Al Powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts

Project development phase

Sprint -2

Date	16.11.22
Team ID	PNT2022TMID37915
Project name	Al Powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts

```
In [3]: from google.colab import drive drive arount('/content/drive')

Mounted at /content/drive

In [4]: ls

drive/ sample_data/

In [5]: cd//content/drive/kyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Dataset

/content/drive/.shortcut-targets-by-id/ILLSlv16AsdVxin9LNVu_OXEUCOV7fym-c/Dataset

In [6]: ls

IBN_review.ptx photo-1589820296156-2454bb806ad1.jpg TRAIN_SET/
nutrition.hs TEST_SET/

Importing Neccessary Libraries

In [7]: import numpy as npRused for numerical analysis import tensorflow Ropen source used for both NL and DL for computation from tensorflow.keras.models import layers aft layer consists of a tensor-incurrent computation from tensorflow.keras.models import layers aft layer consists of a tensor-in tensor-out computation from tensor-low.keras.layers import benearl network layer misurbook_layer imput or change the dimension from tensor-low.keras.layers import tow.pl.plasPooling20, Dropout #Convolutional Layer misurbook_lay20-indocurrent for tanger for meras reprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
```

```
Out[12]: Counter({0: 995, 1: 1374, 2: 1019, 3: 275, 4: 475})
       Creating the model
In [13]: # Initializing the CNN classifier = Sequential()
        # First convolution layer and pooling
classifier.add(Conv20(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(64, 64, 3), activation='relu'))
classifier.add(MaxPooling20(pool_size=(2, 2)))
        classifier.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
        # input_shape is going to be the pooled feature maps from the previous convolution layer
classifier.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
        # Flattening the layers classifier.add(Flatten())
        # Adding a fully connected Layer
classifier.add(Dense(units=128, activation='relu'))
classifier.add(Dense(units=5, activation='softmax')) # softmax for more than 2
 In [14]: classifier.summary()#summary of our model
       Model: "sequential"
        Layer (type)
                           Output Shape
        conv2d (Conv2D)
                           (None, 62, 62, 32)
                                             896
        max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D (None, 31, 31, 32)
                       (None, 29, 29, 32)
       conv2d_1 (Conv2D)
                                             9248
       max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling (None, 14, 14, 32)
       flatten (Flatten)
                         (None, 6272)
                                            0
       dense (Dense)
                         (None, 128)
                                             802944
       dense_1 (Dense)
                          (None, 5)
                                             645
       Total params: 813,733
       Trainable params: 813,733
Non-trainable params: 0
      Compiling the model
In [15]: # Compiling the CNN
       # categorical_crossentropy for more than 2
classifier.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
       Fitting the model
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:3: UserWarning: 'Model.fit_generator' is deprecated and will be removed in a future versi
                 *************************** - 1580s 2s/step - loss: 0.6022 - accuracy: 0.7608 - val_loss: 0.6050 - val_accuracy: 0.7621
       Epoch 2/10
       828/828 [===
                828/828 [==
                 Saving our model
       classifier.save('nutrition.h5')
       Nutrition Image Analysis using CNN
       Predicting our results
```

```
In [18]: from tensorflow.keras.models import load model from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image import numpy as np
 In [19]:
               img = image.load_img("/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Dataset/TRAIN_SET/APPLES/n07740461_10067.jpg",target_size= (64,64))#loading of the image img
In [20]: x=image.img_to_array(img)\#conversion image into array
In [21]: x
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.]],
                       [[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
                         [255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.]],
                        [[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
                         [255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.]],
                        [[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
                         [255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.]],
                         [[255., 255., 255.],
                          [255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
                          [255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.]],
                        [[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.],
                          [255., 255., 255.],
                          [255., 255., 255.],
[255., 255., 255.]]], dtype=float32)
 In [22]: x.ndim
 Out[22]: 3
 In [23]: x np.expand_dims(x,axis=0) #expand the dimension
 In [24]: x.ndim
 Out[24]: 4
 In [25]: pred = classifier.predict(x)
               1/1 [-----] - 0s 125ms/step
  In [26]: pred
  Out[26]: array([[1., 0., 0., 0., 0.]], dtype=float32)
 In [27]: labels=['APPLES', 'BANANA', 'ORANGE','PINEAPPLE','MATERMELON']
labels[np.argmax(pred)]
  Out[27]: 'APPLES'
```