></textarea>

                                   </div>

                                   <div class="form-group text-center">

                                       <button type="submit" class="btn btn-
primary">POST</button>

                                   </div>

                                   <!-- End of Form -->

</form>

                                   </div>

                                   <!-- End of Contact Card -->

                                   </div>

                                   </div>

                                   </div>

                                   </section>

                                   <!-- End of section -->

                                   </main>

<footer class="d-flex pb-5 pt-6 pt-md-7 border-top border-
light bg-primary">

    <div class="container">

        <div class="row">

            <div class="col">

                <!-- <a href="https://themesberg.com"
target="_blank" class="d-flex justify-content-center">

                    
    </a> -->

    <div class="d-flex text-center justify-content-center
align-items-center" role="contentinfo">

    <p class="font-weight-normal font-small mb-0">Copyright ©
HookPhish

    <span class="current-year">2022</span>. All rights
reserved.</p>

    </div>
```



```

        </div>
    </div>
</div>
</footer>

<!-- Core -->
<script src="../../static/vendor/jquery/dist/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/popper.js/dist/umd/popper.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/bootstrap/dist/js/bootstrap.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/headroom.js/dist/headroom.min.js"></script>

<!-- Vendor JS -->
<script src="../../static/vendor/onscreen/dist/on-screen.umd.min.js"></script>
<script
src="../../static/vendor/nouislider/distribute/nouislider.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/bootstrap-
datepicker/dist/js/bootstrap-datepicker.min.js"></script>
<script
src="../../static/vendor/waypoints/lib/jquery.waypoints.min.js"></script>
<script      src="../../static/vendor/jarallax/dist/jarallax.min.js"></script>
<script
src="../../static/vendor/jquery.counterup/jquery.counterup.min.js"></script
>
<script src="../../static/vendor/jquery-
countdown/dist/jquery.countdown.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/smooth-
scroll/dist/smooth-
scroll.polyfills.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../static/vendor/prismjs/prism.js"></script>

<script async defer src="https://buttons.github.io/buttons.js"></script>
<!-- Neumorphism JS -->
<script src="../../static/assets/js/neumorphism.js"></script>
</body>

</html>

```

alert.html

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
    <!-- Primary Meta Tags -->
    <title>HookPhish - Report</title>
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1,
    shrink-to-fit=no">
    <meta name="title" content="HookPhish - Report">
    <meta name="author" content="HookPhish">

    <!-- Favicon -->
    <link rel="apple-touch-icon" sizes="120x120"
    href="../../static/assets/img/favicon/apple-touch-
    icon.png">
    <link rel="icon" type="image/png" sizes="32x32"
    href="../../static/assets/img/favicon/favicon-
    32x32.png">
    <link rel="icon" type="image/png" sizes="16x16"
    href="../../static/assets/img/favicon/favicon-
    16x16.png">
    <link rel="manifest" href="../../static/assets/img/favicon/site.webmanifest">
    <link rel="mask-icon" href="../../static/assets/img/favicon/safari-
    pinned-tab.svg" color="#ffffff">
    <meta name="msapplication-TileColor" content="#ffffff">
    <meta name="theme-color" content="#ffffff">

    <!-- Fontawesome -->
    <link type="text/css"
    href="../../static/vendor/@fontawesome/fontawesome-
    free/css/all.min.css" rel="stylesheet">

    <!-- Pixel CSS -->
    <link type="text/css"
    href="../../static/css/neumorphism.css" rel="stylesheet">

</head>

```

```

<body>

    <header class="header-global">

        <nav id="navbar-main" aria-label="Primary navigation"
class="navbar navbar-main navbar-expand-lg navbar-theme-primary
headroom navbar-light">

            <div class="container position-relative">

                <a class="navbar-brand shadow-soft py-2 px-3 rounded
borderborder-light mr-lg-4" href="/">

                </a>

                <div class="navbar-collapse collapse" id="navbar_global">

                    <div class="navbar-collapse-header">

                        <div class="row">

                            <div class="col-6 collapse-brand">

                                <a href="/" class="navbar-brand shadow-soft py-
2 px-3 rounded border border-light">

                                </a>

                            </div>

                            <div class="col-6 collapse-close">

                                <a href="#navbar_global" class="fas fa-
times" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar_global" aria-
controls="navbar_global" aria-expanded="false" title="close" aria-
label="Toggle navigation"></a>

                            </div>

                        </div>

                    </div>

                </div>

            <div class="d-flex align-items-center">

                <a href="/" class="btn btn-primary text-secondary d-
none d-md-inline-block mr-3"><i class="fa fa-home"></i> Home</a>

                <button class="navbar-toggler ml-2" type="button"
data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar_global" aria-
controls="navbar_global" aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle
navigation">

                    <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>

```

```

        </button>
    </div>
</div>
</nav>
</header>
<main>
    <!-- Section -->
    <section class="section section-lg">
        <div class="container">
            <div class="row align-items-center justify-content-center">
                <div class="col-md-12 col-lg-12 mb-5">
                    <!-- Contact Card -->
                    <div class="card bg-primary shadow-soft
border-light p-2 p-md-3 p-lg-5">
                        <div class="card-header">
                            <div class="row justify-content-center">
                                <div class="col-12">
                                    </div>
                                    <div class="col-12 col-md-8 text-center
mb-5">
                                        <h1 class="display-2 mb-3">Sit back
and relax! We will get back to you!!</h1>
                                        <p class="lead">Till then, stay
safe!</p>
                                    </div>
                                    
                                    </div>
                                </div>
                            </div>
                        </div>
                    <!-- End of Contact Card -->
                </div>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>

```

```

        </div>
    </section>

    <!-- End of section -->

</main>

<footer class="d-flex pb-5 pt-6 pt-md-7 border-top border-
light bg-primary">

    <div class="container">

        <div class="row">

            <div class="col">

                <!-- <a href="https://themesberg.com"
target="_blank" class="d-flex justify-content-center">

                </a> -->

                <div class="d-flex text-center justify-content-center
align-items-center" role="contentinfo">

                    <p class="font-weight-normal font-small mb-0">Copyright ©
HookPhish

                        <span class="current-year">2022</span>. All rights
reserved.</p>

                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>
</footer>

    <!-- Core -->
<script src="../../../static/vendor/jquery/dist/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../../static/vendor/popper.js/dist/umd/popper.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../../static/vendor/bootstrap/dist/js/bootstrap.min.js"></script>
<script src="../../../static/vendor/headroom.js/dist/headroom.min.js"></script>

    <!-- Vendor JS -->
<script src="../../../static/vendor/onscreen/dist/on-screen.umd.min.js"></script>
<script
src="../../../static/vendor/nouislider/distribute/nouislider.min.js"></script>

```

```

<script src="../../static/vendor/bootstrap-
datepicker/dist/js/bootstrap-datepicker.min.js"></script>

<script
src="../../static/vendor/waypoints/lib/jquery.waypoints.min.js"></scr
ipt>

<script      src="../../static/vendor/jarallax/dist/jarallax.min.js"></script>

<script
src="../../static/vendor/jquery.counterup/jquery.counterup.min.js"></sc
ript>

<script src="../../static/vendor/jquery-
countdown/dist/jquery.countdown.min.js"></scr
ipt>

<script src="../../static/vendor/smooth-
scroll/dist/smooth-
scroll.polyfills.min.js"></script>

<script src="../../static/vendor/prismjs/prism.js"></script>

<script async defer src="https://buttons.github.io/buttons.js"></script>

<!-- Neumorphism JS -->

<script src="../../static/assets/js/neumorphism.js"></script>

</body>

</html>

```

CHAPTER-12

FUTURE SCOPE

In future we intend to build an add-ons for our system and if we get a structured dataset of phishing, we can perform phishing detection much faster than any other technique. We can also use a combination of any two or more classifiers to get maximum accuracy. We plan to explore various phishing techniques which use Network based features, Content based features, Webpage based features and HTML and JavaScript features of web pages which will improve the performance of the system. In particular, we extract features from URLs and pass it through the various classifiers.

GitHub & project demo link: IBM-EPBL/**IBM-Project-40987-1660638249**