

V.S.B. ENGINEERING COLLEGE

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Electronics and Communication Engineering IBM NALAIYA THIRAN

Title: Fertilizers Recommendation System

For Disease Prediction

Domain name : Artificial Intelligence

Leader name : Sathyaruba A

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3. Yuvasri . S

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Faculty Mentor: Nandhini.P

Solve
problems
using
data
mining
trchnique

Uses SVM
to classify
tree leaves

Identify the disease and suggest the fertilizers

> Precision Livestock farming

> > Says

Does

accessbile?

Is Crop livestock available?

Anticipated Some amazing cultivating

Is

mechanization

Productivity



Is Insecticides and pesticides control available?

User

(Farmer)

Feels

Passionate about sustainability

Metrices such as positive and negative to use

Ask friends opinion

Purpose method uses SVM to classify tree leaves, identify the disease

To suggest the fertilizer Real time monitoring

Plant disease Detection To identify the disease that affects the various plant organ such as stems

Problem Statement:

Infectious plant diseases are mainly caused by **pathogenic organisms** such as fungi, bacteria, viruses, protozoa, as well as insects and parasitic plants. With the development of agriculture, infectious plant diseases have become an increasingly significant factor affecting crop yield and economic efficiency.

Most plant diseases – around 85 percent – are caused by **fungal or fungal-like organisms**. However, other serious diseases of food and feed crops are caused by viral and bacterial organisms. Certain nematodes also cause plant disease

Plant diseases have turned into a dilemma as it can cause significant reduction in both quality and quantity of agricultural products. Automatic detection of plant diseases is an essential research topic as it may prove benefits in monitoring large fields of crops, and thus automatically detect the symptoms of diseases as soon as they appear on plant leaves. The proposed system is a software solution for automatic detection and classification of plant leaf diseases. The scheme consists of four main steps, first a color transformation structure for the input RGB image is created, then the green pixels are masked and removed using specific threshold value followed by segmentation process, the texture statistics are computed for the useful segments, finally the extracted features are passed through the classifier.